21. Solve the given equation for :

 $\Rightarrow x(a +$

 $\Rightarrow (x + a)$

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{a+b+x}$$

$$2011/2012/2014$$

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{a+b+x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{a+b+x} - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a+b}{ab} = \frac{x-(a+b+x)}{x(a+b+x)} = \frac{-(a-b)}{x(a+b+x)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{ab} = -\frac{1}{x(a+b+x)}$$

$$\Rightarrow x(a+b+x) = -ab$$

$$\Rightarrow x^{2} + ax + bx + ab = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x+a) + b(x+a) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+a)(x+b) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+a)(x+b) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+a) = 0 \text{ or } (x+b) = 0$$
So, $x = -a \text{ or } x = -b$

22) A two digit number is such that the product of the digits is 18. When 63 is subtracted from the number, the digits interchange their places. Find the number.

2011/2015/2015 [3 Marks]

[3 marks]

Let units digit be x. then tens digits = $\frac{18}{x}$

Number
$$=\frac{180}{x} + x$$
.

On interchanging the digits, the number becomes $10x + \frac{18}{x}$

Therefore,
$$\frac{180}{x} + x - 63 = 10x + \frac{18}{x}$$

 $\Rightarrow 9x^2 + 63x - 162 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 + 7x - 18 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 + 9x - 2x - 18 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x(x + 9) - 2(x + 9) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (x + 9)(x - 2) = 0$

$$x = -9 \text{ or } x = 2$$

: neglecting the negative value of x as the digits is positive, x = 2

Hence, the number $=\frac{180}{2} + 2 = 90 + 2 = 92$

23) A certain group of students uses the internet services for a monthly charge of Rs. 4800. If 4 more students join the group, each person would pay Rs.200 less. Find the number of students in the group in the beginning.

2014/2015 (4 Marks)

Let the number of students in the group in the beginning be x.

So, share of each student for using internet services in a month =Rs. $\frac{4800}{x}$

As per given condition,

$$(x+4)\left(\frac{4800}{x} - 200\right) = 4800$$

Or $4800 - 200 x + \frac{19200}{x} - 800 = 4800$ Or $\frac{-200x^2 + 19200}{x} = 800$ Or $-200x^2 + 19200 = 800x$ Or $x^2 - 96 = -4x$ Or $x^2 + 4x - 96 = 0$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{(4)^2 - 4 \times 1(-96)}}{2 \times 1}$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 4 \times 96}}{2}$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 4 \times 96}}{2}$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{-24}{2} = -12$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{16}{2} = 8$ i.e. x = 8 or x = -12.

Since number of students cannot be negative,

Therefore number of students in the beginning = 8.

24) If the equation $(1 + m^2)n^2x^2 + 2mncx + (c^2 - a^2) = 0$ of x has equal roots, prove that $c^2 = a^2(1 + m^2).$

2012/2014 (3 marks)

$$(1 + m^{2})n^{2}x^{2} + 2mncx + (c^{2} - a^{2}) = 0, \text{ It has equal roots.}$$

$$\therefore D = 0 \text{ or } b^{2} = 4ac \Rightarrow (2mnc)^{2} = 4\{(1 + m^{2})n^{2}\}\{c^{2} - a^{2}\}$$

$$4m^{2}n^{2}c^{2} = 4(n^{2})(1 + m^{2})(c^{2} - a^{2})$$

$$\Rightarrow m^{2}c^{2} = c^{2} - a^{2} + m^{2}c^{2} - m^{2}a^{2} \Rightarrow 0 = c^{2} - a^{2} - m^{2}a^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow c^{2} = a^{2}(1 + m^{2}).$$

25) -4 is a root of the quadratic $x^2 + kx - 4 = 0$ and the quadratic equation $x^2 + px + k = 0$ has equal roots. Find the values of p and k.

2012/2015 (3 marks)

 $k=3, p=\pm 2\sqrt{3}$.