

# India's Foreign Policy

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1. Which among the following is not a philosophical base of the Indian Foreign policy?  
A. Containment of Communism  
B. Anti-imperialism  
C. Non Alignment  
D. Anti-colonialism
2. Who among the following is the chief architect of India's Foreign policy?  
A. Gandhiji                      B. Jawaharlal Nehru  
C. Indira Gandhi                D. Sardar Vallabhai Patel
3. Which agreement was signed between India and Pakistan after Indo-Pakistani War of 1965?  
A. Tashkent Agreement  
B. Bangkok Agreement  
C. Panchasheel Agreement  
D. None of the above
4. Simla Agreement was signed in:  
A. 1971                          B. 1972  
C. 1974                          D. 1975
5. Simla Agreement was signed between:  
A. Jawaharlal Nehru and Muhammad Ali Jinnah  
B. Benazir Bhutto and Indira Gandhi  
C. Indira Gandhi and Zulfikar Ali Bhutto  
D. Jawaharlal Nehru and Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
6. Simla Accord signed in 1974 is related to:  
A. Status of Tibet  
B. Liberation of Bangladesh  
C. Ending the war between India and Pakistan in 1971  
D. None of the Above
7. SAARC was established in the year:  
A. 1975                          B. 1980  
C. 1985                          D. 1990
8. Which among the following Decade is designated by SAARC as the SAARC Decade of the Rights of the Child?  
A. 1991-2000                      B. 2001-2010  
C. 2011-2010                      D. 2006-2015
9. SAFTA agreement came in to force on:  
A. 5 September, 1990            B. 30 January, 2005  
C. 10 December, 1985          D. 1 January, 2006
10. First SAARC summit was held at:  
A. Dhaka                          B. New Delhi  
C. Colombo                        D. Islamabad
11. India is part of:  
A. SAARC                          B. NAFTA  
C. CER                              S. European Union
12. Which among the following is not a South Asian Country?  
A. Sri Lanka                        B. Afghanistan  
C. Pakistan                         D. China
13. India conducted its first Nuclear Test in the year:  
A. 1974                          B. 1978  
C. 1998                          D. 1996
14. Chakmas are the ethnic groups in which of the following country?  
A. Sri Lanka                        B. Afghanistan  
C. Pakistan                         D. Bangladesh
15. India declared LTTE to be a terrorist outfit after the assassination of who among the following Prime Minister of India?  
A. Indira Gandhi                      B. Rajiv Gandhi  
C. Lal Bahadur Shastri              D. None of these
16. Which among the following is associated with the liberation of Bangladesh?  
A. LTTE  
B. Mukti Bahini  
C. NATO  
D. International Court of Justice
17. Bangladesh was liberated from Pakistan in the Year:  
A. 1971                          B. 1972  
C. 1980                          D. 1985
18. In which year China conducted its first Nuclear explosion:  
A. 1960                          B. 1962  
C. 1964                          D. 1974
19. What is India's position regarding Iran in the International Atomic Energy Agency in 2005:  
A. India favoured  
B. India abstained from voting  
C. India Voted against  
D. None of these

20. Which among the following is not a principle of India's Nuclear Doctrine today?
- No first use
  - Credible Minimum deterrent
  - Civilian Control
  - First use
21. Which treaty is a bilateral agreement and governance treaty between India and Pakistan, signed on February 21, 1999?
- Delhi Declaration
  - Colombo Declaration
  - Beijing Declaration
  - Lahore Declaration
22. In 1992 India signed which of the following Convention (CWC), stating that it did not have chemical weapons and the capacity or capability to manufacture chemical weapons?
- NPT
  - Biological weapon
  - Chemical Weapons
  - Disarmament
23. India's Strategic Nuclear Command was formally established in the year .....
- 2006
  - 1998
  - 2003
  - 2010
24. The National Security Council (NSC) of India is the apex agency looking into the country's political, economic, energy and strategic security concerns. It was established by who among the following Prime Minister of India?
- Man Mohan Singh
  - Indira Gandhi
  - Atal Behari Vajpayee
  - Rajiv Gandhi
25. Which among the following is a principle of US foreign policy during the time of Cold War?
- Non Alignment
  - Socialism
  - Containment of Communism
  - None of these
26. Who among the following is not associated with NAM?
- Jawaharlal Nehru
  - Kwame Nkumrah of Ghana
  - Gamel Abdel Nasser
  - Mao- Tse Tung
27. In which year the Bandung Conference was held?
- 1950
  - 1955
  - 1960
  - 1965
28. Which of the following is a military alliance?
- SAARC
  - EU
  - NATO
  - NAM
29. The NAM summit which demanded expansion of the United Nations Security Council had met at:
- Tehran
  - Cairo
  - Akarta
  - Harare
30. Where does the European Commission have its offices?
- Brussels
  - London
  - Washington DC
  - New York
31. Which of the following treaty established the European Union under its current name in 1993?
- Washington
  - Maastricht
  - Utrecht
  - None of these
32. IAEA stands for:
- International Atomic Energy Agency
  - International Alliance of Economic Agencies
  - Indian Atomic Energy Agency
  - None of these
33. In which year ASEAN was formed?
- 1965
  - 1978
  - 1979
  - 1967
34. Where is head quarters of ASEAN located at?
- Beijing
  - Jakarta
  - Brunei
  - None of these
35. Which among the following statement regarding Terrorism is right?
- There is no universally accepted definition for terrorism
  - There is a universally accepted definition for terrorism
  - United Nations definition on Terrorism is accepted by all the nations
  - None of these
36. Which among the following is not a Panchasheel Principle?
- Mutual non-aggression
  - Peaceful co-existence
  - No first use of nuclear weapons
  - Equality and mutual benefit
37. The Millenium Development Goals are supposed to be achieved by the year:
- 2020
  - 2015
  - 2030
  - 2050
38. The 'Blue helmet' refers to:
- Red Cross
  - UNICEF
  - UN Peace Keepers
  - Human Right volunteers
39. Dumbarton Oaks conference of 1944 emphasis on:
- Promotion of peace
  - International brotherhood
  - Equality
  - Promotion of human right and fundamental freedom

40. Which decade is known as UN Literacy decade?  
A. 1970's                      B. 1993-2003  
C. 2013-2023                D. 2003-2012
41. Camp David Peace Treaty is related to:  
A. The developmental practices in the third world countries  
B. Korean problem  
C. Pakistan problem  
D. Palestine problem
42. Prisoner's dilemma is a phenomenon that fuels:  
A. arms race                      B. arms control  
C. disarmament                D. peace
43. Seventh Chapter of UN charter deals with:  
A. Amendment of UN charter  
B. Collective Security  
C. Trusteeship  
D. NIEO
44. Which article of the UN charter permits military action against aggression?  
A. 42                              B. 44  
C. 16                              D. 15
45. The Korean issue was in the year:  
A. 1950                          B. 1947  
C. 1991                          D. 2001
46. Which of the following decisions in General Assemblies of United Nations requires two-third majority?  
A. Peace and security  
B. Admission of new members  
C. Budgetary matters  
D. All the above
47. The Resolution 678 (1990) of UN Security Council deals with:  
A. Disarmament                B. Kashmir Issue  
C. Korean Issue                D. Iraque Issue
48. Which one doesn't belong to the methods of peaceful settlement of disputes provided by the U.N?  
A. Negotiation  
B. Arbitration  
C. Judicial settlement  
D. Force
49. The Human Rights Council was established in:  
A. 2012                          B. 1948  
C. 1999                          D. 2006
50. The 'Third Committee' is associated with:  
A. Collective security  
B. Trusteeship  
C. Human Rights  
D. None of the above
51. The main policy-making body of UN dealing with human rights issues is:  
A. Security Council  
B. The Human Rights Council  
C. UNESCO  
D. Human Rights Commission
52. The International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women was adapted in the year:  
A. 1977                          B. 1952  
C. 1997                          D. 1981
53. The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights was adapted in the year:  
A. 1966                          B. 1952  
C. 1997                          D. 2005
54. The United Nations advisory services programme is related to:  
A. UN reforms                B. Financial aid  
C. Human Rights              D. Development
55. The First International tribunal to deal with terrorism as a crime was:  
A. Special Court for Sierra Leone  
B. International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda  
C. Nuremburg tribunal  
D. None of the above
56. The Permanent court of International Justice was established in  
A. 1919                          B. 1922  
C. 1945                          D. 1950
57. The treaty of Westphalia was signed in the year:  
A. 1648                          B. 1957  
C. 1888                          D. 1216
58. The UNO tries to solve the problems of the world by:  
A. oppression  
B. using its military force  
C. co-operation  
D. reducing financial aids preventing import and export
59. "Veto" in UN security council is:  
A. the positive vote of all the members  
B. the negative vote by a permanent member  
C. the negative vote for a central country  
D. the negative vote for the security council
60. The United Nations charter contains the:  
A. Aims of organization  
B. Rates of membership fee  
C. Amount of aid to be granted to each country  
D. Financial gain for its members

61. The United Nations Organization came into existence as a result of:
- Two world war
  - A desire of nations to have durable peace
  - Efforts to make world free from wars
  - All the above
62. Which are the specialized agencies of UN known as Breton world sisters?
- UNESCO and UNICEF
  - IMF and WHO
  - IBRD and UNESCO
  - IMF and World Bank
63. The First International tribunal to deal with terrorism as a crime was:
- Special Court for Sierra Leone
  - International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda
  - Nuremburg tribunal
  - None of the above
64. Who is currently appointed as Secretary-General of Gulf Cooperation Council?
- Fahim bin Sultan Al Qasim
  - Jamil Ibrahim Hejailan
  - Nayef Falah Mubarak Al Hajraf
  - Abdullah Bishara
65. In which year the Charter of the GCC was signed formally establishing the institution?
- 25 May, 1981
  - 25 May, 1980
  - 25 May, 1985
  - 25 May, 1987
66. Who among the following Prime Minister launched Look East policy in 1992, to give a strategic push to India's engagement with South-East Asia region?
- P.V. Narasimha Rao
  - Narendra Modi
  - Manmohan Singh
  - Atal Behari Vajpayee
67. Act East Policy is the successor of:
- Look West Policy
  - Look East Policy
  - Neither A nor B
  - Both A & B
68. Prime Minister of India highlighted which of the 4C's of Act East Policy:
- Culture
  - Commerce
  - Connectivity
  - Capacity building
- Select the correct code the options given below:
- (a) & (b)
  - (c) & (a)
  - (b) & (d)
  - (a), (b), (c) & (d)
69. What is an important dimension of India's Act East Policy?
- Connectivity
  - Capacity building
  - Security
  - None of these
70. What is Quad?
- Quad is an informal strategic dialogue of like-minded democracies
  - It is converging across the Indian and Pacific oceans
  - It comprises of the US, Japan, India and Australia.
  - All of these
71. How many union consisting The African Union (AU) as a continent?
- 55 countries
  - 60 countries
  - 70 countries
  - 80 countries
72. In which year the African bloc was founded?
- On 26 May, 2001 in Addis Ababa
  - On 26 May, 2003 in Addis Ababa
  - On 26 May, 2008 in Addis Ababa
  - On 26 May, 2009 in Addis Ababa
73. Which among the following is not correctly matched?
- The intention of the AU is to replace the Organisation of African Unity (OAU)
  - It was established on 25 May 1963 in Addis Ababa by 32 signatory governments
  - The AU's secretariat, the African Union Commission, is based in Addis Ababa
  - To achieve greater unity and solidarity in the middle east.
74. In which of the following, a person is constantly followed/chased by another person or group of several peoples?
- Phishing
  - Bulling
  - Stalking
  - Identity theft
75. Which of the following usually observe each activity on the internet of the victim, gather all information in the background, and send it to someone else?
- Malware
  - Spyware
  - Adware
  - All of the above
76. Which of the following refers to stealing one's idea or invention of others and use it for their own benefits?
- Piracy
  - Plagiarism
  - Intellectual property rights
  - All of the above
77. Which of the following refers to exploring the appropriate, ethical behaviors related to the online environment and digital media platform?
- Cyber law
  - Cyberethics
  - Cybersecurity
  - Cybersafety

78. Which of the following are famous and common cyber-attacks used by hackers to infiltrate the user's system?
- A. DDos and Derive-by Downloads
  - B. Malware & Malvertising
  - C. Phishing and Password attacks
  - D. All of the above
79. In Wi-Fi Security, which of the following protocol is more used?
- A. WPA
  - B. WPA2
  - C. WPS
  - D. Both A and C

80. Which of the following statements is correct about the firewall?
- A. It is a device installed at the boundary of a company to prevent unauthorized physical access.
  - B. It is a device installed at the boundary of an incorporate to protect it against the unauthorized access.
  - C. It is a kind of wall built to prevent files from damaging the corporate.
  - D. None of the above

## ANSWERS

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	B	A	B	C	A	C	B	D	A
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
A	D	A	D	B	B	A	C	C	D
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
D	C	C	C	C	D	B	C	C	A
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
B	A	D	B	A	C	B	C	A	D
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
D	A	B	A	A	A	D	D	D	C
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
B	D	A	D	A	B	A	C	B	A
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
D	D	A	C	A	A	B	D	C	D
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
A	A	D	C	B	D	B	D	B	B

