## SITTING ARRANGEMENT **QUESTIONS BASED ON LATEST PATTERN**

Directions (1 - 5): Study the following information carefully and answer the given 5. questions.

A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. Each one of them has a different profession viz. Directions (6 - 10): Study the following shopkeeper, businessman and banker.

A sits third to right of teacher. D sits second to left of G. G is not an immediate neighbour of the teacher. Only one person sits between B who is the shopkeeper and teacher. The one who is an architect sits third to the right of the shopkeeper. H sits between architect and engineer. E is not an immediate neighbour of H. Engineer sits third to the right of clerk. Only one person sits between businessman and F. E is neither a businessman nor a doctor.

- Which of the following is true with respect 1. of the given seating arrangment?
  - (1) E is an immediate neighbour engineer.
  - (2) E is an architect
  - (3) The clerk is an immediate reighbour of the banker.
  - and the (4) The teacher sits between engineer
  - o the right of 6. (5) Shopkeeper sits seg the teacher.
- 2. What is the profes
  - (1) Businessma
- (2) Architect
- (3) Banker
- (4) Teacher
- (5) Shoplere [16]
- What is the position of doctor with respect 3. to the limber?
  - mmediately to the left
  - wird to the left
  - (3) Second to the right
  - (4) Fourth to the left
  - (5) Second to the left.
- Who sit(s) exactly between the architect and the businessman?
  - (2) Clerk (1) C and H
  - (3) Banker and shopkeeper

- (4) Doctor
- (5) C and teacher
- Who amongst the following is a
  - (1) C
- (2) D

(4) F

(5) G

doctor, engineer, architect, teacher, clerk, information carefully and answer the given questions.

> Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each, in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjecent persons. In row-1; P, Q, R, S, T and ware scated and all of them are facing South In row-2; A, B, C, D, E and Face seated and all of them are facing North Therefore, in the given seating A grangement each member seated in a row aces another member of the other row.

Psits third to the left of T. Neither P nor T sits at an extreme end of the line. A sits second to the right of E. Neither A nor E faces T or P. A does not sit at an extreme end. R does not face A and R does not sit at an extreme end of the line. Only one person sits between F and C. Neither F nor C faces T. C does not sit at the extreme end. Only one person sits between V and Q. F is not an immediate neighbour of B and A does not face V.

How many persons are seated between B and D?

- (1) One
- (2) Two
  - (3) Three
- (4) Four
- (5) None

V is related to B in the same way as Q is related to C. To which of the following is P related following the same pattern?

- (1) F
- (2) A
- (3) D

- (4) E
- (5) None of these

Which of the following is true regarding V? 8.

- (1) V faces A
- (2) T is not an immediate neighbour of V
- (3) C faces the one who is second to left of V
- (4) V sits at one of the extreme ends of the line
- (5) R sits third to the right of V

7.

					- CAlon fol	lowing ore	alles t		
9.	Who amongst the following sit at extreme ends of the rows?				Four of the following are alike in a certain way based on their scating position in the above arrangment and so form a group.  Which is the one that does not believe.				
	(1) D, F	(2) V, S	(3) Q, S		Which is the	ne that <b>d</b>	oes not belong to		
	(4) B, D	(5) None	of these		the group?		belong to		
10.	Who amongst the following faces B?				(1) RSJ	(2) TRV	(3) UTV		
	(1) V	(2) S	(3) Q		(4) SQP	(5) UPQ	6		
	(4) R	(5) T		16	Who is the La	• , -	2 A K		
Dire	ctions (11 -	16): Stud	y the following	16.		(2) P	S. S.		
information carefully and answer the given					(1) T	• •			
ques	stions.				(4) U		of these		
	J, P, Q, R, S,	T, U and	V are 4 married	Dire	ections (17 -	21): SF0.0	yithe following		
	couple sitting in a circle facing the centre.  The profession of the males within the group are lecturer, lawyer, doctor and scientist. Among the males, only R (the				rmation caren	ita and	mswer the given		
						A. J.	N F3 F3		
					Seven poeple	Aşu <b>y</b> yot, L	), E, F and G are		
		_	ntist) are sitting		the centre wh	ile two of	f them are facing them are facing		
	_		eated besides his		opposite to the	dentre. (	sits third to the		
	wife. U, the wife of the Lecturer is seated				leftjof <b>D</b> eand b	oth are fac	cing the centre. R		
	second to the right of V. T is seated between U and V. P is the wife of the				is neither an	immediate	e neighbour of D		
			e is not doctor. S	į	more of C. The	one sitting	exactly between		
	is a Male.		o to their decient is	Ś	Dand'F is facil	ng opposit	e to the centre, G		
11.	Which of the following is P's position with				atte centre. On	e rigiti of . e of B's ne	A and G is facing eighbour is facing		
	respect to S?	-	· .	7	opposite to the	centre.	Support to ractife		
	(1) Second to the right						pairs represents		
	(2) Second to the left				persons, facing				
	(3) Immediate right				(1) A and F	(2) E and	F (3) A and E		
	(4) Immediate left				(4) Cannot be	• •	, , –		
	(5) Third to the	e left			(5) None of these				
12.	Which of the fo	ollowing is	J'A position with	18.	Who is sitting		the left of A2		
	respect to T?	٠. ۵	A. Y		(1) C	(2) G	(3) E		
	(1) Third to the	4			(4) B	- ,	• •		
(2) Fourth to the right				19.		(5) None			
	(3) Third to the	THE STATE OF THE S			Who is sitting i				
	(4) Opposite T				(1) C	(2) G	(3) B		
	(5) Second (5)	Th. A		20.	(4) A	(5) None			
13.	M - Ch round to not title				What is the position of F with respect to				
	regarding the couples?				(1) Fourth to th				
	(1) is any wife of S				(2) Second to the right				
	is the wife of Q				(3) Third to the				
	(3) It is the husband of J				(4) Second to the left				
	(4) J and S are seated adjacent to each other				(5) None of the				
	(5) All are true			21.	If all the perse	If all the persons are asked to s			
14.	The wives of which two bushand and				clockwise direct	lphabetical order			
	menate neighbories				starting from A, the position of how many will remain unchanged, excluding A?				
	(1) UT	<i>1</i>	(3) VQ		(1) These				
	(4) RV	(5) None o			(1) Three	(2) One	(3) Two		
					(4) None	(5) Four			

Directions (22 - 26): Study the following Directions (27 - 31): Study the following information carefully and answer the given information carefully and answer the given

Eight friends P, Q, R, S, T, V, W and Y are sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square while four sit in the middle of each of the four sides. The ones who sit at the four corners face the centre while those who sit in the middle of the sides face outside.

P who faces the centre sits third to the right of V. T who faces the centre, is not an immediate neighbour of V. Only one person sits between V and W. S sits second to right of Q. Q faces the centre. R is not an immediate neighbour of P.

- 22. Who sits second to the left of Q?
  - (1) V
- (2) P
- (3) T

- (4) Y
- (5) Cannot be determined
- 23. What is the position of T with respect to V?
  - (1) Fourth to the left
  - (2) Second to the left
  - (3) Third to the left
  - (4) Third to the right
  - (5) Second to the right
- 24. Four to the following five pairs are alike in a certain way based on their positions in the above arrangement and so form a group. Which of the following does not 29. belong to the group?
  - (1) R

- (4) S
- 25. Which of the will ome in place of the question mark based upon the given 30. seating arrangement?

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(2) VY

(5) QV

- (3) VQ
- Which of the following is true regarding R?
  - (1) R is an immediate neighbour of V
  - (2) R faces the centre
  - (3) R sits exactly between T and S
  - (4) Q sits third to left of R
  - (5) None is true

questions.

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each, in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjecent persons. In royal; P, Q, R, S, T and V are seated and all of them are facing South. In row-2; AB, C, D, E and F are seated and all of then are facing North. Therefore, in the given seating arrangment each member scated in a row faces another members of the other row.

A sits third to fight of . Neither A nor D sits at extreme ends. T faces D. V does not face A and V does not sit at any of the extreme epois. V is not an immediate neighbour of T sits at one of the extreme ends. Only two people sit between B and E. E. does not face V. Two persons sit between R and Q. R is not an immediate neighbour of T. C does not face V. P is not animmediate neighbour of R.

- Who amongst the following sit at extreme ends of th rows?
  - (1) B, E
- (2) S, T (3) P, R
- (4) B, F
- (5) None of these
- Who amongst the following faces A?
  - (1) R
- (2) T
- (3) P

- (4) Q
- (5) S

P is related to V in the same way as C is related to F. To which of the following is E related in the same Pattern?

- (1) B
- (2) D
- (3) C

- (4) A
- (5) None of these

Which of the following is true regarding F?

- (1) F sits second to right of C
- (2) F is not an immediate neighbour of A
- (3) F sits third to left of D
- (4) F sits at one of the extreme ends of the line
- (5) F faces V
- Who amongst the following sits exactly between P and Q?
  - (1) R
- (3) S

- (4) T
- (5) Cannot be determined

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Directions (32 - 36): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight people - S, R, N, L, M, T, O and P are sitting in a circle facing the centre. All eight belong to different professions- reporter, doctor, cricketer, teacher, accountant, shopkeeper, painter and supervisor. They are not necessarily seated in the mentioned order.

M is sitting third to the left of O. The doctor is to the immediate right of M and M is not a reporter. R is sitting fourth to the right of P. Neither R nor P is an immediate neighbour of M. T is a teacher and is sitting third to the right of the doctor. The shopkeeper is sitting second to the left of the teacher. The painter is sitting second to the left of M. S. the cricketer is sitting exactly between T and P. The accountant is sitting second to the right of the cricketer. N is sitting third to the left of T.

- 32. Who amongst the following is a reporter?
  - (1) O
- (2) L
- (3) N

- (4) R
- (5) None of these
- 33. What is S's position with respect to R?
  - (1) Third to the right
  - (2) Second to the right
  - (3) Third to the left
  - (4) Second to the left
  - (5) Fourth to the right
- 34. How many people are Aith g between P and N when counted to anti clockwise direction from N?
  - (1) One
- (3) Three

- (4) Four
- Four to the lowing five pairs are alike in a certain was based on their positions in the above arrangement and so form a group. Which of the following does not 35. cong to the group?
  - (1) vacher painter
  - (2) Supervisor Shopkeeper
  - (3) Cricketer Reporter
  - (4) Doctor Accountant
  - (5) Shopkeeper Doctor
- 36. Which one of the following statements is false according to the above mentioned arrangement?

- supervisor
- (2) The cricketer is third to the right of the shopkccpcr
- (3) The doctor is sitting exactly between the supervisor and the accountant
- (4) Lis neither a teacher nor a alibervisor
- (5) There are only three people between S and N

Directions (37 - 42): Study the following information carefully and abover the given questions.

K, L, M, P, Q, R, S and Pare sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square while four sit in the middle of each of the four sides. The ones who at the four corners face outside this those who sit in the middle of the side ince the centre of the table.

P sits third to the right of S, S faces the nth. Q sits third to the left of M, M does notesit in the middle of the sides. Only one person sit between Q and R. R is not an immediate neighbour of M. T faces the centre. K is not an immediate neighbour of R.

What is position of M with respect to L?

- (1) Third to the right
- (2) M and L sit diagonally opposite to each other
- (3) Second to the right
- (4) Second to the left
- (5) Fifth to the right
- 38. Who sits exactly between Q and R?
  - (1) T
- (2) P
- (3) K

- (4) M
- (5) S and K
- 39. Which of the following pairs represents the persons scated in the middle of the sides who face each other?
  - (1) S, Q
- (2) K, L
- (3) M, P

- (4) R, T
- (5) T, Q
- 40. Who amongst the following sit between R and K when counted in anti-clockwise direction from K?
  - (1) No one sits between R and K as R and K are immediate neighbours of each other
  - (2) S, P and L (3) P and Q
  - (4) L and R
- (5) M, S and T

41.	If K is n	nade to f	ace the o	Pposite d	lirection,	4				
	(1) R	wid oit (	(2) Q	mercial (C	right?					
	(4) T		(5) S	(3) P						
42.	Four of	the fol	lowing 6	Um au-	•••					
42.	Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which									
	is the	one that	does n	ot belone	p. Which					
	group?		•		s to that	D				
	(1) L		(2) M <sup>a</sup>	(3) K		i				
	(4) P		(5) R	•		q				
Dire	ctions	(43 - 4	7): Stud	ly the f	ollowing					
info	rmation stions:	carefu	lly and a	uswer t	he given					
quv.		D. E. F.	G and H	are sitting	g around					
	a squar	e table	facing th	euc Sittin Centre	ig around in such a					
	way the	at four o	of them	sit at fou	r corners					
	of the s	quare w	hile four	sit in the	e middles					
	of each	of the f	our side	s;						
	(a) As mi	its secondale of o	nd to righ one of the	nt of F, F : sides of	sits in the the table.					
					y of the					
	CO	rners of			ond to the					
	_	ht of D		."						
			-		D and B					
	•		m one si	*		7				
			immedi		DOM					
	(e) H	sits sec	ond to le	it oi B	کی کی	L				
		is not aı F.	ı immedi	ate neigr		_				
43.	Who s	its exact	ly betwe	en Fand	<b>W</b>					
	(1) B		(2) C	(ALE	<b>&gt;</b>					
	(A) H		(5) Non	e thes	e					
44.	How n	nany pe	rsons 💥	Weer	A and H	i				
	when (	counted	in anti-	pckwise	direction	•				
	from A	7.5		(A) To						
	(1) No	ne	CONC			•				
	(4) Th	ree	5) Fou	F ore	alike in a	1				
45.	Four	of the	Howing	nve arc	alike in a r seating ment and	3				
	certai	navay	rpascu La ahove	arrange	ment and	ı				
			UILI AATTI	O14	one tha	T.				
		of below	ng to the	P						
	(1)		(2) F	(3) A						
					and to Ci	2				
46	What	is the po	sition of	F with re	spect to C	•				
	(1) Th	ird to th	ie leit							
	(2) Im	mediate	to the ri	ight						
	(3) Se	cond to	the left							
				-						

(5) Immediate to the left

47. What will come in the place of the question mark (?) based upon the given scating arrangement?

AE EH HF ?

(1) FE

(2) HC

(3) FD

(4) DB

(5) FH

Directions (48 - 52): Read the ioliowing information carefully and against the questions which follow:-

A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H and an different standards viz. 1<sup>m</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, A<sup>d</sup>, A<sup>h</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup>, 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup>. All of them are scated around a circular table facing the centre.

C sits third to fight of H. H studies in std. 8th. F sits second to left of E. E is not an immediate reighbour of C or H. The one who studies in std. 1 is an immediate neighbour of E. Three people sit between H ond the student of std. 7.

H. Cand also their immediate neighbours to but study in std. 2. Only one person she between the student of std. 2 and G. Students of std. 3 and 4 are immediate neighbours of each other. C is neither in std. 4 nor in std. 3. Only one person sits between A and the student of std. 5. A does not study in std. 2 or 3, B does not study in std. 2.

48. Who amongst the following represent immediate neighbour of G?

- (1) A, B
- (2) E and the student of Std. 2
- (3) H and the student of std. 6
- (4) E, F
- (5) A, D

49. How many persons sit between D and the student of std. 4, when counted from the left hand side of student of std. 4?

- (1) None
- (2) One (3) Two
- (4) Three
- (5) Four

50. Which of the following is true?

- (1) Only one person is sitting between student of std. 4 and std. 6
- (2) D stüdies in std. 2
- (3) The one studying in std. 3 is an immediate neighbour of H
- (4) One person sits between H and the student of std. 2
- (5) None is true

- 51. Which of the Killy small book wordpress com towing faces D?
  - (1) F studies in std. 5
  - (2) D and G are immediate neighbours of F
  - (3) One student sits between F and the 58. student of std. 4.
  - (4) F sits second to right of A
  - (5) None is true
- Who amongst the following studies in std. 3? 52.
  - (1) C
- (2) F
- (3) G

- (4) B
- (5) Cannot be determined 59.

Directions (53 - 55): Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- 53. (1) ED
- (2) FC
- (3) AH

- (4) EG
- (5) CB
- 54. (1) BAH
- (2) EDG
  - (3) CBF
- (4) HGA
- (5) DFE
- 55. What will come in the place of the question mark?
  - GDBA?
  - (1) E
- (2) F
- (3) C

- (4) H
- (5) A

Directions (56 - 62): Study the following information carefully and answer the give questions:

Twelve people are sitting in two probled rows containing six people eads, in such Answer with explanation: a way that there is an equal vistance 1 - 5: We have information that only one between adjacent persons. La rew -1 A, B, C, D, E and F are seated and all of them are facing South. In row-27, Q, R, S, T and V are seated and to them are facing North. Therefore, the given seating arrangement each either seated in a row faces another proper of the other row.

V sits third to right of S. S faces F and F does not sit arrany of the extreme ends of the line. A sits third to right of C. R faces C. The open age E sits third to right of P. B. more do Not sit at the extreme ends of the T is not an immediate neighbour of V and is not an immediate neighbour of C.

- 56. Which of the following is true regarding B?
  - (1) B sits to the immediate left of C
  - (2) B faces Q
  - (3) B sits fourth from the extreme left end of the line
  - (4) D and F are immediate neighbours of B
  - (5) None is true

- (1) T

  - (5) None of these
- Four of the following five are after the certain way and thus form a group. is the one that does not belong to group?
- (1) D

(4) R

- (2) S
- (4) T
- (5) A
- Who amongst the follows people sitting at extreme
  - (1) R, F
- (4) C, Q
- to dowing faces On Who amongst 60.
  - (1) D
- (2) B
- (3) E

- (4) A
- 5) None of these
- Four of the Making five are alike in a certain any and thus form a group, which is the one that does not belong to the

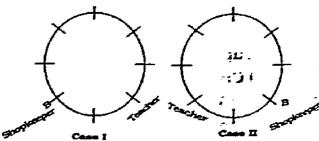
F-P

- (2) A-Q
- (5) D-R.
- How many persons are seated between R and T?
  - (1) One
- (2) Two
- (3) Three

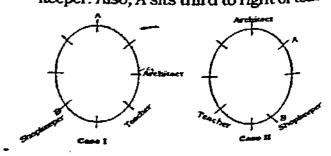
(3) C-S

- (4) Four
- (5) None

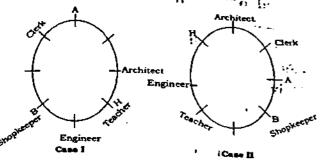
person sits between B who is the shopkeeper and the teacher.



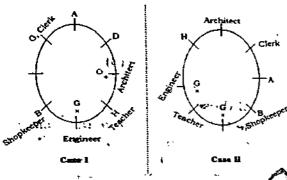
Now, we have information that the one wipo is an architect sits third to right of the shop keeper. Also, A sits third to right of teacher.



Now, we have information that H sits between architect and Engineers. Also, the engineer sits third to the right of clerk.

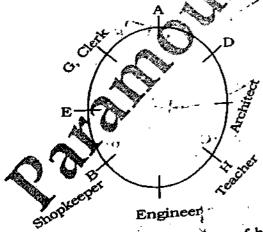


Now, look for the positions of D and G. We know, D sits second to the left of G. Also, G is not an immediate neighbour of the teacher.



Reject Case II, because we can't place D and G according to the given conditions.

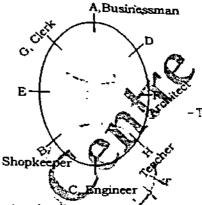
Now, look for the positions of E. Since E is not immediate neighbour of H, hence we can conclude that E is sitting. between B and G.



Now, look for the positions of businessman and F. We have information that only one person is sitting between businessman and F. Also, E is neither businessman nor a doctor.

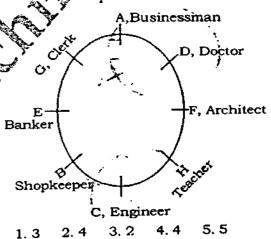
A careful look will be helpful to

conclude that A is a businessman and F is an architect. Thus by elimination we can conclude that C is an Engineer.

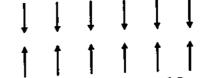


Now, since E is not a doctor, we can conclude that it is D who is a doctor, whereas E is a banker.

Thus, the complete information is as follows:



6 - 10: Make an arrangement as shown below:

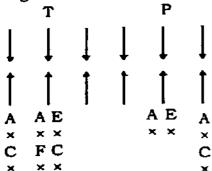


Look for the positions of P and T. We have information that P sits third to left of T. Also, Neither P nor T sits at an extreme end of the line.

Use the following clues to proceed.

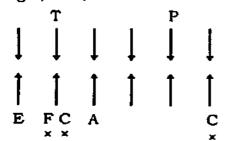
- Nither A nor E faces T or P.
- A does not sit at an extreme end.
- Neither F nor C faces T.
- C does not sits at the extreme end.

Now, we get



Now, look for the positions of E and A. We know A sits second to the right of E. i.e. E - A.

We get,



Now, arrange the position of F and C. We know that only one person is sitting between F and C. Thus the order of F and C will be

1. F - C

Or,

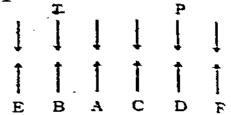
2. C - F

We can't accompanie F and C in this order 11 - 16:

1. F - C

Thus, The order of F and C will be as

Again, since F is not immediate neighbour of B, thus we can conclude that B is sitting between E and A. Thus, 'D' the only person left in the row (facing North) is sitting between C and F.



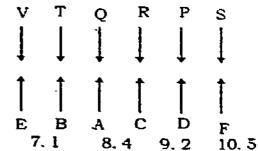
Now, look for R's position in the row R's have information that R does not face A and R does not sit at an extreme end at the line. Thus, we can conclude that R is sitting opposite C.

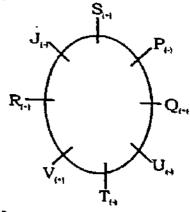


Now look for the position of Q and V. We know that only one person is sitting between V and Q. Also, A does not face V.

On the basis of the above information we can conclude that V is sitting opposite E where as Q is sitting opposite A.

Now, the only person left in the row (facing south) is S. S is sitting opposite F. Thus, the complete information is as follow.





 $\begin{array}{cccc} R_{(\bullet)} [Laweyer] & \iff & J_{(\bullet)} \\ V_{(\bullet)} [Scientist] & \iff & T_{(\bullet)} \\ Q_{(\bullet)} [Lecturer] & \iff & U_{(\bullet)} \\ S_{(\bullet)} [Doctor] & \iff & P_{(\bullet)} \end{array}$ 

11. 4 12: 1 13. 2 14. 3 15. 3 16. <sup>3</sup>

6. 2

