4. Time Series

Exercise 4.1

1. The following data gives the production of bleaching Powder (in '000 tonnes) for the year 1962 to 1972.

Year	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	
Production	0	0	1	1	4	
Year	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972
Production	2	4	9	7	10	8

Fit a trend line by graphical method to the above data.

Solution:

Taking year on x-axis and production on y-axis, we plot the point for Production corresponding to the year. Joining the point by straight Line we get the graph for the given time series. We draw trend line As shown in the figure 4.1



2. Use the method of least square to fit a trend to The data in problem 1 and above. Also obtain the trend Value for the year 1975.

Solution:

Here, n = 11. Hence we transform year t to 'u' taking Origin at 1967. We construct the following table for calculation of $\sum u, \sum u^2, \sum x_t, \sum ux_t$

Year	Production	U = t - '67	<i>u</i> ²	ux _t
t	x _t ('000 tones)			
1962	0	-5	25	0
1963	0	-4	16	0
1964	1	-3	9	-3
1965	1	-2	4	-2
1966	4	-1	1	-4
1967	2	0	0	0
1968	4	1	1	4
1969	9	2	4	18
1970	7	3	9	21
1971	10	4	16	40
1972	8	5	25	40
Total	$\sum x_t = 46$	$\sum u = 0$	$\sum u^2 = 110$	123
				-9
				$\sum u x_t = 114$

The Equation on the trend line is $\rightarrow x_t = a' + b'u.$ The Two normal equation are $\sum x_t = na' + b' \sum u \dots (1)$ $\sum u x_t = a' \sum u + b' \sum u^2 \dots (2)$ Putting the values $\sum x_t = 46, n = 11,$ $\rightarrow \Sigma u = 0, \Sigma u^2 = 110.$ $\sum u x_t = 114$ in the equation, we get $46 = 11a' + b'(0) \dots (3)$ $114 = a'(0) + b'(110) \dots (4)$ From equation (3), $a' = \frac{46}{11} = 4.182$ From Equation (4), $b' = \frac{114}{110} = 1.036$ We get the equation of trend line, $x_t = 4.182 + 1.036u$ Where u = t - 1967. Trend value for the year 1975: For t = 1975, u = 1975 – 1967 = 8 Putting u = 8 in

 $x_t = 4.182 + 1.036u$, we get $x_{1975} = 4.182 + 1.036(8)$ = 4.182 + 8.288 $\therefore x_{1975} = 12.47$ Hence, The trend value for the year 1975 is 12.47 (in'000 tonnes)

3. Obtain the trends line for the above data using 5 yearly moving average.

Solution: We construct the following table to obtain 5 yearly Moving averages for the data in problem 1:

Year	Production	5 Yearly	5 Yearly
t	(in '000 tonnes)	Moving	Moving average
	xt	total	trend value
1962	0	-	-
1963	0	-	-
1964	1	6	1.2
1965	1	8	1.6
1966	4	12	2.4
1967	2	20	4.0
1968	4	26	5.2
1969	9	32	6.4
1970	7	38	7.6
1971	10	-	-
1972	8	-	-

4. The following table shows the index of industrial production For the period from 1976 to 1985, using the year 1976 as the base Year:

Year	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Index	0	2	3	3	2
Year	1981	1982	1983	1984	19885
Index	4	5	6	7	10

Fit a trend line to above data by graphical method.

Solution:

Taking year on X axis and index on y axis, we, plot The points for indices corresponding to the year. We get the graph time series. We draw trend line as Shown in the figure 4.2



5. Fit a trends line to the data in problem 4 above by The method of least squares. Also, obtain the trend Value for the index of industrial production for the Year 1987.

Solution:

Here, n = 10 we transform t to u by taking U = 2(t - 1980.5) We construct the following table for calculation:

Year t	Index of Industrial Production xt	U = 2(t - 1980.5)	<i>u</i> ²	ux _t
1976	0	-9	81	0
1977	2	-7	49	-14
1978	3	-5	25	-15
1979	3	-3	9	-9
1980	2	-1	1	-2
1981	4	1	1	4
1982	5	3	9	15

1983	6	5	25	30
1984	7	7	49	49
1985	10	9	81	90
Total	$\sum x_t = 42$	$\sum u = 0$	$\sum u^2 = 330$	188
				-40
				$\sum u x_t = 148$

The equation of trend line, $x_t = a' + b'u$ The normal equation are, $\sum x_t = na'b' \sum u \dots (1)$ $\sum u x_t = a' \sum u + b' \sum u^2 \dots (2)$ Here, $n = 10, \Sigma x_t = 42, \Sigma u$ $\rightarrow = 0, \Sigma u^2 = 330,$ $\sum u x_t = 148$ Putting these value in the normal equation, we get $42 = 10a' + b'(0) \dots (3)$ $148 = a'(0) + b'(330) \dots (4)$ From the equation (3), we get $a' = \frac{42}{10} = 4.2$ From the equation (4), we get $b' = \frac{148}{330} = 0.4485$ Putting a' = 4.2 and b' = 0.4485 in xt = a' + b' u, we get the Equation of trend line as Xt = 4.2 + 0.4485u, where u = 2 (t - 1980.5)Trend value for the year 1987: For t = 1987, u = 2(1987 - 1980.5)= 2(6.5) = 13Putting u = 13 in xt = 4.2 + 0.4485u, we get $x_{1987} = 4.2 + 0.4485 \times 13$ $x_{1987} = 4.2 + 5.8305$ $x_{1987} = 10.0305$ Hence, the trend value for the index of industrial product-Tion for the year 1987 is 10.0305.

6. Obtain the trend values for the data in problem 4 Using 4- yearly centered moving average.

Solution:

We construct the following table to obtain 4 – yearly Moving average for the data in problem 4:

Year	Index	4- yearly moving	4- yearly moving	2 unit	4 yearly centered
t	xt	total	averages	Moving	moving averages
				total	(trend value)
1976	0	-	-	-	-
1977	2	8	2.0	-	-
1978	3	10	2.5	4.5	2.25
1979	3	12	3.0	5.5	2.75
1980	2	14	3.5	6.5	3.25
1981	4	17	4.25	7.75	3.875
1982	5	22	5.5	9.75	4.875
1983	6	28	7.0	12.5	6.25
1984	7	-	-	-	-
1985	10			-	-

7. The following table given the production of steel (in Millions of tonnes) for the year 1976 to 1986.

Year	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Production	0	4	4	2	6	8
Year	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	
Production	5	9	4	10	10	

Fit a trend line to the above data by the graphical method.

Solution:

Taking year on x - axis and production on y - axis, we plot The points for production corresponding to year, Joining These points by straight lines, we get the graph of the given Time series, we draw trend line as shown in the figure 4.3.



8. Fit a trend line to the data in problem 7 by the method Of least squares. Also, obtain the trend value For the year 1990.

Solution:

Here, n = 11, We transform year - t to u by taking u = t - 1981. We contract the following table for calculation:

Year t	Production xt	U=t-1981	u ²	ux _t
1976	0	-5	25	0
1977	4	-4	16	-16
1978	4	-3	9	-12
1979	2	-2	4	-04
1980	6	-1	1	-06
1981	8	0	0	0
1982	5	1	1	5
1983	9	2	4	18
1984	4	3	9	12
1985	10	4	16	40
1986	10	5	25	50

Total	$\sum xt = 62$	$\sum u = 0$	$\sum u^2 = 110$	125
				-38
				$\sum ux1 = 87$

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The equation of trend line
x_t = a' + b'u
The normal equation are
\sum x_t = na' + b' \sum u \dots (1)
\sum u x_t = a' \sum u + b' \sum u^2 \dots (2)
Here, n = 11,
\sum x_t = 62, \sum u = 0, \sum u^2 = 110.
\sum u x_t = 87
Putting these values in normal equation, we get
62 = 11a' + b'(0) \dots (3)
87 = a'(0) + b'(110) \dots (4)
From equation (4), we get
a' = \frac{62}{11} = 5.6364
From equation (4), we get b' = \frac{87}{110} = 0.7909
Putting a' = 5.6364 and b' = 0.7909 in the equation
x_t = a' + b'u, we get the equation of trend line as
x_t = 5.6364 + 0.7909u
Trend for the year 1990:
For t = 1990, u = 1990 – 19981 = 9
Putting u = 9 in
x_t = 5.6364 + 0.7909u, we get
x_{1990} = 5.6364 + 07909 \times 9
x_{1990} = 5.6364 + 7.1181
x_{1990} = 12.7545
Hence, trend value for the year 1990 is 12.7545.
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9. Obtain the trend value for the above data using 3 – yearly Moving averages. Solution:

We contract the following table to obtain 3 – yearly Moving averages For the data in problem 7:

Year t	Production xt	3- yearly Moving total	3- yearly Moving averages trend
			value
1976	0	-	-

1977	4	8	2.667
1978	4	10	3.3333
1979	2	12	4.0000
1980	6	16	5.3333
1981	8	19	6.3333
1982	5	22	7.3333
1983	9	18	6.0000
1984	4	23	7.6667
1985	10	24	8.0000
1986	10	-	-

10. The following table shows the production of gasoline In USA for the year 1962 to 1976:

Year	Production (million barrels)	Year	Production (million barrels)
1962	0	1970	6
1963	0	1971	7
1964	1	1972	8
1965	1	1973	9
1966	2	1974	8
1967	3	1975	9
1968	4	1976	10
1969	5		

i) Obtain the trend value using 5 – yearly moving averages for the above data.

ii) Plot the original time series and the trend values obtained in i) on the same graph.

Solution:

i) We contract the following table to obtain 5 – yearly Moving averages:

Year	Production	5 – yearly	5 – yearly
	(million	Moving	Moving
	barrels)	total	Average trend value
1962	0	-	-
1963	0	-	-

1964	1	4	0.8
1965	1	7	1.4
1966	2	11	2.2
1967	3	15	3.0
1968	4	20	4.0
1969	5	25	5.0
1970	6	30	6.0
1971	7	35	7.0
1972	8	38	7.6
1973	9	41	8.2
1974	8	44	8.8
1975	9	-	_
1976	10	-	-

ii) Taking year on x - axis and production trend on y - axis, we plot the plot the points for production corresponding to years to get the graph of time series and plot the point for trend values corresponding to years to get the graph of trend as shown in the figure 4.4

