

Solve : $\frac{2 \times 3^4 \times 2^5}{9 \times 4^2}$

$$= \frac{2^5 \times 3^4 \times 2^5}{3^2 \times (2^2)^2} = \frac{2^{5+5} \times 3^4}{3^2 \times 2^4} = \frac{2^{10} \times 3^4}{3^2 \times 2^4} = \frac{2^{6+4} \times 3^{4-2}}{1} = 2^6 \times 3^2 = 4 \times 9 = 36$$

$10^3 \text{m} = 1 \text{km}$
 $10^5 \text{cm} = 1 \text{km}$

Exponent

To make very large number's
Easy to read, understand and
compare ,we use exponents

$a = a^1$
 $a \times a = a^2$
 $a \times a \times a = a^3$ exponent/index/power

$a \times a \times a \dots \times a = a^n$ base
 a multiplied n times
 exponential notation/power notation

$a^n \rightarrow$ 'a' raised to power n
 or
 n^{th} power of 'a'
 $10^2 \rightarrow 10$ squared or 10 raised to power 2
 $10^3 \rightarrow 10$ cubed or 10 raised to power 3

eg : (i) $3^x = 81 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 3^4 \Rightarrow x=4$
 (ii) $(-5)^x = -125 = (-5) \times (-5) \times (-5) = (-5)^3 \Rightarrow x = 3$

Express 432 as product of
powers of prime no.
Prime factorisation

2	432
2	216
2	108
2	54
3	27
3	9
3	3
	1

$= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 2^4 \times 3^3$

eg : $\frac{2}{+3} \times \frac{4}{+6} \times \frac{5}{+3} \times \frac{2}{+6}$

$\frac{2}{+3} \times \frac{4}{+6} \times \frac{5}{+3} \times \frac{2}{+6} = \frac{2^4 \times 3^4 \times 5^2}{3^2 \times 2^2 \times 3^2 \times 2^2} = \frac{2^4 \times 3^4 \times 5^2}{3^4 \times 2^4} = 5^2 = 25$

$\frac{2^2}{3^2} \times \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{8}{15}$

division powers subtracted
 (2) $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ [m > n]
 base same
 eg : $3^5 \div 3^2 = 3^{5-2} = 3^3$

multiplication
 (1) $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$
 base same Powers added
 eg : $2^3 \times 2^5 = 2^3 + 5 = 2^8$

(6) $a^0 = 1$
 $1 = a^m \div a^m = a^{m-m} = a^0$
 eg : $2^0 + 3^0 + 4^0 = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$

Low's of Exponents

(3) $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$
 bracket Powers multiplied
 eg : $(5^3)^7 = 5^{3 \times 7} = 5^{21}$

(5) $\frac{a^m}{b^m} \div \frac{a^m}{b^m} = a^m - b^m$
 eg : $\frac{2}{+3} \times \frac{4}{+6} \div \frac{2}{+3} \times \frac{4}{+6} = 2^4 - 3^4$

power same
 (4) $a^m \times b^m = (a \times b)^m$
 base different
 eg : $(-2)^4 \times (-3)^4 = (-2 \times -3)^4 = (+6)^4$

Standard form/Scientific notation

$\Rightarrow A \times 10^n$
 $1.0 < A < 10.0$; n $\rightarrow$ integers
 eg : $59 = 5.9 \times 10^1$
 $590 = 5.9 \times 10^2$
 $5900 = 5.9 \times 10^3$

Expand form : 47561
 $= 4 \times 10^4 + 7 \times 10^3 + 6 \times 10^2 + 1 \times 10^0$

eg : $1000 = 10 \times 100 = 10 \times 10 \times 10$
 $= (2 \times 5) \times (2 \times 5) \times (2 \times 5)$
 $= 2^3 \times 5^3$

eg : Compare
 (a) 2.7×10^8 ; 1.5×10^8
 Same
 Compare
 2.7×10^8 ; 1.5×10^8
 different
 (b) 2.7×10^8 ; 1.5×10^{12}
 Compare
 $2.7 \times 10^8 < 1.5 \times 10^{12}$

eg : Express in exponential notation
 (i) $625 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 = 5^4$
 (ii) $-27 = (-3) \times (-3) \times (-3) = (-3)^3$
 (iii) $a \times a \times a \times b \times b \times y \times y = a^3 b^2 y^2$
 Note : $b^3 a^2 \neq b^2 a^3$