## **Social Science**

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

S. No.	Typology of Question	Very Short Answer (VSA) 1 Mark	Short Answer (SA I) 3 Marks	Long Answer (LA) 5 Marks	Total Marks	% Weightage
1.	Remembering	-	2	2	16	20%
2.	Understanding	3	1	2	16	20%
3.	Application	2	3	2	21	26%
4.	High Order Thinking Skills	2	3	1	16	20%
5.	Creating Evaluation and Multi-Creating Evaluation and Multi- Disciplinary	-	2	-	6	08%
6.	Мар	2	1	-	5	06%
	Total	1×9=9	3 × 12 = 36	5 × 7 = 35	80	100%

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## General Instructions:

- (i) The question paper has 27 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Marks are indicated against each question.
- (iii) Questions from serial number 1 to 7 are very short answer type questions. Each question carries one mark.
- (iv) Questions from serial number 8 to 18 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- (v) Questions from serial number 19 to 25 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
- (vi) Question numbers 26 & 27 are map questions from History with 1 mark each.
- (vii) Question number 28 is map question of 3 marks from Geography.
- (viii) For Q Nos. 26, 27 and 28 (map-based questions) one outline political map of India is provided. After completion the work, attach the map inside your answer book.
- (ix) Questions at Serial Number 20, 22, 24 & 25 have Internal Choice. Attempt any one option out of the given in each of these questions.

1	l. Who is a jobber?	1					
OR							
	What is 'Average Income'						
2	. What comprises the unorganized sector in a village?	1					
	OR						
	State the hotly debated issue around which the novel Indulekha revolved.						
3.	Which novel explains the depletion of English traditional agrarian society>	1					
4.	Why do banks ask for collateral while giving credit to the borrower?	1					
5.	What is liberalization?	1					
6.	Write any one prudential reason for powers haring.	1					
7.	How do you justify that you are an alert consumer while making a purchase? Give an example.	1					
8.	What is HDI? What are the different criteria used in Human development Report published by UNDI compare different countries?	P to					
	OR	,					
	What are public facilities? Name any three public facilities needed for development.						
9.	Why is NREGA -2005, is known as 'Right to Work'?	3					
	OR						
	Why is agriculture also known as primary sector? What are the other inter connected sectors; give examples.						
10.	In the beginning of the 19th century the most innovative and powerful technology that enhanced to productivity of labor was slow to be accepted by industrialists. Why was it so? Support your answer was examples.	the ith 3					
11.	Explain how money transaction can happen without using cash? Explain any one instrument in detail.	3					
12.	Do democracies lead to peaceful and harmonious life amongst its citizens?	3					
13.	Why is that the religious differences created a social division in Northern Ireland but did not affect t social fabric in Netherlands? Explain.	the 3					
14.	"The development of nationalism did not come about only through war and territorial expansion. Cultuplayed an important role in creating the idea of the nation" Elaborate upon the statement.	ıre 3					
15.		oor 3					

16. What is pipeline transportation? Give two merits and demerits of the it. 3 17. Meena is 19 years of age. Her weight is 65 kg and her height is 1.45 meters. Calculate her BMI. Is she overweight or under-nourished? What advice can you give her for her health improvement? 18. Which logo will you check while shopping for pressure cooker, electric switch and packed potato chips, to ensure that it is of good quality? 19. Although averages are useful for comparing different aspects of countries, yet they hide many disparities. 5 Explain. OR Describe the important problems, that has been created by globalization for the large number of small producers and workers. 20. What were the reasons that made the Indian government to put trade barriers on foreign investment just after independence? Why was the policy changed in 1991? OR Mention any five advantages of working in an organized sector. 21. Credit helps but also harms and often pushes the farmer in a 'debt trap'. Explain how it can be avoided with examples. 22. Rapid improvement in technology has been an important factor in stimulating the process of globalization. Justify with examples. OR List four types of industries on the basis of ownership. Explain any three in detail. 23. Define Child-sex ratio. What are the different aspects of life in which women are discriminated in India? 5 24. Political parties need to face and overcome a number of challenges in order to remain useful instruments of democracy. Write about any two such challenges with examples. COPRA has enabled the consumers to have the right to represent themselves in the consumer courts. Explain giving an example how it benefits the consumer. 25. Elucidate some of the recent efforts taken in our country to reform the functioning of the political parties. 5 OR Elaborate upon the role of women during the times of war and peace in Vietnam. 26. Locate and label the place in the given outline political map of India. 5 Indian National Congress sessions- 1928, 1920, 1927, 1929 27. Locate and label the places in the given outline political map of India. 5 (a) Movement of Indigo planters (b) Peasant Satyagrah (d) Civil Disobedience Movement (c) Cotton Mill workers Satyagrah

## 28. Locate and label the following features on the given outline map of India

- (a) Tungbhadra Dam and river
- (c) Jharia coal mines
- (e) Panchpatmali Bauxite deposits
- (g) Noida technology park
- (i) Paradip portp

- (b) Bellary iron ore mines
- (d) Mumbai High oil field
- (f) Korba thermal power plant
- (h) Mark NH-2 and NH-7

