## Revision Notes CHAPTER – 14 Practical Geometry

This chapter deals with methods of drawing geometrical shapes.

- We use the following mathematical instruments to construct shapes:
- 1. A graduated ruler
- 2. The compasses
- 3. The divider
- 4. Set-squares
- 5. The protractor
  - Using the ruler and compasses, the following constructions can be made:
- 1. A circle, when the length of its radius is known.
- 2. A line segment, if its length is given.
- 3. A copy of a line segment.
- 4. A perpendicular to a line through a point
  - (a) on the line
  - (b) not on the line.
- 5. The perpendicular bisector of a line segment of given length.
- 6. An angle of a given measure.
- 7. A copy of an angle.
- 8. The bisector of a given angle.
- 9. Some angles of special measures such as

(a)  $90^{\circ}$  (b)  $45^{\circ}$  (c)  $60^{\circ}$  (d)  $30^{0}$  (e)  $120^{\circ}$  (f)  $135^{\circ}$