## PROBLEM SET 14 [PAGES 14 - 16]

#### **Problem Set 14 | Q 1.01 | Page 16 Multiply.** 327 × 92

## SOLUTION

327 <u>× 92</u> 654 +29430 **30084** 

**Problem Set 14 | Q 1.02 | Page 16 Multiply.** 807 × 126

#### SOLUTION

807 <u>x 126</u> 4842 + 16140 <u>+ 80700</u> <u>101682</u>

## Problem Set 14 | Q 1.03 | Page 16

**Multiply.** 567 × 890

## SOLUTION

567 <u>x 890</u> 000 + 51030 <u>+ 453600</u> <u>504630</u>

#### Problem Set 14 | Q 1.04 | Page 16 Multiply.

4317 × 824

## SOLUTION

4317

## <u>x 824</u>

17268

+ 86340

+3453600

<u>3557208</u>

Problem Set 14 | Q 1.05 | Page 16 Multiply. 6092 × 203

#### SOLUTION

	6092	
×	203	
	18276	
+	00000	
+	1218400	
1236676		

#### **Problem Set 14 | Q 1.06 | Page 16 Multiply.** 1177 × 99

## SOLUTION

	1177	
	<u>x 99</u>	
	10593	
+	105930	
	116523	

**Problem Set 14 | Q 1.07 | Page 16 Multiply** 456 × 187

## SOLUTION

456 <u>x 187</u> 3192 +36480 <u>+45600</u> **85272** 

#### Problem Set 14 | Q 1.08 | Page 16 Multiply

6543 × 79

## SOLUTION

6543 <u>x 79</u> 58887 <u>+ 458010</u> **516897** 

Problem Set 14 | Q 1.09 | Page 16 Multiply. 2306 × 832

## SOLUTION

2306 <u>x 832</u> 4612 + 69180 <u>+1844800</u> <u>1918592</u>

#### **Problem Set 14 | Q 1.10 | Page 16 Multiply** 6429 × 509

# SOLUTION

	6429
x	509
	57861
+	00000
+32	214500
3	272361

Problem Set 14 | Q 1.11 | Page 14 Multiply 4,321 × 678

## SOLUTION

	4321
<u>x</u>	678
	34568
+	302470

#### +2592600 2929638

Problem Set 14 | Q 1.12 | Page 16 Multiply. 20,304 × 87

#### SOLUTION

20304 <u>x 87</u> 142128 <u>+1624320</u> <u>1766448</u>

#### Problem Set 14 | Q 2 | Page 16

As part of the 'Avoid Plastic' campaign, each of the 745 students made 25 paper bags. What was the total number of paper bags made?

#### SOLUTION

745 Number of students

x 25 bags made by each

3725

+14900 18625

#### Problem Set 14 | Q 3 | Page 16

In a plantation, saplings of 215 medicinal trees have been planted in each of the 132 rows of trees. How many saplings are there in the plantation altogether?

#### SOLUTION

215 Saplings in each now

x 132 Number of rows

430

+ 6450

+21500

<u>28380</u>

#### Problem Set 14 | Q 4 | Page 16

One computer costs 27,540 rupees. How much will 18 such computers cost?

#### SOLUTION

27540 Cost of 1 computer <u>x 18 No. of computers</u> 220320



#### Problem Set 14 | Q 5 | Page 16

Under the 'Inspire Awards' scheme, 5000 rupees per student were granted for the purchase of science project materials. If 154 students in a certain taluka were covered under the scheme, find the total amount granted to that taluka.

#### SOLUTION

₹5000 Granted per student

x 154 No of students

20000

+ 250000

+ 500000

₹ 770000

#### Problem Set 14 | Q 6 | Page 16

If a certain two-wheeler costs 53,670 rupees, how much will 35 such two-wheelers cost?

#### SOLUTION

53760 Cost of 1 two-wheeler <u>x 35</u> No. of two-wheelers 268800 <u>+1612800</u> <u>1881600</u>

#### Problem Set 14 | Q 7 | Page 16

One hour has 3,600 seconds. How many seconds do 365 hours have?

#### SOLUTION

3600 Seconds of 1 hour

x 365 No. of hours

18000

- + 216000
- + 1080000

1314000

#### Problem Set 14 | Q 8 | Page 16

Frame a multiplication word problem with the numbers 5473 and 627 and solve it.

#### SOLUTION

Cost of one mobile is ₹5,473. What is the cost of such 627 mobiles? 5473 Cost of 1 mobile

x 627 Number of mobiles

38311

+ 109460

+3283800

#### <u>3431571</u>

₹ 34,31,571 cost for 627 mobiles.

## Problem Set 14 | Q 9 | Page 16

Find the product of the biggest three-digit number and the biggest four-digit number.

#### SOLUTION

9999 Biggest four digit no. <u>x 999</u> Biggest three-digit no. 89991 + 899910 <u>+8999100</u> <u>9989001</u>

#### Problem Set 14 | Q 10 | Page 16

One traveller incurs a cost of 7,650 rupees for a certain journey. What will be the cost for 26 such travelers?

## **SOLUTION**

7650 Cost of one traveller <u>x 26</u> No. of travellers 45900 +153000

198900

98,900 cost of 26 travellers.

#### PROBLEM SET 15 [PAGES 19 - 20]

#### Problem Set 15 | Q 1.1 | Page 19

#### Solve the following and write the quotient and remainder.

1284 ÷ 32

40	
32) $\overline{1284}$	
- 128	
0004	
- 0	
4	

Quotient = 40

Remainder = 4

#### Problem Set 15 | Q 1.2 | Page 19

Solve the following and write the quotient and remainder.  $5586 \div 87$ 

## SOLUTION

**64** 87)<u>5586</u> - <u>522</u> 0366 <u>- 348</u> **018** Quotient = 64

Remainder = 18

## Problem Set 15 | Q 1.3 | Page 19

Solve the following and write the quotient and remainder.

1207 ÷ 27

## SOLUTION

**44** 27)<u>1207</u> <u>-108</u> 127 <u>-108</u> **19** 

Quotient = 44

Remainder = 19

#### Problem Set 15 | Q 1.4 | Page 19

Solve the following and write the quotient and remainder.  $8543 \div 41$ 

SOLUTION
208
41)8543
<u>-82</u>
034
00
343
- 328
15
Quotient = 208
Remainder = 15

#### Problem Set 15 | Q 1.5 | Page 19

Solve the following and write the quotient and remainder.

2304 ÷ 43

## SOLUTION

53

23) $\overline{2304}$ 

<u>- 215</u> 0154 <u>- 129</u>

025

Quotient = 53

Remainder = 25

## Problem Set 15 | Q 1.6 | Page 19

Solve the following and write the quotient and remainder.  $56{,}741 \div 26$ 

SOLUTION	
2182	
26) <u>56741</u>	
<u>- 52</u>	
047	
<u>- 26</u>	
214	
- <u>208</u>	
0061	
- 52	
0009	
Quotient = 2	2182

Remainder = 9

Problem Set 15 | Q 2 | Page 19

How many hours will it take to travel 336 km at a speed of 48 km per hour?

## SOLUTION

Time = Distance + Speed 7 48)336 <u>- 336</u> 000 It will take 7 hours.

## Problem Set 15 | Q 3 | Page 19

Girija needed 35 cartons to pack 1400 books. There are an equal number of books in every carton. How many books did she pack into each carton?

## SOLUTION

No. of cartons x No. of books in each carton= Total no. of books · 35 x No. of books in each carton= 1400 No. of books in each carton= 1400 + 35

**40** 35)<del>1400</del> <u>- 1400</u>

0000

She packs 40 books in each carton.

## Problem Set 15 | Q 4 | Page 19

The contribution for a picnic was 65 rupees each. Altogether, 2925 rupees were collected. How many had paid for the picnic?

SOLUTION <mark>45</mark>
65) <u>2925</u>
<u>- 260</u>
0325
<u>- 325</u>
000

45 persons paid for the picnic.

#### Problem Set 15 | Q 5 | Page 19

Which number, on being multiplied by 56, gives a product of 9688?

SOLUTION	
173	
56) <mark>9688</mark>	
- 56	
408	
<u>- 392</u>	
168	
<u>- 168</u>	
000	

## Problem Set 15 | Q 6 | Page 20

If 48 sheets are required for making one notebook, how many notebooks at the most will 5880 sheets make, and how many sheets will be leftover?

SOLUTION	
122	
56) <mark>5880</mark>	
- 48	
108	
<u>- 96</u>	
0120	
<u>- 96</u>	
024	

#### 122 notebooks can be made and 24 sheets left over.

#### Problem Set 15 | Q 7 | Page 20

What will the quotient be when the smallest five-digit number is divided by the smallest four-digit number?

#### SOLUTION

Smallest five-digit number is 10,000 and smallest four-digit number is 1,000. So, 10000 + 1000 = 10

10

 $1000)\overline{10000}$ 

<u>- 1000</u>

00000

Quotient = 10

PROBLEM SET 16 [PAGE 20]

Problem Set 16 | Q 1 | Page 20

From a total of 10,000 rupees, Anna donated 7,000 rupees to a school. The remaining amount was to be divided equally among six students as the 'all-round student' prize. What was the amount of each prize?

## SOLUTION

10000 Total rupees

- 7000 rupees donated

## 3000 remained

This amount was divided among 6 students

500

6)<del>3000</del>

<u>- 30</u>

0000

## Amount of the prize is ₹ 500.

## Problem Set 16 | Q 2 | Page 20

An amount of 260 rupees each was collected from 50 students for a picnic. If 11,450 rupees were spent for the picnic, what is the amount left over?

## SOLUTION

260 Collected from 1 student <u>x 50</u> No. of students 000 <u>+ 13000</u> 13000 Rupees, collected amount <u>- 11450</u> Rupees spent <u>1550</u> Rupees left over

#### 1,550 Rupees left over

#### Problem Set 16 | Q 3 | Page 20

A shopkeeper bought a sack of 50kg of sugar for 1750 rupees. As the price of sugar fell, he had to sell it at the rate of 32 rupees per kilo. How much less money did he get than he had spent?

#### SOLUTION

32 Sale price of 1 kg <u>x 50 kg</u> sold 00 <u>+ 1600</u> <u>1600</u> Amount received 1750 Purchased price

<u>- 1600</u> Obtained price <u>150</u> Less he got

₹ 150 less he got than he had spent

#### Problem Set 16 | Q 4 | Page 20

A shopkeeper bought 7 pressure cookers at the rate of 1870 rupees per cooker. He sold them all for a total of 14,230 rupees. Did he get less or more money than he had spent?

#### SOLUTION

1870 Purchase price of 1 cooker

<u>x 7 No. of cookers</u>

#### 13090 Purchase price

14230 Sell price

- 13090 Purchase price

<u>01140 he got more</u>

#### ₹ 1,140 he got more

#### Problem Set 16 | Q 5 | Page 20

Fourteen families in a Society together bought 8 sacks of wheat, each weighing 98 kilos. If they shared all the wheat equally, what was the share of each family?

#### SOLUTION

98 Kilo weight of 1 sack

<u>x 8</u> No. of sacks

## <u>784</u> Kilo

56

14)784

- 70

084

- 84

00

## Share of each family = 56 kilo

## Problem Set 16 | Q 6 | Page 20

The capacity of an overhead water tank is 3000 litres. There are 16 families living in this building. If each family uses 225 litres every day, will the tank filled to capacity be enough for all the families? If not, what will the daily shortfall be?

## SOLUTION

225 Litres uses 1 family <u>x 16 No. of families</u> 1350 <u>+ 2250</u> 3600 Litres required <u>- 3000 Litres capacity</u> <u>600 Litres daily shortfall</u> 600 litres is daily shortfall