## **IAS Mains Sociology 1990**

## Paper II

## **Section A**

- 1. Write notes on any three of the following in not more than 200 words each:
  - a. Basic features of traditional Hindu social organization
  - b. Market economy and Agrarian social structure
  - c. Religion and National integration in India
  - d. Corruption and Political process
- 2. Action, for the Indian is not individualistic but societal. Critically evaluate the statement.
- 3. Discuses the process of mobility that has taken place in the caste structure in India in this context, explain the convergence of caste and class.
- 4. Critically assess the role of social legislation in bringing about basic structural changes it marriage, family and property in India. What are the main obstacles in evolving a common Civil Code?

## **Section B**

- 5. Write notes on any three of the following in not more than 200 words each:
  - a. Cultural factors in the adoption of family, planning in India
  - b. Educational inequality and social change
  - c. Sociological perspective of Right to Work in India
  - d. Political power and rural development in India
- 6. Indian tradition, today exhibits a form of neo-traditionalism along with modernisation . Comment
- 7. What are the main social determinants of economic development in India? Examine this question with special reference to the growth of entrepreneurship and the rise of business houses in India.
- 8. Critically evaluate the role of religion and ethnicity in Indian politics since the First

General Elections in 1952.