#### Series : %BAB%



## प्रश्न-पत्र कोड 9] Q.P. Code

रोल नं.					
Roll No.					

Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- Please check that this question paper contains 12 printed pages.
- Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.

- Please check that this question paper contains 13 questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question in the answer-book before attempting it.
- 15 minutes time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the candidates will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period. \*



# COMPUTER SCIENCE

Time allowed : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 35

 $\mathbf{318}$ 

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**P.T.O.** 



#### **General Isnstructions :**

- (i) This question paper is divided into 3 Sections A, B and C.
- (ii) Section A, consists of 7 questions (1-7). Each question carries 2 marks.
- (iii) Section B, consists of 3 questions (8-10). Each question carries 3 marks.
- (iv) Section C, consists of 3 questions (11-13). Each question carries 4 marks.
- (v) Internal choices have been given for question numbers 7, 8 and 12.

#### **SECTION – A**

#### (Each question carries 2 marks)

1. "Stack is a linear data structure which follows a particular order in which the operations are performed."

What is the order in which the operations are performed in a Stack ?

Name the List method/function available in Python which is used to remove the last element from a list implemented stack.

Also write an example using Python statements for removing the last element of the list.

2. (i) Expand the following :

#### VoIP, PPP

(ii) Riya wants to transfer pictures from her mobile phone to her laptop.She uses Bluetooth technology to connect two devices. Which type of network (PAN/LAN/MAN/WAN) will be formed in this case ?

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#### 1



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- 3. Differentiate between the terms Attribute and Domain in the context of Relational Data Model.
- 4. Consider the following SQL table MEMBER in a SQL Database CLUB : 2

	10.010	
M_ID	NAME	ACTIVITY
M1001	Amina	GYM
M1002	Pratik	GYM
M1003	Simon	SWIMMING
M1004	Rakesh	GYM
M1005	Avneet	SWIMMING

Table : MEMBER

Assume that the required library for establishing the connection between Python and MYSQL is already imported in the given Python code. Also assume that DB is the name of the database connection for table MEMBER stored in the database CLUB.

Predict the output of the following code :

```
MYCUR = DB.cursor()
MYCUR.execute ("USE CLUB")
MYCUR.execute ("SELECT * FROM MEMBER WHERE ACTIVITY= 'GYM' ")
R=MYCUR.fetchone()
for i in range (2) :
    R=MYCUR.fetchone()
    print (R[0], R[1], sep = "#")
    Page 3
P.T.O.
```



5. Write the output of SQL queries (a) to (d) based on the table VACCINATION\_DATA given below :

VID	Name	Age	Dose1	Dose2	City
101	Jenny	27	2021-12-25	2022-01-31	Delhi
102	Harjot	55	2021-07-14	2021-10-14	Mumbai
103	Srikanth	43	2021-04-18	2021-07-20	Delhi
104	Gazala	75	2021-07-31	NULL	Kolkata
105	Shiksha	32	2022-01-01	NULL	Mumbai

TABLE : VACCINATION DATA

(a) SELECT Name, Age FROM VACCINATION\_DATA

WHERE Dose2 IS NOT NULL AND Age > 40;

- (b) SELECT City, COUNT(\*) FROM VACCINATION DATA GROUP BY City;
- (c) SELECT DISTINCT City FROM VACCINATION DATA;
- (d) SELECT MAX (Dosel), MIN (Dose2) FROM VACCINATION\_DATA;
- 6. Write the output of SQL queries (a) and (b) based on the following two tables DOCTOR and PATIENT belonging to the same database :

Table : **DOCTOR** 

DNO	DNAME	FEES
D1	АМІТАВН	1500
D2	ANIKET	1000
D3	NIKHIL	1500
D4	ANJANA	1500

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#### Table : **PATIENT**

PNO	PNAME	ADMDATE	DNO
P1	NOOR	2021-12-25	D1
P2	ANNIE	2021-11-20	D2
P3	PRAKASH	2020-12-10	NULL
P4	HARMEET	2019-12-20	D1

(a) SELECT DNAME, PNAME FROM DOCTOR

NATURAL JOIN PATIENT ;

(b) SELECT PNAME, ADMDATE, FEES
FROM PATIENT P, DOCTOR D
WHERE D.DNO = P.DNO AND FEES > 1000;

7. Differentiate between Candidate Key and Primary Key in the context of Relational Database Model.

#### OR

Consider the following table PLAYER :

Table : <b>PLAYER</b>					
PNO	NAME	SCORE			
P1	RISHABH	52			
P2	HUSSAIN	45			
P3	ARNOLD	23			
P4	ARNAV	18			
P5	GURSHARAN	42			

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- (a) Identify and write the name of the most appropriate column from the given table PLAYER that can be used as a Primary key.
- (b) Define the term Degree in relational data model. What is the Degree of the given table PLAYER ?

#### **SECTION – B**

#### (Each question carries 3 marks)

- 8. Write the definition of a user defined function **PushNV(N)** which accepts a list of strings in the parameter **N** and **pushes** all strings which have no vowels present in it, into a list named **NoVowel**.
  - Write a program in Python to input 5 words and **push** them one by one into a list named **All**.

The program should then use the function **PushNV()** to create a stack of words in the list **NoVowel** so that it stores only those words which do not have any vowel present in it, from the list **All**. Thereafter, **pop** each word from the list **NoVowel** and display the popped word. When the stack is empty display the message "**EmptyStack**".

For example :

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If the Words accepted and pushed into the list **All** are

['DRY', 'LIKE', 'RHYTHM', 'WORK', 'GYM']



Then the stack **NoVowel** should store

['DRY', 'RHYTHM', 'GYM']

And the output should be displayed as

GYM RHYTHM DRY EmptyStack

#### OR

- Write the definition of a user defined function Push3\_5(N) which accepts a list of integers in a parameter N and pushes all those integers which are divisible by 3 or divisible by 5 from the list N into a list named Only3\_5.
- Write a program in Python to input 5 integers into a list named **NUM**.

The program should then use the function **Push 3\_5()** to create the stack of the list **Only3\_5**. Thereafter **pop** each integer from the list **Only3\_5** and display the popped value. When the list is empty, display the message "StackEmpty".

 $For \ example:$ 

If the integers input into the list **NUM** are :

[10, 6, 14, 18, 30]

Then the stack **Only3\_5** should store

[10, 6, 18, 30]

And the output should be displayed as

30 18 6 10 StackEmpty



- 9. (i) A SQL table **ITEMS** contains the following columns : INO, INAME, QUANTITY, PRICE, DISCOUNT Write the SQL command to remove the column **DISCOUNT** from the table.
  - 2 Categorize the following SQL commands into DDL and DML: (ii) CREATE, UPDATE, INSERT, DROP
- 10. Rohan is learning to work upon Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) application. Help him to perform following tasks :
  - (a) To open the database named "LIBRARY".
  - (b) To display the names of all the tables stored in the opened database.
  - To display the structure of the table "BOOKS" existing in the already (c) opened database "LIBRARY".

#### **SECTION - C**

#### (Each question carries 4 marks)

11. Write SQL queries for (a) to (d) based on the tables PASSENGER and FLIGHT given below :

PNO	NAME	GENDER	FNO
1001	Suresh	MALE	F101
1002	Anita	FEMALE	F104
1003	Harjas	MALE	F102
1004	Nita	FEMALE	F103

#### Table : PASSENGER

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1

3



FNO	START	END	F_DATE	FARE
F101	MUMBAI	CHENNAI	2021 <b>-</b> 12 <b>-</b> 25	4500
F102	MUMBAI	BENGALURU	2021-11-20	4000
F103	DELHI	CHENNAI	2021-12-10	5500
F104	KOLKATA	MUMBAI	2021-12-20	4500
F105	DELHI	BENGALURU	2021-01-15	5000

Table : FLIGHT

- (a) Write a query to change the fare to 6000 of the flight whose FNO is F104.
- (b) Write a query to display the total number of MALE and FEMALE PASSENGERS.
- (c) Write a query to display the NAME, corresponding FARE and F\_DATE of all PASSENGERS who have a flight to START from DELHI.
- (d) Write a query to delete the records of flights which end at Mumbai.
- 12. (i) Differentiate between Bus Topology and Tree Topology. Also, write one advantage of each of them.

2

#### OR

Differentiate between HTML and XML.

(ii) What is a web browser ? Write the names of any two commonly usedweb browsers.

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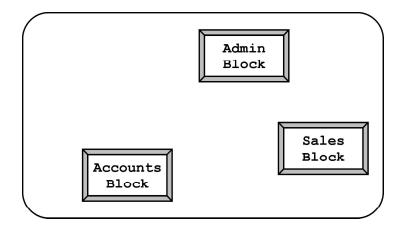
**P.T.O.** 



13. Galaxy Provider Ltd. is planning to connect its office in Texas, USA with its branch at Mumbai. The Mumbai branch has 3 Offices in three blocks located at some distance from each other for different operations – ADMIN, SALES and ACCOUNTS.

As a network consultant, you have to suggest the best network related solutions for the issues/problems raised in (a) to (d), keeping in mind the distances between various locations and other given parameters. 4

Layout of the Offices in the Mumbai branch :



Shortest distances between various locations :

ADMIN Block to SALES Block	300 m
SALES Block to ACCOUNTS Block	175 m
ADMIN Block to ACCOUNTS Block	350 m
MUMBAI Branch to TEXAS Head Office	$14000 \mathrm{\ km}$



Number of Computers installed at various locations are as follows :

ADMIN Block	255
ACCOUNTS Block	75
SALES Block	30
TEXAS Head Office	90

(a) It is observed that there is a huge data loss during the process of data transfer from one block to another. Suggest the most appropriate networking device out of the following, which needs to be placed along the path of the wire connecting one block office with another to refresh the signal and forward it ahead.

- (i) MODEM (ii) ETHERNET CARD
- (iii) REPEATER (iv) HUB

(b) Which hardware networking device out of the following, will you suggest to connect all the computers within each block ?

(i)	SWITCH	(ii)	MODEM
(iii)	REPEATER	(iv)	ROUTER

- (c) Which service/protocol out of the following will be most helpful to conduct live interactions of employees from Mumbai Branch and their counterparts in Texas ?
  - (i) FTP (ii) PPP
  - (iii) SMTP (iv) VolP
- (d) Draw the cable layout (block to block) to efficiently connect the three offices of the Mumbai branch.

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#### Strictly Confidential: (For Internal and Restricted use only) Senior Secondary School Term II Examination, 2022 Marking Scheme - COMPUTER SCIENCE (SUBJECT CODE - 083) (Series: %BAB%, SET - 4, PAPER CODE -91)

#### **General Instructions :**

- 1. You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully.
- 2. "Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its' leakage to the public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc may invite action under IPC."
- 3. Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and marks be awarded to them. In class-XII, while evaluating two competency based questions, please try to understand the given answer and even if the reply is not from the marking scheme but correct competency is enumerated by the candidate, marks should be awarded.
- 4. The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators.
- 5. Evaluators will mark(  $\sqrt{}$  ) wherever the answer is correct. For wrong answer 'X' be marked. Evaluators will not put the right kind of mark while evaluating which gives an impression that the answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is the most common mistake which evaluators are committing.
- 6. If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly.
- 7. If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may also be followed strictly.
- 8. If a student has attempted an extra question, the answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out.
- 9. No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.
- 10. A full scale of marks **35** (example **0-35** marks as given in Question Paper) has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
- 11. Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e. 8 hours every day and evaluate 30 answer books per day in main subjects and 35 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines). This is in view of the reduced syllabus and number of questions in the question paper.

- 12. Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past :-
  - Leaving the answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
  - Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it.
  - Wrong totaling of marks awarded on a reply.
  - Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page.
  - Wrong question wise totaling on the title page.
  - Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page.
  - Wrong grand total.
  - Marks in words and figures not tallying.
  - Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list.
  - Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answers.)
  - Half or a part of the answer was marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.
- 13. While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0) Marks.
- 14. Any unassessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
- 15. The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the Guidelines for spot Evaluation before starting the actual evaluation.
- 16. Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.
- 17. The Board permits candidates to obtain a photocopy of the Answer Book on request in an RTI application and also separately as a part of the re-evaluation process on payment of the processing charges.

#### Specific Instructions:

- The answers given in the marking scheme are SUGGESTIVE. Examiners are requested to award marks for all alternative correct Solutions/Answers conveying a similar meaning.
- All programming questions have to be answered with respect to Python only.
- In Python, ignore case sensitivity for identifiers/ Variables / Functions.
- In Python indentation is mandatory, however, the number of spaces used for indenting may vary.
- In SQL related questions both ways of text/character entries should be acceptable for Example: "AMAR" and 'amar' both are acceptable.
- In SQL related questions all date entries should be acceptable for Example: 'YYYY-MM-DD', 'YY-MM-DD', 'DD-Mon-YY', "DD/MM/YY", 'DD/MM/YY', "MM/DD/YY", 'MM/DD/YY' and {MM/DD/YY} are correct.
- In SQL related questions semicolon should be ignored for terminating the SQL statements.
- In SQL related questions, ignore case sensitivity.

### Maximum Marks: 35

#### General Instructions :

- i. This question paper is divided into 3 Sections A, B and C
- ii. Section A, consists of 7 questions (1-7). Each question carries 2 marks.
- iii. Section B, consists of 3 questions (8-10). Each question carries 3 marks.
- iv. Section C, consists of 3 questions (11-13). Each question carries 4 marks.
- v. Internal choices have been given for question numbers 7, 8 and 12.

		Section -A (Each question carries 2 marks)	
1.		"Stack is a linear data structure which follows a particular order in which the operations are performed."	2
		What is the order in which the operations are performed in a Stack ? Name the List method/function available in Python which is used to remove the last element from a list implemented stack.	
		Also write an example using Python statements for removing the last element of the list.	
	Ans	Order of operations performed in a Stack is LIFO (Last In First Out)	
		The List method in Python to remove the last element from a list implemented stack is	
		pop() OR	
		pop(-1) OR pop	
		Example: L=[10,20,30,40] L.pop() OR L.pop(-1)	
		OR	
		Any other appropriate example	
		(1 mark for writing correct order) (½ mark for writing pop or any other correct method/function) (½ mark for writing correct Python code of an example)	
		OR (1 mark for writing correct order) (1 mark for correct Python statement to demonstrate the pop() function)	
		(Note: FILO - First In Last Out, may also be considered)	

2.	(i)	Expand the VoIP, P		wing :				1
	Ans			over Int to Point			ocol	
		(½ mark e	each for v	writing corre	ect expans	ion)		
	(ii)	uses Blue	tooth te	•	o connec	t two	mobile phone to her laptop. She devices. Which type of network is case?	1
	Ans	PAN/ Pe	rsonal	. Area Ne	twork			
		(1 mark fo	or correc	t type of ne	twork)			
3.		Different Relationa			terms Att	ribut	e and Domain in the context of	2
	Ans							
			Att	ribute			Domain	
	The column/field of a It is a set of permissik table/relation is known as values from whi an attribute. attributes can take/obta required value.					ues from which ributes can take/obtain		
		For example: Table: Student						
		Name		Class	Marks	5		
		aaa		XII	90			
		bbb		х	99		]	
		Name, attrib		and Mark	s are		attribute class has ain of X, XII	
		(1 mark e	ach for v	vriting any c	correct exp	lanai	tion of Attribute and Domain)	
4.		Consider		owing SQL		\BER	in a SQL Database CLUB:	2
		M_ID	NAME		ACTIVII	Y		
		M1001	Amina	1	GYM			
		M1002	Prati	k	GYM			
		M1003	Simor		SWIMMIN	ſG		
		M1004	Rakes		GYM			
		M1005	Avnee	et	SWIMMIN			

		Python a assume t	and MYSQL is a	already i name o	imported in the	ning the connect given Python co connection for ta	de. Also	
		Predict t	the output of	the follo	owing code:			
		MYCUR. MYCUR. R=MYCU for i R=M	= DB.curson execute("US execute("SEI R.fetchone in range(2) YCUR.fetchon nt(R[0], R	SE CLU LECT * () ): one()	FROM MEMBER	WHERE ACTIVIT	Y='GYM'")	
	Ans	M1002# M1004#						
		(Note: De	educt ½ mark f	or missii	t line of output) ng # or writing th g with the correct	e output in a sing t output)	le line OR	
5.		Write the output of the SQL queries (a) to (d) based on the table VACCINATION_DATA given below: TABLE: VACCINATION DATA						
		VACCIN	—	-		I DATA		
		VACCIN	—	-		1 DATA Dose2	City	
			_	TABLE:	VACCINATION Dose1		City Delhi	
		VID	Name	TABLE:	VACCINATION Dose1	Dose2		
		VID 101	- Name Jenny	TABLE: Age 27	VACCINATION Dosel 2021-12-25	Dose2 2022-01-31	Delhi	
		VID 101 102	Name Jenny Harjot	TABLE : Age 27 55	VACCINATION Dose1 2021-12-25 2021-07-14	Dose2 2022-01-31 2021-10-14	Delhi Mumbai	
		VID 101 102 103	Name Jenny Harjot Srikanth	TABLE: Age 27 55 43	VACCINATION Dose1 2021-12-25 2021-07-14 2021-04-18	Dose2 2022-01-31 2021-10-14 2021-07-20	Delhi Mumbai Delhi	
	(a)	VID 101 102 103 104 105 SELECT	Name Jenny Harjot Srikanth Gazala Shiksha Name, Age	TABLE:       Age       27       55       43       75       32	VACCINATION Dose1 2021-12-25 2021-07-14 2021-04-18 2021-07-31	Dose2 2022-01-31 2021-10-14 2021-07-20 NULL NULL	Delhi Mumbai Delhi Kolkata	
	(a) Ans	VID 101 102 103 104 105 SELECT	Name Jenny Harjot Srikanth Gazala Shiksha Name, Age Dose2 IS NO Age 55	TABLE:       Age       27       55       43       75       32	VACCINATION Dosel 2021-12-25 2021-07-14 2021-04-18 2021-07-31 2022-01-01	Dose2 2022-01-31 2021-10-14 2021-07-20 NULL NULL	Delhi Mumbai Delhi Kolkata	
		VID 101 102 103 104 105 SELECT WHERE Name Harjot Srikan	Name         Jenny         Harjot         Srikanth         Gazala         Shiksha         Name, Age         Dose2 IS NO         Age         55         th         43	TABLE: Age 27 55 43 75 32 FROM DT NUL	VACCINATION Dose1 2021-12-25 2021-07-14 2021-04-18 2022-01-01 VACCINATION_ L AND Age >	Dose2 2022-01-31 2021-10-14 2021-07-20 NULL NULL	Delhi Mumbai Delhi Kolkata Mumbai	

	Ans		I	1					
	7	City	COUNT(*)						
		Delhi	2						
		Mumbai	2						
		Kolkata	1	]					
		(Note: Ignore		ing of the output o		. ,			
	(c)	SELECT DI	STINCT Cit	LY FROM VACCI	NATION_DATA	A;			
	Ans	City Delhi Mumbai Kolkata	Delhi Mumbai						
			the correct ou column head	tput ) ing of the output o	and order of the	e output rows)			
	(d)	SELECT MA	X(Dosel),N	AIN (Dose2) FRO	M VACCINATI	ION_DATA;			
	Ans	MAX(Dose1) MIN(Dose2) 2022-01-01 2021-07-20							
			the correct ou column head	tput ) ing of the output o	and order of the	e output rows)			
6		tables DOCT		NT belonging to		the following two base :	2		
			NAME	FEES					
		D1 A	MITABH	1500					
		D2 A	NIKET	1000					
		D3 N	IKHIL	1500					
		D4 A	NJANA	1500					
			∏ah]	le: <b>PATIENT</b>					
		PNO	PNAME	ADMDATE	DNO	1			
			00R	2021-12-25	D1				
			NNIE	2021-11-20	D2	1			
			RAKASH	2020-12-10	NULL	1			
		P4 H.	ARMEET	2019-12-20	Dl	]			
	(a)		AME, PNAME OIN PATIEN	E FROM DOCTOR NT ;					

	Ans	DNAME	PNAME			
		AMITABH	NOOR			
		ANIKET	ANNIE			
		AMITABH	HARMEET			
		(1 mark for	writing corre	ct output)		
				dditional row along w the output and orde		
	(b)	FROM PAT	IENT P, DO	DATE, FEES DCTOR D NO AND FEES > 1	000;	
	Ans	PNAME	ADMDATE	FEES		
		NOOR	2021-12-2	5 1500		
		HARMEET	2019-12-2	0 1500		
		(1 mark for	writing correc			
				ι σαιραί)		
		Note:				
				Iditional row along wi		
		-		the output and order		
7.			te between Database Moo	-	Primary Key in the context of	
	Ans	attribut attribut	e(s)that : e(s) are k	identifies a t nown as Candida	ne or a combination of uple uniquely. All such ate Keys. he most appropriate one,	
					fication of the Tuples,	
		is calle	d the Prim	ary Key.		
		<b>Example:</b> Table: <b>B</b>	2 2172			
		liante. <b>D</b>	AINIV	PHONE	1	
		ACNO	NAME	FRONE	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
		10001 1	NAME RISHABH ARNAV	9810876677		
		10001 1 10031 2	RISHABH			
		10001 10031 10064	RISHABH ARNAV	9810876677 9810876123		
		10001 10031 10064 10076	RISHABH ARNAV ARNAV GURSHARAN	9810876677 9810876123 9810875577 9810871144		
		10001 10031 10064 10076 Candidat	RISHABH ARNAV ARNAV	9810876677 9810876123 9810875577 9810871144		
		10001 10031 10064 10076 Candidat Primary	RISHABH ARNAV ARNAV GURSHARAN <b>e Keys: AC</b> Key: ACNO	9810876677 9810876123 9810875577 9810871144 CNO, PHONE	iven to differentiate the keys)	

				OR		
			the following table ble: PLAYER	PLAYER :		2
		PNO	NAME	SCORE		
		P1	RISHABH	52		
		P2	HUSSAIN	45		
		P3	ARNOLD	23		
		P4	ARNAV	18		
		P5	GURSHARAN	42		
	(a)	-	and write the nan le PLAYER that can		nost appropriate column from the a Primary key.	
	Ans	PNO				
		(1 mark fo	or mentioning PNO)			
		(Note: Do along with		f any additi	onal column name is also mentioned	
	(b)		ne term Degree in table PLAYER ?	relational (	lata model. What is the Degree of	
	Ans	is know	number of colu n as its Degre ree of the giv	e.	ibutes in a table/relation is 3.	
			or writing/explaining writing correct Degre		ole the correct meaning of Degree) on table)	
			(Each d	Sectior question ca	n -B rries 3 marks)	
8.		accep which • Write	ts a list of strings have no vowels pr	in the pa resent in it,	fined function <b>PushNV(N)</b> which rameter <b>N</b> and <b>pushes</b> all strings into a list named <b>NoVowe1</b> . 5 Words and <b>push</b> them one by one	3
		of wo do not There poppe	rds in the list <b>NoV</b> t have any vowel pr after, <b>pop</b> each w	owel so th resent in it, vord from	Inction <b>PushNV()</b> to create a stack at it stores only those words which from the list <b>All</b> . the list <b>NoVowel</b> and display the is empty, display the message	
		For exam	ple:			
			rds accepted and p 'LIKE', 'RHYT			

	Then the stack NoVowel should store ['DRY', 'RHYTHM', 'GYM']	
	And the output should be displayed as	
	GYM RHYTHM DRY EmptyStack	
Ans	<pre>def PushNV(N): for W in N : for C in W : if C.upper() in 'AEIOU': break else: NoVowel.append(W) All=[] NoVowel=[] for i in range(5) : All.append(input('Enter a Word: ')) PushNV(All) while NoVowel : print(NoVowel.pop(), end=' ') else : print('EmptyStack') OR Any other correct equivalent code</pre>	
	<ul> <li>(½ mark for checking vowels correctly, ignore case sensitivity)</li> <li>(½ mark for pushing strings into the stack NoVowel)</li> <li>(½ mark for reading 5 words from the users)</li> <li>(½ mark for assigning 5 words into All)</li> <li>(½ mark for writing correct code to pop and display the words from NoVowel)</li> <li>(½ mark for writing correct code to check empty stack and display the message</li> <li>'EmptyStack')</li> </ul>	
	OR	
	<ul> <li>Write the definition of a user defined function Push3_5(N) which accepts a list of integers in a parameter N and pushes all those integers which are divisible by 3 or divisible by 5 from the list N into a list named Only3_5.</li> <li>Write a program in Python to input 5 integers into a list named NUM. The program should then use the function Push3_5() to create the stack of the list Only3_5. Thereafter pop each integer from the list Only3_5 and display the popped value. When the list is empty, display the message "StackEmpty".</li> </ul>	

	r		
		For example: If the integers input into the list <b>NUM</b> are :	
		[10,6,14,18,30]	
		Then the stack Only3_5 should store	
		[10,6,18,30]	
		And the output should be displayed as	
		30 18 6 10 StackEmpty	
	Ans	<pre>def Push3_5(N):     for i in N :         if i%3==0 or i%5==0 :             Only3_5.append(i)</pre>	
		NUM=[] Only3_5=[]	
		<pre>for i in range(5):     NUM.append(int(input('Enter an Integer: ')))</pre>	
		Push3_5 (NUM)	
		<pre>while Only3_5 :     print(Only3_5.pop(), end=' ') else : </pre>	
		<pre>print('StackEmpty')</pre>	
		OR Any other correct equivalent code	
		<ul> <li>(½ mark for checking divisibility correctly)</li> <li>(½ mark for pushing integers into the stack Only3_5)</li> <li>(½ mark for reading 5 integers from the users)</li> <li>(½ mark for assigning those 5 integers into NUM)</li> <li>(½ mark for writing correct code to pop and display the integers from Only3_5)</li> <li>(½ mark for writing correct code to check empty stack and display the message 'StackEmpty')</li> </ul>	
9.	(i)	A SQL table ITEMS contains the following columns: INO, INAME, QUANTITY, PRICE, DISCOUNT Write the SQL command to remove the column DISCOUNT from the table.	1
	Ans	ALTER TABLE ITEMS DROP COLUMN DISCOUNT; OR ALTER TABLE ITEMS DROP DISCOUNT;	
		(½ mark for writing ALTER TABLE ITEMS) (½ mark for writing DROP COLUMN DISCOUNT OR DROP DISCOUNT)	

	-	l.							1
	(ii)		ize the follow	-		into <b>DDL</b> a	and DN	NL :	2
	Ans		nmands : CRI nmands : IN	,					
		(½ Mark	each for writi	ing the cor	rect DDL/D	ML commai	nds)		
10.			learning to application.					gement System .:	3
	(a)	To open	the database	e named '	LIBRARY	".			
	Ans	USE LI	BRARY ;						
		(1 Mark j	for writing co	rrect SQL c	ommand)				
	(b)	To displa	ay the names	of all the	e tables st	ored in the	opene	ed database.	
	Ans	SHOW TZ OR SHOW TZ	ABLES; ABLES FROM	LIBRARY ;					
		(1 Mark ;	for writing co	rrect SQL c	ommand)				
	(c)		ay the struc database "I			"BOOKS"	existir	g in the already	
	Ans	OR	DESCRIBE BOOKS ; OR DESC BOOKS ;						
		(1 Mark ;	for writing co	rrect SQL c	ommand)				
				(Each que	Section estion car	- C ries 4 mar	ks)		
11.			given below:			d on the	tables	PASSENGER and	4
		PNO	NAME	GENDE	R I	NO			
		1001	Suresh	MALE	F	101			
		1002	Anita	FEMALE	F	104			
		1003	Harjas	MALE	F	102			
		1004	Nita	FEMALE	F	103			
					ole: FLI				
		FNO	STAR		END	F_DA		FARE	
		F101	MUMBAI		NNAI	2021-1		4500	
		F102			GALURU	2021-1		4000	
			11 N 2 T 11 T		NINAT	12021 - 1	2-10	5500	1
		F103		CHEI			<u> </u>	4 5 0 0	
		F103 F104 F105	KOLKATA	MUM		2021-1 2021-0		4500 5000	

(a)	Write a query to change the fare to 6000 of the flight whose FNO is F104.	
Ans	UPDATE FLIGHT SET FARE=6000 WHERE FNO="F104";	
	(1/2 Mark for writing UPDATE FLIGHT) (1/2 Mark for writing SET FARE=6000 WHERE FNO="F104")	
(b)	Write a query to display the total number of MALE and FEMALE PASSENGERS.	
Ans	SELECT GENDER, COUNT(*) FROM PASSENGER GROUP BY GENDER; OR SELECT COUNT(*) FROM PASSENGER GROUP BY GENDER;	
	(1/2 mark for writing SELECT part correctly) (1/2 mark for writing GROUP BY GENDER; ) OR (any alternate correct uses of COUNT() is acceptable)	
(c)	Write a query to display the NAME, corresponding FARE and F_DATE of all PASSENGERS who have a flight to START from DELHI.	
Ans	<pre>SELECT NAME, FARE, F_DATE FROM PASSENGER P, FLIGHT F WHERE F.FNO= P.FNO AND START = 'DELHI'; OR SELECT NAME, FARE, F_DATE FROM PASSENGER, FLIGHT WHERE PASSENGER.FNO= FLIGHT.FNO AND START = 'DELHI'; OR SELECT NAME, FARE, F_DATE FROM PASSENGER, FLIGHT WHERE PASSENGER.FNO= FLIGHT.FNO AND START LIKE 'DELHI'; OR SELECT NAME,FARE,F_DATE FROM PASSENGER NATURAL JOIN FLIGHT WHERE START = 'DELHI'; OR Any other correct and equivalent query</pre>	
	(½ mark for writing SELECT - FROM part correctly) (½ mark for writing WHERE part correctly)	
(d)	Write a query to delete the records of flights which end at Mumbai.	
Ans	DELETE FROM FLIGHT WHERE END = "MUMBAI"; OR DELETE FROM FLIGHT WHERE END LIKE "MUMBAI";	
	(½ mark for writing DELETE FROM FLIGHT) (½ mark for writing WHERE part correctly)	

12.	(i)	Differentiate between Bus Topology and Tree Topology. Also, write one advantage of each of them.				
	Ans					
		Bus Topology	Tree Topology			
		communicating device connects	It is a hierarchical topology, in which there are multiple branches and each branch can have one or more basic topologies like star, ring and bus.			
		Advantage: It is very cost-effective as compared to other network topologies.	<b>Advantage:</b> It is easier to set-up multi-level plans for the network.			
		OR Any other correct difference/definition/	advantages			
		(1 Mark for mentioning any one correct (1/2 mark each for writing any one advan				
		OR (½ mark each for conveying correct und using/not using diagram) (½ mark each for writing any one advan				
		0	R			
		Differentiate between HTML and XML				
	Ans					
		HTML	XML			
		It stands for HyperText Markup Language.	It stands for eXtensible Markup Language.			
		It contains predefined tags which are used to design webpages.	It contains user defined tags to describe and store the data.			
		OR Any other valid difference/c	characteristic			

		(Full 2 Marks for writing any one correct difference between HTML and XML)	
		OR	
		(1 Mark for writing correct explanation of HTML) OR (½ Mark for writing full form of HTML) (1 Mark for writing correct explanation of XML) OR (½ Mark for writing full form of XML)	
	(ii)	What is a web browser ? Write the names of any two commonly used web browsers.	2
	Ans	A Web browser is a software/tool, which allows us to view/access the content of WebPages. OR It is a Client software program that is used to access various kinds of Internet resources using HTTP. Examples : Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge, Mozilla Firefox, Apple Safari, Opera, Chromium, etc. (ANY TWO)	
		(1 Mark for writing correct explanation of Web-Browser) (½ Mark for writing each correct name of two Web-Browsers)	
13.		Galaxy Provider Ltd. is planning to connect its office in Texas, USA with its branch at Mumbai. The Mumbai branch has 3 Offices in three blocks located at some distance from each other for different operations - ADMIN, SALES and ACCOUNTS.	4
		As a network consultant, you have to suggest the best network related solutions for the issues/problems raised in (a) to (d), keeping in mind the distances between various locations and other given parameters.	
		Layout of the Offices in the Mumbai branch:	
		Admin Block Sales	
		Accounts Block Block	
		Shortest distances between various locations:ADMIN Block to SALES Block300 mSALES Block to ACCOUNTS Block175 mADMIN Block to ACCOUNTS Block350 mMUMBAI Branch to TEXAS Head Office14000 km	

	Number of Computers ins	nstalled at various locations are as follows:	
	ADMIN Block	255	
	ACCOUNTS Block	75	
	SALES Block	30	
	TEXAS Head Office	90	
(a)	transfer from one bloc networking device out o	re is a huge data loss during the process of data ock to another. Suggest the most appropriate of the following, which needs to be placed along onnecting one block office with another to refresh t ahead. (ii) ETHERNET CARD	
	(iii) REPEATER	(iv) HUB	
Ans	(iii) REPEATER		
	(1 Mark for correct identified	fication of the Networking Device)	
(b)	Which hardware network to connect all the comput	rking device out of the following, will you suggest uters within each block ?	
	(i) SWITCH (iii) REPEATER	(ii) MODEM (iv) ROUTER	
Ans	(i) SWITCH		
	(1 Mark for correct identified	fication of the Networking Device)	
(c)		out of the following will be most helpful to ions of employees from Mumbai Branch and xas ?	
	(i) FTP (iii) SMTP	(ii) PPP (iv) VolP	
Ans	(iv) VoIP	(iv) VoIP	
		fication of the service/protocol)	
(d)	Draw the cable layout ( offices of the Mumbai bra	(block to block) to efficiently connect the three ranch.	
Ans	Admin Block Block Block Block Block Block Block Block Block Block	layout	
	(1 Mark for drawing correct	ct cable layout)	