IAS Mains History 1998

Paper II

Time Allowed: Three Hours Maximum Marks: 300

Candidates should attempt Questions 1 and 5 which are compulsory, and any three of the remaining questions selecting at least one question from each Section. All questions carry equal marks.

Section-A

- 1. Comment on any three of the following statements in about 200 words each:
 - a. The British "fought the First Maratha War in a period when their fortunes were at the lowest ebb"
 - b. The Arya Samaj "did not; however, succeed in capturing the imagination of modern India as a whole"
 - c. The Montague Declaration (20 August 1917) was observed more closely in the "realm of imperial relations" than anything else.
 - d. "Both freedom and partition were the work of Indian middle classes."
- 2. How did the British conquer Bengal in the 18th century? What circumstances helped them?
- 3. Examine the nature of the Revolt of 1857 and indicate the manifold changes in British civil and military administration of India after 1857.
- 4. Explain the attitude of the Indian National Congress towards the constitutional changes of 1909, 1919 and 1935.

Section-B

- 5. Comment on any three of the following statements in about 200 words each:
 - a. One great effect of the geographical discoveries of the 15th century was "the growing belief that America, Asia and Africa were to be used extensively for the benefit of Europeans"
 - b. The American War of Independence "deprived Great Britain of one empire, but it strengthened the foundations of another"
 - c. Lord Beaconsfield after his return from the Congress of Berlin (1878) boasted: "I have brought peace with honour"
 - d. One of the most important impacts of the Second world war was the "division of Europe" eastern and western.
- 6. The Industrial Revolution brought about great changes in the social and economic life of Europe. Explain.
- 7. The years 1853 1894 witnessed the transformation of Japan. Explain.
- 8. In Russsia, Lenin was "the father of socialism, organiser of the revolution and the founder of the new Russian society." Examine the statement.