

# For XAT, CMAT, SNAP, MAT, IIFT Exam

## CENSUS

### MAXIMUM POPULATION DENSITY (SQ KM)

- ❑ Bihar : 1106 Person/sq km
- ❑ West Bengal : 1028 Person/sq.km.
- ❑ Overall Density in India 382 Person/sq km

### MINIMUM POPULATION DENSITY (SQ KM)

- ❑ Arunachal Pradesh - 17 Persons/sq km
- ❑ Mizoram - 52 Person/sq km

### HIGHEST POPULATION DENSITY UNION TERRITORIES

- ❑ Delhi - 11320 persons/sq km
- ❑ Andaman and Nicobar - 46 persons/sq km

### MAXIMUM SEX RATIO (STATE) (1000 GIRLS)

- ❑ Kerala : 1084
- ❑ Tamil Nadu : 995

### MINIMUM SEX RATIO

- ❑ Haryana : 879
- ❑ Jammu and Kashmir : 889

### HIGHEST SEX RATIO (UNION TERRITORY)

- ❑ Puducherry - 1037

### MINIMUM SEX RATIO (UT)

- ❑ 618 (Daman & Diu)
- ❑ **Note:** The sex ratio of India is 983.

### HIGHEST LITERACY RATE

- ❑ Kerala - 94%
- ❑ Mizoram 91.3%

### MINIMUM LITERACY RATE

- ❑ Bihar - 61.8%
- ❑ Arunachal Pradesh - 65.4%

### HIGHEST LITERACY RATE (UNION TERRITORY)

- ❑ 91.8% (Lakshadweep)

### UNION TERRITORY WITH MINIMUM LITERACY

- ❑ 76.2% (Dada & Nagar Haveli)

### BIGGEST DIFFERENCE IN FEMALE AND MALE LITERACY RATE

- ❑ Rajasthan

### POPULATION

- ❑ Census in India started in 1872 during the tenure of Lord Mayo.
- ❑ Regular census was started from 1881.
- ❑ The credit for conducting the first census in the world goes to Sweden (1749).
- ❑ The highest authority of census regulation is Register General and Cencus Commissioner.
- ❑ This was the seventh census of the independent India.
- ❑ According to 2011 data, the population of India is 121 crore (approx), which is 17.5% of the total population of the world.
- ❑ According to the 2011 census, The number of SC is 20 crores.
- ❑ State with Highest SC population - Uttar Pradesh
- ❑ ST population as of 2011 is 10 crores.
- ❑ State with maximum ST – Madhya Pradesh

### DECADAL GROWTH

- ❑ The growth rate of India's population during 2001-2011 has been 17.64% in 2001, it was 21.15%

### URBAN POPULATION

- ❑ According to the 2011 census. In the total population of the country. The urban population is 31.20%, while the rural population is 68.8%.

Under the National Population Policy, 2000, the target of achieving stability in population has been changed from 2045 to 2070.

### MOST POPOULOUS STATE

- ❑ Uttar Pradesh : 20 crores
- ❑ Maharashtra : 11 crore
- ❑ Bihar : 10 crores

## STATES WITH THE LEAST POPULATION

- ❑ Sikkim - 6 lakhs
- ❑ Mizoram - 10 lakh

## UNION TERRITORIES

- ❑ Most populous state - Delhi (1.67 crore)
- ❑ Minimum population Lakshadweep (64 thousand)

## DECENNIAL GROWTH (STATE)

- ❑ Meghalaya - 27.8%
- ❑ • Arunachal Pradesh -26%

## DECADAL DECLINE (STATE)

- ❑ Nagaland -0.6%
- ❑ Kerala 4.9%

## IMPORTANT FACTS

- ❑ Henry Walter is known as the father of the Indian census.
- ❑ The census was first started under British vicroy Lord Mayo in 1872 (Not official)
- ❑ The first official census was taken under British rule on 1881 by Lord Ripon.
- ❑ Nodal Ministry - Ministry of Home Affairs.
- ❑ Census is a union subject under article 246 of Indian Constitution.
- ❑ The First independent census was conducted in 1951 under census of India act 1948.
- ❑ Census 2011 was the 15th National census of the country since 1872 and the 7th after independence.
- ❑ The socio economic and caste census was held in 2011 for the first time since independence.
  - ➡ Economic status
  - ➡ Specific caste
- ❑ The first registrar General and census Commissioner of independent India was R.A. Gopalswami.
- ❑ The slogan of census 2011 was 'Our census Our future'
- ❑ Mascot of 2011 Indian census - A woman enumerator
- ❑ CM Chandramauli was the Registrar General and census commissioner of India for the 2011 Indian census.

- ❑ The population of India - 121.05 crore.
- ❑ Percent of the world population - 17.5%
- ❑ The urban population in total population in India - 31.36%
- ❑ Total population of India consssprises 68.84%.
- ❑ Bhil is the most popular tribe with a total percent 37.7% of the ST population.
- ❑ Most speaking language - Hindi.
- ❑ Second most speaking language - Bengali.
- ❑ Child Sex ratio (0-6 year per/1000) - 919
  - ➡ Highest - Arunachal Pradesh (972)
  - ➡ Lowest - Haryana (834)
- ❑ First Economic census - 1977 (Started)
- ❑ Highest populated Sistricts of India 2011 - Thana (Maharashtra) - 1.1 crore
- ❑ Lowest populated districts 2011 - Debang Valley - 7948
- ❑ State with highest growth rate - Meghalaya (+27.9%)
- ❑ States with lowest growth rate - Nagaland (-6%)
- ❑ Union territories with lowest growth rate - (Lakhadweep)
- ❑ The literacy rate of India - 74.04%
  - ➡ Women - 65.46%
  - ➡ Men - 82.14%
- ❑ The scheduled caste and schedule tribe - 16.2% & 8.2%
- ❑ States & Union territory with highest SC population - UP; Percentage - Punjab
- ❑ Religion:
  - ➡ Hindusiam - 79.8%
  - ➡ Muslim - 14.2%
  - ➡ Christan - 2.3%
  - ➡ Sikhism - 1.7%
  - ➡ Buddism - 0.7%
  - ➡ Jainism - 0.4%
- ❑ Year of great divide in the demographic history of India - 1921
- ❑ State of world population report is published UNPF.