

- V. 1. Identify the given sample solution 'E' f or the presence/activity of salivary amylase/ammonia/urea.
 - 2. Observe and write about the given 'F' experiment / specimen / picture.

 Determine Your Blind Spot / Identify the sex of cockroach

1. TEST FOR AMMONIA

Aim: To test the presence of Ammonia in the given sample solution.

Materials Required: Test tube and holder.

Solution Required: Sample solution and Nessler's Reagent.

Procedure:

- 1) Take 2ml of the given sample solution in a clean test tube.
- 2) Add few drops of Nessler's reagent in the test tube containing sample solution.
- 3) Appearance of dark yellow/brown colour confirms the presence of Ammonia in the given sample.

Inference: It is inferred that ammonia is present in the given solution.

10



Aim: To test the presence of urea in the given sample solution.

Material Required: Test tube, sample solution, test tube holder and pipette / dropper.

Required Reagents: Phenol red and Horse gram powder (which contains the

enzyme urease).

Procedure:

- 1. Take 2 ml of sample solution in a clean test tube.
- 2. Add few drops of phenol red in the test tube containing sample solution.
- 3. Add a pinch of horse gram powder in the test tube and mix well.
- 4. Appearance of dark pinkish colour indicates the presence of urea in the given sample.

Inference: It is confirmed that the given sample solution contains urea.

3. TEST FOR SALIVARY AMYLASE

Aim: To test the presence of Amylase enzyme in the human saliva.

Materials Required: Test tubes, Potato, Mortar and Pestle.

Solutions Required: Iodine solution, Human Saliva.

Procedure:

- 1) Add mashed potato pieces in a test tube and add warm water. Shake well.
- 2) Collect the clear supernatant in a test tube.
- 3) Add few drops of iodine solution to the liquid in the test tube.
- 4) Note the bluish black (dark blue) colour in the test tube.
- 5) Collect a few drops of saliva in a clean test tube.
- 6) Transfer the saliva into the test tube containing the sample solution and shake well.
- 7) Leave the sample undisturbed for 5 minutes. Observe the colour change in the sample solution.
- 8) The solution gradually becomes colourless.
- 9) This confirms the presence of amylase in the human saliva.

Inference: It is inferred that human saliva contains the enzyme amylase that digests the starch.

4. DETERMINE YOUR BLIND SPOT





Procedure:

- 1. Cover your left eye.
- 2. Hold the figure shown about 50 to 60 cm away from your face and directly in front of your right eye.

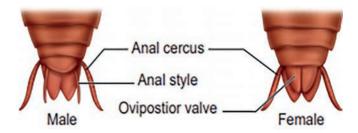
11

- 1
- 3. Stare at the cross in the shown figure. You can also see the circle.
- 4. Continue to stare and slowly bring the figure nearer to your eye.
- 5. Note the point at which the circle will seem to disappear. This is your blind spot.
- 6. Record the distance.
- 7. Test your other eye in a similar manner, but focus on the circle and watch for the cross to disappear.

Result:

- 1) Blind spot of my right eye is _____cm
- 2) Blind spot of my left eye is _____cm
- 5. Identify the sex of the cockroach by observing the given specimen/picture /model and write two reasons.

Identification:



Reasons:



