SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST

NTSE STAGE 1(2016 - 17)

(For Students of Class X)

LANGUAGE TEST

Time allowed: 45 Min. Maximum Marks: 50

ENGLISH

Directions (51 - 56): Read the following passage and answer the question that follow-

51.

The world evergreen is

Tea is an evergreen shrub. The word 'evergreen' means that old leaves remain on the shrub, while new once come out. There is no drying or falling of leaves as in the case of other trees and plants. In a wild state the plant grow to an enormous height ranging from twenty five to thirty feet. But under cultivation it is not allowed to grow higher than four or five feet. The growth upward is checked by pruning while this operation serves to increase the growth of leaves below. The leaves of plant are one to two inches in length. Their colour is green and shape is oval.

The tea plant grows best of all, in places where there is plenty of rain as well as sunshine. The cultivation was perhaps first made in china and hence, it is the real home of the plant. Now, however, it is abundantly grown in Japan, Sri Lanka, Assam and Darjeeling in India. Tea does not grow in cold countries. Hence, there are no tea plantation in Europe, though it is favorite beverage there

	(1) Noun	(2) Verb	(3) Adverb	(4) Adjective					
51.	4								
52.	What is the opposite of the word enormous -								
52.	(1) huge 3	(2) giant	(3) tiny	(4) grand					
53.	At first tea is grown in (1) India	(2) China	(3) Sri lanka	(4) Japan					
53.	2								
54.	Operation serves to increase the growth of the plant below is called (1) Cutting (2) Trimming (3) Pruning (4) Sowing								
54.	(1) Cutting 3	(2) Tillilling	(3) Pruning	(4) Sowing					
55.	How high can a tea - plant grow in natural conditions (1) up to thirty feet (2) up to fifty feet (3) up to four feet (4) up to five feet								
55.	4								
56.	The tea plant grows in p (1) rain (3) rain as well as suns	places where there is ple whine	nty of (2) sunshine (4) cold						
56	3								

Direction: (for question nos. 57 - 58): The following five sentences come from a paragraph. The first and last sentences are given; choose the order in which the three sentences (PQR) should appear to complete the graph.

57.	S2S3S4S5. In 1929 the gold The President of the P. On 4th Septemb Q. He succeeded in experiments.	e U.S.A. received him a er, 1882 for the first tir n making an electric b Day, 1880 he and his	tion of the electric bulb and honoured him. ne New York shone in	was celebrated in a grand mathe brightness of electric light. one thousand and two hundralight at his laboratory.	
57.	(1) PQR 2	(2) QRP	(3) RQP	(4) PRQ	
58.	S2 S3 S4 S5. Father when will P. Shyam - Yes, D Q. Father - Have ye	ou finised your work. ping to Rahul's houses		(4) RQP	
58.	4				
		59 - 60) the following ne given option to com		and sentence missing. Choose	the
59. 59.	2	n rich and likely to mak tion below the superior variety of ade goods were being draw attention of the s	sarees. sold	ening.	
60.	1. I am sure that h 2 3. us to the picnic Choose from the op (1) and that he will (2) and that he will (3) but he will accor (4) although he will 2	tions below be accompanied accompany mpany	his illness -		
Direction	We arrived <u>61</u> Delhi arrival was that our suitcases, a laptop a	62 9 pm. sharp to cat train was late only 65 and a heavy carton ful	two hours! We were ca	options given below The first thing we learnt <u>64</u> our own two small be distributed <u>68</u> the worksho to come <u>70</u> the arrival of the t	p. The
61.	(1) on	(2) at	(3) in	(4) to	

61. 2

62.	(1) at	(2)	by	(3)	on	(4)	to
62.	1						
63.	(1) from	(2)	for	(3)	on	(4)	to
63.	4						
64.	(1) by	(2)	on	(3)	with	(4)	at
64.	4						
65.	(1) by	(2)	with	(3)	for	(4)	since
65.	1						
66.	(1) beside	(2)	besides	(3)	with	(4)	on
66.	2						
67.	(1) on	(2)	off	(3)	in	(4)	of
67.	4						
68.	(1) in	(2)	at	(3)	on	(4)	for
68.	2						
69.	(1) in	(2)	under	(3)	outside	(4)	inside
69.	1						
70.	(1) after	(2)	before	(3)	on	(4)	by
70.	2						
Directio	ns (71 - 75): Choose the below	e mos	st appropriate word v	vhic	h fills the blanks from	the	e four options given
71.	Soft minded individuals						disposed
71.	(1) eager 3	(2)	reluctant	(3)	profile	(4)	aisposea
72.	A light breeze(1) lit				nore dangerous. ignited	(4)	blew
72.	2						
73.	The city of Delhi was day.		-		_		-
70	(1) decorated	(2)	gamisned	(3)	iliuminated	(4)	brightened
73.	3	41			an a Liène a		
74.	The doctor(1) ordered					(4)	suggested
74.	2						
75.	The accused(1) applied	(2)	to the judge for mero asked	у. (3)	demanded	(4)	appealed

Directions (76 - 79): Select the word means the opposite of the given word								
76.	Modest (1) simple	(2)	timid	(3)	arrogant	(4)	civilized	
76.	3							
77.	Tremendous (1) minute	(2)	massive	(3)	mega	(4)	mighty	
77.	1							
78.	Urban (1) villager	(2)	local	(3)	refined	(4)	rural	
78.	4							
79.	Transparent (1) opaque	(2)	coloured	(3)	childlike	(4)	imminent	
79.	1							
Direction	Directions (80 - 89): In the following passage there are some numbered blanks, Fill in the blanks by selecting the most appropriate word from the options given below Books are by far the 80 lasting product of 81 efforts. Temple crumbled into ruin, statues decay, but books 82. Time does not destroy the 83 thoughts which are as fresh today as 84 they first passed through the 85 mind. Books introduce us into the best society. A man with money and 86 books is a poor man. Money spent on book is never 87. It is a 88 to read good books. Thus man gains both efficiency and 89.							
80.	(1) much	(2)	some	(3)	many	(4)	most	
80.	4							
81.	(1) person	(2)	human	(3)	people	(4)	man	
81.	2							
82.	(1) continue	(2)	survive	(3)	alive	(4)	destroy	
82.	2							
83.	(1) great	(2)	better	(3)	best	(4)	pure	
83.	1							
84.	(1) how	(2)	whenever	(3)	where	(4)	when	
84.	4							
85.	(1) poet's	(2)	author's	(3)	narrator's	(4)	dramatist's	
85.	2							
86.	(1) some	(2)	few	(3)	without	(4)	with	
86.	3							

75. 4

87.	(1) recovered	(2)	wasted	(3)	justified	(4)	withdrawn
87.	2						
88.	(1) pleasure	(2)	addiction	(3)	blessing	(4)	obsession
88.	1						
89.	(1) Power	(2)	ability	(3)	wisdom	(4)	literary
89.	3						
Directio	ons (90 - 94): Select the r	most	appropriate option t	o fill	in the blanks from the	ne gi	ven alternative.
90.	It is an old machine, it n (1) break up		any moment. break down	(3)	break out	(4)	break into
90.	2						
91.	An employment advertis (1) provide		ent shouldspecify		number of vacancie contain		declare
91.	2						
92.	The next plane for Lond (1) take off		/ill at 5 O'c take in		in the evening. take after	(4)	take down
92.	1						
93.	When you reach Musso (1) was	oorie, (2)			shall be	(4)	will be
93.	4						
94.	While strolling on Janpa (1) an	ath, I (2)		(3)		(4)	one
94.	3						
Directions (95 - 98): Select the meaning of the given pharses/idioms							
95.	Blow one's own trumpe (1) to feel happy (3) to praise someone	et		٠,	to create music to praise one self		
95.	4						
96.	Pick holes in (1) to cut	(2)	to quarrel	(3)	to find fault	(4)	to destroy
96.	3						
97.	A white Elephant (1) A costly but useless thing (2) A costly but useful thing (3) A costly thing (4) An elephant with white skin						
97.	1						
98.	Hold up (1) to raise	(2)	delay	(3)	distribute	(4)	difficulties

98. 2

Directions (99 - 100): Choose the correct option

99. One who looks at the bright side of things
(1) pessimist (2) feminist (3) optimist (4) fatalist

99. 3

100. A person who is unable to pay debts

(1) bachelor (2) bankrupt (3) absconder (4) atheist

100. 2