Chapter 3 - Money and Banking

Question 1

Central Bank is a/an,

- Apex Bank
- Rural Bank
- Regional bank
- Commercial Bank

Answer: Apex Bank

Question 2

Legal service ratio is equal to,

- CRR/SLR
- CRR SLR
- SLR CLR
- CRR + SLR

Answer: CRR + SLR

Question 3

Calculate the value of money multiplier and the total deposit created if the initial amount is ₹. 700 crores and LRR is 10%.

Answer: Value of money multiplier = 1/LRR which is equal to 1/0.1 = 10

Initial deposit was ₹. 700 crores

Thus, Total deposit will be Initial Deposit x Money Multiplier

- = 700 X 10
- = ₹. 7,000 crores

Question 4

Calculate LRR, if the initial deposit of ₹. 500 crores lead to the establishment of total deposits of ₹. 4,000 crores.

Answer: Money Multiplier = Total deposits / Initial deposits

= 4,000 / 500 = 4

Thus, money multiplier = 1/LRR

8 = 1/LRR

LRR = 1.25 or 12.5

Question 5

If total deposits created by the commercial banks are \ref{total} . 12,000/-, LRR is 25%. Calculate the initial deposit.

Answer: Money Multiplier = 1/LRR = 1/025 = 4

Initial deposit = Total deposit / Money Multiplier

= 12,000/4

= ₹. 3,000/-

Question 6

One of the measures of the money supply is,

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- N1
- M1
- P1

Answer: M1

Question 7

Money is a medium of,

- Communication
- Barter
- Exchange
- Speculation

Answer: Exchange

Question 8

Money is something that is,

- Universally accepted
- Locally accepted
- Accepted by banks
- Regionally accepted

Answer: Universally accepted

Question 9

One drawback of barter exchange is,

- Lack of trust
- Lack of coincidence of wants
- Lack of double coincidence of wants
- Lack of goods

Answer: Lack of double coincidence of wants

Question 10

Money overcomes the issues of the barter system.

- Can't say
- Seldom
- 0
- 1

Answer: 1