The Quarrel

Question 1. The siblings quarrelled: (a) for a patty (b) over a petty point (c) not to fight again (d) for a piece of cake
▼ Answer
(b) over a petty point
Question 2. 'Fell out' means: (a) fell down (b) quarrelled (c) got-out (d) patched up ▼ Answer (b) quarrelled
Question 3. The exchange of hot words led to: (a) diseases (b) hatred (c) explosion (d) a quarrel ▼ Answer (b) hatred
Question 4. The start was slight but: (a) the end of It was strong (b) the fight caused physical injuries (c) the harm got over (d) the fight became furious ▼ Answer

Question 5.

- 5. The afternoon turned black means:
- (a) an afternoon having black

(a) the end of It was strong

- (b) afternoon was a miserable time clouds
- (c) afternoon was black
- (d) the clouds covered the sky
- **▼** Answer

(b) afternoon was a miserable time clouds

Question 6.

The quarrel ended because:

- (a) one of the two was wise
- (b) one did not realized the folly
- (c) one did not feel sorry
- (d) one of them accepted the mistake

▼ Answer

(a) one of the two was wise

Question 7.

One thing led to another harm, means:

- (a) one thing started harming
- (b) one thing caused another harmful activity
- (c) it began the chain of evil activities
- (d) it led to greater blunders

▼ Answer

(b) one thing caused another harmful activity

Question 8.

The author of the above poem is

- (a) L.M. Halli
- (b) Harry Behn
- (c) Eleanor Faijeon
- (d) Y-Yeh Shuru

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) Eleanor Faijeon

Question 9.

It seems that the poet and her brother, quarrelled on

- (a) a petty matter
- (b) some very important matter
- (c) money matter
- (d) property

▼ Answer

Answer: (a) a petty matter

Question 10.

Both the siblings felt that the other was,

- (a) right
- (b) wrong
- (c) honest
- (d) dishonest

▼ Answer

Answer: (b) wrong

Question 11.

The afternoon turned black because two of them

- (a) were angry
- (b) were disappointed
- (c) had lost the way
- (d) had quarrelled

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) had quarrelled

(1)

I quarrelled with my brother

I don't know what about.

One thing led to another

And somehow we fell out.

The start of It was slight.

The end of it was strong.

He said he was right.

I knew he was wrong!

Question 1.

The Passage has been taken from the poem

- (a) A House, A Home
- (b) The Kite
- (c) The Quarrel
- (d) Beauty

▼ Answer

(c) The Quarrel

Question 2.

The author of the above poem is

- (a) L.M. Haul
- (b) Hany Behn
- (c) Eleanor Farjeon
- (d) Y-Yeh-Shure

▼ Answer

(c) Eleanor Farjeon

Question 3.

It seems that the brothers quarrelled on

- (a) a petty matter
- (b) some very important matter
- (c) money matter
- (d) property

▼ Answer

(a) a petty matter

Question 4.

Both the brothers felt that the other was

- (a) right
- (b) wrong
- (c) honest
- (d) dishonest

▼ Answer

(b) wrong

Question 5.

The phrase fell out' means that the brothers

- (a) fell on the ground
- (b) fell from the roof
- (c) fell on the road
- (d) became unfriendly

▼ Answer

(d) became unfriendly

(2)

We hated one another.
The afternoon turned black.
Then suddenly my brother
Thumped me on the back.
And said. "Oh. come along!
We can't go on all night –
i was in the wrong.
So he was In the right.

Question 1.

Those who hated one another were

- (a) friends
- (b) enemies
- (c) brothers
- (b) strangers

▼ Answer

(c) brothers

Question 2.

The afternoon turned black because the two of them

- (a) were angry
- (b) were disappointed
- (c) had lost the way
- (d) had quarrelled

▼ Answer

(d) had quarrelled

Question 3.

The initiative to end the quarrel was taken by

- (a) the speaker
- (b) the speaker's brother

- (c) their mother
- (d) their father

▼ Answer

(b) the speaker's brother

Question 4.

The one In the wrong was

- (a) the speaker
- (b) the speakers brother
- (c) neither of the brothers
- (d) a third person

▼ Answer

(c) neither of the brothers

Question 5.

The word 'thumped' means the same as

- (a) hit hard
- (b) put hand on
- (c) turned
- (d) massaged

▼ Answer

(a) hit hard