

Chapter – 10

Practical Geometry

Exercise 10.5

1. Construct the right-angled ΔPQR , where $m \angle Q = 90^\circ$, $QR = 8\text{cm}$ and $PR = 10\text{cm}$.

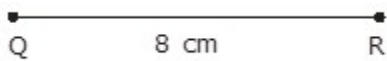
Answer:

Here,

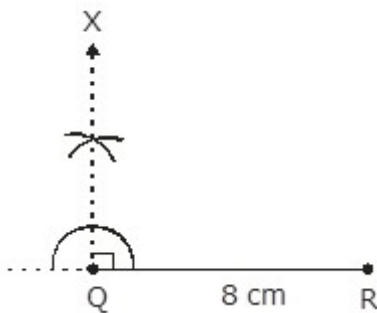
According to the question,

We have to draw figure using following steps of construction:

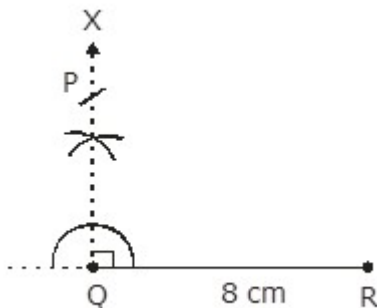
Step 1: Draw a line segment QR of 8 cm



Step 2: Now, From Q construct a ray QX making an angle of 90° with QR.

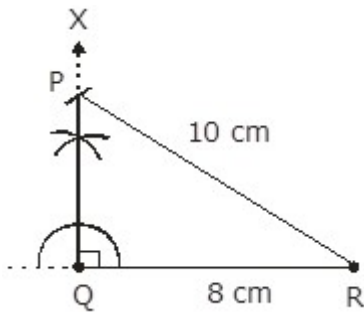


Step 3: Take R as a center and radius of 10 cm draw an arc intersecting QX at P



Step 4: Now, join RP

Hence, ΔPQR is the required triangle.



2. Construct a right-angled triangle whose hypotenuse is 6 cm long and one of the sides is 4 cm long.

Answer:

Here,

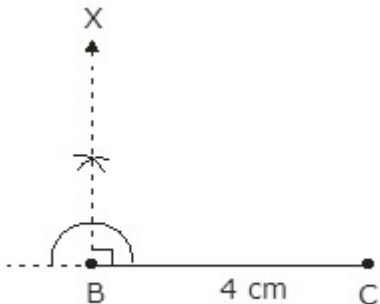
According to the question,

We have to draw figure using following steps of construction:

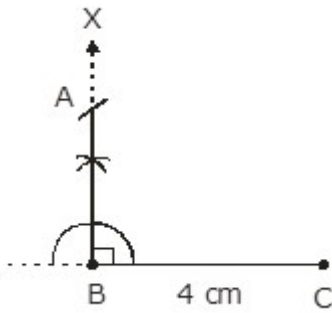
Step 1: Draw a line segment BC of 4 cm



Step 2: Now, From B construct a ray BX making an angle of 90° with BC.

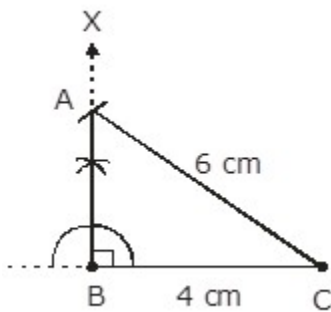


Step 3: Take C as a center and radius of 6cm draw an arc intersecting BX at A



Step 4: Now, join AC

Hence, $\triangle ABC$ is the required triangle.



3. Construct an/isosceles right-angled triangle ABC, where $m \angle ACB = 90^\circ$ and $AC = 6\text{ cm}$.

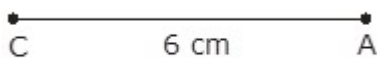
Answer:

Here,

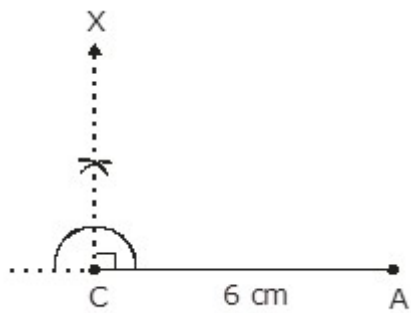
According to the question,

We have to draw figure using following steps of construction:

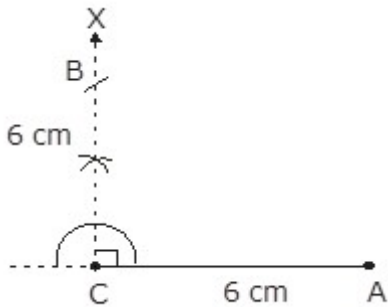
Step 1: Draw a line segment AC of 6cm



Step 2: Now, From C construct a ray CX making an angle of 90° with AC.



Step 3: Take C as a centre and radius of 6 cm draw an arc intersecting CX at B



Step 4: Now, join AB

Hence, $\triangle ABC$ is the required triangle.

