SCIENCE

Olympiad Comprehensive Book

## **Changes Around Us**

## **Practice Exercise**

- 1. Which of the following' is incorrect about physical changes?
  - (a) No new substance is formed.
  - (b) Are reversible changes.
  - (c) Change in size is a physical change.
  - (d) Are irreversible changes.
  - (e) None of these
- **2.** Rusting of iron is an example of:
  - (a) Reversible change
  - (b) Irreversible change
  - (c) Physical change
  - (d) No change
  - (e) None of these
- **3.** Raghu in his craft class is making beads by using POP (plaster of paris). The setting of beads by using water is a/an:
  - (a) Physical change
  - (b) Reversible change
  - (c) Irreversible change
  - (d) No change
  - (e) None of these
- **4.** The energy required to start a chemical reaction is known as:
  - (a) Kinetic energy (b) Activation energy
  - (c) Potential energy (d) Magnetic energy
  - (e) None of these
- **5.** Which among the following is not an example of a reversible change?
  - (a) Dissolving sugar in water.
  - (b) Changing of wheat to flour.
  - (c) Folding up of a paper.
  - (d) Melting of coaltar.
  - (e) None of these
- **6.** Name the gas which is produced when washing soda reacts with lemon juice.
  - (a) Oxygen (b) Nitrogen

(d) Carbon dioxide

- (c) Argon
- (e) None of these

**7.** The brown coloured deposition on an iron box when kept in humid air for some days is called:

(b) Rust

(d) All the above

- (a) Dust
- (c) Argon
- (e) None of these
- **8.** Softening of iron on heating is:
  - i. Reversible change
  - ii. Chemical change
  - iii. Physical change
  - iv. Irreversible change
  - Which of the following is correct for the above statement?
  - (a) i and iii (b) ii and iii
  - (c) i and iv (d) iii and iv
  - (e) None of these
- **9.** Which of the following is an example of periodic change?
  - (a) Occurrence of earthquake
  - (b) Heartbeat
  - (c) A car accident
  - (d) Landslide
  - (e) None of these
- **10.** Which among the following is an irreversible change?
  - (a) Melting of ice.
  - (b) Formation of flower from bud.
  - (c) Heating of milk.
  - (d) Kicking a football.
  - (e) None of these
- **11.** Which change among the following changes is not included in a reversible change?
  - (a) Change it state.
  - (b) Change of position.
  - (c) Change in internal structure.
  - (d) Change of colour.
  - (e) None of these

**12.** A substance present in plants which itself does not undergo any change but helps in changing water and carbon dioxide into food.

(d) Chlorophyll

- (a) Flower (b) Bud
- (c) Leaf
- (e) None of these

**13.** While making chapati, Radhika observed the following changes, which among the following is a reversible change?

- (a) Changing of flour into dough.
- (b) Rolling of chapati.
- (c) Baking of chapati.
- (d) Eating a chapati.
- (e) None of these
- **14.** Name the substance which initiates a chemical reaction.
  - (a) Products(b) Reactants(c) Inhibitors(d) Catalysts
  - (c) minoliois (u) Calalysis
  - (e) None of these
- **15.** Match the following on the basis of given chemical reaction:  $6CO_2 + 6H_2O \xrightarrow{Sunlight} C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2$

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(	Column A		Column B				
(i)	$CO_2$	(A)	Product				
(ii)	Chlorophyll	(B)	Photosynthesis				
(iii)	$O_2$	(C)	Reactant				
(iv)	Process	(D)	Catalyst				

- (a) (i-D), (ii-C), (iii-A), (iv-B) (b) (i-B), (ii-D), (iii-C), (iv-A)
- (c) (i-C), (ii-D), (iii-A), (iv-B)
- (d) (i-C), (ii-B), (iii-D), (iv-A)
- (e) None of these
- **16.** Iron blade of spade is made slightly smaller than the wooden handle because:
  - (a) Iron ring contracts on heating.
  - (b) Iron ring expands on heating.
  - (c) Iron ring remains the same on heating.
  - (d) Wooden handle expands on heating.
  - (e) None of these
- **17.** Which among the following is an irreversible change?
  - (a) Ageing of man.
  - (b) Making cheese from milk.

- (c) Burning of incense stick.
- (d) All the above (e) None of these
- 18. Which pair among the following are the reversible change?
  (a) Melting of wax and burning of wax.
  (b) Melting of ice and freezing of ice.
  (c) Rolling a roti and baking a roti.
  (d) Folding of paper and burning of paper.
  (e) None of these
- 19. Which of the following cannot be reversed?(a) Boiling of an egg. (b) Folding of paper.(c) Knitting of sweater. (d) Melting of wax.(e) None of these
- 20. The change which can be reversed.
  (a) Chemical change
  (b) Physical change
  (c) Both (a) and (b)
  (d) Either (a) or (b)
  (e) None of these
- Which among the following is a characteristic of physical change?(a) Involvement of great amount of heat energy.
  - (b) Change in states.
  - (c) Change in chemical composition.
  - (d) Formation of a new substance
  - (e) None of these
- **22.** The process in which iron is covered with a brown layer due to moisture and oxygen is called
  - (a) Evaporation (c) Rusting
- (b) Condensation
- (d) Burning
- (e) None of these
- **23.** When water freezes to ice:
  - (a) Heat energy is absorbed.
    - (b) Heat energy is given out.
    - (c) Both (a) and (b)
    - (d) Either (a) or (b)
    - (e) None of these
- **24.** Making of curd from milk is which kind of change?
  - (a) Unwanted change
  - (b) Reversible change
  - (c) Irreversible change
  - (d) No change
  - (e) None of these

- **25.** is a substance in a chemical reaction which does not undergo any change but helps in increasing the rate of chemical reaction.
  - (a) Reactant (b) Product
  - (c) Inhibitor (d) Catalyst
  - (e) None of these
- **26.** When cold water is poured over the hot iron rim in a wooden wheel:
  - (a) It expands. (b) It contracts.
  - (c) It remains same. (d) All the above
  - (e) None of these
- **27.** In general, metals:
  - (a) Expand on heating
  - (b) Contract on heating
  - (c) Are not affected by heating
  - (d) All the above
  - (e) None of these
- 28. Which of the following is not required in the process of rusting?(a) Water(b) Oxygen
  - (c) Iron (d) All the above
  - (c)  $\operatorname{Hom}$  (u) All the add
  - (e) None of these
- **29.** Which of the following can be considered as a fast change?
  - (a) Growth of child
  - (b) Germination of seed
  - (c) Bursting of cracker
  - (d) Cooking of food
  - (e) None of these
- **30.** When carbon dioxide and water combines they form glucose, this is an example of change.
  - (a) Physical (b) Chemical
  - (c) Reversible (d) Undesirable
  - (e) None of these
- **31.** Inflating a balloon is a/an \_\_\_\_\_ change.
  - (a) Irreversible (b) Chemical
  - (c) Reversible (d) Periodic
  - (e) None of these
- **32.** Which among the following is a reversible change?
  - (a) Growth in plants and animals.
  - (b) Burning of cloth.

- (c) Cooking of food.
- (d) Bursting a balloon
- (e) None of these
- **33.** Which among the following is incorrect statement?
  - (a) Rusting of iron is irreversible change.
  - (b) Ripening of fruits is a chemical change.
  - (c) Breaking of glass is a reversible change.
  - (d) All the above
  - (e) None of these
- **34.** Exothermic changes are changes in which: (a) Heat is absorbed. (b) Heat is liberated.
  - (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) Either (a) or (b)
  - (e) None of these
- **35.** Sawing a piece of wood is which kind of change?
  - (a) Reversible change
  - (b) Irreversible change
  - (c) Chemical change
  - (d) Periodic change
  - (e) None of these
- 36. Which kind of change it will be, if a sac of cement gets wet completely and left in open?
  (a) Irreversible change
  (b) Reversible change
  (c) Biological change
  (d) Desirable change
  (e) None of these
- 37. Making biogas from cow-dung is which kind of change?
  (a) Irreversible change (b) Reversible change
  (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) Either (a) or (b)
  (e) None of these
- 38. Spilled water on the table when evaporates, the process involves:
  (a) Releasing of heat
  (b) Absorption of heat
  (c) Both (a) and (b)
  - (d) Either (a) or (b)
  - (e) None of these
- **39.** Expansion of iron on heating is which kind of change?(a) Chemical(b) Desirable
  - (a) Chemical ( (c) Reversible (
    - (d) Both (b) and (c)
  - (e) None of these

- 40. The new substance formed during or after a chemical reaction is:
  - (b) Inhibitor
  - (a) Catalyst(c) Product (d) Reactant
  - (e) None of these

Answer Key											
1.	D	2.	В	3.	С	4.	В	5.	В		
6.	D	7.	В	8.	А	9.	В	10.	В		
11.	С	12.	D	13.	В	14.	В	15.	С		
16.	В	17.	D	18.	В	19.	А	20.	В		
21.	В	22.	С	23.	В	24.	С	25.	D		
26.	В	27.	А	28.	E	29.	С	30.	В		
31.	С	32.	E	33.	С	34.	В	35.	В		
36.	А	37.	А	38.	В	39.	D	40.	С		