

Speed of Light

Exercise Solutions

Solution 1:

In the Fizeau's apparatus,

Distance between the mirrors, $D = 12.0 \text{ km} = 12 \times 10^3 \text{ m}$

Number of teeth in the wheel, $n = 180$

Speed of light = $3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

we know,

Speed of light, $c = (2Dn\omega)/\pi$

$\Rightarrow \omega = c\pi/(2Dn) \text{ rad/sec} = c\pi/(2Dn) \times 180/\pi \text{ degree/sec}$

$\Rightarrow \omega = [3 \times 10^8]/[24 \times 10^3] = 1.25 \times 10^4 \text{ degree/sec}$

Solution 2:

Distance between fixed and rotating mirror = $R = 16 \text{ m}$

Distance between lens and rotating mirror = $b = 6 \text{ m}$

Distance between source and lens = $a = 2 \text{ m}$

Angular speed = $\omega = 356 \text{ rev/s} = 356 \times 2\pi \text{ rad/sec}$

Shift in image = $s = 0.7 \text{ cm} = 0.7 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m/s}$

Now,

Speed of light = $c = (4R^2\omega a)/s(R+b)$

$= [4 \times 16^2 \times 356 \times 2\pi \times 2]/[0.7 \times 10^{-3}(16+6)]$

$= 2.975 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$

Solution 3:

Distance travelled by the light wave between two reflections from the rotating mirror =

$D = 4.8 \text{ km} = 4.8 \times 10^3$

Number of faces of the mirror = $N = 8$

In the Michelson experiment, the speed of light = $c = (D\omega N)/2\pi$

Where, ω is angular speed of the mirror.

Or $\omega = (2\pi c)/DN \text{ rad/s} = c/(DN) \text{ rev/sec}$

$= [3 \times 10^8]/[4.8 \times 10^3 \times 8]$

$= 7.8 \times 10^3 \text{ rev/sec}$