# **IAS Mains Medical Science 1998**

# Paper I

### **Section A**

Anatomy, Physiology & Biochemistry

- 1. Answer any three of the following (each in about 200 words):
  - a. Discuss the morphology and manifestations of carcinoid tumour (20).
  - b. Answer any three of the following (each in about 200 words):
    - i. Explain why cyanosis does not occur in histotoxic hypoxia.
    - ii. Explain briefly how drinking large amounts of plain water leads to an increase in urinary output.
    - iii. Explain why cardiac muscle cannot be tetanized.
    - iv. Enumerate the advantages of saltatory conduction (20)
  - c. Discuss pathogenesis and lab diagnosis of Amoebic liver abscess (20).
  - d. Write a note on drug management of Asthma (20).
  - e. Describe, with the aid of diagram, the metabolic changes in a case of uncontrolled diabetes mellitus. Mention the various biochemical investigations for the diagnosis and follow-up of a diabetic patient (20).
  - f. Name the different cranial nerves. Describe the anatomy of autonomic nervous system with special reference to Gastro-intestinal Tract (20).

### 2. Answer the following questions

- a. Why are the trace elements called so? Enumerate the various trace elements required in human nutrition and mention their biochemical role (20).
- b. Define GFR, giving its normal value. Describe the forces determining GFR. Describe the determination of GFR based on renal clearance method (20)
- c. Write short notes on:
  - i. Human placenta
  - ii. Draw and label a diagram of cross section of thorax through the angle of Louis (10 + 10 = 20).

## 3. Answer the following questions

- a. Briefly describe the salient features of eukaryotic DNA. What is "Recombinant DNA" In your opinion, how does the recombinant DNA technology find practical application in biology and medicine (20)?
- b. Define ECG. Describe the common leads used to record ECG. Describe a normal ECG with the help of a labelled diagram (20).
- c. Write notes on:

#### **Section B**

Pathology & Microbiology

- 1. Answer the following questions
  - a. Classify glomerulonephritis. Give etiopathogenesis and pathology of kidney in rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis (30).
  - b. Discuss etiology, epidemiology and pathogenesis of bacterial food poisoning (30).
- 2. Answer the following questions
  - a. Define a granuloma. Discuss the causes and pathogenesis of granulomatous inflammation (30).
  - b. Enumerate the causes of patches in throat. How will you proceed to establish the diagnosis (30)?

#### **Section C**

Pharmacology Forensic Medicine & Toxicology

- 1. Answer the following questions
  - a. Give mechanism, of action, therapeutic uses and adverse effects of Methotraxate (20).
  - b. What are the indications, contraindications and adverse reactions of Furosemide (20)?
  - c. Discuss the mechanism of antimalarial action, therapeutic uses and adverse effects of

Chloroquine (20).

- 2. Answer the following questions
  - a. Write medico-legal, significance of DNA fingerprinting (20).
  - b. Define 'Rape' What are the medical findings you may get in an alleged victim aged 10 years (20)?