Physical Education (Subject Code 048) Class-XII (2025-26)

RATIONALE

Sri Aurobindo believed, "For the body to be effective physical education must be rigorous and detailed, far-sighted and methodological. This will be translated into habits. These habits should be controlled and disciplined while remaining flexible enough to adapt themselves to circumstances and to the needs of growth and development of the being".

Physical education programs at all levels help students develop the knowledge, skills, attitudes, values, and behaviours to initiate and maintain a physically active lifestyle that will continue into and through adulthood. Students are encouraged to use physical activity to develop personal initiative, responsibility, and caring about others and the community.

A positive, supportive environment is essential to the success of the physical education program. This inclusive learning environment allows students to experience positive, challenging, and enjoyable physical activity while learning the benefits and importance of such action. Such an environment accommodates a variety of individual differences such as cultural identity, previous movement experiences, fitness and skill levels, and intellectual, physical, and socio-emotional maturity.

Appropriate instruction in physical education incorporates best practices derived from research and experiences in teaching students. This physical education curriculum sets forth developmental and instructional proper rules in designing, implementing, and evaluating physical education programs.

Therefore, the Physical education committee created a tool, 'The Physical Education Curriculum' – which has been researched and designed to provide consistency, coherence, and rigor in the content and process of teaching physical education throughout the schools of the CBSE all over the world.

The Physical education curriculum provides all students with enjoyable and worthwhile learning opportunities where they develop the movement skills and competencies to participate and perform in various physical activities competently, confidently, and safely. It builds students' motivation and commitment to physical activity and sports within and beyond school. It can encourage students to participate in leadership roles, irrespective of their previous experiences or ability in physical activity. The physical education program also prepares students to develop their careers in physical education and sports. It is one of the dynamic fields, providing numerous opportunities for diverse career options like being a teacher, coach, sports manager, and many more.

Looking into today's context, physical education is the only subject that not only develops mental, physical, and social attributes among us but also contributes to our overall sense of well-being in our life.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- 1. Optimum Development of Child's Physical Growth, Including Intellectual Development, Emotional Development, Social Development, Personal Development, and Character Building.
- 2. Imparting and Development of Positive Approach among Children to opt for Physical Education as a Profession.
- 3. Developing Management Skills to Understand and Organize Sports Tournaments.
- 4. Learn and Understand the Motor Abilities like Strength, Speed, Endurance, Coordination, And Flexibility.
- 5. Acquire knowledge about the Human Body and Its Functioning and Effects on Physical Activities.
- 6. Understand the Process of Growth and Development and its Positive Relationship with Physical Activities.
- 7. Develop Socio-Psychological Aspects like Control of Emotions, Balanced Behavior, Development of Leadership and Followership Qualities, and Team Spirit.
- 8. Learn and Understand the Effect of Physical and Physiological Training on Women Athletes.
- 9. Develop the Habit of Practicing Yoga Asanas and Pranayama Daily to Minimize Hypokinetic Diseases.
- 10. Learning about Nutrition and the Importance of a Balanced Diet.
- 11. Understand the application of Laws and Principles of Physics in Sports and Games.
- 12. Understanding the Characteristics of Children with Special Needs (CWSN) and Learning the Importance of Physical Activities for them.
- 13. Learning the procedure and application of different Physical and Physiological tests for different Age Categories.
- 14. Learning and understanding different Games and Sports.

Physical Education (Subject Code 048)

Class XII (2025-26)

UNIT NO.	UNIT NAME	THE WEIGHTAGE (MARKS) ALLOTTED	
UNIT 1	Management of Sporting Events	05 + 04 b *	
UNIT 2	Children and Women in Sports	07	
UNIT 3	Yoga as Preventive measure for Lifestyle Disease	06+01 b *	
UNIT 4	Physical Education & Sports for (CWSN)	04+04 b *	
UNIT 5	Sports & Nutrition	07	
UNIT 6	Test and Measurement in Sports	08	
UNIT 7	Physiology & Injuries in Sport	04+04 b *	
UNIT 8	Biomechanics and Sports	10	
UNIT 9	Psychology and Sports	07	
UNIT 10	Training in Sports	09	
PRACTICAL	Including 3 Practical	30	
(LAB) [#]			
TOTAL	Theory 10 + Practical 3	Theory 70 + Practical 30 = 100	
Note: b*are the Concept based questions like Tactile diagram/data interpretation/case base study for visually Impaired Child			

CLASS XII

COURSE CONTENT

Unit Unit Name & No. Topics	Specific Learning Objectives	Suggested Teaching Learning process	competencies
Unit 1Management of Sporting Events1.Functions of Sports Event Management (Planning, Organising, Staffing, Directing & Controlling)2.Various Committees of their Responsibilities (pre; durin 	 understand the need and meaning of planning in sports, committees, and their responsibilities for conducting the sports event or tournament. To teach them about the different types of tournaments and the detailed procedure of drawing fixtures for Knock Out, League Tournaments, and Combination tournaments. To make the students understand the need for the meaning and significance of intramural and extramural and extramural tournaments To teach them about the different understand the need for the meaning and significance of intramural and extramural tournaments To teach them about the different understand the need for the meaning and significance of intramural and extramural and extramural and extramural and extramural tournaments To teach them about the different understand the intervent understand the different types of community sports and their importance in our society. 	 Lecture-based instruction, Technology- based learning, Group learning, Individual learning, Inquiry-based learning, Kinesthetic learning and Expeditionary learning. 	 After completing the unit, the students will be able to: Describe the functions of Sports Event management Classify the committees and their responsibilities in the sports event Differentiate the different types of tournaments. Prepare fixtures of knockout, league & combination. Distinguish between intramural and extramural sports events Design and prepare different types of community

Unit 2	 Children & Women in Sports 1. Exercise guidelines of WHO for different age groups. 2. Common postural deformities-knock knees, flat foot, round shoulders, Lordosis, Kyphosis, Scoliosis, and bow legs and their respective corrective measures. 	 To make students understand the exercise guidelines of WHO for different age groups To make students aware of the common postural deformities To make students aware of the common postural deformities To make students aware of women's sports participation in India and about the special conditions of women Lecture-b instruction Technolog based lea Group lea Inquiry-ba learning, Kinesthet learning a Expeditio learning 	n, gy- arning, arning, and it is used and it is sed and it
	 Women's participation in Sports- Physical, Psychological , and social benefits. Special consideration (menarche and 	 To make students understand menarche and menstrual dysfunction among women athletes. To make them understand about female athlete triad. 	 Identify special considerations relate to menarche and menstrual dysfunction. Express female athlete triad according to eating disorders
	menstrual dysfunction) 5. Female athlete triad (osteoporosis amenorrhea, eating disorders		

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	Gomukasana,		
	Yogmudra,		
	Ushtrasana,		
	Kapalabhati		
3.	Asthma:		
	Procedure,		
	Benefits &		
	Contraindicat		
	ions for		
	Tadasana,		
	Urdhwahasto		
	ttansan		
	a,		
	, UttanManduk		
	asan-		
	asan- a,		
	a, Bhujangasana		
	Dhujanyasana		
	, Dhanuraaana		
	Dhanurasana,		
	Ushtrasana,		
	Vakrasana,		
	Kapalbhati,		
	Gomukhasana		
	Matsyaasana,		
	Anuloma-		
	Viloma		
4.	Hypertension		
	: Procedure,		
	Benefits &		
	Contraindicati		
	ons for		
	Tadasana,		
	Katichakransa		
	n,		
	Uttanpadasan		
	a, Ardha		
	Halasana,		
	Sarala		
	Matyasana,		
	Gomukhasana		
	,		
	UttanManduka		
	san-a,		
	Vakrasana,		
	Bhujangasana		
	, Makarasana,		
	Shavasana,		
	Unavasalla,		

Nedi		
Nadi-		
shodhanapran		
ayam,		
Sitlipranayam		
 5. Back Pain		
and		
Arthritis:		
Procedure,		
Benefits &		
Contraindica		
tions of		
Tadasan,		
Urdhawahast		
ootansana,		
Ardh-		
Chakrasana,		
Ushtrasana,		
Vakrasana,		
Sarala		
Maysyendrsa		
na,		
Bhujangasan		
a,		
Gomukhasan		
a,		
Bhadrasana,		
Makarasana,		
Nadi-		
Shodhana		
pranayama.		

Unit 4Physical Education Sports for CWSN (Children v Special Na - Divyang) 1. Organiz s promo Disabilit Sports (Specia Olympic Paralym Deaflym1.Organiz s promo Disabilit Sports (Specia Olympic Paralym Deaflym2.Concep Classifie n and Division in Sport3.Concep Inclusio sports, need, a Implem ion;4.Advanta of Phys Activitie children special needs.5.Strategi make Physica Activitie assessa for child with special needs.	 the concept of Disability and Disorder. To teach students about the types of disabilities & disorders, their causes, and their nature. s; cs) To make them aware of Disability Etiquette. To make the students Understand the advantage of physical activity for CWSN. tat To make the students aware of different strategies for making physical activity accessible for Children with Special Needs 	 Lecture-based instruction, Technology- based learning, Group learning, Inquiry-based learning, Kinesthetic learning and Expeditionary learning 	 After completing the unit, the students will be able to: * Value the advantages of physical activities for children with special needs * Differentiate between methods of categorization in sports for CWSN * Understand concepts and the importance of inclusion in sports * Create advantages for Children with Special Needs through Physical Activities * Strategies physical activities accessible for children with specialneeds
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Unit 5	 Sports & Nutrition 1. Concept of balanced diet and nutrition 2. Macro and Micro Nutrients: Food sources & functions 3. Nutritive & Non-Nutritive Componen ts of Diet 4. Eating for Weight control – A Healthy Weight, The Pitfalls of Dieting, Food Intolerance, and Food Myths 5. Importance of Diet in Sports-Pre, During and Post competition Requirements 	 To make the students understand the importance of a balanced diet To clear the concept of Nutrition – Micro & Macro nutrients, Nutritive & non-Nutritive Components of diet To make them aware of eating for weight loss and the results of the pitfalls of dieting. To understand food intolerance & food myths 	 Lecture-based instruction, Technology- based learning, Group learning, Individual learning, Inquiry-based learning, Game-based learning and Expeditionary learning. 	 After completing the unit, the students will be able to: * Understand the concept of a balanced diet and nutrition. Classify Nutritive and Non- Nutritive components of the Diet * Identify the ways to maintain a healthy weight * Know about foods commonly causing food intolerance * Recognize the pitfalls of dieting and food myths
Unit 6	Test & Measurement in Sports 1. Fitness Test – SAI Khelo India Fitness Test in school:	 To make students Understand and conduct SAI KHELO INDIA Fitness Test and to make students Understand and conduct General MotorFitness Test 	 Lecture-based instruction, Technology- based learning, Group learning, Individual learning, Inquiry-based learning, Kinesthetic 	After completing the unit, the students will be able to: * Perform SAI Khelo India Fitness Test in school [Age group 5-8

	. To make aturdante	loarning	voare/ (class 1
Age group 5-8		learning,	years/ (class 1-
years/ class	to determine	Game-based learning and	3) and Age
1-3: BMI,	physical fitness	•	group 9-18yrs/
Flamingo	Index through	Expeditionary	(class 4-12)
Balance Test,	Harvard Step	learning	
Plate Tapping	Test/Rockport		* Determine
Test	Test		physical fitness
			Index through
Age group 9-	To make		Harvard Step
18yrs/ class 4-12:			Test/Rock- port
BMI, 50mt Speed	calculate Basal		Test
test, 600mt			
Run/Walk, Sit &	Metabolic Rate		* Compute
Reach flexibility	(BMR)		
test, Strength			Basal
Test (Partial	To measure the		Metabolic Rate
Abdominal Curl	fitness lovel of		(BMR)
Up, Push-Ups for	Senior Citizens		
boys, Modified Push-Ups for	through Rikli and		* Describe the
girls).	Jones Senior		
giiis).	Citizen Fitness		procedure of
2. Measurement			Rikli and
of Cardio-	Test.		Jones - Senior
Vascular			Citizen Fitness
Fitness –			Test
Harvard Step			
Test –			
Duration of			
the Exercise			
in Seconds			
x100/5.5 X			
Pulse count of			
1-1.5 Min			
after Exercise			
3. Computing			
Basal			
Metabolic			
Rate (BMR)			
4. Rikli & Jones			
- Senior			
Citizen			
Fitness Test			
 Chair Stand Test for lower 			
body strength			
• Arm Curl Test			
for upper body	1		
strength			

	 Chair Sit & Reach Test for lower body flexibility Back Scratch Test for upper body flexibility Eight Foot Up & Go Test for agility Six-Minute Walk Test for Aerobic Endurance Johnsen – Methney Test of Motor Educability (Front Roll, Roll, Jumping Half-Turn, Jumping full- turn 			
Unit 7	 Physiology & Injuries in Sport 1. Physiological factors determining components of physical fitness 2. Effect of exercise on the Muscular System 3. Effect of exercise on the Cardio- Respiratory System 4. Physiological changes due to aging 	 Understanding the physiological factors determining the components of physical fitness. Learning the effects of exercises on the Muscular system. Learning the effects of exercises on Cardiovascular system. Learning the effects of exercises on the Respiratory system. 	 Lecture-based instruction, Technology- based learning, Group learning, Individual learning, Inquiry-based learning, Kinesthetic learning, Game-based learning and Expeditionary learning 	After completing the unit, the students will be able to: * Recognize the physiological factors determining the components of physical fitness. * Comprehend the effects of exercise on the Muscular system and cardiorespiratory systems. * Figure out the physiological changes due to ageing

5. Sports injuries: Classifica (Soft Tiss Injuries - Abrasion, Contusior Laceratio Incision, Sprain & Strain Bon Joint Injur - Dislocat Fractures Green Sti Comminu Transvers Oblique & Impacted	 Understanding the Sports Injuries (Classification, Causes, and Prevention) Understanding the Aims & Objectives of First Aid Understanding the Management of Injuries 		Classify sports injuries with its Management.
Unit 8Biomecha nics and Sports1.Newton's of Motion applicatio sports2.Types of Levers and their applicatio Sports.3.Equilibrium Dynamic Static and Centre of Gravity and applicatio sports4.Friction & Sports5.Projectile Sports	 & its Sports. Make students understand the lever and its application in sports. Make students understand the concept of Equilibrium and its application in sports. Understanding Friction in Sports. Understanding the concept of Projectil 	 Lecture-based instruction, Technology- based learning, Group learning, Individual learning, Inquiry-based learning, Kinesthetic learning, Game-based learning and Expeditionary learning 	After completing the unit, the students will be able to: * Understand Newton's Law of Motion and its application in sports * Recognize the concept of Equilibrium and its application in sports. * Know about the Centre of Gravity and will be able to apply it in sports * Define Friction and application in sports. * Understand the concept of Projectile in sports.

Unit 9	 Psychology and Sports 1. Personality; its definition & types (Jung Classification & Big Five Theory) 2. Motivation, 	 To make students understand Personality & its classifications. To make students understand motivation and its techniques. To make students 	 Lecture-based instruction, Technolo gy-based learning, Group learning, Individual learning, Inquiry-based learning, Kinesthetic learning,
	its type & techniques. 3. Exercise Adherence: Reasons, Benefits & Strategies	about Exercise Adherence and Strategies for enhancing Adherence to Exercise.	 Game-based learning and Expeditionary learning * Recognise the concept of motivation and identify various types of motivation.
	for Enhancing it 4. Meaning,	 To make them aware of Aggression in sports and types. 	reasons to exercise, its associated benefits and
	Concept & Types of Aggression s in Sports	 To make students understand Psychological Attributes in Sports. 	
	5. Psychological Attributes in Sports – Self- Esteem, Mental Imagery, Self- Talk, Goal Setting		 billeternitate between different types of aggression in sports. * Explain various psychological attributes in
Unit	Training in	Making the students	s • Lecture-based After completing
10	Sports 1. Concept of Talent Identification and Talent Development in Sports	 Making the students understand the concept of talent identification and methods in sports Making the students Understand sports 	 Lecture-based instruction, Technology-based learning, Group learning, Individual learning, Inquiry-based learning, Inquiry-based learning,

	 Introduction to Sports Training Cycle – Micro, Meso, Macro Cycle. Types & Methods to Develop – Strength, 	 training and the different cycle in sports training. Making the students Understand different types & methods of strengths, endurance, and speed. 	 kinesthetic learning, Game-based learning and Expeditionary learning 	 for talent development in sports. Understand sports training and the different cycle used in the training process.
4	 4. Types & Methods to Develop – Flexibility and Coordinative Ability. 	 Making the students Understand different types & methods of flexibility and coordinative ability. 		 Understand different types & methods to develop - strength, endurance, and speed in sports training
5	5. Circuit Training - Introduction & its importance	 Making the students understand Circuit training and its importance 		 Understand different types & methods to develop – flexibility and coordinative ability.
				 Understand Circuit training and its importance

GUIDELINES FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

(PRACTICAL/ PROJECTS ETC.)

PRACTICAL	(Max. Marks 30)
Physical Fitness Test: SAI Khelo India Test, Brockport Physical Fitness Test (BPFT)*	6 Marks
Proficiency in Games and Sports (Skill of any one IOA recognized Sport/Game of Choice)**	7 Marks
Yogic Practices	7 Marks
Record File ***	5 Marks
Viva Voce (Health/ Games & Sports/ Yoga)	5 Marks

- *Test for CWSN (any 4 items out of 27 items. One item from each component: Aerobic Function, Body Composition, Muscular strength & Endurance, Range of Motion or Flexibility)
- **CWSN (Children With Special Needs Divyang): Bocce/Boccia, Sitting Volleyball, Wheel Chair Basketball, Unified Badminton, Unified Basketball, Unified Football, Blind Cricket, Goalball, Floorball, Wheel Chair Races and Throws, or any other Sport/Game of choice.
- **Children with Special Needs can also opt any one Sport/Game from the list as alternative to Yogic Practices. However, the Sport/Game must be different from Test -'Proficiency in Games and Sports'

***Record File shall include:

- > **Practical-1:** Fitness tests administration. (SAI Khelo India Test)
- Practical-2: Procedure for Asanas, Benefits & Contraindication for any two Asanas for each lifestyle disease.
- Practical-3: Anyone one IOA recognized Sport/Game of choice. Labelled diagram of Field & Equipment. Also, mention its Rules, Terminologies & Skills.