# Chapter 18 - Pollution of Air and Water

- Name the chemicals which are used in refrigerators and air conditioners and damage ozone layer when released in air.
- 2. Name any two sources which cause air pollution due to suspended particulate matter.
- 3. Name two gases which are mainly responsible for acid rain?
- 4. The quality of air at various locations is monitored regularly by government and other agencies? In what way can you use these data?
- 5. Combustion of fossil fuels generates a lot of air pollution. Can you suggest any two alternative sources of energy which do not cause any pollution?
- 6. Name any two water pollutants which are toxic for plants and animals.

## Short Answer Type Questions

- A lot of dry leaves are collected in a school garden and are burnt every day. Do you think that it is right to do so? If not, what should be done to dispose off the dry leaves?
- 2. The level of air pollution is higher at a busy traffic intersection. Why?
- 3. Fill in the blanks with the help of words given in bracket after each sentence.
  - (a) When air is contaminated by \_\_\_\_\_\_ substances which have a \_\_\_\_\_\_ effect on both the \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_, it is referred to as \_\_\_\_\_\_. (air pollution, harmful, living, unwanted, non-living, pollutants).
  - (b) Many \_\_\_\_\_\_ are responsible for causing \_\_\_\_\_\_ pollution. Petroleum \_\_\_\_\_\_ are a major source of \_\_\_\_\_\_ pollutants like \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - (sulphur dioxide, refineries, industries, nitrogen dioxide, gaseous, liquid, people, air).
  - (c) While \_\_\_\_\_ your teeth, leaving the \_\_\_\_\_ running may waste several \_\_\_\_\_ of water. (tap, litres, brushing, washing, drops)
  - (d) Water which is suitable for \_\_\_\_\_\_ is called \_\_\_\_\_\_ water. (washing, bathing, drinking, potable, soft).
  - (e) Water which looks clean still has disease carrying \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ impurities. (insects, microorganism, particles, dissolved, harmful).
- 4. Match the items of Column A with those of Column B.

Column A	Column B
(a) sulphur dioxide (b) carbon dioxide	<ul><li>(i) damage ozone layer</li><li>(ii) reduces oxygen-</li></ul>
(c) carbon monoxide (d) chlorofluorocarbons	carrying capacity of blood (iii) acid rain. (iv) green house gas

- 5. Find out the wrong statements and write them in their correct form.
  - (a) We can survive for some time without air but we cannot survive even for a few minutes without food.
  - $\circ$  (b) A brick kiln emits lot of smoke and other harmful gases causing air pollution.
  - (c) Carbon monoxide is produced by complete burning of fuels such as coal, petrol, diesel.
  - $\circ$  (d) Chlorination is a commonly used chemical method for killing germs in water.
  - $\circ$  (e) Water which is suitable for drinking is called soft water.
- 6. In the following statements, the underlined words are jumbled up. Write them in their correct form.
  - (a) Air contains 78% ginroten and 21% gonexy.
  - (b) Vehicles produce high level of pollutants like carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, <u>nobrac</u> <u>moondexi</u> and <u>mosek</u>.
  - (c) Carbon dioxide, <u>thaneme</u>, nitrous oxide and water vapour are known as <u>heengrouse sesga</u>.
  - $\circ$  (d) Gangotri glacier in Himalaya has started melting because of <u>lablog ringwam.</u>
  - (e) Whenever harmful substances such as <u>wagese</u>, toxic chemicals, silt, etc. get mixed with water, the water becomes <u>potdulle</u>.

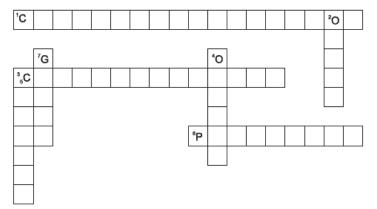
## Long Answer Type Questions

1. What do CFCs stand for? Name some devices where CFCs are used. Why CFCs are

considered as pollutants?

- 2. Why is it advised that industries should switch over to cleaner fuels such as CNG and LPG in the Taj Mahal Zone in Agra?
- 3. It is said, "CO2 contributes to global warming." Explain.
- 4. We should plant trees and nurture the ones already present in the neighbourhood. Why?
- 5. Explain the traditional way of purifying water to make it fit for drinking.
- 6. How can we reduce, reuse and recycle water?
- 7. Read the paragraph and answer the questions following it. Water is essential for life. Without water there would be no life. We usually take water as granted for its purity, but we must ensure the quality of water. Pollution of water originates from human activities. Through different paths, pollution reaches to ground water. Easily identified source or place of pollution is called as point source, e.g.- municipal and industrial discharge pipes, where pollutants enter the water source. Non-point sources of pollution are those where a source of pollution can not be easily identified, e.g.- agricultural run off, acid rain etc.
  - (i) How do you classify the various sources of water pollution?
  - (ii) What are the point sources of water pollution?
  - (iii) Name any two non-point sources of water pollution?

8. Complete the crossword puzzle with the help of clues given below:



### Across

- Pollutant which was used in refrigerators and air conditioners. (18)
- 3. Produced on incomplete combustion of fuels. (14)
- This chemical protects our crops and is washed into water bodies from the field. (9)

### Down

- 2. This layer protects us from harmful ultraviolet rays. (5)
- 4. It is essential for combustion. (6)
- 5. Disease which is caused by drinking contaminated water. (7)
- River which is famous in India and sustains most of the northern, central and eastern Indian population. (5)