

SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - II

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 50

Instructions :

1. Answer the questions under **Part-A** on a separate answer book.
2. Attach the given outline map of the **World** with the answer book of **Part-A**.

Part - A

Time : 2 Hours

Marks : 35

SECTION - I

5×2=10

- NOTE :**
1. Answer **ANY FIVE** questions, choosing atleast **TWO** from each of the following **Groups A and B**.
 2. Each question carries **TWO** marks.

GROUP - A

1. Write about 'May Fourth Movement' in China.
2. Read and understand the following text to answer the question given below.

The UN thus started with a twin objectives of ensuring lasting peace and human development. At the same time it recognised the autonomy of states and promised not to interfere in any internal affair of a country except in cases mandated by serious human rights violation or threat to world peace.

Comment on the objectives of the UN.

3. What were the reasons for American civil rights movements ?
4. Observe the following Map and answer the questions given below.

(A) Write any two countries which are sharing boundary with India on North-eastern side.

(B) Mention two countries which are sharing sea-boundary with India.



GROUP - B

5. What are the aims of the 42nd Constitutional Amendment ?
6. Write about people's welfare schemes started by present Governments.
7. Write about the Right to Information Act.
8. Read the following text and answer the questions given below.

The Congress returned to power in 1980. The Congress immediately paid back the Janata in the same coin by dismissing the Janata and non-Congress governments in nine States. The Congress was victorious in all the States except Tamil Nadu and West Bengal.

- (A) Which party ruled before 1980s ?
- (B) In which two states, the Congress party was defeated ?

SECTION - II

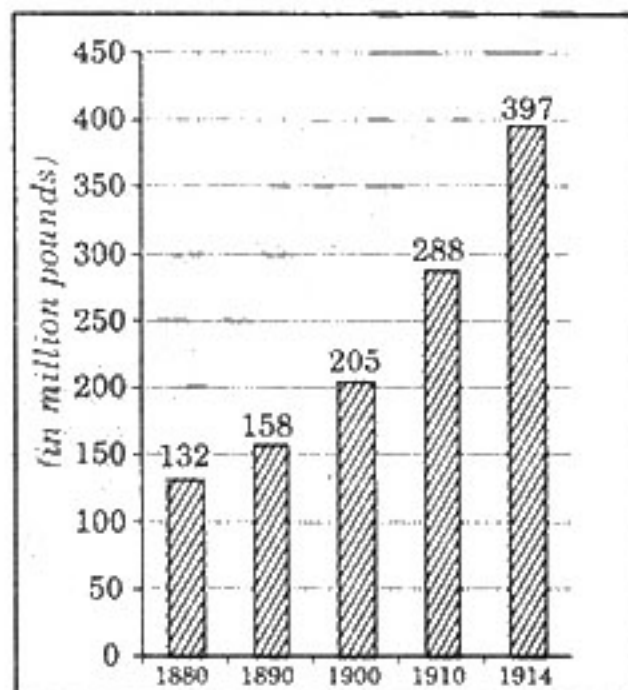
4×1=4

NOTE : 1. Answer **ANY FOUR** of the following questions in one or two sentences each.

2. Each question carries **ONE** mark.

9. What was the wish of the Hindu Mahasabha and the RSS ?
10. Observe the following bar-graph :

Graph : The Armaments Race



Military expenditure by great powers (Germany, Austria-Hungary, Great Britain, Russia, Italy and France 1880-1914)

Q. Between what years the Armaments race was raised ?

11. Expand the term "NATO".
12. What is Cold War ?
13. What provisions made by the constitution to facilitate social change ?
14. Give any two examples for Regional Political parties.

22E(A)

W

SECTION - III

4×4=16

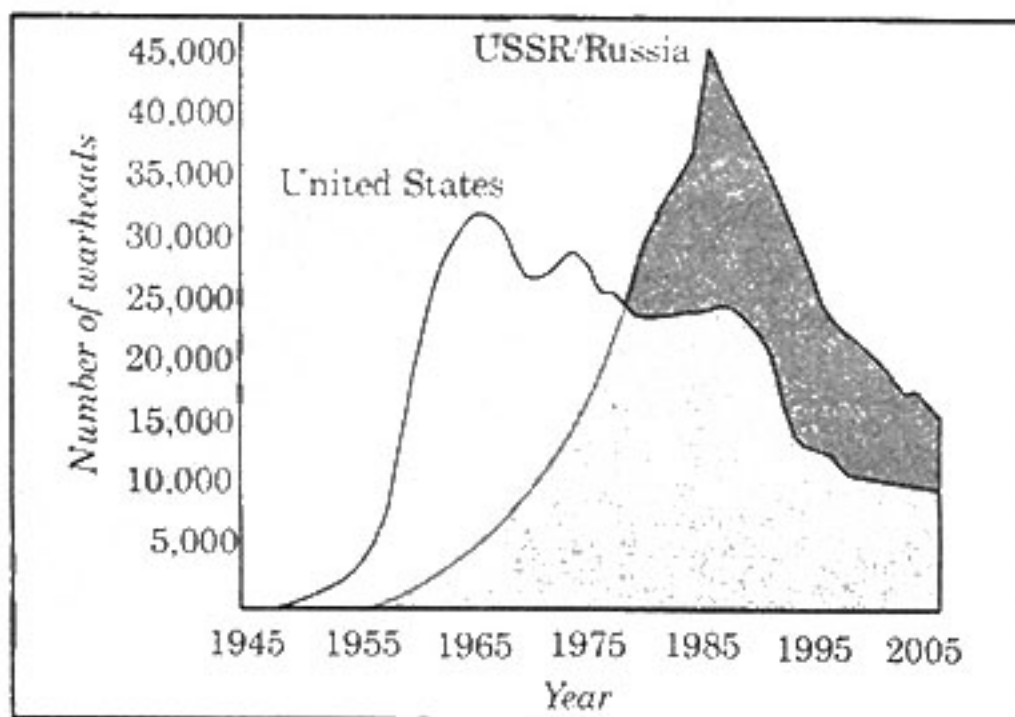
- NOTE :** 1. Answer **ANY FOUR** questions, choosing atleast **TWO** from each of the following Groups, i.e., **A** and **B**.
2. Each question carries **FOUR** marks.

GROUP - A

15. What were the terms of the 'Treaty of Versailles' ? Explain at what extent it was caused for outbreak of the Second World War ?
16. "Environmental pollution is one of the important problems of the World countries." Write any four causes and four consequences of the Environmental pollution with special reference to Niger Delta in Nigeria.
17. What were the major changes in political system after 1967 Elections.
18. Make a list of various reasons for the partition of the country (India).

GROUP - B

19. Write an essay on "Appreciating the prominence of the basic features of Social Movements".
20. Describe the features of Indian Federalism.
21. Observe the graph given below and answer the following questions.



Graph : US and USSR nuclear stockpiles

1. Which country has more nuclear stock piles during 1955-1975 ?
2. What is the number of warheads that United States had in 1965 ?
3. What led the countries to emerge camps after Second World War ?
4. Why the countries decreased their nuclear stock piles after 1990 ?
22. Explain the Meira Paibi Movement.

SECTION - IV**5×1=5**

- NOTE :**
1. Choose **ANY ONE** group from the following **Groups A** and **B**; and locate the countries and seas on the given outline map of **World**.
 2. Question carries **Five** marks.

23. Group - A

1. Turkey
2. France
3. United States of America
4. Bangladesh
5. Mediterranean Sea

OR**Group - B**

1. Russia
 2. Austria
 3. Nepal
 4. Moscow
 5. Mexico
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SOCIAL STUDIES, Paper - II

(English version)

Parts A and B

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 50

Instructions : Answer the following questions in the space provided in this Questions paper and attach it to the main answer book of **Part-A**.

Part - B

Time : 30 minutes

Marks : 15

- Note :**
1. Answer **all** the questions.
 2. Each question carries ½ mark.
 3. Answers are to be written in the Question Paper only.
 4. Marks will **not** be awarded in case of any over-writing, re-writing or erased answers.

I. Write the CAPITAL LETTER showing the correct answer for the following questions in the brackets provided against them. 20×½=10

1. Which one of the following principles in Socialistic Government do you appreciate ? []
(A) Religious State
(B) Dictator King
(C) Equality
(D) Capitalism
2. Identify the important aspect that was result of the new processes of the World even as the war devastated countries rebuilt their economies. []
(A) Imperialism
(B) Dictatorship
(C) Establishing UNO.
(D) Colonisation

3. Which one of the following statements is wrongly written ? []
- (A) In 1956, the State Reorganisation Act was passed in Parliament.
- (B) State Reorganisation Committee (SRC) members were Dr. B.R. Ambedkar, Jawaharlal Nehru and Vallabhbhai Patel.
- (C) Linguistic Reorganisation didn't weaken India.
- (D) As per SRC report, 14 States and 6 Union territories were created.
4. Which of the following would raise question marks on the issue of national unity and integrity ? []
- (A) Use religion for political purposes.
- (B) The partisan role of government.
- (C) Mass movements.
- (D) All the above.
5. Which of the following aspects of Sun Yat-Sen's personality do you appreciate ? []
- (A) Influenced by democratic idealism.
- (B) Thought on China future.
- (C) Worked out a programme of action on China problems.
- (D) All the above.

* Observe the following map and answer the questions 6 and 7.

1. Narmada Bachao Andolan.
2. Silent Valley Movement.
3. Movement against Liquor and Alcohol.
4. Meira Paibi Movement.
5. Chipko Movement.



6. The movement started in Andhra Pradesh is []
- (A) Silent Valley Movement.
- (B) Chipko Movement.
- (C) Movement against Liquor and Alcohol.
- (D) Narmada Bachao Andolan.

7. The Chipko Movement started in the State []
 (A) Maharashtra
 (B) Manipur
 (C) Kerala
 (D) Himachal Pradesh
8. Whose role is appreciated in Meira Paibi Movement ? []
 (A) Soldiers
 (B) Employees
 (C) Students
 (D) Women
9. The organisation, which has been set up and continuing for promoting World-peace []
 (A) NATO
 (B) League of Nations.
 (C) United Nations Organisation.
 (D) I.L.O.
10. The countries stand the first and second places in World population are []
 (A) India and China.
 (B) China and India.
 (C) China and Russia.
 (D) India and Russia.
11. Which of the following country is facing challenges of building democracy ? []
 (A) Vietnam
 (B) America
 (C) Nigeria
 (D) China
12. Which of the following political party is not existed in India now ? []
 (A) Indian National Congress (I).
 (B) Bharatiya Janata Party.
 (C) Communist Party of India.
 (D) Muslim League.

[]

- []

[]

- [1]

[1]

- [3]

[3]

- [1]

[1]

- 22E(B)**

W

18. Indo-Chinese Communist party belongs to []
 (A) India
 (B) Nigeria
 (C) China
 (D) Vietnam
19. Which of the following countries is not a member of the Triple Alliance ? []
 (A) Germany
 (B) France
 (C) Austria
 (D) Italy
20. The beneficiaries of Legal Service authorities are []
 (A) Soliders.
 (B) Government employees.
 (C) Weaker sections and the poor.
 (D) Rich people.

II. Fill in the blanks with suitable answers.

Each question carries $\frac{1}{2}$ mark.

$5 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$

21. is regarded as the founder of modern China.
22. In Draft Constitution, there were Articles.
23. The programme launched by the West Bengal Government in 1978 to record the names and to secure the rights of the sharecroppers was

24. The first Prime Minister of Independent India was
25. The officer, who is responsible to implement the Right to Information Act in every Governmental Department is

22E(B)

W

III. Match the following. Each question carries $\frac{1}{2}$ mark.

$5 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$

Group - A

Group - B

- | | | |
|------------------------------|---------|----------|
| 26. Russian Revolution | [] | (A) 1956 |
| 27. Quit-India Movement | [] | (B) 1971 |
| 28. Panchsheel Pact | [] | (C) 1981 |
| 29. State Reorganisation Act | [] | (D) 1942 |
| 30. Green Peace Movement | [] | (E) 1952 |
| | | (F) 1917 |
| | | (G) 1964 |
| | | (H) 1954 |
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