

B-4-Y

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 22]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 8

XIIARJKUT23

9104-Y

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

SECTION-A

(Very Very Short Answer Type Questions)

1 each

1. ~~(a)~~ What is NATO ?

~~(b)~~ What is Multipolarity ?

~~(c)~~ SAFTA is an agreement signed by members of :

(A) UN

(B) SAARC

(C) ASEAN

(D) EU

~~(d)~~ Correct and rewrite the statement :

Shimla agreement was carried out between Nepal and Burma under the leadership of A.B. Vajpayee and Mujeeb Rehman.

~~(e)~~ What is Global poverty ?

XIIARJKUT23-9104-Y

B-4-Y

Turn Over

- (f) Globalisation means free flow of, people and exchange of
- (g) What do you mean by Valuable Resources ?
- (h) Due to the there was a tremendous production of milk and its products in Gujrat.
- (i) Name any *two* leading persons associated with :
- (A) Congress Party
- (B) Communist Party of India
- (j) Operation Blue Star was carried out in Amritsar in the year :
- (A) 1977 (B) 1980
- (C) 1984 (D) 1989
- (k) What is Gender Justice ?
- (l) was the President of Mandal Commission.
- (m) Who led the 'Narmada Bachao Andolan' ?
- (A) Medha Patkar (B) Rajni Sharma
- (C) Shabana Azmi (D) Meera Kumar

(n) In 1989 who formed the Govt. at Centre ?

(A) BJP

(B) Congress

(C) CPI

(D) National Front

(o) Who was the Chairman of 2nd Backward Classes Commission ?

(A) B.P. Mandal

(B) V.P. Singh

(C) Ch. Charan Singh

(D) Arun Mehta

SECTION-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

2. What do you mean by Environmental issues ?

Or

How is oil a scarce resource ?

3. What effects can water have as a resource ?

Or

What do you mean by Indigenous People ?

4. What do you mean by Regional Aspirations ?

5. Give two main reasons for rise of regional parties.

Or

What do you mean by Insurgency ? Explain.

6. Who are Dalits in India ? What is their main problems ?
7. What is Coalition Politics in India ? Explain
8. Write short note on downfall of Congress Party.

Or

What do you mean by Caste Politics ?

SECTION-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

9. What are the major irritants in Sino-Indian relations ?

Or

Mention any *four* common features of European Union.

10. What does SAARC stand for ? Highlight its any *three* main objectives.

Or

✓ Explain any *two* factors responsible for Pakistan's failure in building a stable democracy.

11. Briefly explain the role of opposition parties in India.
12. How has Technology contributed to globalisation ? Explain.
13. How did planned development lead to expansion of Public Sector in India ?

Or

"Private sector development has a key role in the development of Indian industrialisation sector." Discuss.

SECTION-D

5 each

(Passage/Map Questions)

14. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below :

India is not the only country to have experienced the democracy of one party after independence. If we look around the world, we find many other examples of one party dominance. But there is a crucial difference between these and Indian experience. In the rest of the cases the dominance of one party was ensured by compromising democracy. In some countries like China, Cuba and Syria the constitution permits only a single party to rule the country.

Questions :

1. Which Political party dominated the political scene of India after independence and how long ?
2. How did the one-party dominance in India differ from that of China or Cuba ?

15. Read the passage and answer the following questions given below :

Indira Gandhi changed the Congress into highly centralised and undemocratic party organisation, from the earlier federal, democratic

and ideological formation that Nehru had led But this could not have happened had not Indira Gandhi changed the entire nature of politics. This new populist politics turned political ideology into a more electoral discourses, use of the various slogans not meant to be translated into governmental policies. (Sudipta Kaviraj)

Questions :

- (a) What is the difference between the strategies of Nehru and Indira Gandhi according to the author ?
- (b) Why does the author says the Congress Party affect other political parties also ?

✓ 16. In the outline Map of the World, show the appropriate position of the following countries of the world :

- ✓ (a) Germany
- ✓ (b) France
- ✓ (c) China
- ✓ (d) Israel
- ✓ (e) Ukraine

SECTION-E

(Long Answer Type Questions)

6 each

✓ 17. Why was the end of the Second World War considered to be the beginning of Cold War ? Explain.

Or

What is Cold War ? What was the effect of Cold War era on newly independent states ?

✓ 18. Explain, how did the collapse of the Soviet Union affect the World Politics ?

Or

What is meant by 'Shock Therapy' ? Assess its consequences on the post-communist regimes ?

✓ 19. What do you know about :

(a) Gulf War of 1990

(b) 'Bandwagon Strategy' ?

Or

✓ Analyse the role of USA in Global War on terrorism after the 9/11 attack in 2001.

20. Describe what kind of party system has developed in India and how is it different from the past ?

Or

Suggest ways and means by which the Congress party regain its past position, again in India ?

21. What are the main objectives of Indian Foreign Policy ? Discuss in detail.

Or

What do you understand by :

(a) Panchsheel

(b) India's approach to NTP ?

22. Describe any *four* circumstances for proclamation of emergency in 1975.

Or

Discuss in detail the factors which led to the rise of Janta Party.