

Areas of Sectors formed at the Vertices of a Triangle

Objective

To verify that sum of areas of three sectors of the same radii 'r' formed at the vertices of any triangle is $\frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$ by paper cutting and pasting.

Prerequisite Knowledge

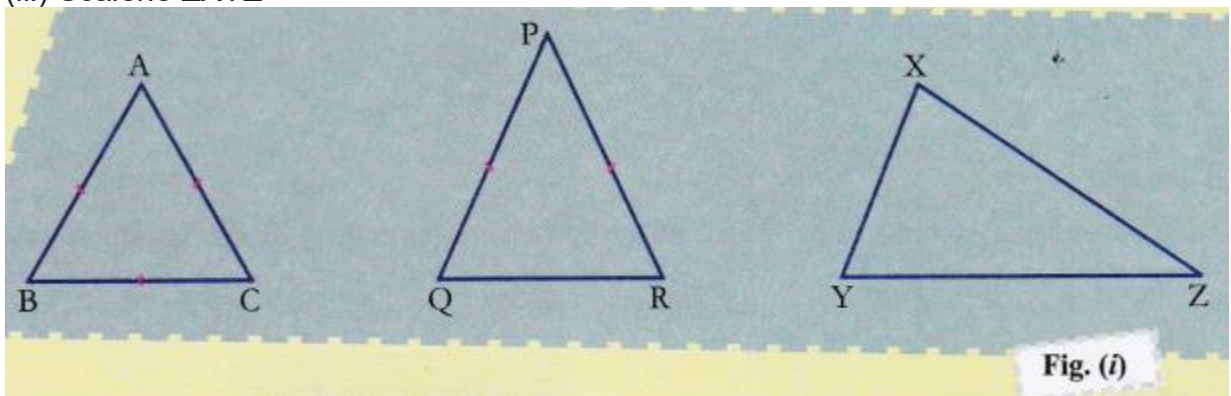
1. Concept of different types of triangles.
2. Definition of a sector.
3. Area of circle = πr^2 , $r \rightarrow$ radius.

Materials Required

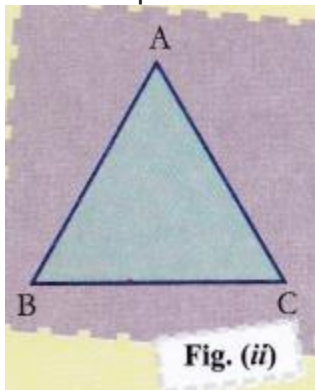
Glazed paper, sketch pens, fevicol, a pair of scissors, pencil, geometry box.

Procedure

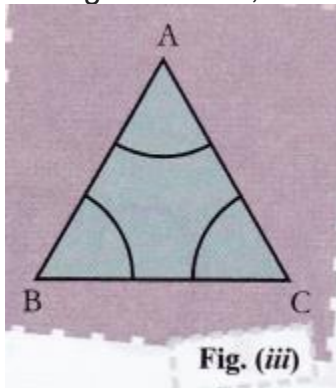
1. Draw three different types of triangles on a glazed paper as shown in fig. (i).
(i) Equilateral $\triangle ABC$
(ii) Isosceles $\triangle PQR$
(iii) Scalene $\triangle XYZ$



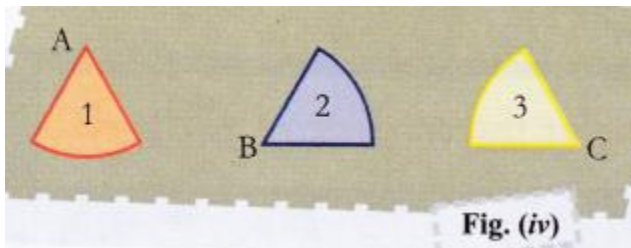
2. Cut an equilateral $\triangle ABC$ as shown in fig.(ii)



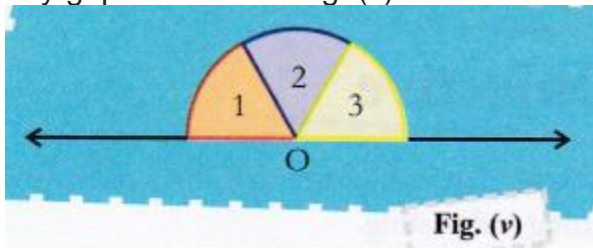
3. Taking vertices A, B and C as centres of $\triangle ABC$, draw three sectors of same radii r.



4. Cut these three sectors and marked them as 1,2,3 and fill different colours.



5. Draw a straight line and mark any point 'O' on it. Place three sectors 1,2,3 adjacent to each other so that the vertices A, B, C coincide with 'O' without leaving any gap as shown in fig. (v).



6. The same process (steps 1-5) can be taken up with isosceles triangle and scalene triangle fig. (i).

Observation

The shape formed on the straight line is a semi circle

$$\therefore \text{area of circle} = \pi r^2$$

$$\therefore \text{area of semicircle} = \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$$

Result

It is verified that the sum of areas of three sectors of same radii 'r' formed at the vertices of any triangle is $\frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$.

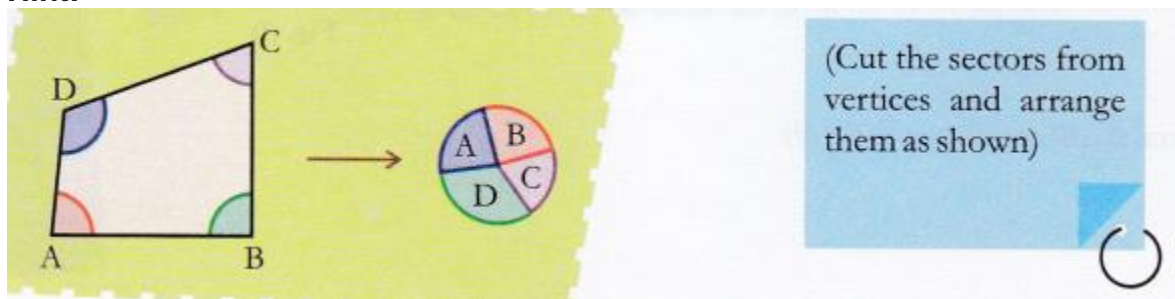
Learning Outcome

The students are able to understand the concept of this activity through paper cutting. It is clear to them that a semicircle is always obtained, whatever be the type of a triangle.

Activity Time

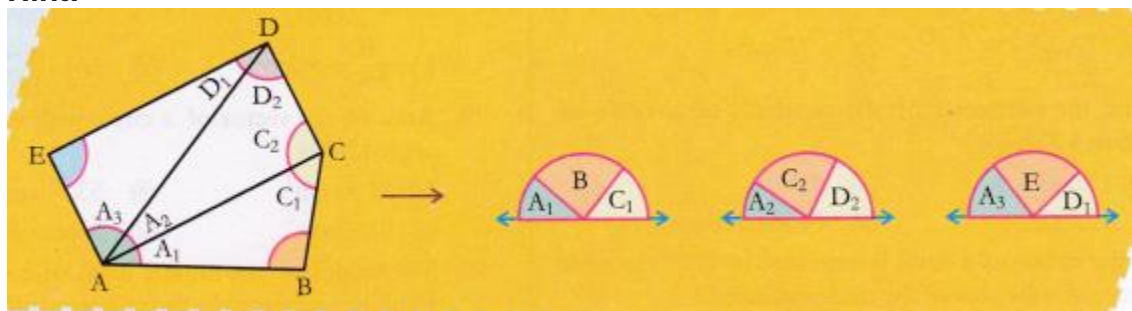
1. Find the sum of areas of four sectors of same radii 'r' formed at the vertices (as centre) of any quadrilateral through activity.

Hint:



2. Find the sum of areas of five sectors of same radii 'r' formed at the vertices (as centre) of any pentagon through activity.

Hint:



Viva Voce

Question 1.

What is the angle subtended by a circle at centre ?

Answer:

360°

Question 2.

What is the sum of angles of four sectors of same radii 'r' formed at the vertices (as centre) at any quadrilateral ?

Answer:

360°

Question 3.

If the perimeter of semicircle is 12 cm, find its radius.

Answer:

$\frac{7}{3}$ cm

Question 4.

What is the area of a semicircle of radius 2 cm ?

Answer:

2π

Question 5.

Define a segment of a circle.

Answer:

A chord divides a circle in two parts each of which is called a segment of a circle.

Question 6.

What is the difference between a sector and a segment of a circle ?

Answer:

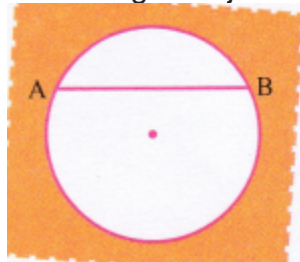
A sector of a circle is formed by an arc and two radii of the circle, while a segment is one of its part in which a chord divides a circle.

Question 7.

Define chords.

Answer:

A line segment joining two points on the circumference of a circle is known as a chord.



Question 8.

“A tangent intersects the circle in more than one point”. Is the statement true or false ?

Answer:

False

Multiple Choice Questions

Question 1.

If the area of a semicircle is 121 cm^2 , find its radius.

- (a) $\sqrt{77} \text{ cm}$
- (b) $\sqrt{76} \text{ cm}$
- (c) $\sqrt{74} \text{ cm}$
- (d) None of these

Question 2.

If the perimeter and the area of a circle are numerically equal, then the radius of the circle is

- (a) π units
- (b) 2 units
- (c) 4 units
- (d) 5 units

Question 3.

Area of a sector of angle P (in degree) of a circle with radius R is

- (a) $\frac{P}{180^\circ} \times 2\pi R$
- (b) $\frac{P}{180^\circ} \times 2\pi R^2$
- (c) $\frac{P}{360^\circ} \times 2\pi R$
- (d) $\frac{P}{720^\circ} \times 2\pi R^2$

Question 4.

Area of the sector of a circle with radius 4 cm and angle 30° is

- (a) 4.91 cm
- (b) 14.9 cm
- (c) 4.19 cm
- (d) 94.1 cm

Question 5.

Find the area of a quadrant of circle whose circumference is 22 cm.

- (a) $\frac{77}{8} \text{ cm}^2$
- (b) $\frac{76}{8} \text{ cm}^2$
- (c) $\frac{77}{2} \text{ cm}^2$
- (d) $\frac{77}{4} \text{ cm}^2$

Question 6.

Find the perimeter of the quadrant of a circle of radius 4.2 cm.

- (d) 15 cm
- (b) 8.4 cm

- (c) 12.6 cm
- (d) None of these

Question 7.

If the radius of a circle is increased by 100% by what percent is the area of the circle increased ?

- (a) 200%
- (b) 300%
- (c) 400%
- (d) None of these

Question 8.

The perimeter of a sector with radius r and angle θ of a circle is given by

- (a) $d + \frac{2\pi r \theta}{180^\circ}$
- (b) $r + \frac{\pi r \theta}{180^\circ}$
- (c) $\frac{\theta}{360^\circ} \times 2\pi r$
- (d) $2r + \frac{\pi r \theta}{180^\circ}$

Question 9.

Area of the sector of a circle with radius 7 cm and angle 120° is

- (a) 51.33 cm^2
- (b) 53.11 cm^2
- (c) 53.13 cm^2
- (d) None of these

Question 10.

The length of the minute hand of a clock is 14 cm. Find the area swept by the minute hand in 5 minutes.

- (a) $\frac{145}{3} \text{ cm}^2$
- (b) $\frac{514}{3} \text{ cm}^2$
- (c) $\frac{451}{3} \text{ cm}^2$
- (d) $\frac{154}{3} \text{ cm}^2$

Answers

1. (a)
2. (b)
3. (d)
4. (c)
5. (a)
6. (a)
7. (b)
8. (d)
9. (a)
10. (d)