# SET

# MODEL PRACTICE SET

# **ENGLISH LANGUAGE**

Directions (1-10): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are printed in bold to help you to locate them while answering some of the questions.

A pundit was visiting a remote town. The people of the town worried him everyday with invitations for lunch or dinner. "I will only eat in a house where no one has ever told a lie," said the pundit. A very rich man stepped up and said, "Come to my house, Oh Master. No one in my home has ever told a lie." The pundit accepted the invitation. Before going to the rich man's house, the pundit inquired about the rich man and learned everything he could about him. Walking along with the rich man, the pundit asked, "How many children do you have?" "Only one son,' replied the rich man. The people of this town said he had three sons! Why is he saying he has only one? Is he lying'?" wondered the pundit, "but I should not be too hasty to judge him. Perhaps he is telling the truth. Let me wait." "How old are you now?" asked the pundit. "I am ten years old," answered the rich man. There he goes againt His hair is grey, his face has wrinkles, he can barely walk, and he says he is only ten years old! No. No. I should not come to a rushed conclusion, I shall give him one more chance," decided the pundit. "How many acres of land do you have ?" asked the pundit. "I have only six feet of land for myself," said the rich man. "This is like trying to hide a whole pumpkin in a spoonful of rice!" thought the pundit. "This man is indeed the king of liarst How can I eat in his house? Will it turn me into a liar as well? Let me see how far he can go,"

When they arrived at the house the rich man told his wife, we have a **special** guest today so make him

your best lunch. I will take him to the lake for a walk. We will be back soon. On their way back from the river, they passed an orchard. The rich man plucked two ripe mangoes, and cut a bunch of ripe bananas. "Whose orchard is this?" asked the pundit. "This orchard belongs to the ones who do not sleep a wink at night: replied the rich man. At the house, the rich man's wife had laid out the lunch. "Please come and cat" she said. "I need to clarify a few things first," declared the pundit. "What is it ?" asked the rich man. "I know you have three sons. why did you say you had only one?" demanded the pundit. The rich man immediately called for his sons and gave them a task. The eldest and the youngest both said, "Father, you are forever ordering us around". Only the middle son promptly agreed to obey. "Did you see that, Oh Master?" asked the rich man. "I do have three sons, but only one of them truly listens to me." "Fine, but why did you claim that you were only ten years old?" asked the pundit. "I am over sixty," replied the rich man. "But for the last ten years, I have devoted myself to a spiritual life. I believe that it is only then since I have truly lived," replied the rich man.

Excellent answer applicated the pundit. "But you own thousands of acres of fertile land. Why did you claim to have only six feet?" "I have acquired thousands of acres of land. I did every trick in the trade to become rich, but it has only made my sons proud and arrogant. What use is all this wealth to me? When I die, the six feet of land where I will be buried is all that will truly be mine," said the rich man.

The pundit sat down to eat. As he was taking his leave: he asked the rich man, "What did you mean when you said the orchard belongs to the ones who do not sleep a wink at night?" "I do own the orchard and

work hard **tending** to my trees, but at night, I am so **tired** that I fall asleep. Meanwhile the thieves, who stay awake all night, steal most of my yield. So in truth the orchard belongs to them. The ones who do not sleep a wink at night" said the rich man.

- On what condition did the pundit agree to invitations for lunch or dinner?
  - (1) He would only eat from a rich man's plate.
  - (2) He would only eat in a house where no one had lied.
  - (3) He would eat in a house that cooked only vegetarian food.
  - (4) He would only eat from a banana leaf.
  - (5) None of these
- 2. Which of the following is said to be true of the rich man?

  (A) The rich man had the
  - (A) The rich man had three sons.
  - (B) The rich man was fifty years old.
  - (C)The rich man owned vast acres of land.
  - (1) Only (A) (2) Only (B)
  - (3) Only (C)
  - (4) Only (A) and (B)
  - (5) Only (A) and (C)
- 3. What was the rich man trying to imply when he said that he was only ten years old?
  - (1) He had a near death experience ten years ago.
  - (2) The rich man was trying to appear younger than his actual age.
  - (3) He had truly lived only after he devoted himself to spiritual life.
  - (4) The rich man was trying to convey his innocence to the pundit.
  - (5) The rich man wanted the pundit to know that he was still a child at heart.

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nt, steal most of

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(2)

(3)

(4)

(5)

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(4)

(5)

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7. Te (1) (3)

8. (5) (1)

(3) (5) **Di** the word meaning as used

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- 4. Why was the pundit hesitant to eat at the rich man's house?
  - (1) The pundit was not accustomed to having rich food.
  - (2) He felt that the rich man was proud and a two-faced human being.
  - (3) The rich man's sons were not at home for lunch.

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- (4) He did not want to cause any trouble to the rich man's wife
- (5) He felt that the rich man lied to him.
- g. The rich man claimed to have only one son because
  - (i) His middle son was the only child who obeyed him.
  - (2) His eldest and youngest sons had long been married.
  - (3) He had adopted his other two sons.
  - (4) He did not want to introduce his eldest and youngest sons to the pundit.
  - (5) He only loved his second son, who was taking care of him.
- 6. Why did the pundit agree to eat at the rich man's house?
  - (1) The rich man claimed to have never told a lie.
  - (2) The rich man was an old friend of the pundit
  - (3) The rich man could afford to treat the pundit.
  - (4) The rich man owed the pundit a favour.
  - (5) The pundit travelled a long distance and he was tired.

Directions (7-8): Choose the word which is most nearly the same in meaning as the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

- 7. Tending
  - (i) Growing (2) Supplying
  - (3) Watching (4) Attending
  - (5) Contributing
- 8, Clarify
  - (1) Confirm (2) Explain
  - (3) Simplify (4) Describe
  - (5) Express

Directions (9-10): Choose the word which is most opposite in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

- 9. Tired
  - (1) Drained (2) Sleepy
  - (3) Relaxed (4) Energised
  - (5) Exhausted
- 10. Special
  - (1) Unique (2) Exclusive
  - (3) Rare
- (4) Important
- (5) Ordinary

Directions (11 - 15): Read this sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical mistake/error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark 'No error' as your answer. (Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any)

- In order to better (1)/ access
  to financial services, (2)/ RBI
  has granted licenses from (3)/
  11 entities to open payment
  banks.(4)/ No error (5)
- 12. If you have taken a home loan (1)/ for the renovation of (2)/ your residence you can claim (3)/ an income tax rebate under this Act.(4)/ No error (5)
- 18. As the young girl neared the village (1)/ she began to run because (2)/ she wanted to reach home (3)/ as sooner she could to surprise her parents.(4)/ No error (5)
- 14. Every state has been asked to nominate (1)/ a fixed number of city as (2)/ 'smart cities', keeping in mind (3)/ certain guidelines and criteria.(4)/ No crror (5)
- 15. Unless the government (1)/
  encourages investment in (2)/
  manufacturing, many factories
  and (3)/ industrial units will
  closed.(4)/ No error (5)

Directions (16-20): In each question below, four words printed in bold type are given. These are numbered (1), (2), (3) and (4). One of these words printed in **bold** may either be wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word that is inappropriate or wrongly spelt, if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in **bold** are correctly spelt and appropriate in the context of the sentence then mark (5) i.e. 'All Correct' as your answer.

- 16. The Principle (1)/ insisted that the teachers (2)/ set an example(3)/ for the students (4)/. All correct (5)
- All drivers(1)/ must carry(2)/ their lisense(3)/ and insurance papers.(4)/. All correct (5)
- 18. Children normally (1)/ respond (2)/ to praise (3)/ and encoragement(4)/. All correct (5)
- 19. Modern (1)/ farm implements (2)/ have revolusionised (3)/ the agricultural industry (4)/ All correct (5)
- 20. The mountain (1)/ range (2)/ has many high peaks (3)/ and deep canyones (4)/. All correct (5)

Directions (21-25): Rearrange the given six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in a proper sequence so as to form a meaningful paragraph and then answer the given questions.

- (A) The sky god welcomed them when they arrived and pointing at the delicious food platters said, "This is for all of you!"
- (B) There was a famine in the forest and the tortoise was starving.
- (C) The birds stuck feathers to his arms and legs so that he could fly, "Call me 'All of you' in my new appearance," he commanded. I
- (D) The next week the birds held a feast on land and invited the tortoise, but when he reached the venue, they announced that no one could eat with dirty claws so the tortoise rushed to the pond and cleaned his limbs, but every time he did so he dirtied them on the way back to which the birds simply said, "Watch as we eat!"
- (E) He heard about the feast being given by the sky god to the birds and convinced the birds to take him with them.
- (F) The tortoise immediately said that the food was meant for him and ate it up leaving the birds feeling cheated.
- 21. Which of the following should be the **THIRD** sentence after the rearrangement?

- (1) A (3) C
- (2) B (4) D
- (5) F
- 22. Which of the following should be the FIFTH sentence after the rearrangement?
  - (1) A
- (2) C
- (3) D
- (4) E
- (5) F
- 23. Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after the rearrangement?
  - (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D
- (5) E
- 24. Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after the rearrangement?
  - (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D
- (5) E
- 25. Which of the following should be the SIXTH (last) sentence after the rearrangement?
  - (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D (5) F

Directions (26-30): In the following passage, there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

There was once a poet who fell upon such hard times that he was no longer able to (26) his family. Hearing that the king greatly encouraged talent and was famed for his generosity, the poet set off for the Royal Palace. When brought before the king, he (27) low and requested permission to recite a poem. On hearing his recitation, the king was well pleased and asked him to name his reward.

The poet, (28) to a chess-board before the king, said, "your highness, if you place just one grain of rice on the first square of this chess-board, and double it for every square, I will consider myself well rewarded". Are you sure?" asked the king, greatly (29). Just grains of rice. not gold"? "Yes, your highness," affirmed the poet. "So it shall be" ordered the king. His courtiers started placing the grain on the chess board. One grain on the first square,

two on the second, four on the third, eighth on the fourth and so on. By the time they reached the tenth square they had to place five hundred and twelve grains of rice. The number rose to lakhs on the twentieth square. When they reached the halfway mark: the grain count was over hundred-crores! Soon the count (30) to lakhs of crores and eventually the helpless king had to hand over his entire kingdom to the clever poet. And it all began with just one grain of rice.

- 26. (1) surrender (2) fight
  - (3) care
- (4) feed
- (5) defend
- 27. (1) hunched (2) knelt
  - (3) fell
- (4) stand
- (5) bowed **28.** (1) telking
- (2) across (3) pointing (4) eyeing
  - (5) looking
- 29. (1) surprised (2) vigilant
  - (3) understanding
  - (4) happy
  - (5) honoured
- 30. (1) justified (2) enlarged
  - (3) risen (4) improved
  - (5) increased

# **NUMERICAL ABILITY**

Directions (31-35) : What will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

- 81.  $8\frac{1}{4} + \frac{6}{5}$  of 60% of  $\frac{6}{5} = 15 ?$ 
  - (1) 5.55
- (3)6.03
- (4)6.13
- (5) None of these
- **32.**7275.84 889.4 + 124.518 = ?
  - (1) 6550.202
- (2) 6560.598 (4) 6510.958
- (3) 6550,958 (5) None of these

- (6) None of these
- 34.18800 + 470 + 20 = ?
  - (1)800
- (2)2
- (3)23.5
- (4) 0.10
- (5) None of these
- year 2005.

**35.** 
$$\sqrt{?}$$
 + 136 =  $\frac{5}{8}$  of 320

- (1) 1936
- (2)4824
- (3)4196

- (4)4096
- (5) None of these
- 36. The respective ratio of month earnings of P and Q is 4:7. the monthly earning of P in creases by 20% and the monthly earning of Q decrease by 40%, the new ratio become 8: 7 respectively. What is p monthly earning?
  - (1) Rs. 18,200
  - (2) Rs. 15,800
  - (3) Rs. 16,400
  - (4) Rs. 18,600
  - (5) Cannot be determined
- 37. If y is 5 times the x and the respective ratio between (y+)and (x + 14) is 3: 1, what is the difference between x and y?
  - (1) 112
- (2) 103
- (3) 88
- (4) 113
- (5) 123
- 38. The respective ratio between the present ages of Sita and Gita is 3:5. Five years ag the respective ratio between th ages of Sita and Gita at the time was 13 : 25. What i Gita's present age?
  - (1) 32 years (2) 42 years
  - (3) 30 years (4) 40 years
  - (5) 36 years
- 39. The perimeter of a rectangle 120 m. If the difference between the length and breadth of th rectangle is 4 m, what is the circumference of the large circle that can be drawn insid the rectangle? (in metre)
  - (1) 154
- (2) 90 (4) 132

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- (3) 110 (5) 88
- 40. The average salary of A, B at C is Rs. 7,200. The average st
  - ary of B, C and D is Rs. 7.55 If D's salary is 25% more that A's salary, what is the average of B's and C's salaries?
  - (1) Rs. 8,950 (2) Rs. 8,450 (3) Rs. 8,300 (4) Rs. 8,900
  - (5) Rs. 8,700
- Directions (41-45) : Read following information carefully answer these questions. These st tistical data were collected in



Hamirpur in Gujarat is a small township with a population of 15000. 40% of the population be-7500 to the above 35 age category. The ratio of males to females is 1: 15 past records indicate that the population in Hamirpur grows at an annual rate of 7%. The total cultivable area in Hamirpur is 2 lakh acres, Paddy is the major crop of Hamirpur and has shown average productivity levels of 2.5 tonnes per acre. Hamirpur receives about 10 inches of rainfall in a normal monsoon year.

41. The number of people in Hamirpur below the age of 35 is

- (1) 41000
- (2)42000
- cd (3) 45000
  - (4)43000
- nd 🖞 (5) 44000 | (y+|

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42. The number of males in Hamirtisti pur is greater/lesser than the 1 y? number of females by

- (I) Lesser by 15000
- (2) Greater by 15000
- (3) Greater by 10000
- (4) Lesser by 10000
- (5) None of these

43.If the ratio of males to females in 2006 remains the same as that in 2005, then the number of males in 2006 would be

- (1)30600
- (2)32100(4) 32700
- (3) 31500 (5)33000
- 44. What would be the population of Hamirpur in 2007?
  - (1)85000
- (2)84750
- (3)83900
- (4) 85870
- (5) 96850

48.If in 2005, only 60% of the average productivity were attained. then the total paddy production

- of Hamirour would be
- [1] 2.6 lakh tonnes
- (2) 3.0 lakh tonnes
- (3) 2.8 lakh tonnes
- (4) 3.3 lakh tonnes
- (5) 3.6 lakh tonnes

Directions (46-50): In the fol-Wing number series, a wrong number is given. Find out that wrong number.

46, 2 11 38 197 1172 8227

(4) 1172

- 6580g
- (1) 11 (2)38(3) 197
- (5) 8227

- 71 47, 16 30 46 19 21 107 (1) 19(2)21(3)30(4)46(5)71
- 25 41 68 107 48.7 9 16 173
  - (1) 107
    - (2) 16(3)41(4)68
  - (5)25
- 49.4 2 26.25 3.5 7.5 118.125
  - (1) 118.125
- (2)26.25(4)2
- (3) 3.5(5)7.5
- **50.** 16 1.75 1.5 1.875
  - - (1) 1.875 (2) 1.75
    - (3) 1.5(4)2
  - (5)4

Directions (51 – 55) : Find out the approximate value which should replace the question mark (?) in the following questions. (You are not expected to find out the exact valuel

- **51.** 1 = 3 of 1440 + 40% of 3558 -?
  - =612 (1) 99
- (2) 129 (4) 121
- (3) 81 (5) 102
- - (1) 6.5
- (2)7.9
- (3) 6.7
- (4) 3.8
- (5) 8.5
- $+14^2 = ? \times 105 \div 8.25$ **53.** 84
  - (1) 23
- (2) 21
- (3) 22
- (4) 24
- (5) 26
- **54.**  $(12.5 \times 14) \div 20 + 41.25 = \% +$ 2.5
  - (1) 6
- (2) 5 (4)
- (3) 3(5) 7
- 35. (1011 × 3.465 + 1012 × 0.253) +  $(120 \times 10^5) = 10^7 \div 19$ 
  - (1) 6
- (2) 8 (4) 5
- (3) 3
- (5) 2
- 56. What approximate value should come in place of (?) in the following equation?

- 9876 + 24.96 + 215.005 ? =309.99
- (1)395
- (2)295(4)315
- (3)300(5)310
- 57. Average weight of three boys P.

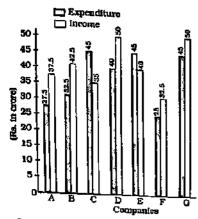
T and R is  $54\frac{1}{9}$  kgs while the average weight of three boys. T. F and G is 53 kgs. What is the average weight of P. T. R. F and н?

- (2) 52.4 kgs (1) 53.8 kgs
- (3) 53.2 kgs
- (4) Can't be determined
- (5) None of these
- 58. Sudhanshu invested Rs. 15,000 at interest @ 10 p.c.p.a. for one year. If the interest is compounded every six months what amount will Sudhanshu get at the end of the year?
  - (1) Rs. 16,537.50
  - (2) Rs. 16, 500
  - (3) Rs. 16, 525,50
  - (4) Rs. 18,150
  - (5) None of these
- 59. Ratio of the earnings of A and B is 4:7 respectively. If the earnings of A increase by 50% and the earnings of B decrease by 25% the new ratio of their earnings becomes 8:7 respectively. What are A's earnings?
  - (1) Rs. 26,000
  - (2) Rs. 28, 000
  - (3) Rs. 21,000
  - (4) Data inadequate
  - (5) None of these
- 60. The wheat sold by a grocer contained 10% low quality wheat. What quantity of good quality wheat should be added to 150 kgs of wheat so that the percentage of low quality wheat becomes 5% ?
  - (1) 150 kgs (2) 135 kgs
  - (3) 50 kgs (4) 85 kgs
  - (5) None of these

Directions (61-65): Study the following graph carefully and answer the questions given below it :

Account of income and exposditure (in crores) of seven companies in the year 2007

# Percentage profit/loss Expenditure × 100



- 61. Approximately what is the percentage of profit/loss that Companies C and D had together? (1) 10% profit (2) 12% profit (3) 10% loss (4) 12% loss
- (5) There was no loss or profit 62. If the income of Company A had increased by 10% in year 2007 from year 2008 and profit earned in 2006 was 20% what was its expenditure in 2006 ? (The value upto two decimal places in crores)
  - (1)36.36(2) 32.32 (3) 30.30
  - (4) Can't be determined (5) None of these
- 63. If the expenditure of Company G in 2007 was 20% more than its expenditure in the year 2006 and the Company has carned a profit of 10% in 2006. What was the company income in 2006 in crores Rs. ?
  - (1)37.5(2)41.25(3)34.09
  - (4) Cannot be determined (5) None of these
- 64. Which of the following Companies had the highest percent
  - age of profit/loss to 2007? (2) C (ii) B (4) A (3) F
- (5) None of these 65. What is the approximate
- percentage of profit earned by all the Companies together in 2007?
  - (1) 11 (2) 11.5
  - (3) 10.5 (4) 12(5) 12.5

# REASONING ABILITY

- 66. If 'Blue' is called 'Green' 'Green' is called 'White', White' is called 'Red' and 'Red' is called 'Yellow', then what will be the colour of milk?
  - (1) White
- (2) Green
- (3) Yellow (4) Red
- (5) None of these
- 67. M is towards South of B. B is towards West of N. N is towards which direction from M?
  - (1) North (2) East
  - (3) North-East
  - (4) Cannot be determined
  - (5) None of these
- 68. In a certain code AUDIT is written as 2\*67\$ and PUB is written as 8x5. How is BUT written in that code?
  - (1)56\$
- $(2)5 \pm 3$
- (3)578(4) 6±8
- (5) None of these
- 69. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word MER-IT each of which has as many letters between them in the word as in the English alphabet ?
  - (1) None
    - (2) One
  - (3) Two (4) Three
  - (5) Four
- 'Wall' is related to 'Brick' in the same way as 'Book' is related
  - (I) Page
- (2) Binding
- (3) Novel
- (4) Story
- (5) Author

Directions (71-75): The following questions are based on the five three-digit numbers :

- 714 635 386 423 258
- 71. If all the numbers are arranged in descending order from left to right, which of the following will be the sum of all the three digits of the number which is second from the right?
  - (1) 17
- (2)9(4) 12
- (3) 15
- (5) 14 72. The positions of the first and the third digits of each of the numbers are interchanged.

What will be the reslutant first digit of highest number thus formed is divided by the second digit of the lowest num ber thus formed?

- (1) 2.5
- (2) 1
- (3) 1.5
- (4) 2
- (5)4
- 73. If '3' is added to the third digit of every odd number and if 3 is subtracted from the thin digit of every even number, how many numbers thus formed will be completely divisible by two?
  - (1) Three
- (2) Four
- (3) One
- (4) Two
- (5) None
- 74. What will be the resultant if first digit of the highest number is multiplied with the second digit of the lowest num. ber?
  - (1) 20(3) 14
- (2) 35(4) 40
- (5) 2
- 75. If in each number all the digits are arranged in ascending order within the number, what will be the difference between the lowest and the second low
  - est numbers thus formed? (1) 111
    - (2) 221
  - (3)87(5) 24
- (4) 12

Directions (76-80) : Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

In a certain code language, 'cold days in winter' is written

as 'rs te kp nh' /winter season is pleasant' is written as 'Ig kp bz fo'

'shiver in cold season' is writ; ten as 'nh lg te ad'

'winter days are pleasant' is written as 'bz ra om kp'

(Note: All the codes are two letter codes only)

- 76. What will be the possible code for 'long winter days' in the given code language?
  - (1) to kp ex (2) kp om te
  - (3) rs ex kp (4) kp rs om (5) fo kp bz
- 77. What is the code for 'shiver' M the given code language?

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- (1) Other tha options
- (2) ad
- (4) nh
- 78. If winter is c as foqk kp'i language, the are chilled be
  - (1) lg fo qk
  - (2) Other than options
  - (3) rs qk te
  - (5) rs te om
- 79. What does the for in the given
  - (1) either 'is' c
  - (2) 'days' (3) 'scason'
  - (5) 'cold'
- so. What is the co season' in the
  - guage?
  - (1) lg bz
  - (3) te fo (5) rs te
- 81. How many num will be left out if bers each of wi divisible by 4 aı one of the digits
  - (1) 27
- (3) 31 (5) None of these 82. Four of the follo <sup>alike</sup> in a certai
  - form a group. WI that does not t South 5

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- (1) Violet (3) Green
- (5) Yellow
- 83, T says. 'M is sittle me', Reays, 'N is s right of T. If both right and they are four sides of a re ble. who is sitting of M 3
  - (1) T (3) TorR (2
- (4) Data inadequa (5) None of these 84. If the consonants DROVE are first Phabeticallity and il but in between two sonants in the aipl

(2) GH

**BGHA** 

**GHDC** 

(2) EC

(2) D

(4) G

(2)N

(4) U

(2) P

(4) #

(2) K

(4) R

(2) Two

(4) Four

- 98. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on their positions in the above arrangement and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?
  - (1) ER
- (2) #K
- (3) ©B
- (4) FA
- (5) WH
- 99. Which of the following is the fourth to the right of the tenth from the right end?
  - $(1) \star$
- (2) F
- (3) N
  - (4) A
- (5) None of these
- 100. How many such symbols are there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately preceded by a consonant?
  - (1) One
- (2) Two
- (3) Three
- (4) Four
- (5) Five

ANSWERS				
Ī	1. (2)	2. (5)	3. (3)	4. (5)
۲	5. (1)	6. (1)	7. (3)	8. (1)
۲	9. (4)	10. [5]	11. (3)	12. (4)
t	13. (4)	14. (2)	15. (4)	16. (1)
Ì	17. (3)	18. (4)	19. (3)	20. (4)
Ì	21. (3)	22. (5)	<b>23.</b> (5)	24. (2)
١	25. (4)	28. (4)	27. (5)	<b>28.</b> (3)
ı	29. (1)	<b>30.</b> (5)	<b>31.</b> (3)	32. (4)
	33. (1)	34. (2)	35. (4)	36. (5)
1	<b>37.</b> (3)	<b>38.</b> (3)	<b>39.</b> (5)	<b>40.</b> (5)
	41. (3)	42. (1)	43. (2)	44. (4)
ĺ	45. (2)	46. (4)	47. (1)	48, (4)
	49. (3)	50. (2)	<b>5L</b> (5)	52. (2)
	<b>53.</b> (2)	54. (2)	<b>55.</b> (1)	<b>56.</b> (3)
	<b>67.</b> (4)	58. (1)	59. (4)	60. (1)
	61. (5)	<b>62.</b> (5)	63. (2)	84. (4)
	<b>65.</b> (3)	66. (4)	<b>67.</b> (3)	68. (2)
	69. (2)	70. (1)	71. (1)	<b>72.</b> (6)
	73. (4)	74. (2)	<b>75.</b> (3)	76. (3)
	77. (2)	78. (4)	79. (5)	60. (1)
	81. (4)		83. (5)	84. (2)
	<b>85</b> . (5	43	<b>87.</b> (5	<b>88.</b> (2)
	89. (1		91. (5	92. (3)
	93. (4	-1	95. (3	98. (2)
	97. (2	<del>-  </del>	99. (4	100. (4)

# **EXPLANATIONS**

- 1. (2) He would only eat in a house where no one had lied.
- 2. (5) Only (A) and (C)
- 3. (3) He had truly lived only after he devoted himself to spiritual life.
- 4. (5) He felt that the rich man lied to him.
- 5. (1) His middle son was the only child who obeyed him.
- 6. (1) The rich man claimed to have never told a lie.
- 7. (3) The meaning of the word Tend (Verb) as used in the passage is: to care for something/somebody; to serve; watch.

# Look at the sentence:

Ambulance crews were tending to the injured.

Hence, the synonym of the word tending is watching.

8. (1) The meaning of the word Clarify (Verb) as used in the passage is: to make something clearer or easier to understand; confirm.

# Look at the sentence :

He asked her to clarify what she meant.

- 9. (4) The meaning of the word Tired (Adjective) as used in the passage is : weary; feeling that you would like to sleep or rest; needing rest.
  - The word Energised (Adjective) means : enthusiastic; energetic.
- 10. (5) The antonym of the word special should be ordinary.
- 11. (3) It is preposition related error. Hence, RBI has granted licenses to..... should be used here.
- 12. (4) Here, an income tax rebate under the Act....should be used. Look, no Act has been discussed earlier, hence it is improper to use 'this'.
- 13. (4) Could is followed by infinitive without to used.
  - Hence, sooner as/so that she could surprise.....should be
- 14. (2) Here, a certain/fixed number of cities(plural) as..... should be used.

- 15. (4) Here, passive voice i.e. dustrial units will closed.....should be used.
- 16. (1) The correct spelling principal.
- 17. (3) The correct spelling is: сепае...
- 18. (4) The correct spelling is: couragement.
- 19. (3) The correct spelling is: It olutionised.
- 20. (4) The correct spelling is : cal yons.
- **27.** (5) bowed 26. (4) feed
- 28. (3) pointing
- 29. (1) surprised
- **30.** (5) increased

31. (3) 
$$? = 15 - \frac{33}{4} - 60\% \text{ of } \frac{6}{5}$$

$$= \left(\frac{60 - 33}{4}\right) - \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{60}{100}$$

38.

39.

$$=\frac{27}{4} - \frac{18}{25} = \frac{675 - 72}{100} = \frac{603}{100} = 60$$

- 32.(4) ? = 7275.84 + 124.518889.4
  - = 7400.358 889.4 = 6510.95

**83.** (1) 
$$? = \frac{(12+4)(12-4)}{(9+3)(9-3)} = \frac{16\times8}{12\times6}$$

$$= \frac{16}{9} = 1\frac{7}{9}$$

**34.** (2) ? = 
$$\frac{18800}{470}$$
 + 20

$$=40 \div 20 = 2$$

35. (4) 
$$\sqrt{?} + 136 = 320 \times \frac{6}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{?} = 200 - 136 = 64$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 64 \times 64 = 4096$$

- 36. (5) P's monthly salary = Rs. 4x
  - Q's monthly salary = Rs. 74 After respective increase/d crease.

$$\frac{4x \times 120}{100} = \frac{4 \times 120}{7 \times 60} = \frac{8}{7}$$

No result is obtained. 37. (3) According to the question

1:0

еd

**≔60** 

518

0.95

×θ

×6

1. 7%

e/ð

$$\therefore \frac{y+1}{x+14} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5x+1}{x+14} = \frac{3}{1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x + 1 = 3x + 42$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 42 - 1 = 41$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{41}{2}$$

$$=5x-x=4x$$

$$=\frac{4\times41}{2}=82$$

# 35. (3) Sita's present age =3xyears

$$\frac{3x-5}{5x-5} = \frac{13}{25}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 75x - 125 = 65x - 65

$$\Rightarrow 75x - 65x = 125 - 65$$

$$\Rightarrow 10x = 60 \Rightarrow x = 6$$

$$\therefore \text{ Gita's present age} \\
= 5x = 5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ years}$$

# 39. (5)



# Breadth of rectangle = x metre

 $\therefore$  Length = (x + 4) metre

.. Perimeter of rectangle

$$= 2(x + 4 + x)$$
 metre

= (4x + 8) metre

$$3.4x+8=120$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x = 120 - 8 = 112$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{112}{4} = 28 \text{ metre}$$

.. Diameter of largest circle

- ≈ 28 metre
- : Circumference of circle

= n x diameter

$$=\frac{22}{7} \times 28 = 88$$
 metre

40. (5) 
$$A + B + C \Rightarrow 7200 \times 3$$

=Rs. 21600

 $B+C+D \Rightarrow 7550 \times 3$ 

= Rs. 22650 :. By equation (ii) - (i).

D-A=Rs. (22650-21600)

≈ Rs. 1050

$$\Rightarrow \frac{125A}{100} - A = 1050$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{25A}{100} = 1050 \Rightarrow \frac{A}{4} = 1050$$

$$\Rightarrow A = 1050 \times 4 = \text{Rs.} 4200$$

$$\therefore B + C \Rightarrow 21600 - 4200$$

= Rs. 17400

... Required average

$$=\frac{17400}{2}=\text{Rs. }8700$$

41. (3) Population of Hamirpur = 75000

Population below the age of

$$=\frac{60}{100} \times 75000 = 45000$$

**42.** (1) Males: Females = 1:1.5

$$\therefore$$
 1 xx+1.5x=75000

 $\Rightarrow 2.5x = 75000$ 

$$\therefore x = \frac{75000}{2.5} = 30000$$

.. Number of males = 30000 Number of females =  $1.5 \times 30000$ 

.. Number of males is lesser than that of females by 15000.

43. (2) Population of Hamirpur in

 $= 1.07 \times 75000 = 80250$ 

 $\therefore 2.5x = 80250$ 

Males : Females = 1 : 1.5

$$\therefore x = \frac{80250}{25} = 32100$$

.: Number of males in 2006 =32100

44. (4) From question 43.

Population in 2006 = 80250

At an annual growth rate of 7%, population in 2007 = 1.07 × 80250 = 85868

45. (2)

# Productivity = Paddy production in tonnes Total cultivableares

Average productivity of Hamir-

= 2.5 tonnes per acre

∴ 60% of average productivity

 $= 0.6 \times 2.5 = 1.5 \text{ tonnes/acre}$ 

.. Total paddy production

= 1.5 tonnes/acre x 2 lakh acres

= 3.0 lakh tonnes

following pattern :  $2 \times 3 + 5 = 11$ 

46. (4) The series is based on the

 $11 \times 4 - 6 = 38$ 

 $38 \times 5 + 7 = 197$ 

 $197 \times 6 - 8 \neq 1172$  but 1174

Clearly, 1172 is the wrong number and it should be replaced by 1174.

47. (1) The series is based on the following pattern:

 $107 - 71 = 36 = 6^2$ 

 $71 - 46 = 25 = 5^2$ 

 $46 - 30 = 16 = 4^{\circ}$ 

 $30 - 21 = 9 = 3^2$ 

 $21 - 19 = 2 \neq 2^2$ 

but,  $21 - 17 = 4 = 2^2$ 

Clearly, 19 should be replaced by 17.

48. (4) The series is based on the following pattern:

7 + 9 = 16

9 + 16 = 25

16 + 25 = 41

25 + 41 = 766 but 66

Clearly, 68 should be replaced by 66.

49. (3) The series is based on the following pattern:

7.5 26.25 118.125 × 1.5 × 2.5 × 3.5 × 4.5 Clearly, 3.5 should be replaced by

50. (2) The series is based on the following pattern:

Clearly, 1.75 should be replaced

**51.** (5) 1440 of 
$$1\frac{2}{3} + \frac{40 \times 3558}{100} =$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{3} \times 1440 + \frac{40 \times 3558}{100} - ?$$

⇒ 2400 + 1423 - ? ≈ 3721

⇒ ?≈2400 + 1423 - 3721 **≈ 102** 

52. (2)? + 
$$\left(\frac{25 \times 289}{100} - \frac{131}{4}\right) = 0.2$$
  
 $\Rightarrow$ ? +  $(72 - 33) \approx 0.2$   
 $\Rightarrow$ ? + 39  $\approx$  0.2

⇒ ? ≈ 39 × 0.2 ≈ 7.8 .: Required answer = 7.9

# **53.** (2) $84 + 14^2 = ? \times 105 \div 8$

$$\Rightarrow 84 + 196 = \frac{? \times 105}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 280  $\times$  8  $\approx$  ?  $\times$  105

$$\Rightarrow ? \approx \frac{280 \times 8}{105} \approx 21$$

**54.** (2) 
$$(12.5 \times 14) \div 20 + 41.25$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 175 ÷ 20 + 41.25 =  $?^8$  ÷ 2.5

$$\Rightarrow$$
 8.75 + 41.25  $\approx$  ?<sup>3</sup>  $\div$  2.5

$$\Rightarrow 50 = \frac{2^3}{2.5}$$

$$\Rightarrow ?^3 = 50 \times 2.5 = 125$$

55. (1) 
$$(10^{11} \times 3.465 + 10^{12} \times 0.253)$$
  
  $\div (120 \times 10^5) = 10^7 + 19$ 

$$\Rightarrow 10^{11} (3.465 + 2.53) \div (120 \times 10^5) = 10^7 \div 19$$

$$\Rightarrow 10^{11} \times 6 + (120 \times 10^{5})$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10^{11} \times 6}{120 \times 10^5} \approx \frac{10^9}{19}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10^{11-5}}{20^7} \approx \frac{10^7}{19}$$

Approximatig the terms to the nearest values, we have

rearest values, we have  $? = 9900 \div 25 + 215 - 310$ 

$$=\frac{9900}{25}+215-310$$

$$=396+215-310$$

$$=396+215-310=310=300$$

# 57. (4) Can't be determined

58. (1) Interest is compounded half yearly.

Hence rate of interest

$$=\frac{10}{2}=5\%$$

No. of periods = 2

: Amount = 
$$15000 \left( 1 + \frac{5}{100} \right)^2$$

$$= 15000 \times \frac{21}{20} \times \frac{21}{20} = \text{Rs. } 16537.50$$

# 59. (4) Let the earnings A and B beRs. 4x and 7x respectively. After 50% increase, A's earnings= 150% of 4x.

After 25% decrease, B's earning = 75% of 7x

Ratio = 150% of 4x: 75% of

7x = 8:7

But their total earnings are unknown. Hence A's earnings can't be known.

60. (1) Good quality content in 150 kgs of wheat = 90% of 150 = 135 kg.

In new mixture, low quality of wheat is 5%, so good quality of wheat is 95%.

- .. 5% of the new mixture
- $=15 \, \text{kg}$
- .. New mixture

$$=\frac{15\times100}{5}$$
 = 300 kg

- .. Good quality of wheat added = (300 150) kg. = 150 kg.
- 61. (5) Total expenditure of Companies C and D
  - = 45 + 40 = Rs. 85 crores
    Total incomes of Companies (
  - Total incomes of Companies C and D = (35 + 50) crores = Rs. 85 crores

Clearly, there is no profit or loss.

62. (5) Income of Company A in 2006

= Rs. 
$$\frac{100}{110} \times 37.5$$
 crores

= Rs. 34.09 crores

Let expenditure in 2006 be Rs. x crores

$$\therefore 20 = \frac{34.09 - x}{x} \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 0.2x  $\approx$  34.09 - x

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{34.09}{12} = 28.4$$
 crores

63. (2) Expenditure of Company G

$$m \ 2006 = \frac{100}{120} \times 45$$

= Rs. 37.5 crores

Let its income in 2006 be J crores

$$10 = \frac{1 - 37.5}{37.5} \times 100$$

- $\Rightarrow 3.75 = 1 37.5$
- $\Rightarrow 1 = 37.5 + 3.75$
- = Rs. 41.25 crores

64. (4) For Company B Profit %

$$=\frac{425-325}{325}\times100$$

$$=\frac{1000}{32.5}=30.77\%$$

For Company C

$$Loss \% = \frac{35 - 45}{45} \times 100$$

= 22.2 %

For Company F

Profit % = 
$$\frac{325-25}{25} \times 100 = 309$$

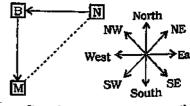
For Company A Profit %

$$=\frac{37.5-27.5}{27.5}\times100=36.36\%$$

- **65.** (3) Total expenditure = 27.5 + 32.5 + 45 + 40 + 45
  - 25 + 45 = Rs. 260 crores
  - Total income = 37.5 + 42.5 + 35 + 50 + 40.
  - 32.5 + 50 = Rs. 287.5 crores
    ∴ Required Profit %

$$=\frac{287.5-260}{260}\times100=10.57$$

- 66. (4) The colour of milk is white But here white has been callo red.
- **67.** (3)



It is clear from the diagram the N is towards Nort-East from b

2 \* 6 7 \$ 8 \* 5

- 69. (2) 13 5 18 9 20 M E R I T
- 70. (1) Wall is constructed with bricks. Similarly, a book consists of pages.
- 71. (1) Descending order of numbers:

MODE

7

s

== 5) .en

7**2.** (5

Hi

Its

Its

' Re **73. (**4]

(76-80)



winter

shiver

winter

**76.** (3)

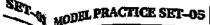
77. (2) :

78. (4) ī

The c

79. (5) n 80. (1) p

81. (4) The bedre 4, 8, 1



714 > 635 > 423 > 386 > 258 Second number from the right **⇒ 386** 

sum of digits of 386

 $\Rightarrow 3 + 8 + 6 = 17$ 

72. (5) 714 => 417

 $635 \Rightarrow 536$ 

386 ⇒ 683

 $423 \Rightarrow 324$ 

 $258 \Rightarrow 852$ 

Highest number ⇒ 852

ge first digit 🛥 8 )=30g

Lowest number ⇒ 324

its second digit = 2

Required result =  $\frac{8}{2}$  = 4

73. (4)  $714 \Rightarrow 711$ 

 $635 \Rightarrow 638$ 

# MODEL PRACTICE SET-05

86. (1) 18-6+8×4

⇒ 18+6-8+4

⇒ 18+6-2 **=** 22

87. (5) 20 + 10 + 8

 $\Rightarrow 20 - 10 \times 8$ 

⇒ 20 - 80 = - 60

**88.** (2)  $16 + 4 \times M = 8$ 

 $\Rightarrow$   $16 \times 4 + M = 8$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  8 M = 64

 $\therefore M = \frac{64}{8} = 8$ 

(89 - 93):

G H B D South Facing Flats

C A E F North Facing Flate

89. (1) Flats D and G are at the two ends.

90. (2) Flat A is exactly opposite of flat H. 91. (5) Flat G. H. B and D face

South. 92. (3) Flat C and F are at the two

ends.

93. (4) Flat G is exactly opposite of flat C.

94. (4) RED \* N U # KB @ F

95. (3) 7th to the right of  $E \Rightarrow B$ 

96. (2) Fifth of the right of the ninth from the left end means 14th from the left, i.e., K.

97. (2) | Vowel | Symbot

Such combinations are:

[[\$];[U#];

98. (5)

99. (4) Fourth to the right of the tenth from the right end means sixth from the right end, i.e., A.

100. (4) Consonant Symbol

Such combinations are:

T%; D \*; B ; W @

(76-80):

1+40+ ores

57

i white

1 called

, NE

→ Easi

um thal

rom M

5

with

k con

[ muß

SE

) + 45+

6 %



winter



season?







pleasant



386 ⇒ 383

 $423 \Rightarrow 426$ 

 $258 \Rightarrow 255$ 

divisible by two.

= 35

 $635 \Rightarrow 356$ 

 $386 \Rightarrow 368$ 

 $423 \Rightarrow 234$ 

 $258 \Rightarrow 258$ 

Lowest number ⇒ 147

Required difference

**= 234 - 147 = 87** 

Second lowest number ⇒ 234

**75.** (3) 714 ⇒ 147

74. (2) Highest number ⇒ 714

Its first digit ⇒ 7

638 and 426 are completely

Lowest number  $\Rightarrow 258$ 

Required result  $\Rightarrow$  7  $\times$  5

Its second digit ⇒ 5





om

ad

kp









İs































pleasant

days ⇒ rs The code for 'long' may be 'cx'.

77. (2) shiver  $\Rightarrow$  ad

76. (3) winter ⇒ kp

78. (4) winter ⇒ kp is  $\Rightarrow$  fo

chilled ⇒ qk

Therefore,

 $days \Rightarrow rs$ 

are ⇒ om

 $chilled \Rightarrow qk$ 79. (5)  $nh \Rightarrow cold$ 

80. (1) pleasant  $\Rightarrow$  bz

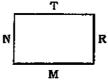
season => lg 81, (4) The numbers which are to be dropped :

<sup>4</sup>, 8, 12, 14, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 34,36,40=12

40-12=28

82. (4) Except Grey, all others are parts of a white specturm or a Rainbow.

83. (5)



M is sitting towards right of No. 84. (2) According to question,

> DEROV 4th from right

**≫**P || | P|• **85.** (5) 10th 14th

> Original Position of Prakash from the left = 25 - 14 + I = 12th