# Marking Scheme Sample Question Paper Accountancy Class XII Set - II

1. Receipts and Payments Account. 1 2. (i) Opening Capital. (ii) Additional Capital Introduced.  $(\frac{1}{2}x2=1)$ 3. (i) Admission of a partner. Change in profit-sharing ratio of partners.  $(\frac{1}{2}x2=1)$ 4. (i) Location of the business. Skill of the management.  $(\frac{1}{2}x^2=1)$ 5. 1 It is a charge against profits. 6. Consumption of Stationery = Opening stock + Amount paid + Creditors (beginning) + Creditors (end) - Closing stock = Rs. 50,000+ 2,00,000- 20,000+10,000-40,000 = Rs. 2,00,000(1 mark -Formula 2 Mark - Calculation (1 mark for stock adjustment and 1 mark for creditor adjustment) 3. 7. SEBI guidelines would not apply: To Infrastructure companies. A company issuing debentures with a maturity period of not more than 18 months. (iii) For debentures issued by All India Financial Institutions regulated by RBI. (iv) For debentures issued by Banking companies. For Privately placed debentures (any three 1x3=3) 8. Interest on calls-in-advance payable to Akriti.  $8000 \times 2 \times \frac{6}{100} \times \frac{3}{12} = Rs.240$ On Ist Call 1 (for three months)

On 2nd Call

(for seven months)

 $8000x \, 3x \frac{6}{100}x \frac{7}{12} = Rs.840$ 

Rs.1080

1

#### **Smriti**

On 2nd Call

$$4000 \times Rs.3 \times \frac{6}{100} \times \frac{4}{12} = Rs.240$$

1

(for four months)

(1+1+1=3)

9.

#### Journal

Date	Particulars		L. F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
	Z's Capital A/c	Dr.		270	
	To X's Capital A/c				240
	To Y's Capital A/c				30
	(Interest on drawings omitted, now adjusted)				

(2)

Working Notes:

Partners	Dr. interest on drawings	Cr. profits	Ne	t effect
	(Rs.)	3:2:1	Dr.	Cr.
X	(-)750	(+)990	-	+240
Y	(-)630	(+)660	-	+30
Z	(-)600	(+)330	(-)270	-
	1,980	1,980	270	270

 $\frac{\text{Rs.5,00,000}}{5}$  (2+2 = 4 marks)

10.

(1) Valuation of goodwill

$$\frac{\text{Rs.}60,000+1,50,000+1,70,000+1,90,000-70,000}{5}$$

$$=$$
 = Rs. 1,00,000

Goodwill = Rs. 1,00,000x3 = Rs. 3,00,000

(1 Mark)

(2) Calculation of Gain/Loss

	P	Q	R
New Share	1/3	1/3	1/3
Old Share	5/10	3/10	2/10

#### Difference

P' Sacrifice = 
$$\frac{5}{10} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{15 - 10}{30} = \frac{5}{30}$$

Q's Gain = 
$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{10} = \frac{10 - 9}{30} = \frac{1}{30}$$
R's Gain = 
$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{10} = \frac{10 - 6}{30} = \frac{4}{30}$$

(iii) Compensation  $(5/30 \times Rs. 3,00,000 = 50,000)$  payable by Q and R in the ratio of 1/30 and 4/30 of Rs. 3,00,000. i.e., Rs. 10,000 and Rs. 40,000 respectively.

(1 mark)

#### **JOURNAL**

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
	Q's Capital A/c	Dr		Rs. 10,000	
	R's Capital A/c	Dr		Rs. 40,000	
	To P's Capital A/c				Rs. 50,000
	(Being adjustment made for				
	goodwill on change in profit				
	sharing ratio				

(2 Marks)

11.

### BOOKS OF RAJA LTD. JOURNAL

3,600
4,000
2,400
6,000
,
3,600
-

(1+1+1+1=4)

12(a).

# **JOURNAL**

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.	
2007 Mar 31	Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c Dr. To Debenture Redemption Reserve A/c.		60,000 60,000		(1)
2007 Mar 31	8% Debentures A/c Dr. To Debentureholders A/c. (Amount due to debentureholders)		5,00,000	5,00,000	(½)
2007 Mar 31	Debentureholders A/c. Dr.  To Bank A/c  (Amount paid to the debentureholders)		5,00,000	5,00,000	(½)
2007 Mar 31	Debenture Redemption Reserve A/c Dr. To General Reserve A/c. (DRR transferred to general reserve)		2,50,000	2,50,000	(1)

(3 Marks)

12(b).

# **JOURNAL**

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.	
	Case (a) Bank A/c Dr. To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (amount received on application)		30,00,000	30,00,000	(½)
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c Dr. To 12% Debentures A/c To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/c (Transfer of application money to debentures account redeemable at a premium)		30,00,000 1,50,000	30,00,000 1,50,000	(1)
	Case (b) Bank A/c Dr. To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Amount received on application)		52,50,000	52,50,000	(½)
	Debenture Application A/c Dr. To 12% Debentures A/c To Securites Premium A/c Transfer of application money to Debentures, issued at a premium, redeemable at par)		52,50,000	50,00,000 2,50,000	(1)

(3 Marks)

#### BALANCE SHEET As on 31st December, 2005

Dr. Cr.

<b>Particulars</b>	Amount	<b>Particulars</b>	Amount
Salaries Outstanding	25,000	Salaries Prepaid	10,000

# INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT for the year ending 31.12.2006

Dr. Cr.

D1.			Ci.
Particulars	Amount	<b>Particulars</b>	Amount
To Salaries	2,80,000		
(+) Advance			
at beginning	10,000		
	2,90,000		
(+) Outstanding			
for 2006	40,000		
	3,30,000		

# BALANCE SHEET As on 31.12 2006

Dr. Cr.

Particulars		Amount		Particulars	Amount
Salaries Outsta	U		(420	$0.8a$ laries Prepaid $x3 \times \frac{1}{3}$ x for 2007	2
for 2005	5,000		( •	for 2007	§ 18,000
for 2006 <u>4</u>	0,000	45,000			

#### 14. Working Note

(i) Profit sharing ratio between Risha and Nisha

$$=$$
  $\frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{3}=3:2$ 

(ii) Nisha's share of profit

$$= \frac{(Rs.4,200 + Rs3,900 + Rs4,500)}{3} \times \frac{5}{12} \times \frac{2}{5}$$

(iii) Nisha's share of goodwill =

=

(iv) Nisha's share of reserves =

$$= Rs. 30000 \times \frac{2}{5} = Rs. 12000$$

# NISHA'S CAPITAL A/C

Dr. Cr. **Particulars Particulars** Amount Amount Rs. Rs. By Bal b/d 60,000 By P/L Suspense A/c To Executor's A/c 77,740 700 By Richa's Capital A/c. 5,040 - Share of Goodwill By Reserves 12,000

#### NISHA'S EXECUTOR'S A/c

77,740

Dr. Cr.

77,740

Particulars	Amount	Particulars Particulars	Amount
	Rs.		Rs.
To Nisha's Executor 's Loan A/c	77,740	By Nisha's Cap. A/c	77,740
	77,740		77,740

## **JOURNAL**

**15.** 

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
i.	Bank A/c Dr. To Share Application & Allotment A/c (Application money recieved on 70,000 Share @ Rs. 20 per share)		14,00,000	14,00,000
ii.	Share Application and Allotment A/c. Dr. To Share Capital A/c To Share First & Final Call / Call in advance A/c To Bank A/c (Application and allotment money adjusted towards share capital; first & final call account and refunded on 20,000 shares)		14,00,000	8,00,000 2,00,000 4,00,000
iii.	Share First & Final A/c Dr.  To Share Capital A/c  To Securities Premium A/c  (Amount due on share first & final call)		16,00,000	12,00,000 4,00,000
iv.	Bank A/c Dr. To Share First and Final Call A/c (Share first & final call money received on 39,600 shares @ Rs. 40 per share less received in advance with share application and allotment money)		13,86,000	13,86,000

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
	Bank A/c	Dr.		13,86,000	
	Calls-in Advance A/c	Dr.		2,00,000	
	To Share first & final call A/c				15,86,000
	(Share first & final call money received				
	on 39,600 shares )				
v)	Share capital A/c	Dr.		20,000	
	Securities premium A/c	Dr.		4,000	
	To Share forfeited A/c				10,000
	To Share first & final call A/c				14,000
	(400 shares forfeited for non-payment of				
	share first & final call money)				

#### **Working Note:**

Application recd. No of shares Application No of shares Rejected for Allotted

70,000 20,000 40,000 to Applicants for 50,000 shares

Hence Prorata Ratio is 5:4

So Nitesh applied for 500 shares and paid Application and allotment money @ Rs. 20 = 10,000 but required application and allotment money on his 400 shares (400x20) Rs.8,000. So his excess Rs. 2,000 is adjusted in advance of share first & final call money.

So share First & Final Call.

Money due on 400 shares Rs. 16,000

@ Rs. 40

Less - Excess Money ReceivedRs. 2,000First & Final Call MoneyRs. 14,000

not received on 400 shares.

OR
IN THE BOOKS OF ARTI LIMITED
JOURNAL

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
i)	Bank A/c To Share Application A/c (Being application money received on 1,40,000 shares @ Rs. 5 per Share)	Dr.		7,00,000	7,00,000
ii)	Share Application A/c To Share Capital A/c To Share Allotment A/c To Bank A/c (Being application money transferred to share capital and excess application money adjusted to share allotment and returned the balance)	Dr.		7,00,000	4,00,000 2,80,000 20,000
iii)	Share Allotment A/c To Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c (Being allotment money due on 80,000 Share @ Rs.9 per share including premiur @ Rs.4 per share)	Dr.		7,20,000	4,00,000 3,20,000
iv)	Bank A./c Dr. To Share Allotment A/c (Being allotment money received)		4,33,4	00	4,33,400
v)	Share Capital A/c Securities Premium A/c To Share Forfeited A/c To Share Allotment A/c (Being 900 shares of Rajiv forfeited on non-payment of allotment money)	Dr. Dr.		9,000 3,600	6,000 6,600

[Marks 1+2+1+2+2 = 8]

# Working Note

# (i) <u>Utilization of excess money received on application</u>

(a)	<u>for</u>	pro rata cetegory of 4:3		Rs.
		Money received on application	80000xRs.5	= 4,00,000
		Money required on application	60000xRs.5	= 3,00,000
	<i>:</i> .	Excess money received		= 1,00,000
		Amount due on allotment	60000xRs.9	= 5,40,000
	So	entire excess money (Rs.1,00,000)	is adjusted towards allot	ment.
(b)	<u>for</u>	pro-rata category of 3:1	,	Rs.
		Money received on application	60000xRs.5	= 3,00,000
		Money required on application	20000xRs.5	= 1,00,000
	<i>:</i> .	Excess money received		= 2,00,000
		Amount due on allotment	20000x9	= 1,80,000

So only Rs. 1,80,000 out of excess application money of Rs. 2,00,000 can be adjusted towards allotment and remaining Rs. 20,000 is to be returned.

Hence, Total excess application money adjusted towards allotment is Rs. 2,80,000 [i.e. Rs. 1,00,000 + Rs. 1,80,000]

It also shows that defaulter Rajiv belongs to pro-rata category of 4:3. Rajiv's applied number of shares = 1,200

So shares alloted to him =  $1,200x \frac{3}{4} = 900$ .

(ii)	Amount not paid by Rajiv.		Rs.
	Application money received	1200xRs.5	= 6,000
	Less application money due	900xRs.5	= 4,500
	Excess application money adjusted	d to allotment	= 1,500
	Allotment money due	900xRs.9	= 8,100
	Allotment money not received (Re	s. 8,100 – Rs. 1500)	= 6,600
(iii)	Calculation of Amount Received on A	<u>llotment</u>	
	Total allotment money due	80,000xRs.9	= 7,20,000
	Less allotment money already rece	eived	= 2,80,000
	Less allotment money not received	l	= 6,600
	: Amount received on allotment		= 4,33,400

#### 16. **REVALUATION A/c**

Dr.			Cr.
Particulars	Amount	<b>Particulars</b>	Amount
	Rs.		Rs.
To Stock	20,000	By Loss :	
to Furniture	18,000	Rajat's Cap A/c	26,600
		Ravi's Cap A/c	11,400

(1)

38,000

#### PARTNERS' CAPITAL ACCOUNTS

38,000

Particulars	Rajat	Ravi	Rohan	Particulars	Rajat	Ravi	Rohan
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To Rev. A/c	26,600	11,400	-	By Balance b/d	1,00,000	80,000	-
To Cash A/c	-	20,600	-	By Cash	-	_	60,000
				By Reserve By Premium	7,000 7,000	3,000 3,000	-
To Balance c/d	1,26,000	54000	60,000	By Cash A/c.	38,600		
	1,52,600	86,000	60,000		1,52,600	86,000	60,000

(3)

**Working Notes:** Rohan's Capital for 1/4 th share = Rs. 60,000

∴ Total capital = Rs.  $60,000 \times 4$ = Rs. 2,40,000

Rajat' share in profits =  $\frac{7}{10} \binom{1-1}{4} = \frac{21}{40}$ , and Ravi's share =

Hance, Rajat's Capital = Rs. 2,40,000 x = Rs. 1,26,000

Ravi's Capital = Rs. 2,40,000 x 
$$\frac{9}{40}$$
 = Rs. 54,000 (3)

16. Dr. CASH A/C Cr.

Amount	Particulars	Amount
Rs.		Rs.
36,000	By Ravi's Capital A/c	20,600
60,000	By Bal. c/d	
10,000	•	1,24,,000
38,600		
1,44,600		1,44,600
	Rs. 36,000 60,000 10,000 38,600	Rs.  36,000 By Ravi's Capital A/c 60,000 By Bal. c/d 10,000 38,600

16. (1+3+3+1=8)

OR PROFIT AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT A/C

Dr.	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Particulars	Amount	Particulars o		Amount	
	Rs.	$\frac{21}{100}$ , $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{7}{100}$		Rs.	
		By Creditors A/c		2,000	
		By Loss transferred to:			
To Fixed Assets A/c	2,500				
		X's Capital A./c	2,750		
To Provision for		Y's Capital A/c	1,650		
Doubtful Debts A/c	5,000	Z's Capital A/c	1,100		
		-		5,500	
	7,500			7,500	

PARTNERS' CAPITAL A/C

Particulars	X	Y	Z	Particulars	X	Y	Z
				By Balance b/d	40,000	62,000	33,000
				By P& L A/c	42,500	25,500	17,000
To P & L Adjustment							
A/c	2,750	1,650	1,100	By Y's Cap A/c	8,000		
To X' Cap A/c	-	8,000	32,000	By Z's Cap A/c	32,000		
To Bank A/c	1,19,750	-	-	By Bank A/c			96,800
To Bank A/c	-	2,050	-				
To Balance c/d		75,800	1,13,700				
	1,22,500	87,500	1,46,800		1,22,500	87,500	1,46,800

(1)

#### **Working Notes:**

Total Capital = Rs.77,850+ Rs.16,900+Rs. 94,750 = Rs.1,89,500Total Capital of the new firm = 1,89,500

Y's Capital = Rs. 1,89,500 x 
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 = Rs. 75,800

Z's Capital = Rs. 1,89,500 x 
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 = Rs. 1,13,700 (3)

Shortage of cash at Bank

Opening Bal of Cash = Rs. 40,000

Less Minimum Balance

Required = Rs. 1,5000

Amount available Rs. 25000

to pay to X

Amount payable to 
$$X = Rs. 1,19,750$$
 (1)

Less Available at Bank Rs. 25,000

Shortage to be brought

in By Y and Z = Rs. 
$$94,750$$
  $(1+3+3+1=8)$ 

17. <u>Issue of Equity Shares</u>

Debt equity ratio = 
$$\frac{\text{Debt}}{\text{Equity}}$$

The ratio will decrease

Reason:- Debt remains unchanged.

Equity increases.

(½ mark for answer and ½ mark for reason)

- 18. Source Rs. 10,000 (1)
- 19. Financing Activity (1)
- 20. Balance Sheet as on

	Assets	Amount
		Rs.
1.	Fixed Assets	X
2.	Investments	x
3.	Current Assets, Loans	
	and Advances	
	(a) Current Assets	x
	(b) Loans and Advances	x
4. 5.	Miscellaneous Expenditure	x
5.	Profit and Loss A/c. (Dr.)	Х

 $\frac{1}{2}x6 = 3 \text{ Marks}$ 

#### COMMON SIZE INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2006 & 2007

Particulars	Absolute A	Amounts	Percentage o	f Net Sales
	2006 (Rs.)	2007(Rs.)	2006 (%)	2007(%)
Net Sales	1,00,000	1,00,000	100	100
Less: Cost of goods	70,000	74,800	70	74.8
sold				
Gross Profit	30,000	25,200	30	25.2
Less: Operating Exp.	8000	9,800	8	9.8
Opereting Profit	22,000	15,400	22	15.4
Less: Tax	11,000	7,700	11	7.7
Net Profit	11,000	7,700	11	7.7

2 marks for % of 2006 2 marks for % of 2007 (4)

22. Stock Turnover Ratio = 
$$\frac{\text{Cost of goods sold}}{\text{Average stock}}$$

$$5 = \frac{(\text{Rs.}8,00,000 - 1/5 of Rs.} 8,00,000)}{X + X + 20,000}$$

(Let Opening stock= X)

$$5 = \frac{6,40,000 \times 2}{2x + 20,000}$$

$$10x + 1,00,000 = 12,80,000$$

10x = Rs. 11,80,000

x = Rs. 1,18,000

(2)

Liquid Assets Acid Test Ratio =  $\frac{1}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$ 

$$0.75 = \frac{\text{Liquid Assets}}{\text{Rs. } 2,40,000}$$

Liquid Asset = 
$$2,40,000 \times 0.75$$

= Rs. 1,80,000

Current Assets = Liquid Assets + Closing Stock

Rs. 1,80,000 + Rs. 1,38,000

= Rs. 3,18,000

Current Ratio = 
$$\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Lightities}}$$

Current Liabilities

Current Ratio = 
$$\frac{\text{Rs.3,18,000}}{\text{Rs.2,40,000}} = 1.325$$
 (2)

23. Cash Flow Statement

	Particulars	Rs.	Rs.	
(A)	Cash Flow from Operating Activities			
	Profit before tax	1,50,000		1
	Adjustments:			
	Add : Depreciation on Plant and Machinery	50,000		1/2
	Less: Profit on sale of Plant and Machinery	(3,000)		1/2
	Operating Profit before working capital changes	1,97,000		
	Less: Increase in stock	(25,000)		
	Cash generated from operations	1,72,000		1/2
	(–) Tax Paid.	ı		
	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		1,72,000	
(B)	Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
	Sale of Plant and Machinery	8,000		1
	Purchase of Plant and Machinery	(3,55,000)		1
	Net Cash used in Investing Activities		(3,47,000)	
(C)	Cash Flow from Financing Activities			
	Issue of Share Capital	3,00,000		1/2
	Dividend paid	(40,000)		1/2
	Net Cash flow from Financing Activities		2,60,000	
	Net Increase/Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		85,000	
	Add: Opening cash and cash equivalents		3,15,000	1/2
	Closing cash and cash equivalent		4,00,000	

# **Working Notes:**

(1) Profit Before Tax

Rs. Profit as per P/L Account 1,00,000
Add Proposed Dividend 50,000
1,50,000

# (2) Plant and Machinery Account

Dr. Cr.

DI.			CI.
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Balance b/d	5,00,000	By Depreciation A/c	50,000
To Profit and Loss A/c	3,000	By Bank A/c (Sale)	8,000
To Bank A/c			
(Purchase)	3,55,000	By Balance c/d	8,00,000
(Balancing/figure)			
	8,58,000		8,58,000
l		I	ı

(2)

# SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER-II

Subject : Accountancy Class XII Max. Marks 80 Time : 3 hrs.

# **QUESTION-WISE ANALYSIS**

S. No of question	Unit/Ch. Number	Marks allotted	Estimated time (Minutes)	Estimated Difficulty level
1	1	1	2 minutes	A
2	2	1	2 minutes	A
3	2	1	2 minutes	A
4	3	1	2 minutes	A
5	4	1	2 minutes	В
6	1	3	6 minutes	A
7	4	3	6 minutes	A
8	4	3	6 minutes	В
9	2	4	8 minutes	В
10	3	4	8 minutes	В
11	4	4	8 minutes	С
12	4	6	12 minutes	В
13	1	6	12 minutes	В
14	3	6	12 minutes	В
15	4	8	16 minutes	С
16	3	8	16 minutes	В
17	5	1	2 minutes	A
18	6	1	2 minutes	A

S. No of question	Unit/Ch. Number	Marks allotted	Estimated time (Minutes)	Estimated Difficulty level
19	6	1	2 minutes	A
20	5	3	6 minutes	A
21	5	4	8 minutes	В
22	5	4	8 minutes	С
23	6	6	12 minutes	В
	Referei	nce for abbrev	viations to Difficulty	Level
A	Easy	20%	16	
В	Average	60%	48	
С	Difficult	20%	16	

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#### **Smriti**

On 2nd Call

$$4000 \times Rs.3 \times \frac{6}{100} \times \frac{4}{12} = Rs.240$$

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(for four months)

(1+1+1=3)

9.

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	(Rs.)	3:2:1	Dr.	Cr.
X	(-)750	(+)990	-	+240
Y	(-)630	(+)660	-	+30
Z	(-)600	(+)330	(-)270	-
	1,980	1,980	270	270

 $\frac{\text{Rs.5,00,000}}{5}$  (2+2 = 4 marks)

10.

(1) Valuation of goodwill

$$\frac{\text{Rs.}60,000+1,50,000+1,70,000+1,90,000-70,000}{5}$$

$$=$$
 = Rs. 1,00,000

Goodwill = Rs. 1,00,000x3 = Rs. 3,00,000

(1 Mark)

(2) Calculation of Gain/Loss

	P	Q	R
New Share	1/3	1/3	1/3
Old Share	5/10	3/10	2/10

#### Difference

P' Sacrifice = 
$$\frac{5}{10} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{15 - 10}{30} = \frac{5}{30}$$

Q's Gain = 
$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{10} = \frac{10 - 9}{30} = \frac{1}{30}$$
R's Gain = 
$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{10} = \frac{10 - 6}{30} = \frac{4}{30}$$

(iii) Compensation  $(5/30 \times Rs. 3,00,000 = 50,000)$  payable by Q and R in the ratio of 1/30 and 4/30 of Rs. 3,00,000. i.e., Rs. 10,000 and Rs. 40,000 respectively.

(1 mark)

#### **JOURNAL**

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
	Q's Capital A/c	Dr		Rs. 10,000	
	R's Capital A/c	Dr		Rs. 40,000	
	To P's Capital A/c				Rs. 50,000
	(Being adjustment made for				
	goodwill on change in profit				
	sharing ratio				

(2 Marks)

11.

### BOOKS OF RAJA LTD. JOURNAL

Date Particulars	L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
Share Capital A/c Dr.		8,000	
Securities Premium A/c Dr.		2,000	
Share Forfeiture A/c			3,600
Share Allotment A/c			4,000
Share First Call A/c			2,400
(400 shares forfeited for non- payment			
of allotment and first call money)			
Bank A/c Dr.		6,000	
Share Capital A/c		·	6,000
(300 shares reissued at Rs. 20			,
at paid up value )			
Share Forfeiture A/c Dr.	$\neg$	3,600	
Capital Reserve A/c		<u> </u>	3,600
(Capital profit transferred to			<b> </b>
Capital reserve)			
1 /			

(1+1+1+1=4)

12(a).

# **JOURNAL**

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.	
2007 Mar 31	Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c Dr. To Debenture Redemption Reserve A/c.		60,000 60,000		(1)
2007 Mar 31	8% Debentures A/c Dr. To Debentureholders A/c. (Amount due to debentureholders)		5,00,000	5,00,000	(½)
2007 Mar 31	Debentureholders A/c. Dr.  To Bank A/c  (Amount paid to the debentureholders)		5,00,000	5,00,000	(½)
2007 Mar 31	Debenture Redemption Reserve A/c Dr. To General Reserve A/c. (DRR transferred to general reserve)		2,50,000	2,50,000	(1)

(3 Marks)

12(b).

# **JOURNAL**

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.	
	Case (a) Bank A/c Dr. To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (amount received on application)		30,00,000	30,00,000	(½)
	Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c Dr. To 12% Debentures A/c To Premium on Redemption of Debentures A/c (Transfer of application money to debentures account redeemable at a premium)		30,00,000 1,50,000	30,00,000 1,50,000	(1)
	Case (b) Bank A/c Dr. To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Amount received on application)		52,50,000	52,50,000	(½)
	Debenture Application A/c Dr. To 12% Debentures A/c To Securites Premium A/c Transfer of application money to Debentures, issued at a premium, redeemable at par)		52,50,000	50,00,000 2,50,000	(1)

(3 Marks)

#### BALANCE SHEET As on 31st December, 2005

Dr. Cr.

<b>Particulars</b>	Amount	<b>Particulars</b>	Amount
Salaries Outstanding	25,000	Salaries Prepaid	10,000

# INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT for the year ending 31.12.2006

Dr. Cr.

D1.			Ci.
Particulars	Amount	<b>Particulars</b>	Amount
To Salaries	2,80,000		
(+) Advance			
at beginning	10,000		
	2,90,000		
(+) Outstanding			
for 2006	40,000		
	3,30,000		

# BALANCE SHEET As on 31.12 2006

Dr. Cr.

Particulars		Amount		Particulars	Amount
Salaries Outsta	U		(420	$0.8a$ laries Prepaid $x3 \times \frac{1}{3}$ x for 2007	2
for 2005	5,000		( •	for 2007	§ 18,000
for 2006 <u>4</u>	0,000	45,000			

#### 14. Working Note

(i) Profit sharing ratio between Risha and Nisha

$$=$$
  $\frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{3}=3:2$ 

(ii) Nisha's share of profit

$$= \frac{(Rs.4,200 + Rs3,900 + Rs4,500)}{3} \times \frac{5}{12} \times \frac{2}{5}$$

(iii) Nisha's share of goodwill =

=

(iv) Nisha's share of reserves =

$$= Rs. 30000 \times \frac{2}{5} = Rs. 12000$$

# NISHA'S CAPITAL A/C

Dr. Cr. **Particulars Particulars** Amount Amount Rs. Rs. By Bal b/d 60,000 By P/L Suspense A/c To Executor's A/c 77,740 700 By Richa's Capital A/c. 5,040 - Share of Goodwill By Reserves 12,000

#### NISHA'S EXECUTOR'S A/c

77,740

Dr. Cr.

77,740

Particulars	Amount	Particulars Particulars	Amount
	Rs.		Rs.
To Nisha's Executor 's Loan A/c	77,740	By Nisha's Cap. A/c	77,740
	77,740		77,740

## **JOURNAL**

**15.** 

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
i.	Bank A/c Dr. To Share Application & Allotment A/c (Application money recieved on 70,000 Share @ Rs. 20 per share)		14,00,000	14,00,000
ii.	Share Application and Allotment A/c. Dr. To Share Capital A/c To Share First & Final Call / Call in advance A/c To Bank A/c (Application and allotment money adjusted towards share capital; first & final call account and refunded on 20,000 shares)		14,00,000	8,00,000 2,00,000 4,00,000
iii.	Share First & Final A/c Dr.  To Share Capital A/c  To Securities Premium A/c  (Amount due on share first & final call)		16,00,000	12,00,000 4,00,000
iv.	Bank A/c Dr. To Share First and Final Call A/c (Share first & final call money received on 39,600 shares @ Rs. 40 per share less received in advance with share application and allotment money)		13,86,000	13,86,000

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
	Bank A/c	Dr.		13,86,000	
	Calls-in Advance A/c	Dr.		2,00,000	
	To Share first & final call A/c				15,86,000
	(Share first & final call money received				
	on 39,600 shares )				
v)	Share capital A/c	Dr.		20,000	
	Securities premium A/c	Dr.		4,000	
	To Share forfeited A/c				10,000
	To Share first & final call A/c				14,000
	(400 shares forfeited for non-payment of				
	share first & final call money)				

#### **Working Note:**

Application recd. No of shares Application No of shares Rejected for Allotted

70,000 20,000 40,000 to Applicants for 50,000 shares

Hence Prorata Ratio is 5:4

So Nitesh applied for 500 shares and paid Application and allotment money @ Rs. 20 = 10,000 but required application and allotment money on his 400 shares (400x20) Rs.8,000. So his excess Rs. 2,000 is adjusted in advance of share first & final call money.

So share First & Final Call.

Money due on 400 shares Rs. 16,000

@ Rs. 40

Less - Excess Money ReceivedRs. 2,000First & Final Call MoneyRs. 14,000

not received on 400 shares.

OR
IN THE BOOKS OF ARTI LIMITED
JOURNAL

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
i)	Bank A/c To Share Application A/c (Being application money received on 1,40,000 shares @ Rs. 5 per Share)	Dr.		7,00,000	7,00,000
ii)	Share Application A/c To Share Capital A/c To Share Allotment A/c To Bank A/c (Being application money transferred to share capital and excess application money adjusted to share allotment and returned the balance)	Dr.		7,00,000	4,00,000 2,80,000 20,000
iii)	Share Allotment A/c To Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium A/c (Being allotment money due on 80,000 Share @ Rs.9 per share including premiur @ Rs.4 per share)	Dr.		7,20,000	4,00,000 3,20,000
iv)	Bank A./c Dr. To Share Allotment A/c (Being allotment money received)		4,33,4	00	4,33,400
v)	Share Capital A/c Securities Premium A/c To Share Forfeited A/c To Share Allotment A/c (Being 900 shares of Rajiv forfeited on non-payment of allotment money)	Dr. Dr.		9,000 3,600	6,000 6,600

[Marks 1+2+1+2+2 = 8]

# Working Note

# (i) <u>Utilization of excess money received on application</u>

(a)	for	pro rata cetegory of 4:3	•••	Rs.
, ,		Money received on application	80000xRs.5	= 4,00,000
		Money required on application	60000xRs.5	= 3,00,000
	<i>:</i> .	Excess money received		= 1,00,000
		Amount due on allotment	60000xRs.9	= 5,40,000
	So	entire excess money (Rs.1,00,000) i	is adjusted towards allo	tment.
(b)	<u>for</u>	pro-rata category of 3:1	,	Rs.
		Money received on application	60000xRs.5	= 3,00,000
		Money required on application	20000xRs.5	= 1,00,000
	<i>:</i> .	Excess money received		= 2,00,000
		Amount due on allotment	20000x9	= 1,80,000

So only Rs. 1,80,000 out of excess application money of Rs. 2,00,000 can be adjusted towards allotment and remaining Rs. 20,000 is to be returned.

Hence, Total excess application money adjusted towards allotment is Rs. 2,80,000 [i.e. Rs. 1,00,000 + Rs. 1,80,000]

It also shows that defaulter Rajiv belongs to pro-rata category of 4:3. Rajiv's applied number of shares = 1,200

So shares alloted to him =  $1,200x \frac{3}{4} = 900$ .

(ii)	Amount not paid by Rajiv.		Rs.
	Application money received	1200xRs.5	= 6,000
	Less application money due	900xRs.5	= 4,500
	Excess application money adjusted	d to allotment	= 1,500
	Allotment money due	900xRs.9	= 8,100
	Allotment money not received (Re	s. 8,100 – Rs. 1500)	= 6,600
(iii)	Calculation of Amount Received on A	<u>llotment</u>	
	Total allotment money due	80,000xRs.9	= 7,20,000
	Less allotment money already rece	eived	= 2,80,000
	Less allotment money not received	l	= 6,600
	: Amount received on allotment		= 4,33,400

#### 16. **REVALUATION A/c**

Dr.		Cr.	
Particulars	Amount	<b>Particulars</b>	Amount
	Rs.		Rs.
To Stock	20,000	By Loss :	
to Furniture	18,000	Rajat's Cap A/c	26,600
		Ravi's Cap A/c	11,400

(1)

38,000

#### PARTNERS' CAPITAL ACCOUNTS

38,000

Particulars	Rajat	Ravi	Rohan	Particulars	Rajat	Ravi	Rohan
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To Rev. A/c	26,600	11,400	-	By Balance b/d	1,00,000	80,000	-
To Cash A/c	-	20,600	-	By Cash	-	_	60,000
				By Reserve By Premium	7,000 7,000	3,000 3,000	-
To Balance c/d	1,26,000	54000	60,000	By Cash A/c.	38,600		
	1,52,600	86,000	60,000		1,52,600	86,000	60,000

(3)

**Working Notes:** Rohan's Capital for 1/4 th share = Rs. 60,000

∴ Total capital = Rs.  $60,000 \times 4$ = Rs. 2,40,000

Rajat' share in profits =  $\frac{7}{10} \binom{1-1}{4} = \frac{21}{40}$ , and Ravi's share =

Hance, Rajat's Capital = Rs. 2,40,000 x = Rs. 1,26,000

Ravi's Capital = Rs. 2,40,000 x 
$$\frac{9}{40}$$
 = Rs. 54,000 (3)

16. Dr. CASH A/C Cr.

Amount	Particulars	Amount
Rs.		Rs.
36,000	By Ravi's Capital A/c	20,600
60,000	By Bal. c/d	
10,000	•	1,24,,000
38,600		
1,44,600		1,44,600
	Rs. 36,000 60,000 10,000 38,600	Rs.  36,000 By Ravi's Capital A/c 60,000 By Bal. c/d 10,000 38,600

16. (1+3+3+1=8)

OR PROFIT AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT A/C

Dr.						
Particulars	Amount	Particulars o		Amount		
	Rs.	$\frac{21}{100}$ , $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{7}{100}$		Rs.		
		By Creditors A/c		2,000		
		By Loss transferred to:				
To Fixed Assets A/c	2,500					
		X's Capital A./c	2,750			
To Provision for		Y's Capital A/c	1,650			
Doubtful Debts A/c	5,000	Z's Capital A/c	1,100			
		-		5,500		
	7,500			7,500		

PARTNERS' CAPITAL A/C

Particulars	X	Y	Z	Particulars	X	Y	Z
				By Balance b/d	40,000	62,000	33,000
				By P& L A/c	42,500	25,500	17,000
To P & L Adjustment							
A/c	2,750	1,650	1,100	By Y's Cap A/c	8,000		
To X' Cap A/c	-	8,000	32,000	By Z's Cap A/c	32,000		
To Bank A/c	1,19,750	-	-	By Bank A/c			96,800
To Bank A/c	-	2,050	-				
To Balance c/d		75,800	1,13,700				
	1,22,500	87,500	1,46,800		1,22,500	87,500	1,46,800

(1)

#### **Working Notes:**

Total Capital = Rs.77,850+ Rs.16,900+Rs. 94,750 = Rs.1,89,500Total Capital of the new firm = 1,89,500

Y's Capital = Rs. 1,89,500 x 
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 = Rs. 75,800

Z's Capital = Rs. 1,89,500 x 
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 = Rs. 1,13,700 (3)

Shortage of cash at Bank

Opening Bal of Cash = Rs. 40,000

Less Minimum Balance

Required = Rs. 1,5000

Amount available Rs. 25000

to pay to X

Amount payable to 
$$X = Rs. 1,19,750$$
 (1)

Less Available at Bank Rs. 25,000

Shortage to be brought

in By Y and Z = Rs. 
$$94,750$$
  $(1+3+3+1=8)$ 

17. <u>Issue of Equity Shares</u>

Debt equity ratio = 
$$\frac{\text{Debt}}{\text{Equity}}$$

The ratio will decrease

Reason:- Debt remains unchanged.

Equity increases.

(½ mark for answer and ½ mark for reason)

- 18. Source Rs. 10,000 (1)
- 19. Financing Activity (1)
- 20. Balance Sheet as on

	Assets	Amount
		Rs.
1.	Fixed Assets	X
2.	Investments	x
3.	Current Assets, Loans	
	and Advances	
	(a) Current Assets	x
	(b) Loans and Advances	x
4. 5.	Miscellaneous Expenditure	x
5.	Profit and Loss A/c. (Dr.)	Х

 $\frac{1}{2}x6 = 3 \text{ Marks}$ 

#### COMMON SIZE INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2006 & 2007

Particulars	Absolute A	Amounts	Percentage of Net Sales		
	2006 (Rs.)	2007(Rs.)	2006 (%)	2007(%)	
Net Sales	1,00,000	1,00,000	100	100	
Less: Cost of goods	70,000	74,800	70	74.8	
sold					
Gross Profit	30,000	25,200	30	25.2	
Less: Operating Exp.	8000	9,800	8	9.8	
Opereting Profit	22,000	15,400	22	15.4	
Less: Tax	11,000	7,700	11	7.7	
Net Profit	11,000	7,700	11	7.7	

2 marks for % of 2006 2 marks for % of 2007 (4)

22. Stock Turnover Ratio = 
$$\frac{\text{Cost of goods sold}}{\text{Average stock}}$$

$$5 = \frac{(\text{Rs.}8,00,000 - 1/5 of Rs.} 8,00,000)}{X + X + 20,000}$$

(Let Opening stock= X)

$$5 = \frac{6,40,000 \times 2}{2x + 20,000}$$

$$10x + 1,00,000 = 12,80,000$$

$$10x = Rs. 11,80,000$$

$$x = Rs. 1,18,000$$

= Rs. 1,38,000(2)

Liquid Assets Acid Test Ratio =  $\frac{1}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$ 

$$0.75 = \frac{\text{Liquid Assets}}{\text{Rs. } 2,40,000}$$

Liquid Asset = 
$$2,40,000 \times 0.75$$

= Rs. 1,80,000

Current Assets = Liquid Assets + Closing Stock

Rs. 1,80,000 + Rs. 1,38,000

= Rs. 3,18,000

Current Assets Current Ratio =

Current Liabilities

Current Ratio = 
$$\frac{\text{Rs.3,18,000}}{\text{Rs.2,40,000}} = 1.325$$
 (2)

23. Cash Flow Statement

	Particulars	Rs.	Rs.	
(A)	Cash Flow from Operating Activities			
	Profit before tax	1,50,000		1
	Adjustments:			
	Add: Depreciation on Plant and Machinery	50,000		1/2
	Less: Profit on sale of Plant and Machinery	(3,000)		1/2
	Operating Profit before working capital changes	1,97,000		
	Less: Increase in stock	(25,000)		
	Cash generated from operations	1,72,000		1/2
	(–) Tax Paid.	_		
	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		1,72,000	
(B)	Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
	Sale of Plant and Machinery	8,000		1
	Purchase of Plant and Machinery	(3,55,000)		1
	Net Cash used in Investing Activities		(3,47,000)	
(C)	Cash Flow from Financing Activities			
	Issue of Share Capital	3,00,000		1/2
	Dividend paid	(40,000)		1/2
	Net Cash flow from Financing Activities		2,60,000	
	Net Increase/Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		85,000	
	Add: Opening cash and cash equivalents		3,15,000	1/2
	Closing cash and cash equivalent		4,00,000	

# **Working Notes:**

(1) Profit Before Tax

Rs. Profit as per P/L Account 1,00,000
Add Proposed Dividend 50,000
1,50,000

# (2) Plant and Machinery Account

Dr. Cr.

DI.				
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.	
To Balance b/d	5,00,000	By Depreciation A/c	50,000	
To Profit and Loss A/c	3,000	By Bank A/c (Sale)	8,000	
To Bank A/c				
(Purchase)	3,55,000	By Balance c/d	8,00,000	
(Balancing/figure)				
	8,58,000		8,58,000	
l	1	1	I	

(2)

# SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER-II

Subject : Accountancy Class XII Max. Marks 80 Time : 3 hrs.

# **QUESTION-WISE ANALYSIS**

S. No of question	Unit/Ch. Number	Marks allotted	Estimated time (Minutes)	Estimated Difficulty level
1	1	1	2 minutes	A
2	2	1	2 minutes	A
3	2	1	2 minutes	A
4	3	1	2 minutes	A
5	4	1	2 minutes	В
6	1	3	6 minutes	A
7	4	3	6 minutes	A
8	4	3	6 minutes	В
9	2	4	8 minutes	В
10	3	4	8 minutes	В
11	4	4	8 minutes	С
12	4	6	12 minutes	В
13	1	6	12 minutes	В
14	3	6	12 minutes	В
15	4	8	16 minutes	С
16	3	8	16 minutes	В
17	5	1	2 minutes	A
18	6	1	2 minutes	A

S. No of question	Unit/Ch. Number	Marks allotted	Estimated time (Minutes)	Estimated Difficulty level		
19	6	1	2 minutes	A		
20	5	3	6 minutes	A		
21	5	4	8 minutes	В		
22	5	4	8 minutes	С		
23	6	6	12 minutes	В		
Reference for abbreviations to Difficulty Level						
A	Easy	20%	16			
В	Average	60%	48			
С	Difficult	20%	16			