प्रश्न-पत्र की योजना2024-2025

कक्षा — **10** विषय — अंग्रेजी अवधि —3 घण्टे 15 मिनट

पूर्णांक – 80

1. उद्देश्य हेतु अंकभार–

क्र.सं.	उद्देश्य	अंकभार	प्रतिशत
1.	ज्ञान	26	32.50
2.	अवबोध	22	27.50
3.	ज्ञानोपयोग	17	21.25
4.	कौशल	10	12.50
5.	विश्लेषण	5	6.25
	योग	80	100

2. प्रश्नों के प्रकार वार अंकभार-

क्र.सं.	प्रश्नों का प्रकार	प्रश्नों की	अंक	कुलअंक	प्रतिशत	प्रतिशत	संभावित
		संख्या	प्रतिप्रश्न		(अंको का)	(प्रश्नों	समय
						का)	
1.	बहुविकल्पात्मक	15	1	15	18.75	28.85	25
2.	रिक्तस्थान	4	1	4	5.00	7.70	08
3.	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	18	1	18	22.50	34.61	30
4.	लघुत्तरात्मक	9	2	18	22.50	17.30	27
5.	दीर्घउत्तरीय	1	3	3	3.75	1.92	15
6.	निबंधात्मक	5	2x5	22	27.50	9.62	90
			3x4				
	योग	52	_	80	100	100	195
							मिनट

विकल्प योजना : खण्ड 'स' एवं 'द' मेंहैं

3. विषय वस्तु का अंकभार—

क्र.सं.	विषय वस्तु	अंकभर	प्रतिशत
1	Section A (Reading) Unseen Passage – 1	6	7.50
2	Unseen Passage – 2	9	11.25
3	Section B (Writing) Letter/ Email	5	6.25
4	Story Writing	4	5.00
5	Short Paragraph verbal /visual	4	5.00
6	Section C (Grammar) Tense	4	5.00
7	Reported Speech	2	2.50
8	Subject verb Concord	2	2.50
9	Active and Passive Voice	2	2.50
10	Framing Question and Que.Tag	2	2.50
11	Section D (Text Books) first flight Passage	6	7.50
	prose		
12	Textual Questions	14	17.50
13	Poetry	8	10.00
14	Footprints Without Feet	12	15.00
	Total	80	100

प्रश्न-पत्र ब्ल्यूप्रिन्ट 2024-2025

कक्षा —10 विषय :— अंग्रेजी समय:— 3 घण्टे 15 मिनट पूर्णांक— 80

क्र .	क्र. उद्देश्य ज्ञान सं. इकाई / उपइ						अव	बोध			ज्ञानोपयोग क			कौशल			विश्लेषण				योग										
स.	इकाई / उपइ काई	बहुलिकत्पात्मक	रिक्तस्थान	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	लघुतरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरात्मक	निबन्धात्मक	बहुलिकत्पात्मक	रिक्तस्थान	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	लघुतरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरात्मक	निबन्धात्मक	बहुलिकल्पात्मक	रिक्तस्थान	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक ल <u>घ</u> ुत्तरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरात्मक	निबन्धात्मक	बहुलिकत्पात्मक	रिक्तस्थान	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	लघुत्तरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरात्मक	निबन्धात्मक	बहुलिकल्पात्मक	रिक्तस्थान	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	लघुत्तरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरात्मक	निबन्धात्मक	
1	Section A (Reading) Unseen Passage – 1	1(4)												1(2)		X															6(6)
2	Unseen Passage – 2			1(5)						1(2)		◂				1(2)															9(9)
3	Section B (Writing) Letter/ Email																	5(1)													5(1)
4	Story Writing																							4(1)							4(1)
5	Short Paragraph verbal /visual																							4(1)							4(1)
6	Section C (Grammar) Tense	1(2)							1(2)																						4(4)
7	Reported Speech									1(2)																					2(2)
8	Subject verb Concord		1(2)																												2(2)
9	Active and Passive Voice									1(2)																					2(2)
10	Framing Question and Que.Tag															1(2)															2(2)

11	Section D (Text Books) first flight Passage prose	1(3)		1(2)					1(1)																	6(6)
12	Textual Questions				2(2)					2(1)		5(1)													3(1)	14(5)
13	Poetry									2(3)										2(1)						8(4)
14	Footprints Without Feet	1(4)														2(1)	4(1)							2(1)		12(7)
	योग	13(13)	2(2	7(7	4(2)	-	-	-	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	8(4)	- :	5(1	2(2	A	4(4	2(1	9(2)			2(1)	8(2)			2(1)	3(1	
	सर्वयोग			26	(24)	1	•		2	2(14)	1	,			17(9))			10(3)			5((2)		80(52)

नोट:—कोष्ठक के बाहर की संख्या 'अंकों' की तथा अंदर की संख्या 'प्रश्नों' के द्योतक है। प्रश्न संख्या — 3,4,5,11,15 में आन्तरिक विकल्प है।

Secondary Examination, 2025 Model Paper English

Time: 3 Hours 15 Minutes
Maximum Marks: 80

GENERAL INSTRUCATION TO THE EXAMINEES:-

- 1. Candidate must first write their Roll No. on the question paper compulsorily.
- 2. All the questions are compulsory.
- 3. Write the answer to each question in the given answer book only.
- 4. For question having more than one part, the answers to those parts are to be written together in continuity.
- 5. Write the correct serial number of each question as mentioned in the question paper.

Section – A (Reading)

1) Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

The Rig Veda is India's most ancient text. As we know that it is several thousand years old. It gives the northwest region of the Subcontinent the name 'Sapta Sindhava', that is 'the Land of the seven rivers'. The word 'Sindhava' comes from 'Sindhu', which refers to the Indus River. Moving on in time, we see names for other parts of India appear in the literature. The Mahabharata is one of India's most famous texts. It lists many regions such as Kashmir, Kurukshetra, Vanga, Kutch, Kerala.

The Mahabharata uses the terms "Bharatavarsha" and Jambudvipa. Bharatavarsha means the country of the Bharatas and Jambudvipa means the "Island of the fruit of the jamun tree".

1)	India	a's mos	st ancient text is:				(1)
	A)	The Y	Yujurveda	B)	The H	Ramayana	
	C)	The F	Rig Veda	D)	The S	Sama Veda	
ii)	The	Word	sindhava comes fro	om			(1)
	A)	The F	Rig Veda	B)	Sindl	ıu	
	C)	The I	Hindu	D)	India		
iii	i) The	e Indus	s river refers to:				(1)
	A)	India		B)	The N	Mahabharata	
	C)	Sindh	nu	D)	Sapta	Sindhava	
iv)	The	part w	which is not listed in	the M	ahabh	arata :	(1)
	A)	Kash	mir	B)	Vang	a	
	C)	Keral	a	D)	Bihar	•	
v) Choo	ose the	similar word of the	e follov	wing fi	om the passage:-	
	'Well	know	n':				(1)
		A)	Region		B)	Refer	
		C)	Appear		D)	Famous	

vi) Choose the opposite word of the following from the passage:

'Modern': (1)

A) Several

B) Ancient

C) Famous

- D) Northwest
- 2) Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

Harappa and Mohenjo-daro, now in Pakistan, were the first two cities of this Civilisation to be discovered; their indentification goes back to 1924, a century ago. Several sites followed in the Indus plains known as 'Indus Valley civilisation;

Later on Dholavira in Gujarat, Rakhigarhi in Haryana, Ganweriwala in Pakistan and Lothal in Gujarat were discovered. It is interesting to note that the Sarasvati basin includes not only two major cities —Rakhigrhi and Ganweriwala but aslo several smaller ones Farmana, Banawali, Bhirrana in Haryana and Kalibangan in Rajasthan.

The larger Harappan cities were built according to precise plans. They had wide streets which were often oriented to the cardinal directions. Most cities seen to have been sorrounded by massive wall and had two distinct parts — 'the upper town;' where the local elite lived and the "lower town" where common people lived.

Some large buildings seen to have been used for collective purposes – for instance, warehouses where goods were stored. Individual houses of various sizes lined the streets and smaller lanes. The construction was the same for small and big houses. All buildings were made of bricks.

The famous 'Great Bath' in Mohenjo-daro, a small but elaborate tank which measured about 12x7 metres and had waterproofing materials applied on top of carefully laid-out bricks. The tank was sorrounded by small rooms, one of which contained a well; there was a drain in one corner of the tank to empty it from time to time and refill it with fresh water.

- i) Where are Harappa and Mohenjo-daro? (1)
- ii) When were the Harappa and Mohenjo-daro civilisations discovered (1)
- iii) Where is Lothal civilisation? (1)

iv) Where did the common people live?	(1)
v) What was the use of a drain system?	(1)
vi) What was the purpose of the large buildings?	(1)
vii) Mention the names of cities which belong from Haryana and Rajasthan? viii) Write the similar word of the following from the passage:	(1)
"Huge"	(1)
ix) Write the opposite word of the following from the passage:	
"Ordinary"	(1)
(Section – B)	
(Writing)	
3) You are Khushi living in Sidharth Nagar Ajmer. Last month you went to Udaipu	ır. Write a
letter to your friend Somanshi describing her how you enjoyed this trip. You may take h	elp of the
following points.	(5)
i) With whom did you go to Udaipur?	
ii) Where did you stay?	
iii) What places did you visit there?	
iv) Duration of the trip.	
OR	
You are Ritesh living at 47 Pratap Nagar Alwar. During the rainy season there is	s very poor
condition of cleanliness and drainage system. Write a letter to the editor of 'The Hindu	ıstan Times'
complaining about the sanitation problem in your area.	
4) Write a story with the help of given outline in about 80 words. Give the title and	l moral to
it.	(4)
Two cats a piece of breaddivideone piece	
bigger quarrel a monkeyjudge cuts the bigger piece	piece
smaller cut the other piece refuses saysreward of	his labour
OP	

A hungry foxin searchof fooda vine	
grapeshighjumps tiregrapes are sourgoes	
away.	
5) Write a paragraph in about 80 words on the picture given below:	4)
OR	
You are Sangeeta/Sangeet. You go for a walk daily in the morning in the nearby p	
morning you found a smart mobile phone there. How did you feel to find it and how did	you find
the owner of the mobile phone and return it? Write a parpagraph in about 80 words.	
You may begin like this:	
I am Sangeeta. I read in class 10 th . I get up early in the morning	
Section – C	
(Grammar)	
6) Fill in the blanks with appropriate forms of the verbs given in the brackets :	
i) The annual examinationnext month. (Start)	1)
ii) Towns into cities these days. (Change)	1)
Choose the correct verb form from the given alternatives:	
iii) Divya Pratap recentlyhis syllabus.	1)
A) have,revised B) has, revise	
C) has, revised D) have, revise ()	
iv) Sanjana food at this time tomorrow.	1)

	F	A)	Will cooking	B)	Will be cook	ing		
	(C)	is cooking	D)	cooks	()	
7)	Rewrite the fo	ollowing	g sentences changing the	m into	Indiret Speech	:		
	i) S	hlok sa	id to Yatharth, "Let's pla	y chess	s."			(1)
	ii) L	avisha s	aid to Bhojraj,"Do you 1	read thi	s book today?			(1)
8)	Fill in the blan	nks witl	n a verb in agreement wi	th its su	ıbject :			
	i) S	low and	steady the race.	(win/v	vins)			(1)
	ii) F	People	celebrating Diwali.	(was/w	vere)	•		(1)
9)	Change the fol	lowing	sentences into passive vo	oice :				
	i) V	Vho stol	e the watch?					(1)
	ii) D	id she v	vrite a story ?					(1)
10)	Frame question	on of the	e following sentence:	٠,				
	i)	How	long?			_		(1)
	Ans.	Kama	l can read for seven hou	rs.				
	ii)	Add	question tag to the stater	nent giv	ven below.			(1)
		Pradh	yuman will teach Englis	h,				
			Section – D					
			(Text Book)				

11) Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:

There was a girl named Valliammai who was called Valli for short. She was eight years old and very curious about things. Her favourite pastime was standing in the front doorway of her house watching what was happening in the street outside. There were no playmates of her own age on her street and this was about all she had to do.

But for Valli, standing at the front door was every bit enjoyable as any of the elaborate games other children played. Watching the street gave her many new unusual experiences.

The most fascinating thing of all was the bus that travelled between her village and the nearest town. It passed through her street each hour, once going to the town and once coming back.

The sight of the bus filled each time with a new set of passengers, was a source of unending joy for Valli.

1) \	allı wa	as	Years o	old.			(1)
1	A)	Nin	e	B)	Ten		
(C)	Eigl	ht	D)	Six		
ii) V	alli wa	ıs star	nding at the				(1)
	A)	Roc	of	B)	Fron	t door	
	C)	Play	yground	D)	Stree	t	
iii)	Hov	man	ny playmates d	lid Valli have	?		(1)
	A	A)	Two	^	B)	Six	P
	(C)	Eight		D)	None	
iv)	Wha	ıt was	s the most fasc	cinating thing	for Va	alli?	(1)
v)	Base	ed on	your reading	of the passage	e write	about Valli:	(1)
vi)	Wri	te the	e similar word	of the follow	ing fro	om the passage:	
	"Ob	servi	ng"				(1)
				OR			

Mij and I remained in London for nearly a month. He would play for hours with a selection of toys, ping-pong balls, marbles, rubber fruit, and a terrapin shell that I had brought back from his native marshes. With the ping-pong ball he invented a game of his own which could keep him engrossed for up to half an hour at a time. A suitcase that I had taken to Iraq had become damaged on the journey home, So that the lid, when closed, remained at a slope from one end to the other. Mij discovered that if he placed the ball on the high end it would run down the length of the suitcase. He would dash around to the other end to ambush and hide from it, to spring up and take it by surprise.

1)	Mij played with?		
	A) Cricket Ball	B)	Ping Pong Ball
	C) Cork Ball	D)	Basket Ball
ii)	Who invented a game?		
	A) Writer	B)	Mii

		C) I		D)	He		
	iii)	Writer had t	aken the suite	ase to	?		
		A) Amer	ica	B)	London		
		C) Iraq		D)	Home		
	iv)	How did Mi	j discover the	game?			
	v)	Write about	the playing ite	ems describ	ed in the pa	assage .	
	vi)	Write the sin	nilar word of	the following	ng from the	passage: "T	ravel"
12)	Answer any th	hree of the fol	lowing questi	ons in abou	t 20-30 wor	ds each:	(2x3=6)
	i)	Why did Kis	sa Gotami go	from house	to house?	(The Sermo	on at Benares)
	ii)	Where is Co	org? (Coor	g)			
	iii)	What does a	jackfruit like	appearance	e mean? (A	baker from C	ioa)
	iv)	Where did A	Anne Frank hid	de during G	erman occu	ipation? (Fro	om the Diary of
		Anne Frank)				
13)	Answer any C	One of the following	owing questio	ns in about	80 words	•	(5)
	i)	I'll take the i	risk" What is t	the risk? Wl	hy does the	narrator take	it?
		(The Black	Aeroplane)				
	ii)	How did Ma	ındela's under	standing of	freedom ch	ange with ag	e and experience?
		(Nelson Mar	ndela: Long W	Valk to Free	edom)		
14)	Answer any C	One of the foll	owing questio	ns in about	40 words	:	(3)
	i)	Write the ch	aracter sketch	of Natalya	? (The Pro	oposal)	
	ii)	What is the	reason behind	the quarrel	ling of Nata	alya and Lom	ov?
15)	Read any one	of the follow	ng extracts ar	nd answer th	ne questions	s that follow:	(
	If ever you	u should go by	chance				
	To jungles	s in the east;					
	And if the	ere should to y	ou advance				
	A large an	nd tawny beas	t,				
	If he roars	at you as you'	re dyin'				
	You'll knov	v it is the Asia	ın lion.				

- i) (2) Where to go to know the Asian lion? ii) What kind of animal is the Asian lion? (2) OR Custard the dragon had big sharp teeth And spikes on top of him and scales underneath, Mouth like a fireplace, chimney for a nose, And realio, Trulio daggers on his toes. Who had big sharp teeth? i) ii) What type of mouth and nose did the dragon have? Answer any two of the following questions in about 20 words (2x2=4)How does the fog come? (Fog) i) ii) Why is the boy so upset? (The Ball poem) Is Amanda an orphan? Why does she say so? (Amanda!) iii) (4) Answer any One of the following two questions in about 80 words: The twentieth century is called the" Era of the book" and the twenty first i) century is the "Era of the computer". Do you think books are being replaced by the digital content. Give your ideas about the usage of digital books (The Book that Saved the Earth) Scientists Contribute to make the world a better place. Griffin was Scientists ii) and invented something. What was the invention and what was the interesting incident based on the story? (Footprints Without Feet) Answer any two out of the following three questions in about 20 words each: (2x2=4)i) Who was Horace Danby? Why did he steal something every year? (A Question Of Trust)
 - iii) "I was really worried about Tricki this time; Who said this comment and why?(A Triumph Of Surgery)

H. Ebright. (The Making Of A Scientist)

Write the species and sub species of butterflies which was collected by Richard

18)

ii)

Choose the Correct answer:					(1x4= <u>4</u>)
i)	How old was Horace Danby? (A Question Of Trust)				
	A) 25 Years		B)	40 Years	
	C) 50 Years		D)	60 Years	
ii)	i) Who was mighty? (The Book That Saved The Earth)				
	A) IotaC) Noodle		B)	Omega	
			D)	Think-Tank	
iii)	Where did the boys see muddy foot print? (Footprints Without Feet)				
	A)	London	B)	New York	
	C)	Delhi	D)	Cap Town	
iv)	iv) What was the cost of diamond necklace? (The Necklace)				
	A)	Twenty Thousand Franc	s B)	Thirty Six Thousand Francs	
	C)	Fifty Thousand Francs	D)	Eighteen Thousand Francs	

19)