

# English

(Honeysuckle)(Chapter - 2) (How the Dog found himself a new Master!)

(Class - VI)

## Working with the Text

### Question A:

Discuss these questions in pairs before you write the answers.

1. Why did the dog feel the need for a master?
2. Who did he first choose as his master? Why did he leave that master?
3. Who did he choose next?
4. Why did he serve the Lion for a long time?
5. Who did he finally choose as his master and why?

### Answer A:

1. The dog usually get tired and sick when he went for food searching alone. Moreover he did not feel safe. So, he decided to have a master.
2. The dog first chose a wolf as his master. But he found the wolf afraid of the bear. So, he left the company of the wolf.
3. After wolf, dog decided to choose a bear as his master. Because he was stronger than wolf.
4. The dog served the lion for a long time because he had no complaint against him. He felt safe and secure with the lion. No other wild animal dared to displease or hurt him.
5. The dog finally chose man as his master. Because man is the most powerful creature among all. Even lion was afraid of man.

### Question B:

A summary of the story is given below. Fill in the blanks to complete it taking appropriate phrases from the box.

a dog	stronger than anyone else	
the strongest of all	a wolf	the bear
afraid of man	his own master	a lion

This is the story of \_\_\_\_\_, who used to be \_\_\_\_\_. He decided to find a master \_\_\_\_\_. First he found \_\_\_\_\_, but the wolf was afraid of \_\_\_\_\_. The dog thought that the bear was \_\_\_\_\_. After some time the dog met \_\_\_\_\_, who seemed the strongest. He stayed with the lion for a long time. One day he realised that the lion was \_\_\_\_\_. To this day, the dog remains man's best friend.

### Answer B:

This is the story of **dog**, who used to be **his own master**. He decided to find a master **stronger than anyone else**. First he found **a wolf**, but the wolf was afraid of **the bear**. The dog thought that the bear was **the strongest of all**. After some time the dog met **a lion**, who seemed the strongest. He stayed with the lion for a long time. One day he realised that the lion was **afraid of man**. To this day, the dog remains man's best friend.



## Working with Language

### Question A:

Each word in the box given below indicates *a large number of*...

For example, 'a herd of cows' refers to many cows.

Complete each of the following phrases with a suitable word from the box.

school fleet brood bundle bunch pack flock herd

- |                       |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. a _____ of ships   | 5. a _____ of sticks |
| 2. a _____ of flowers | 6. a _____ of sheep  |
| 3. a _____ of chicks  | 7. a _____ of fish   |
| 4. a _____ of cattle  | 8. a _____ of wolves |

### Answer A:

- |                              |                              |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. a <b>fleet</b> of ships   | 5. a <b>bundle</b> of sticks |
| 2. a <b>bunch</b> of flowers | 6. a <b>flock</b> of sheep   |
| 3. a <b>brood</b> of chicks  | 7. a <b>school</b> of fish   |
| 4. a <b>herd</b> of cattle   | 8. a <b>pack</b> of wolves   |

### Question B:

Make nouns from the words given below by adding -ness or -ity. (For some words we need to add just -ty, or -y.)

- |                 |                     |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1. honest _____ | 7. creative _____   |
| 2. kind _____   | 8. sincere _____    |
| 3. cruel _____  | 9. cheerful _____   |
| 4. calm _____   | 10. bitter _____    |
| 5. sad _____    | 11. sensitive _____ |
| 6. active _____ | 12. great _____     |

### Answer B:

- |             |                 |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. honesty  | 7. creativity   |
| 2. kindness | 8. sincerity    |
| 3. cruelty  | 9. cheerfulness |
| 4. calmness | 10. bitterness  |
| 5. sadness  | 11. sensitivity |
| 6. activity | 12. greatness   |

### Question C:

Word search

- There are twelve words hidden in this table.
- Six can be found horizontally and the remaining six vertically.
- All of them are *describing* words like 'good', 'happy', etc.
- The first letters of the words are given below:

*Horizontal:* H R F F S G

*Vertical:* A W S F L Q

A	H	A	S	T	Y	D	U	L	M	N	P
N	F	L	U	V	Q	T	B	O	A	L	Z
G	Z	M	R	X	R	V	D	Y	F	Q	O
R	X	O	P	W	S	F	O	A	B	U	C
Y	C	P	R	E	A	D	Y	L	D	I	F
D	G	Q	I	Y	F	I	E	R	C	E	D
A	H	R	S	T	R	O	N	G	H	T	J
X	W	S	E	Z	E	A	B	H	K	S	K
G	O	O	D	A	E	C	A	I	J	T	L
F	R	I	G	H	T	E	N	E	D	W	M
B	S	J	C	B	L	D	F	J	K	X	V
E	E	K	D	E	M	B	E	L	M	U	Y



**Answer C:**

*Horizontal words:* Hasty, Ready, Fierce, Frightened, Strong and Good.

*Vertical words:* Angry, Worse, Surprised, Free, Loyal and Quiet.

A	H	A	S	T	Y	D	U	L	M	N	P
N	F	L	U	V	Q	T	B	O	A	L	Z
G	Z	M	R	X	R	V	D	Y	F	Q	O
R	X	O	P	W	S	F	O	A	B	U	C
Y	C	P	R	E	A	D	Y	L	D	I	F
D	G	Q	I	Y	F	I	E	R	C	E	D
A	H	R	S	T	R	O	N	G	H	T	J
X	W	S	E	Z	E	A	B	H	K	S	K
G	O	O	D	A	E	C	A	I	J	T	L
F	R	I	G	H	T	E	N	E	D	W	M
B	S	J	C	B	L	D	F	J	K	X	V
E	E	K	D	E	M	B	E	L	M	U	Y



## Working with the Poem

### Question 1:

List out the action words in the poem.

dive, dip, snaps, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

Find out the meanings of these words.

### Answer 1:

dive, dip, snaps, soars, rides, pulls, flaps

*drive* – to plunge

*dip* – bend

*snaps* – makes a sharp sound

*soars* – rises

*rides* – sits on the back

*pulls* – drives forward

*flaps* – flutters

### Question 2:

Read these lines from the poem:

Then soars like a ship

With only a sail

The movement of the tailless kite is compared to a ship with a sail. This is called a **simile**. Can you suggest what or who the following actions may be compared to?

He runs like \_\_\_\_\_

He eats like \_\_\_\_\_

She sings like \_\_\_\_\_

It shines like \_\_\_\_\_

It flies like \_\_\_\_\_

### Answer 2:

He runs like a deer.

He eats like a dog.

She sings like a bird.

It shines like a star.

It flies like a kite.

### Question 3:

Try to make a kite with your friends. Collect the things required such as colour paper/newspaper, thread, glue, a thin stick that can be bent. After making the kite see if you can fly it.

### Answer 3:

Do yourself.