SET-3

Series GBM

कोड नं. Code No. 67/3

रोल नं.				
Roll No.				

परीक्षार्थी कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें।

Candidates must write the Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 24 हैं।
- प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए कोड नम्बर को छात्र उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।
- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 23 प्रश्न हैं।
- कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्र
 में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा। 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे
 और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे।
- Please check that this question paper contains **24** printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains **23** questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

लेखाशास्त्र

ACCOUNTANCY

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे अधिकतम अंक : 80

Time allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 80

सामान्य निर्देश:

- (i) यह प्रश्न-पत्र दो खण्डों में विभक्त है **क** और **ख**।
- (ii) खण्ड **क** सभी के लिए **अनिवार्य** है।
- (iii) खण्ड **ख** के दो विकल्प हैं वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण तथा अभिकलित्र लेखांकन ।
- (iv) खण्ड **ख** से **केवल एक** ही विकल्प के प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।
- (v) किसी प्रश्न के सभी खण्डों के उत्तर एक ही स्थान पर लिखे जाने चाहिए।

General Instructions:

- (i) This question paper contains two parts $\bf A$ and $\bf B$.
- (ii) Part A is compulsory for all.
- (iii) Part **B** has two options Analysis of Financial Statements and Computerized Accounting.
- (iv) Attempt **only one** option of Part **B**.
- (v) All parts of a question should be attempted at one place.

खण्ड क

(साझेदारी फर्मों तथा कम्पनियों के लिए लेखांकन)

PART A

(Accounting for Partnership Firms and Companies)

1. पी तथा क्यू एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा लाभ-हानि बराबर बाँटते थे। उनकी स्थायी पूँजियाँ क्रमश: ₹ 2,00,000 तथा ₹ 3,00,000 थीं। साझेदारी संलेख में पूँजी पर 12% प्रति वर्ष ब्याज का प्रावधान था। 31 मार्च, 2016 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए पूँजी पर ब्याज दिए बिना फर्म के लाभ का बँटवारा कर दिया गया।

त्रुटि के शोधन के लिए आवश्यक समायोजन प्रविष्टि दीजिए।

P and Q were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses equally. Their fixed capitals were $\geq 2,00,000$ and $\geq 3,00,000$ respectively. The partnership deed provided for interest on capital @ 12% per annum. For the year ended 31^{st} March, 2016, the profits of the firm were distributed without providing interest on capital.

Pass necessary adjustment entry to rectify the error.

2. एक्स लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 500, 12% ऋणपत्रों को 5% के बहे पर निर्गमन के लिए आवेदन आमन्त्रित किए । इन ऋणपत्रों का शोधन तीन वर्षों पश्चात् सममूल्य पर करना था । 600 ऋणपत्रों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए । सभी आवेदकों को आनुपातिक आधार पर निर्गमन कर दिया गया ।

यह मानते हुए कि सभी राशि का भुगतान आवेदन पर करना था, ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

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X Ltd. invited applications for issuing 500, 12% debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of 5%. These debentures were redeemable after three years at par. Applications for 600 debentures were received. Pro-rata allotment was made to all the applicants.

Pass necessary journal entries for the issue of debentures assuming that the whole amount was payable with application.

3. ज़ैड लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 1,000 समता अंशों का ₹ 2 प्रित अंश की प्रथम याचना का भुगतान न करने पर हरण कर लिया । ₹ 3 प्रित अंश की अन्तिम याचना अभी माँगी जानी थी ।

बट्टे की उस अधिकतम राशि की गणना कीजिए जिस पर इन अंशों का पुन:निर्गमन किया जा सकता है।

Z Ltd. forfeited 1,000 equity shares of \neq 10 each for the non-payment of the first call of \neq 2 per share. The final call of \neq 3 per share was yet to be made.

Calculate the maximum amount of discount at which these shares can be reissued.

4. दुर्गा तथा नरेश एक फर्म में साझेदार थे । वे पाँच नये सदस्यों को फर्म में प्रवेश देना चाहते थे । नाबालिगों के अतिरिक्त व्यक्तियों की ऐसी किन्हीं दो श्रेणियों की सूची बनाइए जिन्हें वे फर्म में प्रवेश नहीं दे सकते ।

Durga and Naresh were partners in a firm. They wanted to admit five more members in the firm. List any two categories of individuals other than minors who cannot be admitted by them.

5. जमा शेष के आधार पर 'स्थायी पूँजी खाते' तथा 'परिवर्तनशील पूँजी खाते' के बीच अन्तर स्पष्ट कीजिए।

Distinguish between 'Fixed Capital Account' and 'Fluctuating Capital Account' on the basis of credit balance.

6. अ तथा ब एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा लाभ-हानि 5:3 के अनुपात में बाँटते थे । उन्होंने स को एक नया साझेदार बनाया । अ, ब तथा स का नया लाभ सहभाजन अनुपात 3:2:3 था । अ ने अपने लाभ के $\frac{1}{5}$ भाग को स के पक्ष में त्याग दिया । ब के त्याग की गणना कीजिए ।

A and B were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5:3. They admitted C as a new partner. The new profit sharing ratio between A, B and C was 3:2:3. A surrendered $\frac{1}{5}$ th of his share in favour of C. Calculate B's sacrifice.

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67/3

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7. किव, रिव, कुमार तथा गुरु एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 3:2:2:1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे। 1.2.2017 को गुरु ने अवकाश ग्रहण किया तथा किव, रिव एवं कुमार के मध्य 3:1:1 के नए लाभ अनुपात का निर्णय किया गया। गुरु के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 3,60,000 किया गया।

अपनी कार्यकारी टिप्पणियों को स्पष्ट दर्शाते हुए गुरु के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर ख्याति के लेखांकन के लिए फर्म की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टि कीजिए।

Kavi, Ravi, Kumar and Guru were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 3:2:2:1. On 1.2.2017, Guru retired and the new profit sharing ratio decided between Kavi, Ravi and Kumar was 3:1:1. On Guru's retirement the goodwill of the firm was valued at $\neq 3,60,000$.

Showing your working notes clearly, pass necessary journal entry in the books of the firm for the treatment of goodwill on Guru's retirement.

- 8. दिशा लिमिटेड ने निशा लिमिटेड से मशीनरी का क्रय किया तथा निशा लिमिटेड को निम्न प्रकार से भुगतान किया :
 - (i) ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 10,000, समता अंशों को 10% के अधिलाभ पर निर्गमित करके।
 - (ii) ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 200, 9% ऋणपत्रों को 10% के बहे पर निर्गमित करके ।
 - (iii) शेष एक माह पश्चात देय ₹ 50,000 का विनिमय पत्र स्वीकार करके ।

मशीनरी के क्रय एवं निशा लिमिटेड को इसके भुगतान के लिए दिशा लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

Disha Ltd. purchased machinery from Nisha Ltd. and paid to Nisha Ltd. as follows:

- (i) By issuing 10,000, equity shares of \ge 10 each at a premium of 10%.
- (ii) By issuing 200, 9% debentures of \ge 100 each at a discount of 10%.
- (iii) Balance by accepting a bill of exchange of ₹ 50,000 payable after one month.

Pass necessary journal entries in the books of Disha Ltd. for the purchase of machinery and making payment to Nisha Ltd.

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9. गणेश लिमिटेड ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के समता अंशों में विभक्त ₹ 10,00,00,000 की अधिकृत पूँजी के साथ पंजीकृत है । कम्पनी की अभिदत्त तथा पूर्ण प्रदत्त पूँजी ₹ 6,00,00,000 थी । स्थानीय नवयुवकों को रोज़गार प्रदान करने हेतु तथा अरुणाचल प्रदेश राज्य के जनजातीय क्षेत्रों के विकास के लिए कम्पनी ने वहाँ पर एक जल-विद्युत् संयंत्र लगाने का निर्णय किया । कम्पनी ने ईटानगर, पासीघाट तथा तावाँग में कौशल विकास केन्द्रों की स्थापना का भी निर्णय लिया । अपनी नवीन वित्तीय आवश्यकताओं को पूरा करने के लिए कम्पनी ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 1,00,000 समता अंशों तथा ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 1,00,000, 9% ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन का निर्णय लिया । ऋणपत्रों का शोधन पाँच वर्षों के पश्चात् सममूल्य पर करना है । अंशों तथा ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन पूर्ण रूप से अभिदत्त हो गया । 2,000 अंशों का एक अंशधारक ₹ 2 प्रति अंश की अन्तिम याचना राशि का भगतान करने में असफल रहा ।

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की सूची III के प्रावधानों के अनुसार कम्पनी के स्थिति विवरण में अंश पूँजी को प्रदर्शित कीजिए । ऐसे किन्हीं दो मूल्यों की पहचान भी कीजिए जिन्हें कम्पनी प्रसारित करना चाहती है ।

Ganesh Ltd. is registered with an authorised capital of $\equiv 10,00,00,000$ divided into equity shares of $\equiv 10$ each. Subscribed and fully paid up capital of the company was $\equiv 6,00,00,000$. For providing employment to the local youth and for the development of the tribal areas of Arunachal Pradesh the company decided to set up a hydro power plant there. The company also decided to open skill development centres in Itanagar, Pasighat and Tawang. To meet its new financial requirements, the company decided to issue 1,00,000 equity shares of $\equiv 10$ 0 each and 1,00,000, 9% debentures of $\equiv 100$ 0 each. The debentures were redeemable after five years at par. The issue of shares and debentures was fully subscribed. A shareholder holding 2,000 shares failed to pay the final call of $\equiv 2$ 0 per share.

Show the share capital in the Balance Sheet of the company as per the provisions of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. Also identify any two values that the company wishes to propagate.

10. बी.पी.एल. लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 500, 9% ऋणपत्रों को, जिन्हें 6% के बट्टे पर निर्गमित किया गया था, ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के समता अंशों, जिन्हें ₹ 25 प्रति अंश के अधिलाभ पर निर्गमित किया गया था, में परिवर्तित किया । 9% ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन पर बट्टे को अभी तक अपलिखित नहीं किया गया है ।

अपनी कार्यकारी टिप्पणियों को स्पष्ट दर्शाते हुए, 9% ऋणपत्रों को समता अंशों में परिवर्तन पर आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

BPL Ltd. converted 500, 9% debentures of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{=}}$ 100 each issued at a discount of 6% into equity shares of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{=}}$ 100 each issued at a premium of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{=}}$ 25 per share. Discount on issue of 9% debentures has not yet been written off.

Showing your working notes clearly, pass necessary journal entries for conversion of 9% debentures into equity shares.

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मधु तथा नेहा एक फर्म में साझेदार थीं तथा लाभ-हानि 3:5 के अनुपात में बाँटती थीं। उनकी स्थायी पूँजियाँ क्रमशः ₹ 4,00,000 तथा ₹ 6,00,000 थीं। 1.1.2016 को टीना को लाभ के 1/4 भाग के लिए एक नया साझेदार बनाया गया। टीना ने लाभ के अपने भाग को नेहा से प्राप्त किया। टीना अपनी पूँजी के लिए ₹ 4,00,000 लाई जिसे मधु तथा नेहा की पूँजियों की तरह स्थायी रखा जाना था। टीना के प्रवेश पर फर्म की ख्याति की तथा मधु, नेहा एवं टीना के नये लाभ अनुपात की गणना कीजिए। यह मानते हुए कि टीना ख्याति अधिलाभ के अपने भाग को नगद नहीं लाई, टीना के प्रवेश पर ख्याति के लेखांकन के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविध्टि भी कीजिए।

Madhu and Neha were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:5. Their fixed capitals were ₹ 4,00,000 and ₹ 6,00,000 respectively. On 1.1.2016, Tina was admitted as a new partner for $\frac{1}{4}$ th share in the profits. Tina acquired her share of profit from Neha. Tina brought ₹ 4,00,000 as her capital which was to be kept fixed like the capitals of Madhu and Neha. Calculate the goodwill of the firm on Tina's admission and the new profit sharing ratio of Madhu, Neha and Tina. Also, pass necessary journal entry for the treatment of goodwill on Tina's admission considering that Tina did not bring her share of goodwill premium in cash.

- 12. अशोक, बाबू तथा चेतन एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 4:3:3 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे। फर्म प्रति वर्ष 31 मार्च को अपनी पुस्तकें बन्द करती है। 31 दिसम्बर, 2016 को अशोक का देहान्त हो गया। साझेदारी संलेख में प्रावधान था कि किसी साझेदार की मृत्यु होने पर उसके निष्पादक को निम्नलिखित देय होगा:
 - (i) उसके पूँजी खाते का शेष । 1.4.2016 को अशोक के पूँजी खाते में ₹ 90,000 का शेष था ।
 - (ii) पूँजी पर 12% वार्षिक ब्याज ।
 - (iii) उसकी मृत्यु के वर्ष में, फर्म के लाभों में से उसका भाग जिसका मूल्यांकन पिछले वर्ष के विक्रय पर शुद्ध लाभ की दर से किया जाएगा, जो कि 25% थी । 31 दिसम्बर, 2016 तक फर्म का विक्रय ₹ 4,00,000 था ।
 - (iv) फर्म की ख्याति में उसका भाग । अशोक की मृत्यु पर फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 4,50,000 किया गया ।

साझेदारी संलेख में मृत साझेदार के निष्पादक को देय राशि से निम्नलिखित कटौतियों का प्रावधान भी था:

- (i) उसकी मृत्यु के वर्ष में उसका आहरण । 31.12.2016 तक अशोक का आहरण ₹ 15,000 था ।
- (ii) आहरण पर 12% वार्षिक ब्याज जिसकी गणना ₹ 1,500 की गई।

अशोक के निष्पादक को प्रस्तुत करने के लिए फर्म के लेखपाल ने अशोक का पूँजी खाता तैयार किया परन्तु जल्दी में उसने इसे अधूरा छोड़ दिया । फर्म के लेखपाल द्वारा तैयार किया गया अशोक का पूँजी खाता नीचे दिया गया है:

अशोक का पूँजी खाता

नाम जमा

तिथि	विवरण	राशि ₹	तिथि	विवरण	राशि ₹
2016			2016		
दिसम्बर 31		15,000	अप्रैल 1		90,000
दिसम्बर 31	•••••		दिसम्बर 31	•••••	8,100
दिसम्बर 31			दिसम्बर 31		40,000
			दिसम्बर 31		90,000
			दिसम्बर 31		90,000
		3,18,100			3,18,100

अशोक के पूँजी खाते को पूरा कीजिए।

Ashok, Babu and Chetan were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 4:3:3. The firm closes its books on $31^{\rm st}$ March every year. On $31^{\rm st}$ December, 2016 Ashok died. The partnership deed provided that on the death of a partner his executors will be entitled for the following:

- (i) Balance in his capital account. On 1.4.2016, there was a balance of ₹ 90,000 in Ashok's Capital Account.
- (ii) Interest on capital @ 12% per annum.
- (iii) His share in the profits of the firm in the year of his death will be calculated on the basis of rate of net profit on sales of the previous year, which was 25%. The sales of the firm till $31^{\rm st}$ December, 2016 were $\approx 4,00,000$.
- (iv) His share in the goodwill of the firm. The goodwill of the firm on Ashok's death was valued at ₹ 4,50,000.

The partnership deed also provided for the following deductions from the amount payable to the executor of the deceased partner:

- (i) His drawings in the year of his death. Ashok's drawings till 31.12.2016 were ≥ 15.000 .
- (ii) Interest on drawings @ 12% per annum which was calculated as \neq 1,500.

The accountant of the firm prepared Ashok's Capital Account to be presented to the executor of Ashok but in a hurry he left it incomplete. Ashok's Capital Account as prepared by the firm's accountant is given below:

Ashok's Capital Account

Dr. Cr.

Date	Particulars	Amount ₹	Date	Particulars	Amount ₹
2016			2016		
Dec 31	•••••	15,000	April 1	•••••	90,000
Dec 31	•••••	•••••	Dec 31	•••••	8,100
Dec 31	•••••	•••••	Dec 31	•••••	40,000
			Dec 31	•••••	90,000
			Dec 31	•••••	90,000
		3,18,100			3,18,100

You are required to complete Ashok's Capital Account.

13. कपिल, मोहित, रोशन तथा राकेश एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 5:2:2:1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते थे । 1.4.2016 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

1.4.2016 को कपिल, मोहित, रोशन तथा राकेश का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ		राशि ₹	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
पूँजियाँ :			स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियाँ	8,00,000
कपिल	3,50,000		चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ	4,00,000
मोहित	3,00,000			
रोशन	2,50,000			
राकेश	2,00,000	11,00,000		
विविध लेनदार		50,000		
कामगार क्षतिपूर्ति	संचय	50,000		
		12,00,000		12,00,000

उपर्युक्त तिथि से साझेदारों ने भविष्य में लाभ बराबर-बराबर बाँटने का निर्णय किया । इस उद्देश्य के लिए फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 72,000 किया गया । यह भी निर्णय किया गया कि :

- (i) स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियों पर 10% का मूल्यहास लगाया जाएगा तथा कामगार क्षतिपूर्ति संचय के विरुद्ध दावे का अनुमान ₹ 70,000 लगाया जाएगा।
- (ii) साझेदारों की पूँजियों को नए लाभ अनुपात में समायोजित किया जाएगा । इसके लिए साझेदारों के चालू खाते खोले जाएँगे ।

पुनर्मूल्यांकन खाता, साझेदारों के पूँजी खाते तथा पुनर्गठित फर्म का स्थिति विवरण तैयार कीजिए।

6

Kapil, Mohit, Roshan and Rakesh were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 5 : 2 : 2 : 1. On 1.4.2016 their Balance Sheet was as follows:

Balance Sheet of Kapil, Mohit, Roshan and Rakesh as on 1.4.2016

Liabilities		Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Capitals:			Fixed Assets	8,00,000
Kapil	3,50,000		Current Assets	4,00,000
Mohit	3,00,000			
Roshan	2,50,000			
Rakesh	2,00,000	11,00,000		
Sundry Credi	tors	50,000		
Workmen Cor Reserve	mpensation	50,000		
		12,00,000		12,00,000

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From the above date the partners decided to share the future profits equally. For this purpose the goodwill of the firm was valued at \neq 72,000. It was also agreed that:

- (i) Fixed assets will be depreciated by 10% and the claim against Workmen Compensation Reserve will be estimated at ₹ 70,000.
- (ii) The capitals of the partners will be adjusted according to their new profit sharing ratio. For this, Partners' Current Accounts will be opened.

Prepare Revaluation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and the Balance Sheet of the reconstituted firm.

14. 1.4.2015 को एम.के.एम. लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 12,000, 11% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 8% के बट्टे पर किया । इन ऋणपत्रों का तीन वर्षों के पश्चात् 10% के अधिलाभ पर शोधन करना है । कम्पनी अपनी पुस्तकें प्रति वर्ष 31 मार्च को बन्द करती है । 11% ऋणपत्रों पर ब्याज प्रति वर्ष 30 सितम्बर तथा 31 मार्च को देय होता है । स्रोत पर कर कटौती की दर 10% है ।

31.3.2016 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए 11% ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन तथा ऋणपत्रों पर ब्याज की आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

On 1.4.2015, MKM Ltd. issued 12,000, 11% debentures of $\stackrel{?}{=}$ 100 each at a discount of 8%, redeemable at a premium of 10% after three years. The company closes its books on $31^{\rm st}$ March every year. Interest on 11% debentures is payable on $30^{\rm th}$ September and $31^{\rm st}$ March every year. The rate of tax deducted at source is 10%.

Pass necessary journal entries for the issue of 11% debentures and debenture interest for the year ended 31.3.2016.

- **15.** एक साझेदारी फर्म के विघटन के समय निम्नलिखित अवस्थाओं में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए :
 - (i) ₹ 500 के विघटन व्ययों का भुगतान एक साझेदार, जॉन ने किया।
 - (ii) एक साझेदार, जॉनी ₹ 750 के कमीशन पर विघटन व्ययों का भुगतान करने को सहमत हो गया । वास्तविक विघटन व्यय ₹ 650 थे जिनका भुगतान जॉनी द्वारा किया गया ।
 - (iii) एक साझेदार, बॉनी ₹ 3,700 के देय पारिश्रमिक पर विघटन कार्य की देखरेख के लिए सहमत हो गया । वह विघटन व्ययों को वहन करने के लिए भी सहमत था । वास्तविक विघटन व्यय ₹ 4,200 का भुगतान बॉनी ने फर्म के रोकड़ से किया ।

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- (iv) ₹ 10,000 के देय पारिश्रमिक पर एक साझेदार, सोनी को विघटन कार्य की देखरेख के लिए नियुक्त किया गया । सोनी विघटन व्ययों को वहन करने के लिए सहमत हो गया । सोनी ने अपने देय पारिश्रमिक के रूप में ₹ 10,000 का स्टॉक ले लिया । स्टॉक को पहले ही वसूली खाते में स्थानान्तरित कर दिया गया था ।
- (v) एक साझेदार, विक्की ₹ 12,000 के देय पारिश्रमिक पर विघटन कार्य की देखरेख के लिए सहमत हो गया । विक्की विघटन व्ययों को वहन करने के लिए भी सहमत था । वास्तविक विघटन व्यय ₹ 12,500 का भुगतान एक अन्य साझेदार, क्लाईव ने विक्की की तरफ से किया ।
- (vi) विघटन व्यय ₹ 5.000 थे।

Pass necessary journal entries on the dissolution of a partnership firm in the following cases :

- (i) Expenses of dissolution ₹ 500 were paid by John, a partner.
- (ii) Joney, a partner, agreed to bear the dissolution expenses for a commission of ₹ 750. Actual dissolution expenses ₹ 650 were paid by Joney.
- (iii) Bony, a partner, agreed to look after the dissolution work for a remuneration of ₹ 3,700. He also agreed to bear the dissolution expenses. Actual dissolution expenses ₹ 4,200 were paid by Bony from the firm's cash.
- (iv) Sony, a partner, was appointed to look after the dissolution work for a remuneration of ₹ 10,000. Sony agreed to bear the dissolution expenses. Sony took away stock worth ₹ 10,000 as his remuneration. Stock had already been transferred to realisation account.
- (v) Vikky, a partner, agreed to look after the dissolution work for a remuneration of ₹ 12,000. Vikky also agreed to bear the dissolution expenses. Actual dissolution expenses ₹ 12,500 were paid by another partner, Clive, on behalf of Vikky.
- (vi) Dissolution expenses were \ge 5,000.

16. सी तथा डी एक फर्म में साझेदार हैं तथा 4:1 के अनुपात में लाभ बाँटते हैं । 31.3.2016 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

31.3.2016 को सी तथा डी का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
विविध लेनदार	40,000	रोकड़	24,000
डूबत ऋणों के लिए प्रावधान	4,000	देनदार	36,000
अदत्त वेतन	6,000	स्टॉक	40,000
सामान्य संचय	10,000	फर्नीचर	80,000
पूँजियाँ :		प्लांट तथा मशीनरी	80,000
सी 1,20,000			
डी <u>80,000</u>	2,00,000		
	2,60,000		2,60,000

उपर्युक्त तिथि को लाभ के $\frac{1}{4}$ भाग के लिए ई को निम्नलिखित शर्तों पर एक नया साझेदार बनाया गया :

- ई अपनी पूँजी के लिए ₹ 1,00,000 तथा ख्याति प्रीमियम के अपने भाग के लिए
 ₹ 20,000 लाएगा, जिसके आधे भाग का सी तथा डी द्वारा आहरण कर लिया जाएगा ।
- (ii) ₹ 2,000 के देनदारों को डूबत ऋणों के रूप में अपलिखित किया जाएगा तथा देनदारों पर डूबत तथा संदिग्ध ऋणों के लिए 4% का प्रावधान किया जाएगा।
- (iii) स्टॉक को ₹ 2,000 से कम किया जाएगा, फर्नीचर पर ₹ 4,000 का मूल्यहास लगाया जाएगा तथा प्लांट एवं मशीनरी पर 10% का मूल्यहास लगाया जाएगा।
- (iv) ₹ 7,000 के निवेश, जो स्थिति विवरण में नहीं दर्शाए गए हैं, का लेखा किया जाएगा ।
- (v) ₹ 2,300 का एक अदत्त मरम्मत का बिल था जिसका लेखा पुस्तकों में किया जाएगा।

फर्म की पुस्तकों में ई के प्रवेश पर उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

समीर, यासमीन तथा सलोनी एक फर्म में साझेदार थे तथा 4:3:3 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि बाँटते थे । 31.3.2016 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

31.3.2016 को समीर, यासमीन तथा सलोनी का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ	राशि ₹	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि ₹
लेनदार	1,10,000	रोकड़	80,000
सामान्य संचय	60,000	देनदार 90,000	
पूँजियाँ :		घटा : प्रावधान <u>10,000</u>	80,000
समीर 3,00,000		स्टॉक	1,00,000
यासमीन 2,50,000		मशीनरी	3,00,000
सलोनी <u>1,50,000</u>	7,00,000	भवन	2,00,000
		एकस्व	60,000
		लाभ-हानि खाता	50,000
	8,70,000		8,70,000

उपर्युक्त तिथि को समीर ने अवकाश ग्रहण किया तथा यह सहमति हुई कि :

- (i) ₹ 4,000 के देनदारों को डूबत ऋणों के रूप में अपलिखित किया जाएगा तथा देनदारों पर डूबत एवं संदिग्ध ऋणों के लिए प्रावधान को 5% पर रखा जाएगा।
- (ii) ₹ 20,000 के एक लेनदार, जिसका लेखा नहीं किया गया था, का लेखा किया जाएगा।
- (iii) एकस्वों को पूर्णत: अपलिखित किया जाएगा तथा स्टॉक, मशीनरी तथा भवन पर 5% मूल्यहास लगाया जाएगा ।
- (iv) यासमीन तथा सलोनी भविष्य में लाभ 3:2 के अनुपात में बाँटेंगे।
- (v) समीर के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 5,40,000 किया गया।

समीर के अवकाश ग्रहण करने पर फर्म की पुस्तकों में उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

C and D are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 4:1. On 31.3.2016, their Balance Sheet was as follows:

Balance Sheet of C and D as on 31.3.2016

Liabilities	Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Sundry Creditors	40,000	Cash	24,000
Provision for Bad Debts	4,000	Debtors	36,000
Outstanding Salary	6,000	Stock	40,000
General Reserve	10,000	Furniture	80,000
Capitals :		Plant and Machinery	80,000
C 1,20,000			
D 80,000	2,00,000		
	2,60,000		2,60,000

On the above date, E was admitted for $\frac{1}{4}$ th share in the profits on the following terms:

- (i) E will bring ₹ 1,00,000 as his capital and ₹ 20,000 for his share of goodwill premium, half of which will be withdrawn by C and D.
- (ii) Debtors ₹ 2,000 will be written off as bad debts and a provision of 4% will be created on debtors for bad and doubtful debts.
- (iii) Stock will be reduced by ₹ 2,000, furniture will be depreciated by ₹ 4,000 and 10% depreciation will be charged on plant and machinery.
- (iv) Investments of ₹ 7,000 not shown in the Balance Sheet will be taken into account.
- (v) There was an outstanding repairs bill of ₹ 2,300 which will be recorded in the books.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of the firm on E's admission.

OR

Sameer, Yasmin and Saloni were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 4:3:3. On 31.3.2016, their Balance Sheet was as follows:

Balance Sheet of Sameer, Yasmin and Saloni as on 31.3.2016

Liabilities		Amount ₹	Assets	Amount ₹
Creditors		1,10,000	Cash	80,000
General Re	serve	60,000	Debtors 90,000	
Capitals:			Less: Provision $10,000$	80,000
Sameer	3,00,000		Stock	1,00,000
Yasmin	2,50,000		Machinery	3,00,000
Saloni	1,50,000	7,00,000	Building	2,00,000
			Patents	60,000
			Profit and Loss Account	50,000
		8,70,000		8,70,000

On the above date, Sameer retired and it was agreed that:

- (i) Debtors of ₹ 4,000 will be written off as bad debts and a provision of 5% on debtors for bad and doubtful debts will be maintained.
- (ii) An unrecorded creditor of ₹ 20,000 will be recorded.
- (iii) Patents will be completely written off and 5% depreciation will be charged on stock, machinery and building.
- (iv) Yasmin and Saloni will share future profits in the ratio of 3:2.
- (v) Goodwill of the firm on Sameer's retirement was valued at $\equiv 5,40,000$.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of the firm on Sameer's retirement.

17. वी.एक्स.एन. लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 50,000 समता अंशों को ₹ 8 प्रति अंश के अधिलाभ पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमन्त्रित किए । राशि का भुगतान निम्न प्रकार से करना था :

आवेदन पर : ₹ 4 प्रति अंश (₹ 2 के अधिलाभ सहित)

आबंटन पर : ₹ 6 प्रति अंश (₹ 3 के अधिलाभ सहित)

प्रथम याचना पर : ₹ 5 प्रति अंश (₹ 1 के अधिलाभ सहित)

दूसरी तथा अन्तिम याचना पर : शेष राशि

निर्गमन पूर्णत: अभिदत्त हो गया । 200 अंशों के एक अंशधारक, गोपाल ने आबंटन राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया तथा 400 अंशों के अंशधारक, माधव ने अपनी सारी अंश राशि का भुगतान आबंटन राशि के साथ कर दिया । आबंटन के तुरन्त पश्चात् गोपाल के अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया । उसके पश्चात् प्रथम याचना माँगी गई । 100 अंशों के एक अंशधारक, कृष्णा ने प्रथम याचना राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया तथा 300 अंशों के एक अंशधारक, गिरधर ने प्रथम याचना राशि के साथ दूसरी याचना राशि का भी भुगतान कर दिया । प्रथम याचना राशि प्राप्त करने के तुरन्त पश्चात् कृष्णा के अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया । इसके पश्चात् दूसरी तथा अन्तिम याचना राशि माँगी गई तथा पूर्णत: प्राप्त हो गई । हरण किए गए सभी अंशों को ₹ 9 प्रति अंश पूर्ण प्रदत्त पुन:निर्गमित कर दिया गया ।

उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए कम्पनी की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

अथवा

जे.जे.के. लिमिटेड ने ₹ 10 प्रत्येक के 50,000 समता अंशों को सममूल्य पर निर्गमित करने के लिए आवेदन आमन्त्रित किए। राशि का भुगतान निम्न प्रकार से करना था:

आवेदन पर : ₹ 2 प्रति अंश आबंटन पर : ₹ 4 प्रति अंश

प्रथम तथा अन्तिम याचना पर : शेष राशि

निर्गमन तीन गुना अधि-अभिदत्त हुआ । 30% अंशों के लिए आवेदनों को रद्द कर दिया गया तथा आवेदन राशि वापस कर दी गई । शेष आवेदकों को निम्न प्रकार से आबंटन किया गया :

श्रेणी	आवेदन किए गए अंश	आबंटित किए गए अंश
I	80,000	40,000
II	25,000	10,000

जिन आवेदकों को अंशों का आबंटन किया गया उनके द्वारा भुगतान की गई अतिरिक्त राशि का समायोजन आबंटन पर देय राशि में कर लिया गया ।

श्रेणी I से सम्बन्धित एक अंशधारक, दीपक, जिसने 1,000 अंशों के लिए आवेदन किया था, ने आबंटन राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया । 100 अंशों के एक अंशधारक, राजू ने भी आबंटन राशि का भुगतान नहीं किया । राजू श्रेणी II से सम्बन्धित था । आबंटन के तुरन्त पश्चात् दीपक तथा राजू दोनों के अंशों का हरण कर लिया गया । उसके पश्चात् प्रथम तथा अन्तिम याचना माँगी गई तथा पूरी राशि प्राप्त हो गई । दीपक तथा राजू के हरण किए गए अंशों को ₹ 11 प्रति अंश पूर्ण प्रदत्त पुन:निर्गमित कर दिया गया ।

उपर्युक्त लेनदेनों के लिए कम्पनी की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए ।

8

VXN Ltd. invited applications for issuing 50,000 equity shares of \ge 10 each at a premium of \ge 8 per share. The amount was payable as follows:

On Application : ₹ 4 per share (including ₹ 2 premium)

On Allotment : ₹ 6 per share (including ₹ 3 premium)

On First Call : ₹ 5 per share (including ₹ 1 premium)

On Second and Final Call: Balance Amount

The issue was fully subscribed. Gopal, a shareholder holding 200 shares, did not pay the allotment money and Madhav, a holder of 400 shares, paid his entire share money along with the allotment money. Gopal's shares were immediately forfeited after allotment. Afterwards, the first call was made. Krishna, a holder of 100 shares, failed to pay the first call money and Girdhar, a holder of 300 shares, paid the second call money also along with the first call. Krishna's shares were forfeited immediately after the first call. Second and final call was made afterwards and was duly received. All the forfeited shares were reissued at ₹ 9 per share fully paid up.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of the company.

OR

JJK Ltd. invited applications for issuing 50,000 equity shares of \ge 10 each at par. The amount was payable as follows :

On Application : \ge 2 per share On Allotment : \ge 4 per share

On First and Final Call: Balance Amount

The issue was oversubscribed three times. Applications for 30% shares were rejected and money refunded. Allotment was made to the remaining applicants as follows:

Category	No. of Shares Applied	No. of Shares Allotted
I	80,000	40,000
II	25,000	10,000

Excess money paid by the applicants who were allotted shares was adjusted towards the sums due on allotment.

Deepak, a shareholder belonging to Category I, who had applied for 1,000 shares, failed to pay the allotment money. Raju, a shareholder holding 100 shares, also failed to pay the allotment money. Raju belonged to Category II. Shares of both Deepak and Raju were forfeited immediately after allotment. Afterwards, first and final call was made and was duly received. The forfeited shares of Deepak and Raju were reissued at ₹ 11 per share fully paid up.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of the company.

खण्ड ख

(वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण)

PART B

(Analysis of Financial Statements)

18. 'रोकड़ प्रवाह विवरण' का क्या अर्थ है ?

What is meant by 'Cash Flow Statement'?

1

19. रोकड़ तथा रोकड़ तुल्य को छोड़कर 'शुद्ध कार्यशील पूँजी में कमी' प्रचालन गतिविधियों से रोकड़ प्रवाह को बढ़ाएगी, घटाएगी अथवा इसमें कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा ? अपने उत्तर के समर्थन में कारण दीजिए।

1

Will 'Net decrease in working capital' other than cash and cash equivalents, increase, decrease or not change Cash Flow from Operating Activities? Give reason in support of your answer.

- 20. 'वित्तीय विवरणों के विश्लेषण' की किन्हीं चार सीमाओं का उल्लेख कीजिए।

 State any four limitations of 'Analysis of Financial Statements'.
- **21.** एम. लिमिटेड का स्वामित्व अनुपात 0.80:1 है ।

कारण देते हुए उल्लेख कीजिए कि निम्नलिखित लेनदेनों से स्वामित्व अनुपात बढ़ेगा, घटेगा अथवा इसमें कोई परिवर्तन नहीं होगा :

4

- (i) बैंक से ₹ 2,00,000 का पाँच वर्ष पश्चात् देय ऋण प्राप्त किया ।
- (ii) ₹ 75,000 की मशीनरी का नगद क्रय किया गया ।
- (iii) ₹ 1,00,000 के 5% शोधनीय पूर्वाधिकारी (अधिमानी) अंशों का शोधन किया।
- (iv) ₹ 4,00,000 की मशीनरी के क्रय हेतु विक्रेता को समता अंशों का निर्गमन किया गया।

The proprietary ratio of M. Ltd. is 0.80:1.

State with reasons whether the following transactions will increase, decrease or not change the proprietary ratio:

- (i) Obtained a loan from bank \neq 2,00,000 payable after five years.
- (ii) Purchased machinery for cash ₹ 75,000.
- (iii) Redeemed 5% redeemable preference shares ₹ 1,00,000.
- (iv) Issued equity shares to the vendors of machinery purchased for \neq 4,00,000.

22. वित्तीय विवरणों को लेखांकन अवधारणाओं, सिद्धान्तों, प्रक्रियाओं तथा विधिक पर्यावरण भी, जिसमें व्यावसायिक संगठन प्रचालित होते हैं, को ध्यान में रख कर तैयार किया जाता है। ये विवरण ऐसी सूचना का स्रोत होते हैं जिनके आधार पर कम्पनी की लाभप्रदत्ता एवं वित्तीय स्थिति के बारे में निष्कर्ष निकलते हैं तािक उपयोगकर्ता सुगमता से इनको समझ सकें तथा इनका उपयोग अपने आर्थिक निर्णयों में अर्थपूर्ण रूप से कर सकें।

उपर्युक्त कथन से ऐसे किन्हीं दो मूल्यों की पहचान कीजिए जिनको किसी कम्पनी को अपने वित्तीय विवरण तैयार करते समय ध्यान में रखना चाहिए । यह भी उल्लेख कीजिए कि कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 की अनुसूची III के अनुसार एक कम्पनी के स्थिति विवरण में निम्नलिखित मदों को किन-किन मुख्य शीर्षकों तथा उप-शीर्षकों के अन्तर्गत दर्शाया जाएगा :

4

- (i) पूँजीगत संचय
- (ii) पूर्वदत्त याचनाएँ
- (iii) खुदरा औजार
- (iv) बैंक अधिविकर्ष

Financial statements are prepared following the consistent accounting concepts, principles, procedures and also the legal environment in which the business organisations operate. These statements are the sources of information on the basis of which conclusions are drawn about the profitability and financial position of a company so that their users can easily understand and use them in their economic decisions in a meaningful way.

From the above statement identify any two values that a company should observe while preparing its financial statements. Also, state under which major headings and sub-headings the following items will be presented in the Balance Sheet of a company as per Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.

- (i) Capital Reserve
- (ii) Calls-in-Advance
- (iii) Loose Tools
- (iv) Bank Overdraft

67/3 19 P.T.O.

23. 31.3.2016 को एस.आर.एस. लिमिटेड के निम्नलिखित स्थिति विवरण तथा अतिरिक्त सूचना से रोकड़ प्रवाह विवरण तैयार कीजिए :

31.3.2016 को एस.आर.एस. लिमिटेड का स्थिति विवरण

6

	31.3.2010 यम द्स.आर.द्स. म			
	विवरण	नोट सं.	31.3.2016 ₹	31.3.2015 ₹
I – 7	 प्रमता एवं देयताएँ :			
1.	अंशधारी निधियाँ:			
	(अ) अंश पूँजी		4,50,000	3,50,000
	(ब) संचय एवं आधिक्य	1	1,25,000	50,000
2.	अचल देयताएँ :			
	दीर्घकालीन ऋण	2	2,25,000	1,75,000
3.	चालू देयताएँ:			
	(अ) लघुकालीन ऋण	3	75,000	37,500
	(ब) लघुकालीन प्रावधान	4	1,00,000	62,500
	कुल		9,75,000	6,75,000
II –	परिसम्पत्तियाँ:			
1.	अचल परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	(अ) स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	(i) मूर्त	5	7,32,500	4,52,500
	(ii) अमूर्त	6	50,000	75,000
	(ब) अचल निवेश		75,000	50,000
2.	चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	(अ) चालू निवेश		20,000	35,000
	(ब) स्टॉक (मालसूची)	7	61,000	36,000
	(स) रोकड़ तथा रोकड़ तुल्य		36,500	26,500
	कुल		9,75,000	6,75,000

खातों के नोट्स

	·· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
नोट	विवरण	31.3.2016	31.3.2015
सं.	THE T	₹	₹
1.	संचय एवं आधिक्य		
	(आधिक्य – लाभ-हानि विवरण का शेष)	1,25,000	50,000
		1,25,000	50,000
2.	दीर्घकालीन ऋण		
	12% ऋणपत्र	2,25,000	1,75,000
		2,25,000	1,75,000
3.	लघुकालीन ऋण		
	बैंक अधिविकर्ष	75,000	37,500
		75,000	37,500
4.	लघुकालीन प्रावधान		
	प्रस्तावित लाभांश	1,00,000	62,500
		1,00,000	62,500
5.	मूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ		
	मशीनरी	8,37,500	5,22,500
	एकत्रित (संचित) मूल्यहास	(1,05,000)	(70,000)
		7,32,500	4,52,500
6.	अमूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ		
	ख्याति	50,000	75,000
		50,000	75,000
7.	स्टॉक (मालसूची)		
	स्टॉक (बिक्री के लिए माल)	61,000	36,000
		61,000	36,000

अतिरिक्त सूचना :

- (i) $ext{$\neq$} 50,000,\,12\%$ ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 31.3.2016 को किया गया ।
- (ii) वर्ष में एक मशीन, जिसकी लागत ₹ 40,000 थी तथा जिस पर एकत्रित (संचित) मूल्यहास ₹ 20,000 था, को ₹ 5,000 की हानि पर बेचा गया ।

From the following Balance Sheet of SRS Ltd. and the additional information as on 31.3.2016, prepare a Cash Flow Statement:

Balance Sheet of SRS Ltd. as on 31.3.2016

		Note	31.3.2016	31.3.2015
	Particulars	No.	₹	₹
I – F	Equity and Liabilities :			
1.	Shareholder's Funds:			
	(a) Share Capital		4,50,000	3,50,000
	(b) Reserves and Surplus	1	1,25,000	50,000
2.	Non-Current Liabilities :			
	Long-term Borrowings	2	2,25,000	1,75,000
3.	Current Liabilities :			
	(a) Short-term Borrowings	3	75,000	37,500
	(b) Short-term Provisions	4	1,00,000	62,500
	Total		9,75,000	6,75,000
II -	Assets:			
1.	Non-Current Assets:			
	(a) Fixed Assets:			
	(i) Tangible	5	7,32,500	4,52,500
	(ii) Intangible	6	50,000	75,000
	(b) Non-Current Investments		75,000	50,000
2.	Current Assets :			
	(a) Current Investments		20,000	35,000
	(b) Inventories	7	61,000	36,000
	(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents		36,500	26,500
	Total		9,75,000	6,75,000

Notes to Accounts

	T	ī	1
Note	Particulars	31.3.2016	31.3.2015
No.	1 at ticulars	₹	₹
1.	Reserves and Surplus		
	(Surplus i.e., Balance in the	1,25,000	50,000
	Statement of Profit and Loss)	1,20,000	50,000
		1,25,000	50,000
2.	Long-term Borrowings		
	12% Debentures	2,25,000	1,75,000
		2,25,000	1,75,000
3.	Short-term Borrowings		
	Bank Overdraft	75,000	37,500
		75,000	37,500
4.	Short-term Provisions		
	Proposed Dividend	1,00,000	62,500
		1,00,000	62,500
5.	Tangible Assets		
	Machinery	8,37,500	5,22,500
	Accumulated Depreciation	(1,05,000)	(70,000)
		7,32,500	4,52,500
6.	Intangible Assets		
	Goodwill	50,000	75,000
		50,000	75,000
7.	Inventories		
	Stock in Trade	61,000	36,000
		61,000	36,000

$Additional\ Information:$

- (i) \equiv 50,000, 12% debentures were issued on 31.3.2016.
- (ii) During the year a piece of machinery costing \neq 40,000, on which accumulated depreciation was \neq 20,000, was sold at a loss of \neq 5,000.

खण्ड ख

(अभिकलित्र लेखांकन)

PART B

(Computerized Accounting)

18.	'क्वेरी' का क्या अर्थ है ? What is meant by a 'Query' ?	1
19.	'ऑकड़ा-आधारित-प्रतिवेदन' का क्या अर्थ है ? What is meant by a 'Database Report' ?	1
20.	'लाभ एवं हानि' खाता वर्ग के किन्हीं चार उपवर्गों को समझाइए। Explain any four sub-groups of the Account Group 'Profit and Loss'.	4
21.	अभिकलित्र लेखांकन सॉफ्टवेयर के प्रतिस्थापन में निहित चरणों को समझाइए। Explain the steps involved in the installation of computerized accounting software.	4
22.	विशिष्ट लेखांकन सॉफ्टवेयर का चयन करने से पूर्व ध्यान में रखे जाने वाले 'लचीलेपन' तथा 'प्रस्थापन-लागत' को समझाइए। Explain 'Flexibility' and 'Cost of installation' as considerations before opting for specific accounting software.	4
23.	कार्यसूत्र में अमान्य सांख्यिक मूल्यों के होने के कारण प्रकट होने वाली त्रुटि की पहचान कीजिए। इस त्रुटि को कैसे दूर किया जा सकता है ? समझाइए। Identify the error that appears when there are invalid numeric values in a formula for function. How can this error be removed? Explain.	6

	. Set I		Marking Scheme 2016-17	Distribution of marks								
67/ 1	67/ 2	67/ 3	Accountancy (055)									
•		3	Outside Delhi – 67/3 Expected Answers / Value points									
			Expected Answers / Value points									
3	4	1	Q. P and Q wererectify the error.									
			Ans. Books of the firm									
			Journal									
			Date Particulars LF Dr (`) Cr (`)	$\neg 1$								
			2016 P's Current A/c Dr. 6,000									
			April 1 To Q's current A/c 6,00) = 1 Mark								
			(Being the adjustment of interest on									
			capital omitted in previous year)									
4	3	2	Q. X Ltd. invitedwith applicants.									
			Ans. Books of the firm									
			Journal									
			Date Particulars LF Dr(`) Cr(`)	_								
			2016 Bank A/c Dr. 57,000 Jan 1 To 12% Debenture Application & Allotment A/c 57,000	۱ ا								
			(Being application money received for 600) ½								
			debentures @ ` 95 each)									
			2016 12% Debenture Application & Allotment A/cDr. 57,000									
			Jan 1 Discount on Issue of Debentures A/c Dr. 2,500									
			To 12 % Debentures A/c 50,000									
			To Bank A/c 9,500) 1/2								
			(Being 500, 12% debentures allotted on pro-rata basis)	=1 Mark								
5	2	3	Q. Z Ltdcan be re-issued.	- I IVIAIR								
J		3	Ans. The maximum amount of discount at which these shares can be re-issued is `5 per	=1 Mark								
			share or ` 5000.	- I III								
6	1	4	Q. Durga and Nareshby them.									
			Ans. Any two of the following:	½ x 2								
			Persons of unsound mind / Lunatics	=1 Mark								
			Insolvent persons									
4	,	-	Any other individual who have been disqualified by law									
1	6	5	Q. Distinguish betweencredit balance. Ans. Fixed Capital Accounts always show a credit balance while fluctuating capital account	s = 1 Mark								
			may show credit or debit balance.	- I Iviai k								
			Thay show dream or debit balance.									
2	5	6	Q. A and BB's sacrifice.									
			Ans. A's Old Share = 5/8									
			A's Sacrifice = 1/5 of 5/8 = 1/8									
			C's Share = 3/8	4.5.								
			B's Sacrifice = C's share – A's sacrifice = 3/8 – 1/8 = 2/8	=1 Mark								
			OR B's Old Share = 3/8									
			B's new share = 2/8									
			B's Sacrifice = 3/8 – 2/8 = 1/8									
8	9	7	Q. Kavi, Ravi, Kumar Guru's retirement.									
			Ans.									

						Books of the firm					
			Date		Particula	Journal ers	LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt		
			2017 Jan 31		apital A/c vi's Capital A/c	Dr.		81,000		2	
				To Gu	mar's Capital A/c Iru's Capital A/c adjustment of Good	dwill on Guru's			18,000 45,000	_	
				retirem	-	dwiii on dara s					
			Working 1. C		of Gaining Ratio:						
			New Ra		Kavi 3/5	Ravi 1/5	Kuma 1/5	r	Guru	1	
			Old Rat		3/8	2/8	2/8		1/8	= 3 Marks	
9	8	8	O Dicha	td Durch	9/40 (Gain) pased	2/40 (Sacrifice) Nisha Ltd.	2/40 (Sacrifice)	1/8 (Sacrifice)	3 IVIdI K3	
7	8	0	Ans.	Llu. Puicii	iaseu	IVISIIA LIU.					
						Disha Ltd. Journal					
			Date		Particular	TS .	LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt		
				Machiner To Nisha (Being ma		Dr d from Nisha Ltd.)		1,78,000	1,78,000	1/2	
				(ii)	Nisha Ltd To Equit To Secur (Being 10		Dr c erve A/c		1,10,000	1,00,000 10,000	1
			(iii)	Nisha Ltd.		Dr		18,000			
				To 9% [rures A/c Dr f`100 each issued		2,000	20,000	1	
				(Being ba	Payable A/c lance payment ma h bill of exchange)			50,000	50,000	1∕2	
					3 ,	OR Disha Ltd. Journal					
			Date		Particular	r's	LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt		
				Machiner To Nisha (Being ma	•	Dr I from Nisha Ltd.)		1,78,000		1/2	

			/ii\	Nisha Ltd.	Г	r.	1 70 000		
			(ii)				1,78,000		
				Discount on Issue of Debentu	ires A/C L	Or.	2,000		
				To Equity Share Capital A/c				1,00,000	2 1/2
				To 9% Debentures A/c				20,000	
				To Bills Payable A/c				50,000	
				To Securities Premium Rese	rve A/c			10,000	=
				(Being payment made to Nish	na Ltd.)				3 Marks
			Working	Notes:					
				e Consideration = 1,10,000 + 1	8,000 + 50,000 =	1,78,0	000		
10	7	9		sh Ltd. Is to p		·			
			Ans.						
				Balance	e Sheet of Gane	sh Ltd.			
				As at					
				Particulars	Note No.	Amo	ount (`)	Amount (`)	
						Curre	ent year	Previous year	
				Y & LIABILITIES					
				eholder's funds :					
				Share Capital	1	<u>6</u>	,09,96,000		1/2
			Notes to	Accounts :					,
				Particula	ars			(`)	
			(3)	Share Capital					
				Authorised Capital:					1,
				1,00,00,000 equity shares of	`10 each			10,00,00,000	1/2
				Issued Capital	10				1/2
				61,00,000 equity shares of `	10 each			6 <u>,10,00,000</u>	72
				Subscribed Capital					
				Subscribed and fully paid		4 00 0	0.000		
				60,98,000 shares of `10 each Subscribed but not fully paid		6,09,8	0,000		
				2,000 equity shares of 10 eac					
				Less: Calls in arrears (2,000 X			16,000	6,09,96,000	1/2
			Values (Any two):	12) <u>4,000</u>	_	10,000	0,07,70,000	
				Any two). Providing employment opporti	unities to the lo	ral vouth			
				Promotion of development in t		ai youiii	•		1/2 + 1/2
				Promotion of skill developmen		radesh			
				Paying attention towards regic					=3 Marks
				other suitable value)	2.13 01 300iai u ill (
7	10	10		td equity s	hares.				
			Ans.	11.17					
					BPL Ltd.				
					Journal				
			Date	Particulars		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt	
							()	()	
				9% Debentures A/c	Г	r.	50,000		
				To Debenture holders A/c	L	"	30,000	47,000	
					h a m to			47,000	1
				To Discount on issue of de				3,000	
				(Being amount payable to de	benture holders				
				on conversion)					
				Debenture holders A/c		r.	47,000		
				To Equity Share Capital A/c				37,600	1
				To Securities Premium Rese				9,400	'
				(Being 9% debentures conver				,	
				shares)	oquity				
				Silai C3)	34				

			Working I	Notes:							
			Number o	of equity shares to be iss	ued = 47000	/125 = 37	6 shar	es		1	
										= 3 Marks	
11	12	11	Q. Madhu	ladhu and Neha premium in cash.						5 IVIdi K3	
			Ans.								
			(a) Calcula Tina's sha	ation of Hidden Goodwil re – ¼	<u>l:</u>						
				pital = ` 4,00,000							
				apital of the new firm =							
			(b) Existin	g total capital of Madhu	, Neha and T				4,00,000	1	
			Goodwill	= ` 14,00,000 oodwill of the firm = 16,00,000-14,00,000 = 2,00,000							
			Thus, Tina	nus, Tina's share of goodwill = ¼ X 2,00,000 = 50,000							
			(b) Calcula	<u>) Calculation of New Profit Sharing ratio :</u>							
				<u>adhu's new share = 3/8</u>							
				eha's new share = 5/8 - 1/4 = 3/8							
				na's share = ¼ i.e. 2/8 ew Ratio = 3:3:2							
			New Ratio	J = 3.3.2							
			(c)								
			Dr.		Books of Jour				Cr.		
			Date	Partic		ııaı	LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)		
			2016	Tina's Current A/c		Dr.		50,000		2	
			Apr 1	To Neha's Curr		lo h o on			50,000	= 4 Marks	
				(Being credit given for Tina's admission)	goodwiii to N	iena on				4 IVIAI KS	
12	11	12	Q. Ashok,	Babu and Chetan	C	apital Ac	count.	1	<u> </u>		
			Ans.		Ashok's Ca	nnital A /a					
			Dr		ASHUK 3 C	apitai A/C	•		Cr		
			Date	Particulars	Amt (`)	Date	Parti	culars	Amt (`)		
			2016	To Donnie as A /	15.000	2016	D. D	-1	00.000		
			Dec 31 Dec 31	To Drawings A/c 1/2 To Interest on	15,000 1,500	April 1 Dec 31	_	alance b/d (1/2)	90,000 8,100	½ X 8	
				Drawings A/c	1/2) 17,000	2000.	Capi	tal A/c (½)			
			Dec 31	To Ashok's	3,01,600	Dec 31		<u>& L Suspense</u>	1/2 40,000		
				Executor's A/c	(1/2)	Dec 31	A/c By B	abu's Capital	90,000	=	
						2000.	<u>A/c</u>	asa o capitai	(½)	4 Marks	
						Dec 31		<u>hetan's Capital</u> ₍	90,000		
					3,18,100		<u>A/c</u>		3,18,100		
-	-	13	•	⊔ Mohit, Roshan and Rake		r	econst	ituted firm.	=1.01.00		
			Ans.								

			_				Revalua	ation A/c					
			Dr Particular	•		/ mat	<i>(</i> -)	Particulars			Λ	Cr	
			To Claim		non	Amt	20,000			tion	Am	()	
			Compensa To fixed as	ation	ien		transferred t		d to Par				1 ½
			TO TIXEU as	55612 A/C			Kapil		•	50,00			
								Mohit Roshan		20,00 20,00	0	000	
							4 00 00	Rakesh		10,00		0,000	
							1,00,000 Partners'	<u>/</u> Capital A/c			1,0	<u>0,000</u>	
			Dr									Cr	
			Particulars	Kapil	Mohit	Roshan	Rakesh	Particulars	Kapil 3,50,000	Mohit 3,00,000	Roshan 2,50,000	2,00,000	
			To Revaluation A/c	50,000	20,000	20,000	10,000	By Balance b/d	3,50,000	3,00,000	2,50,000	2,00,000	
			To Kapil's Capital A/c		3,600	3,600	10,800	By Mohit's Capital A/c	3,600				2 ½
			To Partners' Current A/c	68,000	26,400			By Roshan's Capital A/c	3,600				
			To Balance c/d	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	2,50,000	By Rakesh's Capital A/c	10,800				
								By Partners' Current A/c			23,600	70,800	
				3,68,000	3,00,000	2,73,600	2,70,800		3,68,000	3,00,000	2,73,600	2,70,800	
						Baland	e Sheet	of P, Q, R and	S t			<u> </u>	
								March 2016					
				Liabilities		A	\mt (`)		Assets			nt (`)	
			Partners' (Capital A/o		00		Fixed Asse Current As				20,000	
			Kapil Mohit		2,50,00 2,50,00			Partners' C		Δ/c·	4,0	00,000	2
			Roshan		2,50,00			Roshan	dirent	23,600			
			Rakesh		2,50,00		10,00,000) Rakesh		70,800	(94,400	=
			Claim for \				70,000)					6 Marks
			Compensa				E0 00/						
			Sundry Cro Partners' (0	50,000	J					
			Kapil Mohit		68,00 <u>26,40</u>		94,400	0					
						1	12,14,400	2			12,	14,400	
-	-	14	Q. On 1-4-2	2015				_					
			Ans.				s						
								/I Ltd.					
								ırnal					
			Date	D 1 4 /		Particu	ılars		LF	Dr (`)		(`)	
				Bank A/c)ahantur	_Δ Annlica	ation & Al	Dr. Iotment A/c		11,04,000		4.000	
			Apr 1	(Being ap							11,0	4,000	
				. 3-61				•					1

			2015	11% Debenture Application & Allotm	ent A/c Dr.	11,04,000		
			Apr 1	Discount on Issue of Debentures A/c	Dr.	96,000		
				Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c	Dr.	1,20,000		1
				To 11 % Debentures A/c		, ,	12,00,000	
				To Premium on Redemption of Debent	tures A/c		1,20,000	
				(Being transfer of application money	to			
				debenture account issued at discoun	t of 8%,			
				but redeemable at premium of 10%) Or				
				11% Debenture Application & Allotm	ent A/c Dr.	11,04,000		
				Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c	Dr.	2,16,000		
				To 11 % Debentures A/c			12,00,000	
				To Premium on Redemption of Debent			1,20,000	
				(Being transfer of application money				
				debenture account issued at discoun	t of 8%,			
				but redeemable at premium of 10%)				
			2015	Debenture Interest A/c	Dr.	66,000		
			Sep 30	To Debenture holders A/c			59,400	I
				To TDS Payable A/c			6,600	
				(Being interest payable on 11% debe tax deducted at source @ 10%)				
			2015	Debenture holders A/c	Dr.	59,400		1/
			Sep 30	TDS Payable A/c	Dr.	6,600	// 000	1/2
				To Bank A/c	A TDC		66,000	
			001/	(Being interest paid to debentures ar deposited)		(1.000		
			2016	Debenture Interest A/c	Dr.	66,000	50.400	1
			Mar 31	To Debenture holders A/c			59,400	
				To TDS Payable A/c	ntures and		6,600	
				(Being interest payable on 11% debetax deducted at source @ 10%)	intures and			
			2016	Debenture holders A/c	Dr.	59,400		
			Mar 31	TDS Payable A/c	Dr.	6,600		1/2
			IVIAI 51	To Bank A/c	DI.	0,000	66,000	
				(Being interest paid to debentures ar	nd TDS		00,000	
				deposited)				
			2016	Statement of Profit & Loss	Dr.	1,32,000		
			Mar 31	To Debenture Interest A/c		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,32,000	1
				(Being interest on debentures transfe	erred to			=
				statement to P & L)				6 Marks
-	-	15	Q. Pass no	ecessary R 5,000.			_	
			Ans.	5				
				Books of the				
			Date	Journ Particulars	LF L	Dr (`)	Cr (`)	
			(i)	Realisation A/c	Dr.	500	Ci ()	
			(1)	To John's Capital A/c	Ы.	300	500	1
				(Being remuneration given to John)			300	
			(ii)	Realisation A/c	Dr.	750		
				To Joney's Capital A/c			750	1
				(Being dissolution expenses paid by				
				partner)				
			(iii) a.	Realisation A/c	Dr.	3,700		
				To Bony's Capital A/c			3,700	1/2
				(Being remuneration given to Bony)				
	_	_						

			(iii) b.	Bony's Capital A/c	Dr.		4,200		
				To Bank/ Cash A/c			·	4,200	1/2
				(Being the dissolution expenses paid by t	the				
				firm on behalf of partner)					
			(iv)a.		Dr.		10,000		1,
				To Sony's Capital A/c				10,000	1/2
				(Being remuneration given to Sony)					
			(iv) b.	Sony's Capital A/c	Dr.		10,000		
			(10) D.	To Realisation A/c	DI .			10,000	
				(Being stock taken over by Sony as				12,000	1/2
				remuneration)					
				remunerationy					
			(iv)	OR					
			a.+b.	No Entry					
			(v) a.	Realisation A/c	Dr.		12,000		
				To Vikky's Capital A/c				12,000	1/2
				(Being partner Vikky remunerated for					-
				dissolution expenses)					
							10 500		
			(v) b.		Dr.		12,500	10.500	
				To Clive's Capital A/c	tho			12,500	1/2
				(Being the dissolution expenses paid by the Clive on behalf of the partner debited to					
				his capital A/c)	'				
				Note: If part a. Is correctly done, full cred	dit				
				is to be given.					
				is to be given.					
			(vi)	Realisation A/c	Dr.		5,000		1
				To Bank/ Cash A/c				5,000	=
				(Being dissolution expenses paid)					6 Marks
16	17	16	O Cand	D areE's admission.					
.0	' '		Ans.	5 dro 5 ddi 113310111					
				Books of the f	firm				
				Journal			- 43	2 (2)	
			Date	Particulars		LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)	
			(i)		Dr.		10,000	8,000	1
				To C's Capital A/c To D's Capital A/c				2,000	l l
				(Being General Reserve distributed amor	na l			2,000	
				partners)	a				
			(ii)	,	Dr.		1,20,000		
				To E's Capital A/c			, ,,,,,,,	1,00,000	1
				To Premium for Goodwill A/c				20,000	
				(Being cash received as E's capital and					
				premium for goodwill)					
			(iii)		Dr.		20,000		
				To C's Capital A/c				16,000	
				To D's Capital A/c				4,000	1
1				(Being premium for Goodwill credited to)				'
Ī				ald partners conital assessment in accomplishing		Į.	1		
				old partner's capital account in sacrificin ratio)	ng				

			(iv)	C's Capital A/c	Dr.		8,000		
			(IV)		Dr.		2,000		1/2
				D's Capital A/c To Cash A/c	DI.		2,000	10.000	72
					ورز در و و او وا			10,000	
				(Being half of goodwill amount wit	narawn				
			()	by C and D)			0.000		
			(v)	Bad debts A/c	Dr.		2,000		4.
				To Debtors A/c				2,000	1/2
				(Being debtors `2,000 written off)					
			(vi)	Provision for bad and doubtful debts A	A/c Dr.		2,000		
				To Bad debts A/c				2,000	
				(Being provision utilised for writing	g off bad				1/2
				debts)					
			(vii)	Provision for bad and doubtful debts A	A/c Dr.		640		
				To Revaluation A/c				640	1/2
				(Being provision for bad debts dec					
			(viii)	Revaluation A/c	Dr.		14,000		
				To Stock A/c				2,000	
				To Furniture A/c				4,000	1 ½
				To Plant & Machinery A/c				8,000	
				(Being decrease in assets recorded	l)				
			(ix)	Investments A/c	Dr.		7,000		
				To Revaluation A/c				7,000	1/2
				(Being increase in investments rec	orded)				
			(x)	Revaluation A/c	Dr.		2,300		
			\ \ \	To Outstanding Repairs A/c			·	2,300	1/2
				(Being increase in liabilities record	ed)			,	
			(xi)	C's Capital A/c	Dr.		6,928		
			()	D's Capital A/c	Dr.		1,732		1/2
				To Revaluation A/c	Σ		1,702	8,660	=
				(Being loss on revaluation transfer	red to			3,000	8 Marks
				Partner's Capital A/c)					
				Tarthor o dapitar 7 v oy					
				Note: In case an examinee has cor	mhined				
				entry number (viii) and (x) or (vii)					
				full credit may be given.	unu (ix);				
16	17	16	O Samoo	r, Yasmin and Saloni were	San	naar's	retirement		
OR	OR	OR	Ans.	i, rusiiiii uliu saloili wele		iloui s	retirement.		
	O.K		71113.	Rooks o	f the firm				
					ırnal				
			Date	Particulars		LF	Dr (`)	Cr (`)	
			(i)	General Reserve A/c	Dr.		60,000	\ /	
			(')	To Sameer's Capital A/c	ы.		55,555	24,000	
				To Yasmin's Capital A/c				18,000	1
				To Saloni's Capital A/c				18,000	
				(Being General Reserve distributed	amona			10,000	
				partners)	a unionly				
			(ii)	Sameer's Capital A/c	Dr.		20,000		
			(11)	Yasmin's Capital A/c	Dr. Dr.		15,000		
				Saloni's Capital A/c	Dr. Dr.		15,000		1
				To Profit and Loss A/c	DI.		15,000	50,000	'
					amona			50,000	
				(Being accumulated losses divided	amony				
			(;;;)	partners)	D		4.000		
			(iii)	Bad Debts A/c	Dr.		4,000	4.000	1/2
				To Debtors A/c (Being debtors of ` 4000 written o				4,000	/2
					++\				

			(iv)	Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c To Bad Debts A/c (Being provision utilised for writing off debts)	Dr. bad		4,000	4,000	1/2
			(v)	Provision for bad and doubtful debts A/c To Revaluation A/c (Being excess provision transferred to Revaluation A/c)	Dr.		1,700	1,700	1/2
			(vi)	Revaluation A/c To Creditors A/c (Being increase in creditors recorded)	Dr.		20,000	20,000	1/2
			(vii)	Revaluation A/c To Patents A/c To Stock A/c To Machinery A/c To Building A/c (Being decrease in assets recorded)	Dr.		90,000	60,000 5,000 15,000 10,000	2
			(viii)	Sameer's Capital A/c Yasmin's Capital A/c Saloni's Capital A/c To Revaluation A/c (Being loss on revaluation transferred t Partners' Capital A/c)	Dr. Dr. Dr.		43,320 32,490 32,490	1,08,300	1/2
			(ix)	Yasmin's Capital A/c Saloni's Capital A/c To Sameer's Capital A/c (Being Goodwill adjusted on Sameer's retirement)	Dr. Dr.		1,62,000 54,000	2,16,000	1
			(x)	Sameer's Capital A/c To Sameer's Loan A/c (Being balance of Sameer's capital transferred to Sameer's Loan A/c)	Dr.		4,76,680	4,76,680	½ =
				Note: In case an examinee has combin entry number (vi) and (vii), full credit r be given.					8 Marks
			Working		•	. 2.14	1,10,000	60,000 5,000 15,000 10,000 20,000	
17	16	17		payable to Sameer = (43,320) + 24,000 – 2 Ltdbooks of the comp VXN Ltd. Journal	pany.	+ 2,10,	,000 + 3,00,00	0 = 4,70,000	
			Date	Particulars		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt	
			(i)	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Being application money received)	Dr.		2,00,000	2,00,000	1

	/ii\	Fauity Chara Application A/a	Dr	2.00.000		
	(ii)	Equity Share Application A/c	Dr.	2,00,000	1 00 000	
		To Equity Share Capital A/c			1,00,000	1
		To Securities Premium Reserve A/c			1,00,000	' '
	(:::)	(Being application money transferred)	D.,	2.00.000		
	(iii)	Equity Share Allotment A/c	Dr.	3,00,000	1 50 000	
		To Equity Share Capital A/c			1,50,000	4
		To Securities Premium Reserve A/c			1,50,000	1
	(1.)	(Being share allotment money due)	_	2.00.000		
	(iv)	Bank A/c	Dr.	3,02,000		
		Calls in Arrears A/c	Dr.	1,200		
		To Equity Share Allotment A/c			3,00,000	1,
		To Calls in Advance A/c			3,200	1/2
		(Being allotment money received except or	n			
		200 shares and calls in advance received)				
		OR				
		Bank A/c	Dr.	3,02,000		
		To Equity Share Allotment A/c			2,98,800	
		To Calls in Advance A/c			3,200	
		(Being allotment money received except of	1			
		200 shares and calls in advance received)				
	(v)	Equity Share Capital A/c	Dr.	1,000		
		Securities Premium Reserve A/c	Dr.	600		
		To Shares Forfeited A/c			400	1/2
		To Equity Share Allotment A/c/ Calls in arrear	s A/c		1,200	
		(Being 200 shares forfeited)				
	(vi)	Equity Share First call A/c	Dr.	2,49,000		
		To Equity Share Capital A/c			1,99,200	1/2
		To Securities Premium Reserve A/c			49,800	
		(Being first call money due on 49,800 share	es)			
	(vii)	Bank A/c	Dr.	2,47,400		
		Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.	500		
		Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	2,000		
		To Equity Share First Call A/c			2,49,000	1/2
		To Calls in advance A/c			900	
		(Being first call money and calls in advance				
		received, advance received earlier adjusted				
		OR				
		Bank A/c	Dr.	2,47,400		
		Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	2,000		
		To Equity Share First Call A/c		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,48,500	
		To Calls in advance A/c			900	
		(Being first call money and calls in advance			, , ,	
		received, advance received earlier adjusted				
		OR	/			
		(a)				
		Bank A/c	Dr.	2,47,400		
		Calls in arrears A/c	Dr.	500		
		To Equity Share First Call A/c	D1.		2,47,000	
		To Calls in advance A/c			900	
		(Being first call money and calls in advance			700	
		received)				
		(b)				
		Calls in advance A/c	Dr.	2,000		
		To Equity Share First Call A/c	DI.	2,000	2,000	
		(Being advance received earlier adjusted)			۷,000	
		(Deiny advance received earlier adjusted)				

				OR					
				Bank A/c Calls in arrears A/c Calls in advance A/c To Equity Share First Call A/c (Being first call money received, advance received earlier on 1,000 shares adjusted a second call in advance received on 600 shares			2,47,400 500 1,100	2,49,000	
			(viii)	Equity Share Capital A/c Securities Premium Reserve A/c To Shares Forfeited A/c To Calls in arrears A/c/ Equity Share First Call / (Being 100 shares forfeited)	Dr. Dr. A/c		900 100	500 500	1/2
			(ix)	Equity Share Second & Final call A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A/c (Being second call due on 49,700 shares)	Dr.		1,49,100	49,700 99,400	1/2
			(x)	Bank A/c Calls in advance A/c To Equity share second and final call A/c (Being second and final call received and advance received earlier adjusted)	Dr. Dr.		1,47,000 2,100	1,49,100	½
			(xi)	Bank A/c Shares Forfeited A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c (Being forfeited shares reissued)	Dr. Dr.		2,700	3,000	1
			(xii)	Shares Forfeited A/c To Capital Reserve A/c (Being gain on reissue on forfeited shares transferred to capital reserve account)	Dr.		600	600	½ = 8 Marks
17	16	17		d books of the company.					
OR	OR	OR	Ans.	Books of JJK L Journal	.td.				
			Date	Particulars		LF	Dr. Amt	Cr. Amt	
			(i)	Bank A/c To Equity Share Application A/c (Being application money received on 1,50 shares)	Dr. 0,000		3,00,000	3,00,000	1
			(ii)	Equity Share Application A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c To Bank A/c To Equity Share Allotment A/c (Being application money transferred)	Dr.		3,00,000	1,00,000 90,000 1,10,000	1
			(iii)	Equity Share Allotment A/c To Equity Share Capital A/c (Being share allotment money due)	Dr.		2,00,000	2,00,000	1
			(iv)	Bank A/c Calls in arrears A/c To Equity share allotment a/c (Being Balance amount received on allotm	Dr. Dr. nent)		88,900 1,100	90,000	1

			OP	
			Bank A/c Dr. 70 Equity share allotment a/c (Being Balance amount received on allotment)	
			(v) Equity Share capital A/c Dr. 3,600 To Forfeited Shares A/c 2,500 To Calls in arrears A/c 1,100 (Being forfeited the shares on which allotment money was not received)	1
			(vi) Equity share first and final call A/c Dr. 1,97,600 To Equity share Capital A/c 1,97,600 (Being First and final call money due)	1/2
			(vii) Bank A/c Dr. 1,97,600 To Equity share first and final call A/c (Being first and final call money received)	1/2
			(viii) Bank A/c Dr. 6,600 To Equity Share Capital A/c 6,000 To Securities Premium Reserve A/c (Being forfeited shares reissued)	1
			(ix) Shares Forfeited A/c Dr. 2,500 To Capital Reserve A/c 2,500 (Being gain on reissue on forfeited shares transferred to capital reserve account)	1 = 8 Marks
			PART B	
			(Financial Statements Analysis)	
-	-	18	(Financial Statements Analysis) Q. What is meant bystatement? Ans. A cash flow statement shows inflows and outflows of cash and cash equivalents from various activities of a company during a specified period.	1 Mark
-	-	19	Q. Will 'Net decreaseyour answer. Ans. Increase Reason: Net decrease in working capital implies inflow of cash and cash equivalents.	½ ½ =
				1 Mark
-	-	20	 Q. State any fourstatements. Ans. Limitations of 'Financial Statements Analysis': (Any four) (i) It is a historical Analysis as it analyses what has happened till date. It doesn't reflect the future. (ii) It ignores price level changes as a change in price level makes analysis of financial statements of different accounting years invalid. (iii) It ignores qualitative aspect as the quality of management, quality of staff etc. are 	1 X 4
			ignored while carrying out the analysis of financial statements. (iv) It suffers from the limitations of financial statements as the analysis is based on the information given in the financial statements.	=
			 (v) It is not free from bias of accountants such as method of inventory valuation, method of depreciation etc. (vi) It may lead to window dressing i.e. showing a better financial position than what actually is by manipulating the books of accounts. (vii) It may be misleading without the knowledge of the changes in accounting procedure by a firm. 	4 Marks

		Ans.		pu	rchased to	r`4,00,000.	
		Transaction	Effect on Quic	k Ratio	Reasons]
		(i)	Decrease	nt natio		e in Shareholders' funds but total	
			20010030			Il increase by 2,00,000	1 X 4
		(ii)	No Change			e in total assets and Shareholders'	=4 Marks
					funds	,	
		(iii)	Decrease			reholders' funds and total assets are	
						d by same amount	
		(iv)	Increase		Sharehold	ders' funds and total assets both are	
					increased	i	
21	22	Q. Financial Sta	itements	Bank	Overdraft	i.	
		Ans.					
		Values (Any tw	<u>o):</u>				
		 Transpa 	-				1 X 2
		 Consist 	•				
			ng rules and regu			of conduct	
			y and loyalty tow				
		 Providi 	ng authentic info				
			((Or any oth	er suitable	value)	
							1
		0	Heads		/ - -	Sub-heads	
		Capital Reserv				Reserves and Surplus	
		Calls -in-adva				Other Current Liabilities	=
				Current Lie		Inventories	4 Marks
23	23		lowing	Current Lial		Short term borrowings	
			Ans.	Ans.	Ans.	Ans.	

Pa	rticulars		Details (`)	Amount (`)	
A. Cash Flows from Opera	ating Activities:				
Net Profit before tax & ex		(note 1)	1,75,000		
Add: Non cash and non-o	•	•			
Goodwill written off			25,000		
Depreciation on machiner	·V		55,000		
Interest on debentures	J		21,000		
Loss on sale of machinery			5,000		11/2
Operating_profit before w		anges	2,81,000		
Less: Increase in Current	0 ,	ag	_/0./000		
Increase in inventories	7100010		(25,000)		+
Net Cash generated from	Operating Activit	ties	(20/000)	2,56,000	V
B. Cash flows from Invest		1103		2,00,000	
Purchase of machinery	ing Activities.		(3,55,000)		
Sale of machinery			15,000		}
Purchase of non current in	nvactmonts		(25,000)		
Net Cash used in investing			(23,000)	(3,65,000)	1
	,			(3,05,000)	۲
C. Cash flows from Finance	<u>ing Activities:</u>		1 00 000	-	1
Issue of share capital Issue of 12% debentures			1,00,000		+
	الما		50,000		
Interest on debentures pa	ı l a		(21,000)		>
Dividend paid			(62,500)		
Bank overdraft raised			37,500		1 1/2
Net Cash flow from finance		>		1,04,000	1 ''
Net decrease in cash & ca				<u>(5,000)</u>	
Add: Opening balance of		valents			
Current Investments			35,000		II .
Cash and Cash Equiv			<u>26,500</u>	<u>61,500</u>	\ \rightarrow *
Closing Balance of cash &	cash equivalents	;			
Current Investments	;		20,000		_
Cash and Cash Equiv	alents		<u>36,500</u>	<u>56,500</u>	ノ '
Notes: Calculation of Net Profit be	efore tax				+
Net profit as per statement		75 (000		
		/ ;) . (1/2
					"
Add: Proposed Dividend		1,00,0	<u>000</u>		
	raordinary items	1,00,0 1,75,	<u>000</u>		
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr	raordinary items	<u>1,00,0</u> <u>1,75,</u> inery A/c	000 000	`	
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr	raordinary items Mach	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic	000 000		
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d	raordinary items Mach 5,22,500	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c	000 000 culars	15,000	
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d To Cash A/c	raordinary items Mach	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c By Statement	000 000 culars		+
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d	raordinary items Mach 5,22,500	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c By Statement (Bal fig.)	000 000 culars of P/L	15,000 5,000	+
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d To Cash A/c	raordinary items Mach 5,22,500	inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c By Statement (Bal fig.) By Accumulated	culars of P/L Depreciation A/c	15,000 5,000 20,000	+
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d To Cash A/c	5,22,500 3,55,000	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c By Statement (Bal fig.)	culars of P/L Depreciation A/c	15,000 5,000 20,000 8,37,500	+
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d To Cash A/c	5,22,500 3,55,000	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c By Statement (Bal fig.) By Accumulated By Balance c/c	ooo ooo sulars of P/L Depreciation A/c	15,000 5,000 20,000	>
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d To Cash A/c (Purchase)	5,22,500 3,55,000	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c By Statement (Bal fig.) By Accumulated By Balance c/c	ooo ooo culars of P/L Depreciation A/c	15,000 5,000 20,000 8,37,500 <u>8,77,500</u>	+
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d To Cash A/c (Purchase) Particulars	5,22,500 3,55,000 8,77,500 Accumulated	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c By Statement (Bal fig.) By Accumulated By Balance c/c Depreciation A	ooo ooo sulars of P/L Depreciation A/c	15,000 5,000 20,000 8,37,500 <u>8,77,500</u>	½ =
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d To Cash A/c (Purchase) Particulars To Machinery A/c	5,22,500 3,55,000 8,77,500 Accumulated	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c By Statement (Bal fig.) By Accumulated By Balance c/c Depreciation A Partic By Balance b/c	ooo ooo ooo oo oo oo oo oo oo oo oo oo	15,000 5,000 20,000 8,37,500 <u>8,77,500</u>	>
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d To Cash A/c (Purchase) Particulars	5,22,500 3,55,000 8,77,500 Accumulated	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c By Statement (Bal fig.) By Accumulated By Balance c/c Depreciation A	ooo ooo ooo oo oo oo oo oo oo oo oo oo	15,000 5,000 20,000 8,37,500 <u>8,77,500</u>	½ =
Add: Proposed Dividend Net Profit before tax & extr Particulars To Balance b/d To Cash A/c (Purchase) Particulars To Machinery A/c	5,22,500 3,55,000 8,77,500 Accumulated	1,00,0 1,75, inery A/c Partic By Cash A/c By Statement (Bal fig.) By Accumulated By Balance c/c Depreciation A Partic By Balance b/c	ooo ooo ooo oo oo oo oo oo oo oo oo oo	15,000 5,000 20,000 8,37,500 <u>8,77,500</u>	½ =

		PART B	
		(Computerized Accounting)	
18	18	Ans. Queries provide the capability of combined data from multiple tables and placing specific condition for the retrieval of data. It is another tabular view of the data showing information from multiple tables, resulting in presentation of the information required,	1 Mark
19	19	Q. What isDatabase Report'?	
		Ans. A database report is the formatted result of database queries and contains useful data for decision-making and analysis.	1 Mark
22	20	Ans. Any four of the following: Sales Account Purchase Account Indirect Income Indirect Expenses Indirect Expenses (With appropriate explanation)	1 X 4 = 4 Marks
20	21	O Fynlain the stens software	
		 Insert CD in the system Select C:,E:, or D: drive from my computer OR Start>run>type the filename E:\install.exe The default directories of application, data and configuration will open in a window. Change the setting if you wish by providing desired file name and drive name. Click on install. The installation process will start and a message of successful installation will appear after its completion. The CD can be removed as the application is successfully installed. 	= 4 Marks
21	22	 Q. Explain 'Flexibility'accounting software. Ans. Flexibility: (It may include following points) Related to data entry, availability and design of various reports. Between users (Accountants) Between systems. Cost of installation and maintainence: (It may include following points in explanation) Ability to afford hardware and software Cost benefit analysis and study of available options Training of staff, cost of updating 	2 2 = 4 Marks
-	23	Q. Identify the errorbe removed? Explain. Ans. The error is #NUM!Error. Following steps can be taken to correct the error: 1. Optionally, click a cell that displays the error, click the button that appears, and then click show calculation steps if it appears. 2. Review the following possible causes and solutions.	1 5
	22	19 19 22 20 20 21 21 22	Ans. Queries provide the capability of combined data from multiple tables and placing specific condition for the retrieval of data. It is another tabular view of the data showing information from multiple tables, resulting in presentation of the information required, raised in the query. 19 19 Q. What is