
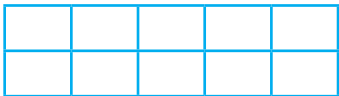
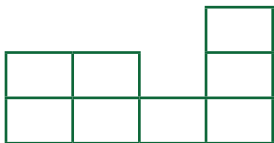



II. Shade the figure according to the fraction

1	$\frac{3}{4}$	
2	$\frac{5}{10}$	
3	$\frac{1}{8}$	
4	$\frac{2}{6}$	

To Compare Natural Fraction and identifies greater and Smaller.

Introduction

Mother : Muthamizh and Sentamizh come here

Muthamizh & Sentamizh: Yes, Amma

(Mother had four equal parts of a watermelon. She gave them each one piece of the watermelon)

Sentamizh : Amma, I need one more piece?

(She gave another piece to him)

Muthamizh : Amma you gave more than one piece to brother, that's $\frac{1}{4}$ for me and $\frac{2}{4}$ for brother.

Mother : Muthamizh! Sentamizh is your younger brother know? So only I gave him ok, eat it and then play (After returned from the play)

Sentamizh : Amma, I am hungry (Mother gave last piece of the watermelon to him)

Muthamizh : Amma you gave me $\frac{1}{4}$ part of the watermelon. For brother you gave $\frac{2}{4}$ it's

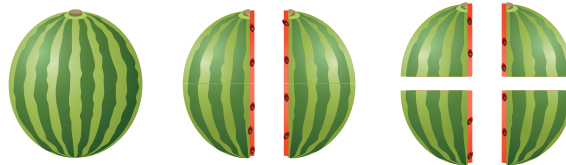


more than $\frac{1}{4}$. Now you gave the last piece ($\frac{1}{4}$) part to brother so you gave more ($\frac{3}{4}$) parts of the watermelon.

Mother

: you know, your brother never tolerate his hungry? I have milk for you, go and drink it.

The four equal pieces of the watermelon



A piece given to Muthamizh = $\frac{1}{4}$

First a piece given to Sentamizh = $\frac{1}{4}$

Again a piece given to Sentamizh = $\frac{2}{4}$

Muthamizh compares her piece of fruit with his brother and realizes that her mother gives more pieces to him than her. $\frac{2}{4}$ is greater than $\frac{1}{4}$ or

$$\frac{1}{4} < \frac{2}{4}$$

Sentamizh after finished his playing he ate one more piece = $\frac{1}{4}$

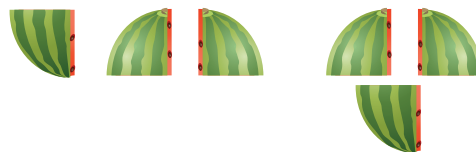
So totally he ate = $\frac{3}{4}$ (three fourth)

Muthamizh now realize that $\frac{3}{4}$ is greater than $\frac{2}{4}$, Muthamizh compares all the three:

$\frac{3}{4}$ is greater than $\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{3}{4}$ is greater than $\frac{2}{4}$

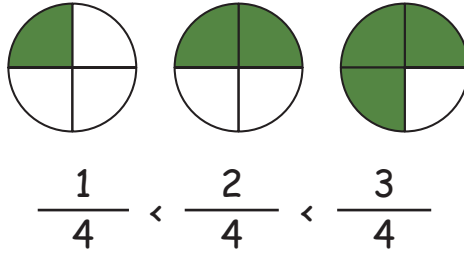
Thus: $\frac{1}{4} < \frac{2}{4} < \frac{3}{4}$



$$\frac{1}{4} < \frac{2}{4} < \frac{3}{4}$$



Simple fraction (or like fraction)



The shaded portion of the circle's fraction

$$\frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{4}, \frac{3}{4}$$

respectively

Here 1, 2, 3 = Numerator

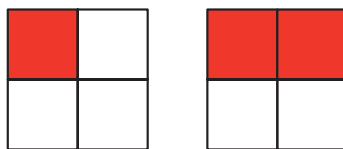
4, 4, 4 = Denominator

Thus the fractions have same denominator, such fractions are called similar or like fraction.

Similar (like) fraction are fraction with same denominators.

EXAMPLE 1

Identify which one is greater or smaller



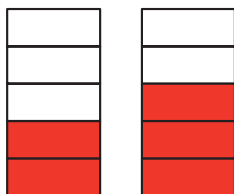
- If you observe the pictures you can notice that they are equally divided.
- In the 1st picture one part is shaded so its fraction = $\frac{1}{4}$
- In the 2nd picture two parts are shaded. So its fraction = $\frac{2}{4}$

In picture 2 the shaded portion is greater than picture 1.

Picture 2 is greater than picture 1

$$\therefore \frac{2}{4} > \frac{1}{4}$$

EXAMPLE 2



1st picture's fraction = $\frac{2}{5}$

2nd picture's fraction = $\frac{3}{5}$

Here the shaded portion of the 2nd picture is high, so the 2nd picture is greater than the first.

In other words we can say picture 1 is smaller than picture 2

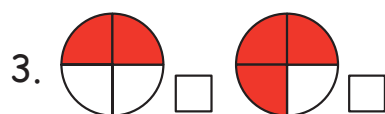
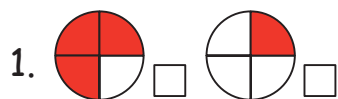
$\frac{2}{5} < \frac{3}{5}$ ($\frac{2}{5}$ is smaller than $\frac{3}{5}$)

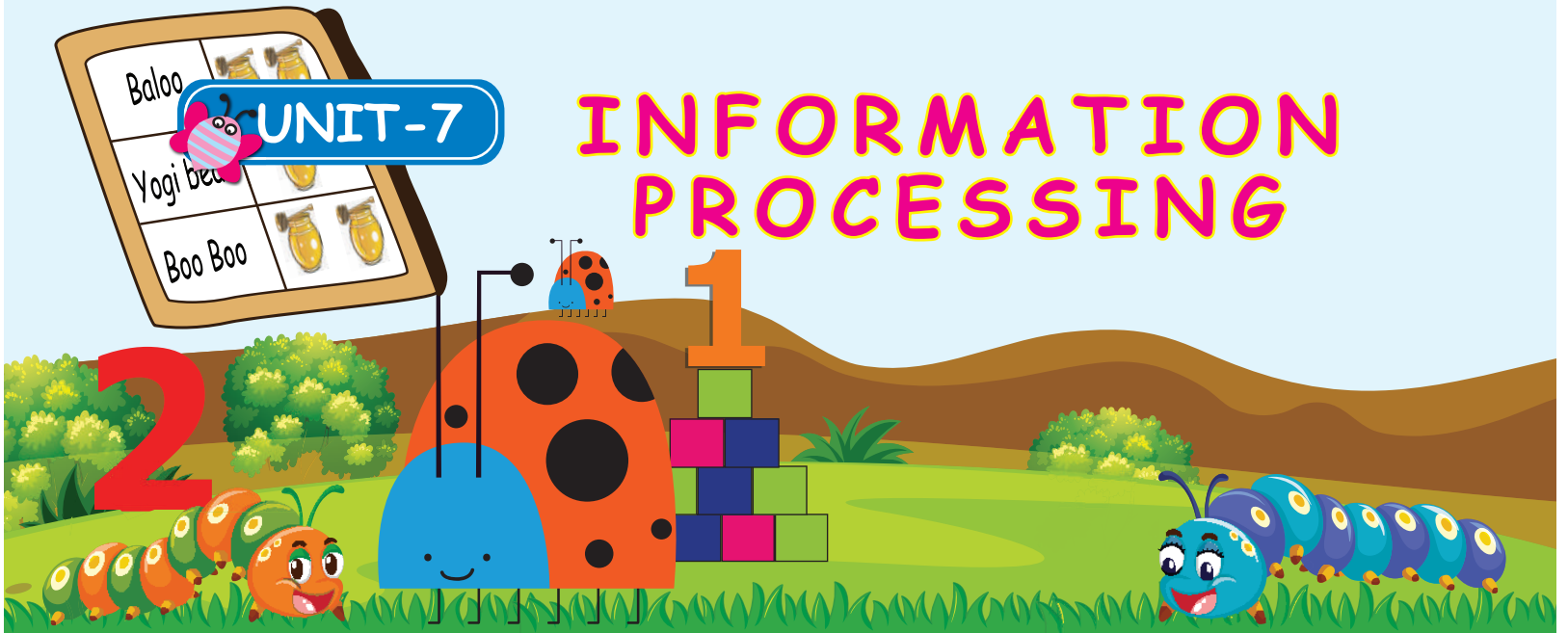
Exercise 6.6

I. Circle the greater fractions

1. $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{2}{3}$ 2. $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ 3. $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ 4. $\frac{6}{8}$, $\frac{3}{8}$ 5. $\frac{4}{10}$, $\frac{3}{10}$ 6. $\frac{2}{9}$, $\frac{7}{9}$

II. Tick the smaller fractions





7.1 Modelling

1. Route Map

- Able to locate short and long paths.
- Able to find out and check for connectivity between places.



Shortest path : School house.

School play ground house

Longest path

School library computer centre + house





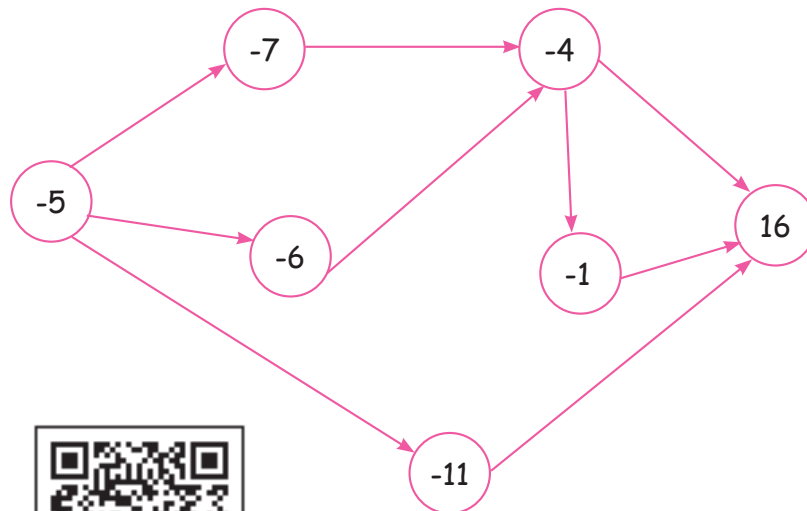
Activity 1

- ☞ In how many ways you can go from your home to the hospital ?
- ☞ Draw a path and then Identify shortest path and longest path.



Activity 2

Write the shortest and longest path of addition of 16



Exercise 7.1



- (i) How many paths are there to reach temple from bus stop?
- (ii) Which is the longest path and shortest path?
- (iii) Specify the two places on the route from market to school?
- (iv) _____ is the places found between temple and mosque
(a) Bank (b) textile (c) Library

EXAMPLE

Creating a plan to set - up a garden in the school.

Step 1 : Levelling the land of 6m length and 5m Breadth.

Step 2 : 5kg seed preparation

Step 3 : Seeding 30cm intervals

Step4 : Setting up fence with a 22 metre Circumference.

Step5 : Watering once in five days



Activity 1

List out the steps for the cleanliness programme in your school.





Activity 2

One of the teams frame the rules. One team prepares to play and one of the team monitor the game.

Water filling Competition



EXAMPLE

- Group I : Making the students to stand in line.
Group II : Measuring the height of the students.
Group III : Taking notes.

Name	Height in cm
Guru	120
Selvi	124
Kumar	110
Ammu	108

- Group IV : Transfer of students based on height.
Group V : Ask the students to sit down in their places.

Exercise 7.2

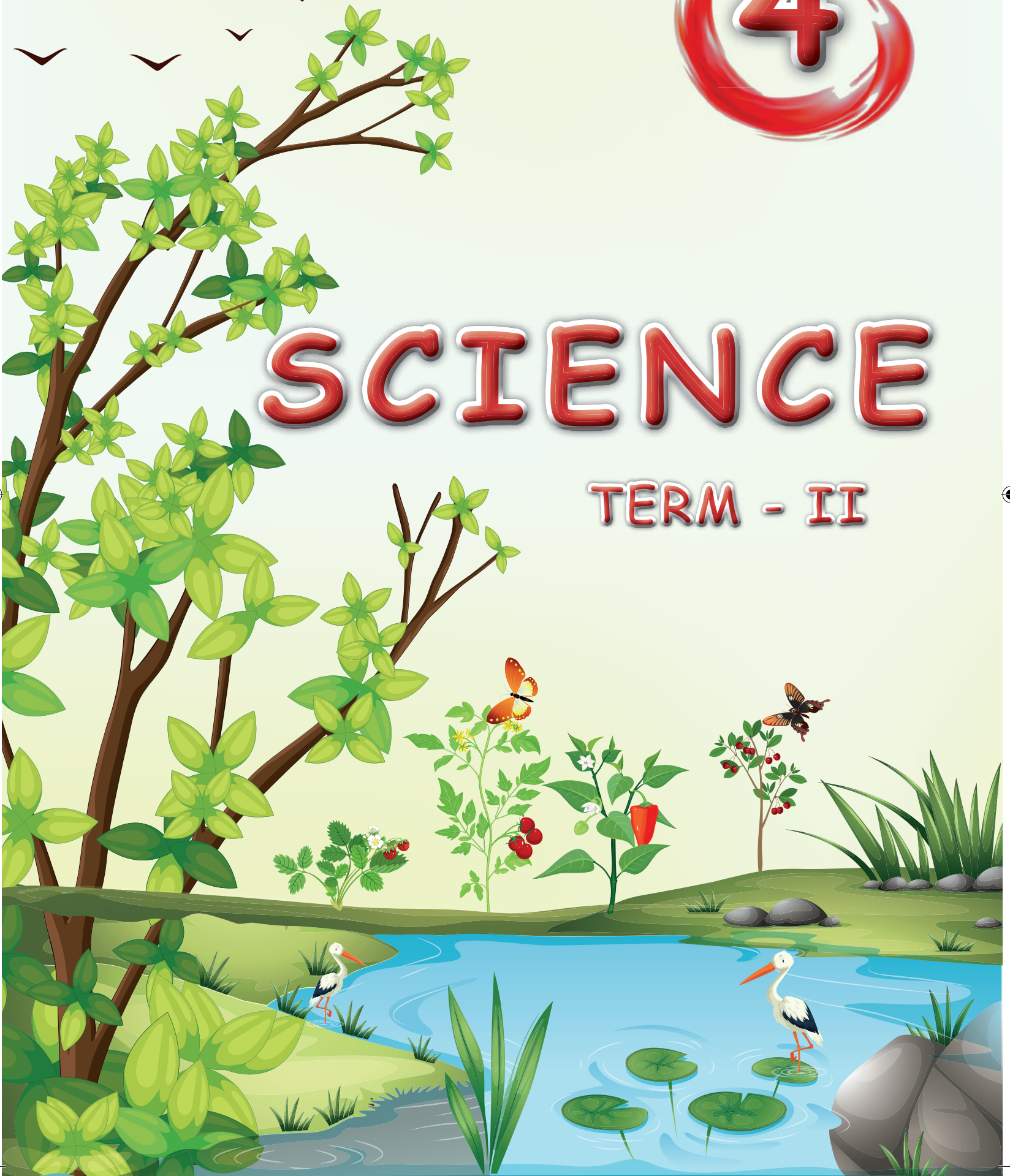
1. Prepare a plan to buy the necessary books for the school library. Arranging the books in order.
2. To prepare a project on the school annual day function.



4

SCIENCE

TERM - II



Index

Unit	Topic	Page no
------	-------	---------

1	Food	57
---	------	----

2.	Water	69
----	-------	----

3.	Plants	77
----	--------	----



E-Book



Evaluation



Digi Link