Chapter 25. Complementary Angles

Exercise 25(A)

Solution 1(i):

$$\frac{\cos 22^{\circ}}{\sin 68^{\circ}} = \frac{\cos(90^{\circ} - 68^{\circ})}{\sin 68^{\circ}} = \frac{\sin 68^{\circ}}{\sin 68^{\circ}} = 1$$

Solution 1(ii):

$$\frac{\tan 47^{\circ}}{\cot 43^{\circ}} = \frac{\tan(90^{\circ} - 43^{\circ})}{\cot 43^{\circ}} = \frac{\cot 43^{\circ}}{\cot 43^{\circ}} = 1$$

Solution 1(iii):

$$\frac{\sec 75^{\circ}}{\csc 15^{\circ}} = \frac{\sec(90^{\circ} - 15^{\circ})}{\csc 15^{\circ}} = \frac{\csc 15^{\circ}}{\csc 15^{\circ}} = 1$$

Solution 1(iv):

$$\frac{\cos 55^{\circ}}{\sin 35^{\circ}} + \frac{\cot 35^{\circ}}{\tan 55^{\circ}}$$

$$= \frac{\cos (90^{\circ} - 35^{\circ})}{\sin 35^{\circ}} + \frac{\cot (90^{\circ} - 55^{\circ})}{\tan 55^{\circ}}$$

$$= \frac{\sin 35^{\circ}}{\sin 35^{\circ}} + \frac{\tan 55^{\circ}}{\tan 55^{\circ}}$$

$$= 1 + 1$$

$$= 2$$

Solution 1(v):

$$\sin^2 40^\circ - \cos^2 50$$

$$= \sin^2 (90^\circ - 50^\circ) - \cos^2 50^\circ$$

$$= \cos^2 50^\circ - \cos^2 50^\circ$$

$$= 0$$

Solution 1(vi):

$$sec^{2}18^{\circ} - cosec^{2}72^{\circ}$$

= $[sec(90^{\circ} - 72^{\circ})]^{2} - cosec^{2}72^{\circ}$
= $cosec^{2}72^{\circ} - cosec^{2}72^{\circ}$
= 0

Solution 1(vii):

Solution 1(viii):

sin 42° sin 48° - cos 42° cos 48°

= 0

Solution 2(i):

$$\sin(90^{\circ} - A)\sin A - \cos(90^{\circ} - A)\cos A$$

= 0

Solution 2(ii):

$$\sin^2 35^\circ - \cos^2 55^\circ$$

$$= \sin^2 35^\circ - [\cos(90^\circ - 35^\circ)]^2$$

$$= \sin^2 35^\circ - \sin^2 35^\circ$$

= 0

Solution 2(iii):

$$\frac{\cot 54^{\circ}}{\tan 36^{\circ}} + \frac{\tan 20^{\circ}}{\cot 70^{\circ}} - 2$$

$$= \frac{\cot(90^{\circ} - 36^{\circ})}{\tan 36^{\circ}} + \frac{\tan(90^{\circ} - 70^{\circ})}{\cot 70^{\circ}} - 2$$

$$= \frac{\tan 36^{\circ}}{\tan 36^{\circ}} + \frac{\cot 70^{\circ}}{\cot 70^{\circ}} - 2$$

$$= 1 + 1 - 2$$

$$= 2 - 2$$

= 0

Solution 2(iv):

$$\frac{2 \tan 53^{\circ}}{\cot 37^{\circ}} - \frac{\cot 80^{\circ}}{\tan 10^{\circ}}$$

$$= \frac{2 \tan (90^{\circ} - 37^{\circ})}{\cot 37^{\circ}} - \frac{\cot (90^{\circ} - 10^{\circ})}{\tan 10^{\circ}}$$

$$= \frac{2\cot 37^{\circ}}{\cot 37^{\circ}} - \frac{\tan 10^{\circ}}{\tan 10^{\circ}}$$

= 1

Solution 2(v):

$$\cos^{2} 25^{\circ} - \sin^{2} 65^{\circ} - \tan^{2} 45^{\circ}$$

$$= [\cos(90^{\circ} - 65^{\circ})]^{2} - \sin^{2} 65^{\circ} - (\tan 45^{\circ})^{2}$$

$$= \sin^{2} 65^{\circ} - \sin^{2} 65^{\circ} - (1)^{2}$$

$$= 0 - 1$$

$$= -1$$

Solution 2(vi):

$$\left(\frac{\sin 77^{\circ}}{\cos 13^{\circ}}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\cos 77^{\circ}}{\sin 13^{\circ}}\right)^{2} - 2\cos^{2} 45^{\circ}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\sin (90^{\circ} - 13^{\circ})}{\cos 13^{\circ}}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\cos (90^{\circ} - 13^{\circ})}{\sin 13^{\circ}}\right)^{2} - 2(\cos 45^{\circ})^{2}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\cos 13^{\circ}}{\cos 13^{\circ}}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\sin 13^{\circ}}{\sin 13^{\circ}}\right)^{2} - 2\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2}$$

$$= (1)^{2} + (1)^{2} - 2 \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= 1 + 1 - 1$$

$$= 1$$

Solution 3(i):

L.H.S.

= tan 10° tan 15° tan 75° tan 80°

= tan (90° - 80°) tan (90° - 75°) tan 75° tan 80°

= cot 80° cot 75° tan 75° tan 80°

= (cot 80° tan 80°)(cot 75° tan 75°)

=(1)(1)

= 1

= R.H.S.

Solution 3(ii):

L.H.S.

$$= \sin(90^{\circ} - 48^{\circ}) \times \frac{1}{\cos 48^{\circ}} + \cos(90^{\circ} - 48^{\circ}) \times \frac{1}{\sin 48^{\circ}}$$

$$= \cos 48^{\circ} \times \frac{1}{\cos 48^{\circ}} + \sin 48^{\circ} \times \frac{1}{\sin 48^{\circ}}$$

$$= 1 + 1$$

Solution 4:

(i) sin 59° + tan 63°

= sin(90 - 31)° + tan(90 - 27)°

= cos 31° + cot 27°

(ii)cosec 68° + cot 72°

= cosec (90 - 22)° + cot(90 - 18)°

= sec22° + tan 18°

(iii) cos 74° + sec 67°

 $= \cos(90 - 16)^{\circ} + \sec(90 - 23)^{\circ}$

= sin 16° + cosec 23°

Solution 5:

(i) We know that for a triangle \triangle ABC

$$\frac{\angle B + \angle A}{2} = 90^{\circ} - \frac{\angle C}{2}$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right) = \sin\left(90^{\circ} - \frac{C}{2}\right)$$
$$= \cos\left(\frac{C}{2}\right)$$

(ii) We know that for a triangle Δ ABC

$$\angle_{A} + \angle_{B} + \angle_{C} = 180^{\circ}$$

$$\frac{\angle B + \angle C}{2} = 90^{\circ} - \frac{\angle A}{2}$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{B+C}{2}\right) = \tan\left(90^{\circ} - \frac{A}{2}\right)$$
$$= \cot\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)$$

Solution 6:

= 0

(i)
$$3\frac{\sin 72^{\circ}}{\cos 18^{\circ}} - \frac{\sec 32^{\circ}}{\cos \sec 58^{\circ}}$$

$$= 3\frac{\sin (90^{\circ} - 18^{\circ})}{\cos 18^{\circ}} - \frac{\sec (90^{\circ} - 58^{\circ})}{\cos \sec 58^{\circ}}$$

$$= 3\frac{\cos 18^{\circ}}{\cos 18^{\circ}} - \frac{\csc 58^{\circ}}{\cos \sec 58^{\circ}} = 3 - 1 = 2$$
(ii) $3\cos 80^{\circ} \csc 58^{\circ} = 3 - 1 = 2$
(iii) $3\cos 80^{\circ} \csc 60^{\circ} + 2\cos 59^{\circ} \csc 60^{\circ}$

$$= 3\cos (90^{\circ} - 10^{\circ})\cos \cot 0^{\circ} + 2\cos (90^{\circ} - 31^{\circ})\cos \cot 0^{\circ}$$

$$= 3\sin 10^{\circ} \cos \cot 0^{\circ} + 2\sin 31^{\circ} \cos \cot 0^{\circ}$$

$$= 3\sin \frac{(90^{\circ} - 10^{\circ})}{\cos 10^{\circ}} + \sin 59^{\circ} \sec 31^{\circ}$$

$$= \frac{\sin (90^{\circ} - 10^{\circ})}{\cos 10^{\circ}} + \sin (90^{\circ} - 31^{\circ})\sec 31^{\circ}$$

$$= \frac{\cos 10^{\circ}}{\cos 10^{\circ}} + \frac{\cos 31^{\circ}}{\cos 31^{\circ}}$$

$$= 1 + 1 = 2$$
(iv) $\tan (55^{\circ} - A) - \cot (35^{\circ} + A)$

$$= \tan [90^{\circ} - (35^{\circ} + A)] - \cot (35^{\circ} + A)$$

$$= \cot (35^{\circ} + A) - \cot (35^{\circ} + A)$$

$$= 0$$
(v) $\cos \cot (65^{\circ} + A) - \sec (25^{\circ} - A)$

$$= \sec (25^{\circ} - A) - \sec (25^{\circ} - A)$$

$$= \sec (25^{\circ} - A) - \sec (25^{\circ} - A)$$

$$= 0$$
(vi) $2\frac{\tan 57^{\circ}}{\cot 33^{\circ}} - \frac{\cot 70^{\circ}}{\tan 20^{\circ}} - \sqrt{2}\cos 45^{\circ}$

$$= 2\frac{\tan (90^{\circ} - 33^{\circ})}{\cot 33^{\circ}} - \frac{\cot (90^{\circ} - 20^{\circ})}{\tan 20^{\circ}} - \sqrt{2}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

$$= 2\frac{\cot 33^{\circ}}{\cot 33^{\circ}} - \frac{\tan 20^{\circ}}{\tan 20^{\circ}} - 1$$

$$= 2 - 1 - 1$$

(vii)
$$\frac{\cot^2 41^\circ}{\tan^2 49^\circ} - 2\frac{\sin^2 75^\circ}{\cos^2 15^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{[\cot(90^\circ - 49^\circ)]^2}{\tan^2 49^\circ} - 2\frac{[\sin(90^\circ - 15^\circ)]^2}{\cos^2 15^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{\tan^2 49^\circ}{\tan^2 49^\circ} - 2\frac{\cos^2 15^\circ}{\cos^2 15^\circ}$$

$$= 1 - 2 = -1$$
(viii) $\frac{\cos 70^\circ}{\sin 20^\circ} + \frac{\cos 59^\circ}{\sin 31^\circ} - 8\sin^2 30^\circ$

$$= \frac{\cos(90^\circ - 20^\circ)}{\sin 20^\circ} + \frac{\cos(90^\circ - 31^\circ)}{\sin 31^\circ} - 8\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{\sin 20^\circ}{\sin 20^\circ} + \frac{\sin 31^\circ}{\sin 31^\circ} - 2$$

$$= 1 + 1 - 2 = 0$$
(ix) $14\sin 30^\circ + 6\cos 60^\circ - 5\tan 45^\circ$

$$= 14\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 6\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - 5(1)$$

$$= 7 + 3 - 5 = 5$$

Solution 7:

Since AABC is a right-angled triangle, right-angled at B,

$$A + C = 90^{\circ}$$

$$= \frac{\sec A(90^{\circ} - C)\sin C - \tan (90^{\circ} - C)\tan C}{\sin 90^{\circ}}$$

$$= \frac{\csc C \sin C - \cot C \tan C}{1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin C} \times \sin C - \frac{1}{\tan C} \times \tan C$$

$$=1-1$$

$$= 0$$

Solution 8(i):

$$\sin (90^{\circ} - 3A).\cos 242^{\circ} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin(90^\circ - 3A) = \frac{1}{\cos ec \ 42^\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos 3A = \frac{1}{\cos ec(90^{\circ} - 48^{\circ})}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 cos 3A = $\frac{1}{\text{sec }48^{\circ}}$

Solution 8(ii):

$$\cos (90^{\circ} - 3A).\sec 77^{\circ} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos (90^{\circ} - 3A) = \frac{1}{\sec 77^{\circ}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin 3A = \frac{1}{\sec (90^{\circ} - 12^{\circ})}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin 3A = \frac{1}{\cos ec \ 12^{\circ}}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3A = 12°

$$\Rightarrow A = 3^{\circ}$$