3. Computerised Accounting with GST

| Q.1 Fill in the blanks. |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) A pre-numbered accounting document used for posting daily transactions is called as Ans: Voucher |
| 2) When cash is going out of the business type of voucher is used. Ans: Payment |
| 3) Return of goods to a supplier comes under _ type of voucher. Ans: Purchase returns |
| 4)was the first country to implement the GST in 1954. Ans: France |
| 5) stands for Goods And Services Tax Identification Numbers. Ans: GSTIN |
| 6) GST came into force in India with effect from Ans: 1st July 2017 |
| 7) Rectifying entries or transfers or adjustment entries comes undervoucher type. Ans: Journal |
| Q. 2 State whether the statement is TRUE or FALSE. |
| 1) Creation of company is the first step in Computerized Accounting process. Ans: True |
| 2) All Ledger accounts have same groups in Computerized Accounting. Ans: False |
| 3) Receipt voucher is used when the cash is accepted. Ans: False |
| 4) Cash deposited into bank comes under bank voucher. Ans: False |

| 5) Recording a transaction through voucher is called as voucher entry. Ans: False |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6) Goods sold from Solapur to Hubli is an example of SGST. Ans: False |
| 7) GST is focus on one nation one tax. Ans: True |
| 8) GSTIN is PAN based registration number. Ans: True |
| 9) CGST, SGST and IGST Ledgers are common for goods and services Ans: True |
| Q.3 Choose Single correct answer from the given options. |
| 1) Contra Voucher is used for a) Master Entry b) Withdrawal of cash from bank c) Reports d) Credit Purchase Ans: b) Withdrawal of cash from bank |
| 2) Salary account comes under which of the following head a) Indirect Income b) Indirect Expenses c) Direct Income d) Direct Expenses Ans: b) Indirect Expenses |
| 3) In India the GST Act came into effect on a) 1st July 2018 b) 1st July 2017 c) 1st June 2018 d) 1st June 2017 Ans: b) 1st July 2017 |
| 4) Sale or purchase out of state involvesin invoice.a) Out GSTb) IGSTc) With GST |

| d) No GST Ans: b) IGST |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5) GSTIN is digit alphanumeric number. a) 13 b) 10 c) 15 d) 1 Ans: c) 15 |
| 6) In GSTIN first two digits representscode. a) State b) Central c) Company d) General Ans: a) State |
| 7) GST istype of tax. a) Regular b) Indirect c) Direct d) Irregular Ans: b) Indirect |
| Q.4 Choose Two correct answers from the given options. |
| 1. Every voucher maintained its and record. |
| a) debit b) in c) out d) credit e) open Ans: (a),(d) |

- 3. _ and __are ledger accounts can be created under Group Indirect Expenses.
- a) Insurance
- b) Sale
- c) Rent
- d) Bank Loan
- e) Octroi

Ans: (a),(c)

- 4. Codes given to Goods and Servies under GST are __ and __.
- a) HSN
- b) HSC
- c) SSC
- d) SAC
- e) HNS

Ans: (a),(d)

Q.5 Activity

Find out the GST exemption list for various goods and services.

Ans:

List of Goods Exempt Under GST are:

- Live Animals.
- Meat.
- Fish, Meat and Fillets. Eggs, Honey and Milk Products.
- Non Edible Animal Products. Live Trees and Plants.
- Vegetables.
- Fruits and Dry Fruits.