

# (Olympiad Excellence Question)

## QUESTIONS

- In the number 43256 the digit 3 stands for  
(a) 3 Hundreds            (b) 3 ten-thousands            (c) Thousands            (d) 3 tens
- The successor of a given number is obtained by adding \_\_\_\_\_ to number.  
(a) 1            (b) 2            (c) 3            (d) 4
- Largest 8-digit number is \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) 48000000            (b) 99999999            (c) 100000            (d) 2400046
- Standard form of  $8000000 + 9000 + 400000 + 800 + 6$   
(a) 8409806            (b) 467842            (c) 846789            (d) 478424
- How many thousands make a million?  
(a) 100            (b) 10            (c) 1000            (d) 10000
- What should come in place of question mark (?)?  
10 millions [?] 1 crore.  
(a) <            (b) >            (c)  $\leq$             (d) =
- $18 + (82 + 8) = (18 + 82) + 8$  is an example of  
(a) Closure property            (b) Commutative property  
(c) Property of zero            (d) Associative property
- In a sum, the divisor is 173, the quotient 2,544 and the remainder is 60. What is the dividend?  
(a) 12924            (b) 440172            (c) 152813            (d) 172544
- Which of the following will not represent zero?  
(a)  $1 \div 0$             (b)  $0 \times 0$             (c)  $\frac{0}{2}$             (d)  $\frac{10 - 10}{2}$
- Which whole number  $x$  does not satisfy the relation  $x \div x = 1$   
(a) 1            (b) 5            (c) 0            (d) 100
- How many three digit numbers are there in all?  
(a) 900            (b) 999            (c) 499            (d) 566
- Which of the following number is divisible by 11?  
(a) 81723512            (b) 34715621            (c) 80701082            (d) 935612501
- The difference between the successor and predecessor of 10000 is  
(a) 2            (b) 1            (c) 0            (d) -1
- The smallest even Number of 5-digit is \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) 10000            (b) 24000            (c) 64000            (d) 34000
- What is the smallest 4- digit number with unique digits?  
(a) 1023            (b) 1024            (c) 1036            (d) 4624
- The sets of whole Number and Natural Number are denoted by \_\_\_\_\_  
(a) W, N            (b) R, S            (c) R, K, S            (d) Q, Q

- 17.** The population of a village is 1500. If 489 are men and 472 are women, find the number of children.  
 (a) 549 (b) 439 (c) 559 (d) 539
- 18.** The value of  $-(3-(2-3)+5-7)$  is  
 (a) -2 (b) -3 (c) -4 (d) +4
- 19.** How many thousands make a lakh?  
 (a) 100 thousands (b) 10 thousands (c) 1 thousand (d) Zero
- 20.** Find the difference of place values of the two 9's in 96720953.  
 (a) 89999100 (b) 84999100 (c) 98888100 (d) 9460070
- 21.** Find the difference between the greatest and the least numbers that can be written using the digits 4, 9, 8, 7, 5 each used only once.  
 (a) 52965 (b) 34246 (c) 52956 (d) 72484
- 22.** The unit digit of  $1 \times 6 \times 66 \times 666 \times 555 \times 999$  is  
 (a) 1 (b) 0 (c) 4 (d) 5
- 23.** Simplify:  $50 - 42 \div 3$  of  $7 - (20 + 5) \div 5 \times 2$   
 (a) 38 (b) 42 (c) 36 (d) 72
- 24.** The value of  $48 + 24 \div 2$  of  $4 \times 5 - 4$  is  
 (a) 48.5 (b) 716 (c) 59 (d) 159
- 25.** Find the sum:  $(2 + 4 + 6 + 8 + 10 + 12 + 14 + 16 + 18 + 20) + (3 + 6 + 9 + 12 + 15 + 18 + 24 + 27 + 30)$   
 (a) 275 (b) 375 (c) 265 (d) 367
- 26.** Hundred Crore=?  
 (a) One Billion (b) Two Crore (c) Ten Thousand (d) Hundred
- 27.** 1827, when rounded off to the nearest hundred is  
 (a) 1900 (b) 1820 (c) 1850 (d) 1800
- 28.** Find the estimated quotient  $2835 \div 125$  by rounding off the numerator and denominator to the nearest hundred.  
 (a) 28 (b) 26 (c) 25 (d) 82
- 29.** The number of 3-digit numbers divisible by 3 with 3 in ten's place is  
 (a) 28 (b) 30 (c) 32 (d) None of these
- 30.** Consider the following statements I and II and choose which is / are correct  
 I. The sum of two distinct whole numbers is always a natural number.  
 II. The product of two distinct whole numbers is always a natural Number.  
 (a) Only I (b) Only II (c) Both I & II (d) neither I nor II

## ANSWER - KEY

<b>1.</b> C	<b>2.</b> A	<b>3.</b> B	<b>4.</b> A	<b>5.</b> C
<b>6.</b> D	<b>7.</b> D	<b>8.</b> B	<b>9.</b> A	<b>10.</b> C
<b>11.</b> A	<b>12.</b> C	<b>13.</b> A	<b>14.</b> A	<b>15.</b> A
<b>16.</b> A	<b>17.</b> D	<b>18.</b> A	<b>19.</b> A	<b>20.</b> A
<b>21.</b> A	<b>22.</b> B	<b>23.</b> A	<b>24.</b> C	<b>25.</b> A
<b>26.</b> A	<b>27.</b> D	<b>28.</b> A	<b>29.</b> B	<b>30.</b> A

## Answers With Solutions

1. (c) 3 thousands
2. (b) 1
3. (c) 99999999
4. (a) 8409806
5. (c) Not Available
6. (d) Not Available
7. (d) Associative property
8. (b) Dividend = Divisor  $\times$  Quotient + remainder =  $173 \times 2544 + 60 = 440112 + 60 = 440172$
9. (a)  $\frac{1}{0}$  not defined
10. (c)  $\frac{0}{0} \neq 1 \therefore 0$  does not satisfy this relation
11. (a) (Largest - Smallest) + 1  
 $(999 - 100) + 1 = 899 + 1 = 900$
12. (c) Not Available
13. (a) 10000  
Successor =  $10000 + 1 = 10001$   
Predecessor =  $10000 - 1 = 9999$   
 $10001 - 9999 = 2 = 00002$
14. (a) 10000  $\rightarrow$  even number
15. (a) 1023  $\rightarrow$  unique digits and the smallest among given
16. (a) W,N
17. (d) Let no. of men be,  $x = 489$   
No. of women be,  $y = 472$   
Let total no. be ' $z$ ' = 1500  
Let. No. of children =  $k$   
 $x + y + k = z$   
 $k = z - (x + y)$   
 $1500 - (489 + 472)$   
 $1500 - 961$   
 $k = 539$
18. (a)  $-(2)$
19. (a) 1 Lakh = 10 Ten Thousand (T. Th)

T. Th = 10 Thousand.

1 Lakh =  $10 \times 10$  Thousand

1 Lakh = 100 Thousand

20. (a) 96720953

$$\begin{array}{r} 90000000 \\ - 900 \\ \hline 89999100 \end{array}$$

21. (a) 98754 - Largest

45789 - Smallest

$$\begin{array}{r} 98754 \\ - 45789 \\ \hline 52965 \end{array}$$

22. (b)  $1 \times 6 \times 66 \times 666 \times 555 \times 5 \times 999$

$$1 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 5 \times 5 \times 9$$

$$6 \times 5 \times 9$$

$$a3\textcircled{0} \times 9$$

$$9 \times 0 = 0$$

23. (a)  $50 - 42 \div 3$  of  $7 - (20 + 5) \div 5 \times 2$

$$50 - 42 \div 21 - (25) \div 5 \times 2$$

$$50 - 2 - 25 \div 5 \times 2$$

$$50 - 2 - 5 \times 2$$

$$50 - 2 - 10 = 38$$

24. (c) Not Available

25. (a)  $(2 + 4 + \dots + 20) + (3 + 6 + 9 + \dots + 30)$

$$2 \times 55 + 3 \times 55 = 275$$

26. (a) 100 Crore

$$1 \times \text{Billion} = 10 \text{ Crore} \times 10 = 1000 \text{ crores}$$

27. (d)  $1827 \rightarrow 1800$

28.  $\frac{2835}{125} = \frac{2800}{100} = 28$

29. (b) 132, 135, 138, 231, 234, 237, 330, 333, 336, 339, 432, 435, 438, 531, 534, 539, 537, 630, 633, 636, 639,

732, 735, 738, 831, 834, 837, 930, 933, 936, 939

Total = 30

30. (a) only I

I  $\rightarrow$  Yes

II  $\rightarrow$  No ( $0 \times 1$ ) = 0