

What Books and Burials Tell Us

Question 1.

Where was the head of the dead laid at the burials found at Inamgaon?

- (a) East
- (b) West
- (c) North
- (d) South

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) North

Question 2.

Vessels found at Inamgaon site, contained:

- (a) Food and water
- (b) Ornaments
- (c) Clothes
- (d) None

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Food and water

Question 3.

The language of the Veda is:

- (a) Hindi
- (b) Sanskrit
- (c) Vedic Sanskrit
- (d) Tamil

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Vedic Sanskrit

Question 4.

Which of these does not comes under the Veda?

- (a) Rig
- (b) Atharva
- (c) Sam
- (d) Puran

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Puran

Question 5.

Inamgaon is situated on the river Ghod which is tributary of:

- (a) Bhima
- (b) Ravi
- (c) Vias
- (d) Ganga

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Bhima

Question 6.

Stone boulders used to mark burial sites are known as:

- (a) Microliths
- (b) Megaliths
- (c) Macroliths
- (d) None of these.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Megaliths

Question 7.

The Rigveda was written on the bark of:

- (a) Palm
- (b) Peepal
- (c) Birch
- (d) Neem

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Birch

Question 8.

The Rigveda was written:

- (a) About 1500 yeas ago
- (b) About 2000 years ago
- (c) About 2500 years ago
- (d) About 3500 years ago

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) About 3500 years ago

Question 9.

Where was the birch bark found on which hymns of the Rigveda were written?

- (a) Andhra Pradesh
- (b) Maharashtra

- (c) Kashmir
- (d) Madhya Pradesh

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Kashmir

Question 10.

Where was the first evidence of writing found around 3500 years ago?

- (a) In China
- (b) In Pakistan
- (c) In India
- (d) None of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) In China

Question 11.

Stone circles or boulders on the surface were used to cover the

- (a) All of these
- (b) Burial places
- (c) House
- (d) Port holes

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Burial places

Question 12.

A popular drink _____ was prepared from milk and juice of a rare plant that grew on the mountains

- (a) Butter
- (b) Soma
- (c) Sura
- (d) Ghee

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Soma

Question 13.

The Aryans had divided themselves into tribes known as

- (a) Ashtajana
- (b) Panchajana
- (c) Chaturthjana
- (d) Saptchajana

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Panchajana

Question 14.

Sanskrit is part of a family of languages which is known as

- (a) Indo-European
- (b) Indo-China
- (c) Indo-Russian
- (d) Indo-Dravin

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Indo-European

Question 15.

How many types of Vedas are there

- (a) 3
- (b) 1
- (c) 4
- (d) 2

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) 4

Question 16.

Later Vedic period is known as

- (a) Hymns age
- (b) Yajna age
- (c) Epic age
- (d) Songs age

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Epic age

Question 17.

Agriculture and ____ were the main occupations of Aryans

- (a) Jewellery making
- (b) Cattle-rearing
- (c) Metal-work
- (d) Pottery making

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Cattle-rearing

Question 18.

Which Veda is the oldest one?

- (a) Rig Veda
- (b) Atharva Veda
- (c) Yajur Veda
- (d) Sam Veda

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Rig Veda

Question 19.

The Vedic people are generally referred to as the

- (a) Dasyu
- (b) Brahman
- (c) Vaishyas
- (d) Aryans

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Aryans

Question 20.

Which of the following was not the currency used during the later Vedic age

- (a) Rupee
- (b) Nishka
- (c) Krishmane
- (d) Satamana

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Rupee

[Match the following](#)

1.

Column-I	Column-II
1. Megaliths	(a) a circle of stone
2. Boulders	(b) big stone
3. Distinctive pots	(c) offering for gods and goddesses.
4. Yajnas	(d) black and red ware

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

Column-I	Column-II
1. Megaliths	(b) big stone
2. Boulders	(a) a circle of stone
3. Distinctive pots	(d) black and red ware
4. Yajnas	(c) offering for gods and goddesses.

Fill in the blanks

1. God Indra is known as

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: a warrior god

2. Most of the hymns were composed, taught and learnt by A few were composed by

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: men, women

3. Hymns are also called

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: sukta or well-said

4. 'Vaishya' has come from the word

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: vish

5. or performed various rituals.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: The priest or Brahmins

6. In, people met and discussed.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: assembly

7. Leaders were often and

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: brave, skillful

8. is called god of fire.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Agni

9. Hymns were composed by

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: sages

10. About years ago Charaka wrote a book named 'Charaka Samhita'.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: 2000

11. The book 'Charaka Samhita' is related to

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: medicine

[Map Skills](#)

1. Find out Megalithic Sites in Indian map
(i) Inamgaon (ii) Brahmagiri (iii) Adichanallur

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

