

वार्षिक परीक्षा, 2015-16

कक्षा - 9 IX

समय : 3.15 घंटे

विषय - अंग्रेजी (English)

पूर्णांक : 100

Section-'A'

1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below —

1×9=9

The parents play an important role in bringing up their children. They sacrifice their pleasure for the sake of their children. They try their best to give them the best possible education. They labour hard to feed and clad them. They also provide all possible facilities to them. In this way, the children owe a heavy debt to their parents because they fulfil their physical and monetary needs. So it is moral duty of the children to look after their parents in their old age. They should respect and help them in every way, service to parents is the true service to God. The naughty children who discard their old parents and speak ill of them should be compelled by law to look after their parents.

- Who play an important role in bringing up a child?
- What do the parents do to feed and clad their children?
- What do the parents do for their children?
- How do the children owe a heavy debt to their parents?
- What is the moral duty of the children?
- In which way do the naughty children behave with their parents?
- What should naughty children be compelled by law for?
- What is true service to God?
- Find out from the passage the word which mean—
'lasting for a very short time'.

2. Once a King was always afraid of being ill. He shut all the doors and windows of his palace tight in the cold-weather and never went out. Yet with all his care, he was always ill. One day he said to his minister "I wonder, why I am so sick. Can you explain this to me?" The minister said "It is better to take no care than to be over careful". One day the King met a poor shepherd. He put on very few clothes. He had no shoes. The King said to him "Do you never suffer from cold or fever? Do you stay out all night?" The shepherd said "No, Sir, I never have cold or fever, since my childhood I have lived in the open air and I stay out all night."

- What was the King always afraid of?
- What did the King do in the cold weather?
- What did the King ask the minister?
- Whom did the King meet one day?
- How had the shepherd lived since his childhood?
- What did the minister advice the King?
- What had the shepherd never had since his childhood?
- Find out from the passage the word which means—'feeling fear'
- Find out from the passage that word which is opposite of the word—
'careless'

P.T.O.

Section-'B'

3. You are Avantika living in Bhopal. Your friend Yamini has won a gold medal in the state English Debate Competition. Write a letter to congratulate her. You may take help of the following points—
- How did you come to know about it?
 - Congratulate her on her success.
 - How does she feel about her achievement?
 - Good wishes for a bright future.
 - Invite her for a visit to your place.

Or

Imagine that you are Ravi Kumar, reading in Govt. Senior Secondary School, Alwar. Your parents live in Kota. Write an application to the Principal of your school to issue you a railway concession.

4. You are Rohit Sharma of Class IX. You are deliver a speech on the topic 'Dranken Driving'. Prepare a speech in about 60-80 words with the help of given outlines—

A streious problem deaths loses control over one self puts others life in danger very dangerous to drive a vehicle accidents can be fatal.

Or

Write a debate in about 60-80 words in favour of motion on 'Ban on the use of mobile phones for the students'. You may take the help of given outlines—

oppose to be allowed for students a stupid toy misuse chatting hindrance in concentration waste time for future should be banned school campus.

5. You are Kapil. One day you felt ill. You went to the hospital for cure. Write a dialogue between you and the doctor. You may take the help of following hints—
- (your ailment, a high fever, a severe headache, shivering, blood report, malaria, injection of Lariago.)
- You may begin like this—
Doctor : What's your ailment?
Kapil : I have a high fever

Or

Develop a story in about 60-70 words with the help of given outlines—
A shepherd grazes sheep thinks of a mischief cries "Wolf! Wolf!" villagers run to help no wolf villagers angry one day a Wolf really comes cries for help people do not believe kills many sheep

Section-'C'

6. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of verbs given in brackets—
- Meena always (cook) food for her family. 4×1=4
 - We (visit) the Taj Mahal last year.
 - She (come) to school late everyday.
 - My father (buy) a new car for us next month.

7. Fill in the blanks with the suitable modals given below— $4 \times 1 = 4$
(can, could, may, might, should, must)
(i) There are clouds in the sky. It rain today.
(ii) She read this English letter easily.
(iii) His lungs are very weak, so he give up smoking.
(iv) We help the poor.
8. Fill in the blanks with the verb agreement with the subject— $4 \times 1 = 4$
(i) Both the teacher and students busy in their task (is / are)
(ii) A dozen of Candle lit up on her birthday. (is / are)
(iii) They true friend in the past (was / were)
(iv) My elder brother a big house in the city (has / have)
9. Fill in the blanks with the help of suitable determiners given in brackets— $4 \times 1 = 4$
(i) I read the news of her father's death in Rajasthan Patrika.
(a / the)
(ii) How friends are coming in your birthday party.
(much / many)
(iii) There are trees in our school campus. (some / any)
(iv) He did not do work. (some / any)
10. Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions given in brackets— $4 \times 1 = 4$
(i) The monkey is sitting the tree. (on / in)
(ii) Butter is made milk. (of / by)
(iii) There are some girls the class (in / into)
(iv) There is a carpet the floor. (on over)

Section-'D'

1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below—

10

I look at the flute seller standing in a corner of the square near the hotel. In his hand is a pole with an attachment at the top from which fifty or sixty bansuris produce in all directions, like the squills of a porcupine. They are of bamboo. There are cross flutes and recorders. From time to time he stands the pole on the ground, selects a flute and plays for a few minutes. He plays slowly, meditatively without excessive display. He does not shout out his wares. Occasionally he makes a sale, but in a curiously offhanded way as if this were incidental to his enterprise. Sometimes he breaks off playing talk to the fruits seller.

- Where is the flute seller standing?
- Who looks at him?
- What is there in his hand?
- What are there at the top of the pole?
- With whom the flutes are compared?
- What are the flutes made of?
- What does the flute seller do from time to time?
- How does he play the flute?
- Why does the flute seller stop playing for sometime?
- Find out from the passage the word which means—
'concentrating the mind'

P.T.O.

12. Answer any two of the following questions in about 30 words— $2 \times 2\frac{1}{2} = 5$
(i) How do you know that the intruder is a clever man? (If I were you)
(ii) How did Bruno pass his time when he was quite young?
(The Bond of Love)
(iii) When did Maria Sharapova get the world number one position in women's tennis at the first time? (Maria Sharapova)
(iv) Who were Abdul Kalam's friends and which families did they belong to? (My childhood)

13. Answer any one of the following questions in about 60 words— 5
(i) Write the author's thoughts when he looks into the mirror and when the snake coiled around his arm. (The Snake and the mirror)
(ii) Do you find the lesson 'Packing' is a humorous story? What are the humorous elements in it? (Packing)

14. Explain any one stanza with reference to context— 4
I will arise and go now, for always night and day,
I hear the lake water lapping with low sounds by the shore,
While I stand on the roadway or on the pavement gray.

Or

No motion has she now, no force—
She neither hears nor sees
Rolled round in earth's diurnal course
With rocks and stones and trees.

15. Answer any two of the following questions in about sixty words— $2 \times 2\frac{1}{2} = 5$
(i) What does the poem teach us? (no men are foreign)
(ii) What finally kills the trees? (On Killing a tree)
(iii) What does the poet like to do when it rains? (Rain on the Roof)

16. Answer any one of the following questions in about 60 words—
(i) Describe Mahendra's horrible experience on a full moon night.
(Is warm the story teller)

- (ii) What did Prashant see on reaching his village?
(Weathering the storm in Erasama)
17. Answer any two of the following in about 30 words— $2 \times 2\frac{1}{2} = 5$
(i) Why did Johnsy keep looking out of the window? (The last Leaf)
(ii) Why did Lushkoff become a beggar? (The Beggar)
(iii) What did the author's mother do on seeing her house was on fire?
(A house is not a home)

18. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions given below— $5 \times 1 = 5$
Driving is privilege, not a right. To drive the vehicle on the public road is the most important responsibility of a driver. It is duty of a driver to drive the vehicle with carefully without any tension and with controlled speed. But it is seen that most of drivers drive the vehicles carelessly and with heavy drunken. Drunken driving is a evil. In this condition the driver can not control the vehicle. Passengers who travel in his car or bus handover their life in the hands of a driver. In such condition not only the driver but also the passenger spoil their life.

- What is driving?
- Who is the most responsible person in driving?
- What is the duty of a driver when he drives a vehicle on the road?
- What is drunken driving?
- Find out from the passage the word which means—'submit'.

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SSP-IX-2