

Chapter 3. How the State Government Works

Very Short Q&A:

Q1: What is constituency?

Ans: Every state in India has a Legislative Assembly and each state is divided into different areas or constituencies

Q2: What is the full form of MLA?

Ans: Members of Legislative Assembly

Q3: MLAs are elected by

- a. Children
- b. People
- c. Teachers
- d. All of the above

Ans: People

Q4: Every state in India has a _____ Assembly.

Ans: Legislative Assembly

Q5: What is majority?

Ans: A political party whose MLAs have won more than half the number of constituencies in a state are called in majority

Q6: Who all are called oppositions?

Ans: All the members of other political party who does not belong to ruling party are called opposition

Q7: What is the role of governor of the state?

Ans: After the elections, the governor of the state appoints the chief minister and other ministers

Q8: Who appoints the chief minister and other ministers?

Ans: Governor

Q9: The chief ministers and others ministers have same office.True/false

Ans: False

Q10: Name the place where all MLAs sit together to discuss various things or issues.

Ans: Parliament

Q11: Some MLAs have dual responsibilities, one as an MLA and another as a minister.True/false

Ans: True

Q12: All the MLAs that gather together in the legislative Assembly are called _____.

Ans: Legislature

Q13: Name some departments of government.

Ans: Health, railway, finance, education etc.

Q14: In a democracy, people organise get together to voice their opinions and _____ against the government.

Ans: Protest

Q15: The ruling party members then form the government and some members are appointed as _____.

Ans: Ministers

Q16: A's MLAs has won more than half the number of constituencies they will called as _____.

Ans: Majority

Q17: B are the members of political party who does not belong to ruling party, they will called as _____.

Ans: Opposition

Q18: MLAs are together responsible for the work of government. True/false

Ans: True

Q19: Who is associated with making laws on certain issues in a state?

Ans: Legislative assembly

Q20: Who is associated with making laws on certain issues for the entire country?

Ans: Parliament

Q21: Find out the name of health minister and education minister of your state.

Ans: Individual answer

Q22: Find out the name of railway minister of your country.

Ans: Individual answer

Q23: Define the term press conference.

Ans: Press conference is a gathering of journalists from media. They are invited to hear about and ask various questions on a particular issue and are then expected to report about the same to the larger public.

Short Q&A:

Q1: What is the importance of a press conference?

Ans: Press conference is a gathering of journalists from media. They are invited to hear about and ask various questions on a particular issue and are then expected to report about the same to the larger public.

Q2: Explain the responsibility of a chief minister after election of MLAs.

Ans: After the elections, the MLAs of the ruling party elect their leader who becomes the chief minister. The chief ministers select other ministers.

Q3: Ravi wants to write a letter addressing sanitation problem of his state and requesting to make a new law for the same, whom he will

write the letter?

Ans: Legislative assembly
