

## Natural Vegetation

Question 1.

The first biosphere of India is:

- (a) Nilgiri
- (b) Manas
- (c) Nanda Devi
- (d) Sunderban

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Nilgiri

Nilgiri biosphere was first setup in India, b and c setup later on.

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Question 2.

Alpine and Tundra vegetation is found at the height of:

- (a) 6000 metres
- (b) 9000 metres
- (c) 4500 metres
- (d) 4000 metres

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) 4500 metres

These are the typical geographical conditions to survive this type of vegetation.

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Question 3.

Number of species founded in our country are:

- (a) 1200
- (b) 1500
- (c) 800
- (d) 600

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) 1200

a is correct.

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Question 4.

The bio-reserve in not included in the world network of biosphere.

- (a) Dihang-Dibang
- (b) Manas
- (c) Nanda Devi
- (d) Gulf of Mannar

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Dihang-Dibang

a is not included in the world network of bioserve others are included.

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Question 5.

India has rich heritage of flora and fauna because of:

(i) Different types of soil (ii) Temperature variation (iii) Varying amonate of Rainfall (iv) Terrain (v) Land forms

- (a) (i) and (ii)
- (b) (ii) and (v)
- (c) Except (v) all are correct
- (d) All options are correct.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) All options are correct.

Because all these factors add to rich heritage of flora and fauna in India.

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Question 6.

Name the natrual habitat of Indian lions:

- (a) Gir forests
- (b) Tundra Region
- (c) Thorny bushes and scrubs
- (d) Evergreen forest

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Gir forests

Other are not he region where lion are found.

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Question 7.

When was India's first bio-reserve set up?

- (a) In 1985
- (b) In 1986
- (c) In 2001
- (d) In 1880

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) In 1986

Others as distractor.

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Question 8.

What is the place of India in the world in terms of plant diversity?

- (a) 10th
- (b) 8th
- (c) 9th
- (d) 6th

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) 10th  
10th is correct, according to Geographical Survey.

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Question 9.

Rubber belongs to which type of given below vegetation:

- (a) Himalayan
- (b) Tundra
- (c) Tidal
- (d) Tropical Evergreen

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Tropical Evergreen  
Other are irrelevant and suitable for other types of vegetation.

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Question 10.

How many national parks are there in India:

- (a) 86
- (b) 106
- (c) 96
- (d) 74

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) 86  
Others are not the number of national parks situated (established) in India.

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Question 11.

Which type of the natural vegetation is found in areas of receiving rainfall between 70 cms to 200 cms.

- (a) Tropical deciduous Forest
- (b) Tundra vegetation
- (c) Himalayan vegetation and forest
- (d) Thorny forest

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Tropical deciduous Forest  
Other require different climatic condition to grow up.

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Question 12.

How many species of animals are found in India:

- (a) 36000
- (b) 89000
- (c) 47000
- (d) 74000

▼ Answer

Answer: (b) 89000

Because data is hold true according to forest department's estimation.

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Question 13.

How many tiger reserves are there in India:

- (a) 16
- (b) 12
- (c) 86
- (d) 98

▼ Answer

Answer: (a) 16

Factual based question.

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Question 14.

The number of biosphere sat up in India are:

- (a) 12
- (b) 16
- (c) 17
- (d) 36

▼ Answer

Answer: (a) 12

Factual based question.

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Write true (T) or false (F)

1. The term fauna is used to denote parts of a particular area.

▼ Answer

Answer: False

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2. Different types of soils provide basis for different types of vegetables.

▼ Answer

Answer: True

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3. the sandy soils of the desert.

▼ Answer

Answer: True

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4. Due to longer duration of sunlight, trees grew slower in summer.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: False

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5. Forests are renewable resources and play a major role in exchange the quality of environment.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: True

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6. Plants occur in distinct groups of communities in areas having different climatic condition.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: False

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7. All the plants and animal in an area are interdependent and interrelated to each other in their physical environment.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: True

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8. Human beings are not an integral part of the ecosystem.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: False

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9. The most widespread forests of India are tropical deciduous forests.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: True

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10. In regions with less than 100 cm of rainfall the national vegetation consists of thorny trees and bushes.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: False

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