

EDUCATION (ELEMENTARY) DEPARTMENT GOVERNMENT OF ASSAM

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Part IV A (Article 51 A)

Fundamental Duties

Fundamental Duties - It shall be the duty of every citizen of India-

- to abide by the Constitution and respect its ideals and institutions, the National Flag and National Anthem;
- to cherish and follow the noble ideals which inspired our national struggle for freedom.
- to uphold and protect the sovereignty, unity and integrity of India;
- to defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so;
- to promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood amongst all the people of India transcending religious, linguistic and regional or sectional diversities; to renounce practices derogatory to the dignity of women;
- to value and preserve the rich heritage of our composite culture;
- to protect and improve the natural environment including forests, lakes, rivers, wildlife and to have compassion for living creatures;
- to develop the scientific temper, humanism and the spirit of inquiry and reform;
- to safeguard public property and to abjure violence;
- to strive towards excellence in all spheres of individual and collective activity so that the nation constantly rises to higher levels of endeavour and achievement:
- who is a parent or guardian, to provide opportunities for education to his child or, as the case may be, ward between the age of six and fourteen years.

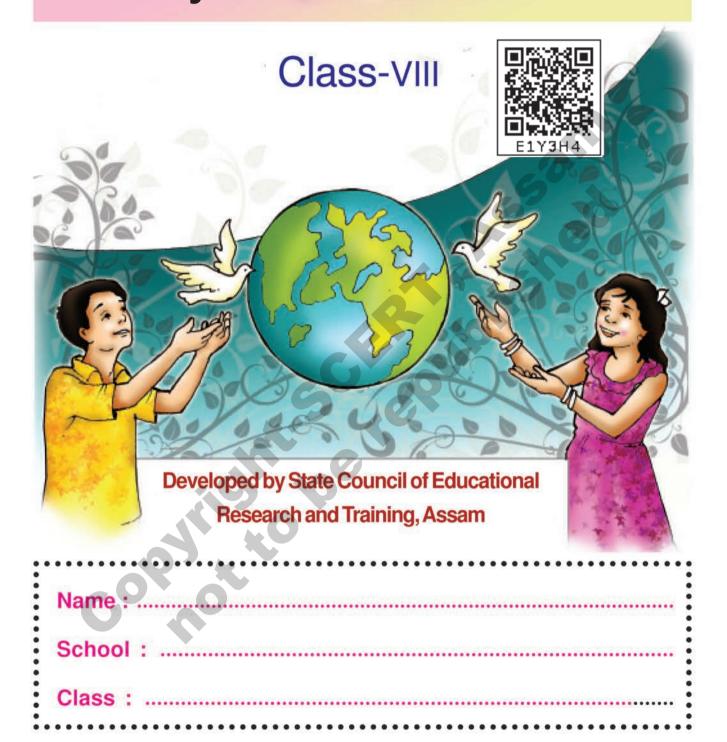
How to Access e-resources using DIKSHA?

- Type diksha.gov.in/app in your mobile browser and tap on install button
- Search for DIKSHA in Google Play Store and tap on install button to download the app.
 HOW TO ACCESS E-RESOURCES USING QR CODE ON MOBILE?
 - Select preferred language
 - 2. Choose your role: Teacher, Student or Other
 - 3. Tap to scan the QR code
 - 4. Grant access and allow app permissions
 - Focus camera on the QR code in textbook
 - Click to Play QR code specific e-resource(s)

HOW TO ACCESS E-RESOURCES USING QR CODE ON DESKTOP?

- 1. Under the QR code you will find a alphanumeric code
- 2. Type https://diksha.gov.in/as/get
- 3. Type the alphanumeric code in the search bar
- 4. View list of e-resources available and click on any e-resource of your choice

History and Political Science



Education (Elementary) Department, Government of Assam

History and Political Science: A textbook for class VIII (English) developed by SCERT, Assam, with financial support of SSA, Assam, through workshops and approved by the Government of Assam and published by the Assam State Textbook Production and Publication Corporation Limited, Guwahati on behalf of Govt. of Assam.

FREE TEXTBOOK

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED: No reproduction in any form of this book,in whole or in part(except for brief quotation in critical articles or reviews), may be made without written authorization from the publisher.

Copyright : State Council of Educational Research and Training, Assam

First Publication : 2012 Second Publication : 2013

Third Publication : 2014 (Revised)

Fourth Publication : 2016
Fifth Publication : 2017
Sixth Publication : 2018
Seventh Publication : 2019
Eighth Publication : 2020

Ninth Publication : 2021 (Revised)
Tenth Publication : 2022 (Revised)

Printed on : 70 GSM Paper

Publisher

The Assam State Textbook Production and Publication Corporation Limited on behalf of Govt. of Assam for free Distribution.

Printer : Computer Arts

Kalapahar, Guwahati-16

Dr. Ranoj Pegu, MBBS.

Minister, Assam



Education, Welfare of Plain Tribe & Backward classes



MESSAGE

Textbooks are the key components of scholastic education. Students gain knowledge that flows through the pages of the textbooks. Students, enriched with knowledge, are the wealth and future of our State as well as our Nation. The Renaissance of human civilization had been influenced by Education only. With this realization and foresight, the present Government has accorded the highest priority to the development of the Educational sector in the State.

The present State Government, in a bid to complement the untiring efforts of the student community to achieve success and fulfil ones' ambition and contribute to the welfare of the State, has been implementing various educational assistance programmes under "Pragyan Bharati". Under this programme, Free Textbooks are being distributed to the students from Pre Primary, Class I to Class XII which is now extended up to degree level since 2020. The benefits have been further augmented by waiving admission fees for the students of Secondary and Degree level. The State Government has also waived examination fees at the Secondary level for the students from the economically weaker section. Free uniforms are also being provided to the students up to the High School level. Under the "Anundoram Borooah Award Scheme", free laptops and at times, substituted with cash rewards, are being provided to meritorious students who excel in the HSLC examinations.

The Free Textbook component of the noble programme -"Pragyan Bharati" comprises printing, publication and distribution and, it is implemented with concerted efforts of the Assam State Textbook Production and Publication Corporation Limited (ASTPPC Ltd.), State Council of Educational Research and Training (SCERT), Board of Secondary Education, Assam (SEBA) and Assam Higher Secondary Education Council (AHSEC). I thank all these wings of the education department and appreciate their sincere hard work to make the scheme successful. My best wishes remain to all the Students - the human resources of the Nation for relentlessly pursuing their studies with all dedication and sincerity to gain a successful foothold to a bright future.

(Dr. Ranoj Pegu) Education Minister, Assam

PREFACE

The development of a quality textbook is possible if it is based on a quality curriculum. For the development of curriculum and textbook it is impressive to consider some aspects like constitutional obligation, population structure, socio-economic condition, governance, economic activities, importance of science and technology, etc. Our State Education Department has considered all these aspects and has planned to develop the textbook for the elementary stage on the basis of National Curriculum Framework, 2005.

There is an intrinsic relationship between the systems of education and society. On the other hand, no one can ignore the importance and contribution of Social Science to the process of social change. Therefore, while developing the textbook on Social Science, utmost care has been taken to ensure a proper co-ordination between these two aspects.

Renowned educationists of the state, faculty members from SCERT, DIET, BTC, Normal School have participated in planning, drafting and reviewing the manuscripts of the textbook. In addition to this, the subject and language experts have extended their whole hearted co-operation in the finalization of the textbook. We are thankful to all of them for their contribution.

To ensure quality, the framework of the textbook has been designed on the basis of the NCERT textbooks. Further, in order to develop a quality textbook, the draft lessons were tried out in actual classroom situation in some selected schools of the State with the help of the teacher educators who had participated in the workshops for the development of textbook. The feedback received from the concerned teachers contributed significantly to the process of finalization of the lessons in the present textbook.

On the basis of the technological perspective, at present QR Code has been introduced in the Social Science textbook under 'DIKSHA' portal, in order to extend the knowledge of the students and to ensure the learning outcomes which will help to gain a comprehensive knowledge on the subject matter through digital medium for their co-operation. In this respect we are grateful to the resource persons of 'DIKSHA', who has co-operated with us.

Depending on the basis of the changes and the new thoughts of the last ten years in the overall direction of the country, accordingly in 2021 revision of the Social Science textbook has been done. As per the need of the time therefore, inclusions of new information, thoughts, ideas, illustrations, pictures has been incorporated to enrich all the sections of the textbook. It is expected that this revised edition will make the learners as well as teachers appreciate the task.

As per the suggestion provided by officials of the Department of School Education in the year 2022 the existing textbook of Social Science, Class VIII has been revised by named 'History and Political Science' and incorporating one new lesson of History named 'Ancient Kamrupa'. We hope that this particular textbook will increase the interest and spirit of inquisitiveness among the students as well as the teachers towards the subject.

We also the concerned hope that conscious section of the society will provide their constructive and valuable suggestions to enable us to correct the unintended mistakes.

(Dr. Nirada Devi) Director

State Council of Educational Research and Training Kahilipara, Guwahati-19

History and Political Science

Lesson Developers:

History and Political Science

Shri Ganesh Ch. Goswami,

Rtd. Sr. Lecturer, DIET, Barpeta

Smti Jyotshna Gogoi Medak,

Rtd. Sr. Lecturer, DIET, Lakhimpur

Shri Gobin Ch. Borah,

Rtd. Principal, DIET, Lakhimpur

Dr. Nabonita Baruah, Associate Prof.

Deptt. of History, Pandu College

Smti Mainu Baruah Kalita, Rtd.

Lecturer, DIET, Nalbari.

Shri Harinath Borah,

Sr. Lecturer, DIET, Dhemaji

Smti Rumi Hazarika, Subject Teacher

Dispur Higher Secondary School

Smti Manju Bara Sharma, Rtd. Subject Teacher,

Panbazar Girls High School

Syeda Rumena Begum, Rtd. Sr.Lecturer, DIET,

Dibrugarh

Smti Aparna Sharma, Rtd. Subject Teacher,

Kamrup Academi Higher Secondary School

Smti Mitali Barah, Asstt. Teacher, Narmal School,

Nagaon

Revision

Lt. Mridupaban Goswami, Former Principal,

Post Graduate Teacher Training College, Jorhat

Dr. Dhruba Pratim Sharma, Associate Prof. Deptt.

of Political Science, Gauhati University.

Language Expert

Lt. (Dr) Ramesh Chandra Pathak

Prof. and Former Head, Deptt. of Assamese, Cotton

University

Revision: 2021

History Part

Dr. Munin Saikia, HOD, Deptt. of History

Bapuji College, Barpeta

Shri Parash Goswami, DPO, Samagra

Shiksha, Axom, Jorhat

Smti Himadri Verma, Lect, DIET, Diburgarh

Smti Rashmeeta Borah, Subject Teacher,

Lahorighat Higher Secondary School,

Morigaon.

Political Science Part

Dr. Shantonu Chakravarty, Associate Prof.

Deptt. of Political Science, Cotton University.

Dr. Saiki Talukdar, HOD. Deptt. of Political

Science, Kamrup College, Nalbari

Dr. Bhaben Kakoti, Asstt. Prof. Deptt. of

Political Science, Kamrup College, Nalbari

Shri Pradip Das, Sr. Lecturer, DIET, Goalpara

Translation: 2021

Shri Navajit Pradhani, Lect, DIET

Karimgang

Reviwer: 2021

Smti Samhita Malini Baruah, Sr. Lecturer,

DIET, Morigaon

Revision: 2022

History Part (1st Lesson)

Dr. Raktim Pator, Asstt. Professor,

Deptt. of History, Gargaon College, Sivasagar.

Shri Ganesh Ch. Goswami,

Rtd. Sr. Lecturer, DIET, Barpeta

Editing

Dr. Ajanta Brahma,

Additional Director, SCERT, Assam

Smti Geeta Dutta Barthakur,

Deputy Director, SCERT, Assam

Smti Bandana Duori,

Deputy Director, SCERT, Assam

To the teachers...



he foundation of a peaceful society depends on the basis of the knowl edge of the subject Social Science. Through earnest study of Social Science one can acquire necessary knowledge, intelligence and skill to face the challenges arising from the growing interdependence of man across a global society. It contributes to development of a strong understanding of human values like freedom, faith, mutual understanding, respect, trust and goodwill for diversity. Besides, it creates an analytical mindset among the students to watch the incidents of any time. The endeavour made by the teachers can help the students increase their will power by identifying the evils that are threatening the social values and defeat these in time of need.

It can not be denied that the subjects included in Social Science for eg. Geography, History, Political Science, Economics, etc. have their own subject specific objectives. On the otherhand, though there are differences yet all the subjects have some common features too. The discussion of one subject neglecting the other is not fruitful. Naturally, to make a healthy, strong and peaceful society, the knowledge of every subject is very much necessary for the students to help them play their role as good citizens. Otherwise, the knowledge gained from Social Science will remain incomplete. Probably, in view of the above, in the world of science and technology the acceptance and significance of Social Science has been increasing day by day.

Co-ordination of all the subjects of Social Science is a must. We are to enter in the classroom carefully by ensuring participation of the guardians and well known people of the society. With the application of flexible routine and group activity we should try to bring this dynamism to the teaching system by excluding the existing monopoly of teachers. Moreover, to keep an account of the students' 100 percent acquisition of knowledge, we are to ascertain activities related to continuous and comprehensive evaluation associated with the teaching learning process. If it is done, maintenance of records of all round development of children would be possible.

With all these objectives in view, this new Social Science book has been prepared on the basis of 'National Curriculum Frame work 2005'. In the textbook, subject matter of two main dicisiplines have been included. They are History and Political Science. Total 13 (thirteen) numbers of lessons have been incorporated by covering the subject matter of all the disciplines. The lesson are tries out in the field to make them competency based, activity-based and interesting

The main features of this textbook have been discussed below for the convenience of transaction of the lessons in the classroom-

The main features of this textbook have been discussed below for the convenience of transaction of the lessons in the classroom-

Learning outcome: In the beginning of every lesson of the text book a box heading as 'learning outcome' has been kept. The aim of this is to introduce the objective of the lesson to the teacher and students and also to help them attain the learning outcomes through the teaching-learning process.

Let us know: Inside the lessons, some boxes are kept with the heading as **'let us know'**. In these headings some important points related with the subject matter of the lesson are mentioned.

Activity: Inside the lesson, in the heading activity some thought provoking questions have been included so that the students can acquire the learning outcomes incorporated in the lesson and the teacher can make use of these in continuous evaluation. These activities are to be completed through individual learning, proof learning and dual learning system. We are to proceed to the next stage after ascertaining that the students have acquired distinctive learning outcomes through evaluation. This endeavour is made to make education practical.

Map /Picture: The students gather knowledge through observation. By keeping this in mind, provisions for studying and drawing of maps and pictures are made in the textbook, so that, their thinking capacity is developed.

Things to be remembered: At the end of the lesson another heading named as 'things to be remembered' is presented. Through this heading the scope is given to recapitulate the things already learnt.

Exercise: To ascertain whether the learners have acquired the learning outcomes given in the lessons and also to retain the knowledge permanently, a heading named as 'exercise' at the end of each lesson is incorporated. It is hoped that teacher will facilitate the process of solving the exercises.

The values which are made manifest in lesson like preservation of environment, love for nature, responsibility for culture and civilization, kindness, love, respect, helping others, good manner, etc. should be inculcated by students and apply these in their real life. For that, we should try to make the students willing to participate in festivals, group activities, field-trips, preparation of projects, problem-solving, etc.

Though the lessons of this textbook have been divided into three portions, yet while doing unit evaluation the lessons of all three portions must be included.



	Preface	iv
	To the teachers	vi-vii
	History	
	Preface	9
1	Ancient Kamrupa Control Contro	10-18
2	Medieval Assam	19-27
3	Assamese Society in Medieval Age	28-37
4	The Rise of Neo-Religious Thoughts	38-46
5	Mercantalism and Advent of the European Traders to India	47-53
6	The Establishment, Expansion and Consolidation of British	
	Rule in India	54-63
7	The East India Company and its Reforms in India	64-71
8	The fall of the Ahom Kingdom in Assam and the Rise of the	
	British	72-78
9	The Revolt of 1857	79-86
	Political Science	
	Preface	87
10	The Constitution and its Necessity	88-93
11	Indian Constitution	94-102
12	Fundamental Rights	103-111
13	Our Fundamental Duties	112-11 6

History Part

Our Past and Our Heritage

Foreword



History is not simply a narrative of the politically, socially, economically and culturally glorifying events of the past. It can also give an opportunity to mankind to realize, repent and correct their mistakes by relating the terrible events that it had witnessed through the ages. In this section of the text book, we will attempt to give you some ideas on how the rich and ancient culture of India was destroyed by a few self seeking and short sighted people, and how the future generations had to struggle to retrieve this lost glory.

Along with historical description of Ancient Kamrupa this section also describes now the mighty Mughal Empire that was established by the Mughals who came from the far east and assimilated themselves with the local people and environment; and the independent Ahom kingdom of Assam, were brought under British imperialism by the actions of some inefficient, ambitious and short sighted people. It also highlights the sacrifices of a brave future generation that struggled for the independence of the country.

It is hoped that this part will enable the learner to acquire the following learning outcomes:

- ★ The historical background of Ancient Kamrupa and its various dynesties socio-economic system, administrative system etc.
- → learn how far this country was enriched by the new thoughts provided by the rise and popularity of the reformist neo- religious movements.
- → get an idea of the migration of the Ahoms from south east Asia to Assam and how they united the small kingdoms with their patience, courage and wisdom to establish the Ahom kingdom and rule gloriously for 600 years.
- ★ be introduced to the contributions made by the Ahoms and other kings to the socio- economic life of Assam.
- understand how the European traders who came to India realized the weakness of the Mughals and entered into competition with one another to gain control over India and how finally, the British succeeded in transforming India into a British colony.
- will realize how the weakness and immaturity of the rulers endanger the independence of rich people and bring misery to them.
- ♦ learn of the social, cultural and religious renaissance of India during British colonialism.
- ♦ be introduced to the causes, distribution, leaders and nature of the Sepoy Mutiny.