

Economics-An Introduction

I. Fill in the blanks

1. The producers of food grains are
2. Collection of honey is a occupation.
3. The conversion of raw materials into finished goods is called
4. According to Gandhiji the villages are of the nation.
5. The percentage of population in the cities of Tamil Nadu is

Answer:

1. Farmers
2. Primary
3. Secondary activities
4. backbone
5. 47%

II. Match the following

1	Cattle rearing	-	Secondary occupation
2	Food processing	-	Services
3	Iron & Steel Industry	-	Primary occupation
4	Telephone	-	Agro based industry
5	Cotton Industry	-	Tertiary occupation

Answer:

1. - c
2. - d
3. - a
4. - b
5. - d

III. Match and find the odd pair

1	Small scale Industry	-	Transaction of Money
2	Forest based Industries	-	Information Technology
3	Services	-	Paper Industries
4	Banking	-	Cattle rearing

Answer:

1. – d
2. – c
3. – b
4. – a

IV. Choose the correct answer

1. Agriculture is a (primary / Secondary) occupation.
2. Economic activities are divided on the basis of (ownership / use)
3. Sugar Industries are (Primary / Secondary) activity.
4. Agro based industry (Cotton / Furniture)
5. Dairy farming is a (Public sector/Co-operative sector)

Answer:

1. Primary
2. use
3. Secondary
4. Cotton
5. Co-operative sector

V. Answer the following questions

Question 1.

Sandhai – Define

Answer:

In villages once in a week or month, all things are sold in a particular place at a specific time to meet the needs of the people. That is called Sandai.

Question 2.

What is called the barter system?

Answer:

A system of exchanging goods for other goods is called a barter system. Example: Exchange a bag of rice for enough clothes.

Question 3.

What is trade?

Answer:

Trade involves the transfer of goods or services from one person to another often in exchange of money.

Question 4.

What is Savings?

Answer:

The amount from the income which is left for future needs after consumption is called savings.

Question 5.

What was the necessity for the invention of money?

Answer:

When traders exchange commodities there arises a difference in the value of the commodity.

To solve this problem people invented money.

Question 6.

What was the reason for the development of settlements near water bodies?

Answer:

Rivers act as the main source for the cultivation of crops.

So early man settled permanently near the rivers.

Question 7.

What are called secondary occupation?

Answer:

The raw materials obtained from the primary activities are converted into finished products is called a secondary occupation.

Question 8.

Name the city-centered industries.

Answer:

Cement, iron, and Aluminium industries, seafood processing are some of the city centered industries.

VI. Answer the following in detail**Question 1.**

List out the important primary occupations of your district.

Answer:

1. Agriculture

2. Cattle rearing
3. Collection of fruits, nuts, honey, and medicinal herbs.

Question 2.

Mention the manufacturing industries found in your district.

Answer:

1. Cotton textiles
2. Spinning and weaving
3. Food processing industries
4. Beedi production
5. Wind power generations

Question 3.

How are the industries classified on the basis of raw materials?

Answer:

On the basis of raw materials industries are classified as

1. Agro-Based Industries – Cotton textiles, Sugar mills, and Food processing.
2. Forest-Based Industries – Paper mills, Furniture making, Building materials.
3. Mineral Based Industries – Cement, Iron, Aluminium Industries.
4. Marine Based Industries – Seafood processing.

Question 4.

Write down the occupations in the service sector.

Answer:

The service sector serves the people to fulfill their daily needs like:

1. Transport – Roadways, Railways, Waterways, Airways.
2. Communication – Post, Telephone, Information Technology.
3. Trade – Procurement of goods, selling.
4. Banking – Money Transaction, Banking Services.

Question 5.

What do you know about the features of cities?

Answer:

1. A city is a large human settlement.
2. The high density of population.
3. Four-way roads, flyovers, skyscrapers, parks.
4. Educational institution, hospital, Government offices.

5. Private and public industries and technological institutions.
6. Employment opportunities permanent monthly income, basic requirements are
7. VII. Fill in the tabular column given below

VII. Fill in the tabular column given below

S.No.	Occupations in Villages	Occupations in cities	Occupations in Villages and cities
1	Agriculture	Teaching	Shopkeeping
2.	Handloom weaving	Banking	Milk Vending
3.	Match making	Medication	Handicrafts
4.	Beedirolling	Administrative	Laundry
5.	Pottery making	Engineering	Food processing

Activity:

Write the lyrics of Bharathiyar's “சிந்துநதியின் மிசை நிலவினிலே”. Analyze the lyrics and write down the commodities which were exchanged in yesteryears with the help of the teacher.

சிந்து நதியின் மிசை நிலவினிலே சேரநன்
நாட்டிளம் பெண்களுடனே சுந்தர தெலுங்கினில்
பாட்டிசைத்து தோணிகளோட்டி விளையாடி வருவோம்
கங்கை நதிப்புறத்துக் கோதுமைப் பண்டம் காவிரி

வெற்றிலைக்கு மாறு கொள்வோம் சிங்கமராட்டியர்
தம் கவிதை கொண்டு சேரத்துத் தந்தங்கள் பரிசளிப்போம்
சிங்களத் தீவினுக்கோர் பாலம் அமைப்போம்
சேதுவை மேடுறுத்தீ வீதி சமைப்போம் வங்கத்தில்
ஒடி வரும் நீரின் மிகையால் மையத்து நாடுகளில்
பயிர் செய்குவோம்

- (1) Wheat
- (2) Betel
- (3) Tusk

VIII. Stick picture

Primary Activities	Secondary Activities	Tertiary Activities

I. Fill in the blanks Answer

1. The permanent settlements near the rivers were called
2. More than percentage of the world's population live in cities.
3. The sector serves the people to fulfill their daily needs.
4. One who uses the products is called
5. are the real shadow of cities.

Answer:

1. Villages
2. 50
3. Service
4. Consumer
5. Villages

II. Choose the correct answer

Question 1.

Tertiary activities are also called as sector

- (a) Private
- (b) Service
- (c) Public

Answer:

- (b) Service

Question 2.

Secondary and tertiary activities are centred activities.

- (a) City
- (b) Town
- (c) Village

Answer:

- (a) City

Question 3.

..... is the main occupation in villages.

- (a) Mining
- (b) Fishing
- (c) Farming

Answer:

- (c) Farming

III. Answer the following questions

Question 1.

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Question 2.

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Answer:

1. A system of exchanging goods for other goods is called a barter system.
2. Example: Exchange a bag of rice for enough clothes.

Question 3.

What are consumer goods?

Answer:

The finished goods which are brought from the market to fulfill the daily needs of the consumers are called consumer goods.

Question 4.

Who are cultivators?

Answer:

Persons who are involved in farming and grazing are called cultivators or farmers.

Question 5.

How are industries classified?

Answer:

Industries are classified on the basis of the:

1. Availability of raw materials
2. Capital
3. Ownership

Question 6.

Name the sectors that are helpful in the economic development of our country.

Answer:

Agriculture and Industries are helpful in the economic development of our country.

IV. Mind map

