

19, December

# ARTICLE

Article is itself a kind of adjective which is used before a noun to make it definite or indefinite

(1) Definite article - The

- $\text{t}^{\text{h}}$  - Consonant sound  
ex - The ( $\text{t}^{\text{h}}$ ) boy
- $\text{ə}$  - Vocal sound  
ex - The ( $\text{ə}$ ) apple

(2) Indefinite article - A

- a  $\rightarrow$   $\text{ə}$  - 1%  
 $\text{ət}$  - 90%
- an  $\rightarrow$   $\text{ən}$  - 10%  
 $\text{ən}$  - 90%

## Theory

Learn with rhyme - No signal no train  
→ No noun No article

## Position of article

(i) Article + Noun

- ↓
  - boy
  - Pen
  - Fan

## Sound

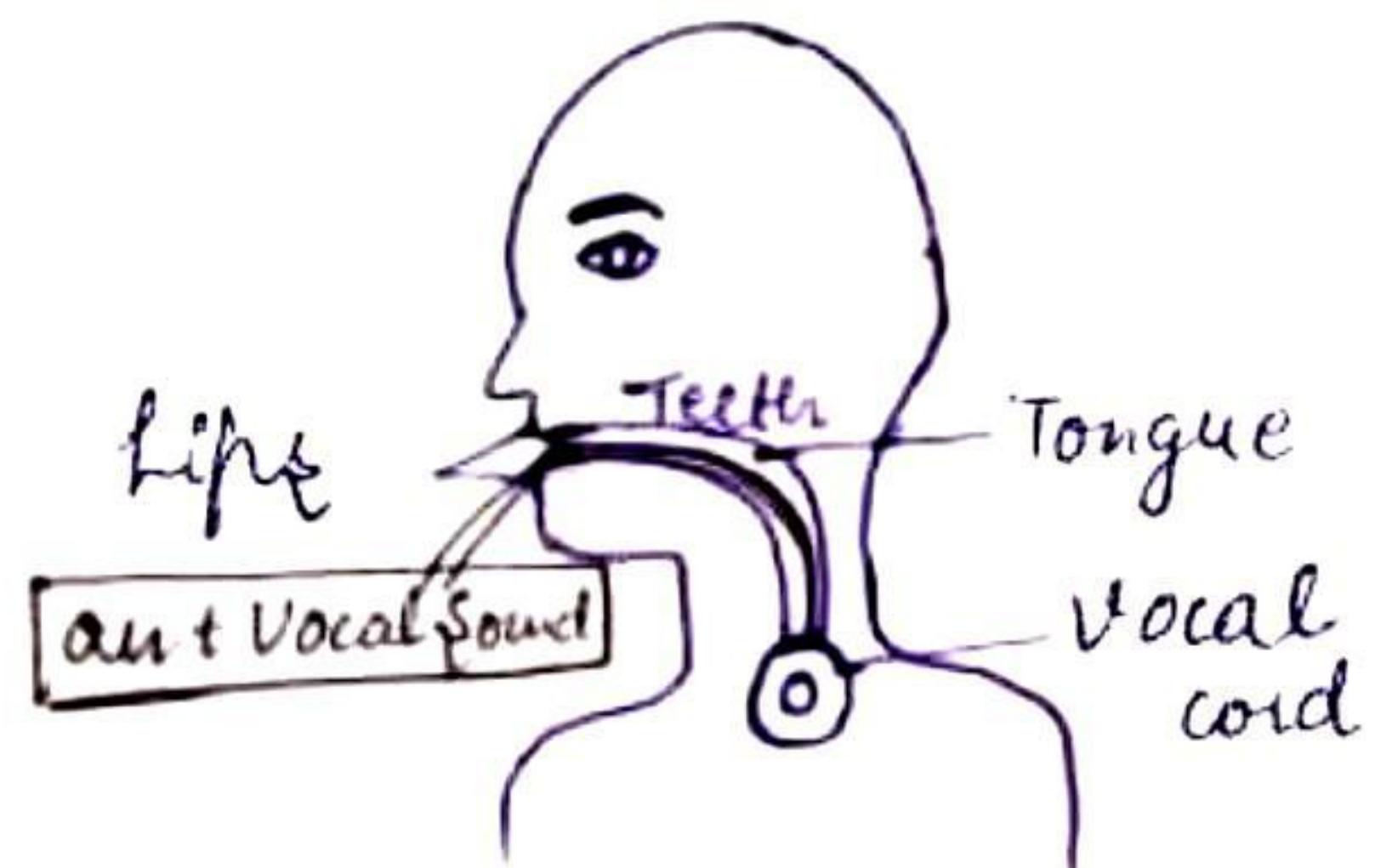
Letter that comes from

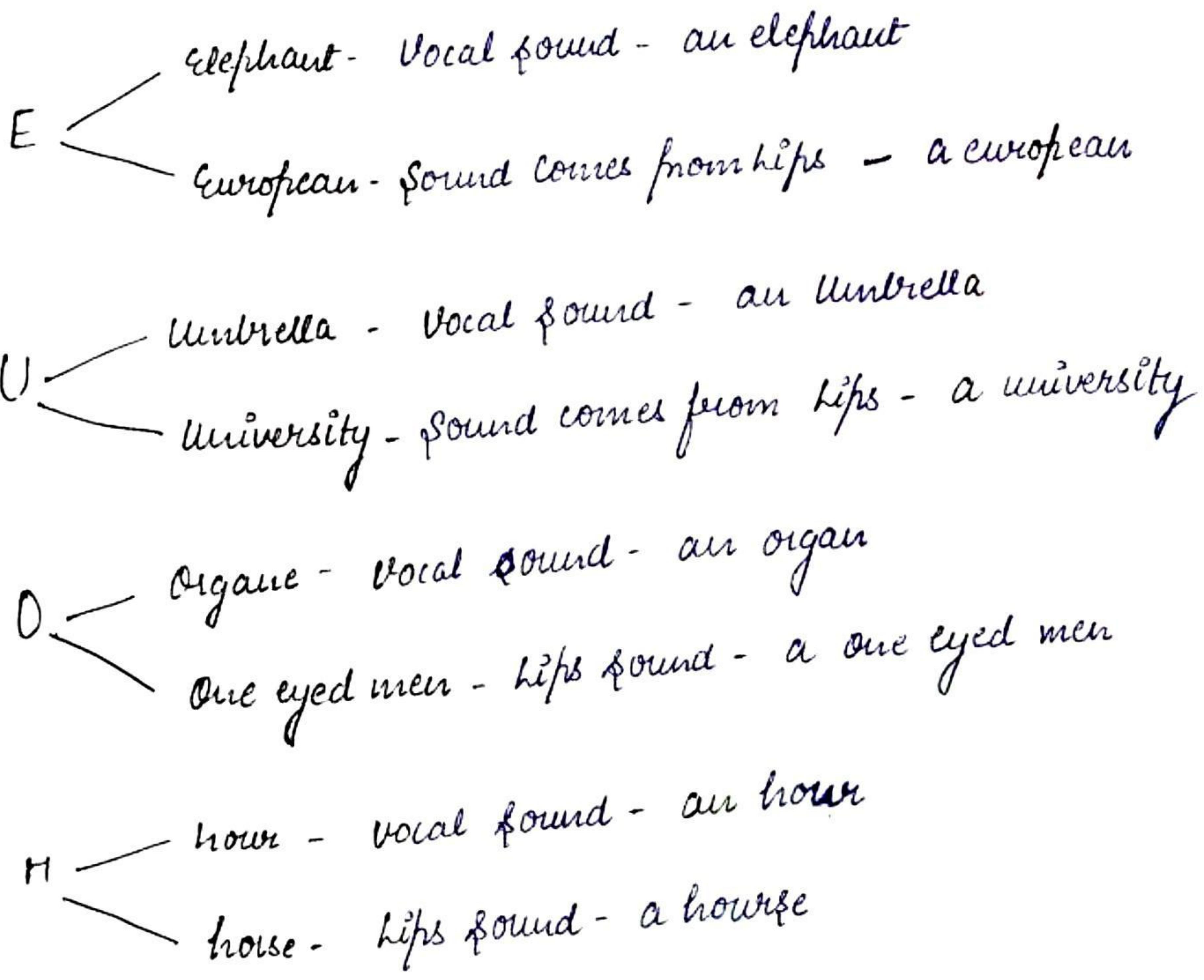
Lips + teeth + tongue + body

a + Consonant sound

ex - a

- Boy
- Pen
- Fan





'w/y'  
Note if a word starts with the help of w/o/y it takes the article only 'a'  
 a > year

'a/g'  
Note: if a word starts with the help of a/g it takes the article only 'an'  
 ex an < ink pot  
 Apple

① For Article + Adjective + Noun

example

(1) Lata is an honest (X)

(2) Lata is honest (X)

(3) Lata is an honest girl (✓)  
    Article      Adj      Noun.

② Article + Adverb + Adjective + Noun  
    For the noun

ex Lata is a very good girl.

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100% Article taking noun  
(ATN)

Singular countable noun

[SCN]

for ex - a Boy

Noun

90% non article taking noun  
(non ATN)

Plural countable noun

ex a boys (X)

⇒ material noun

ex a water (X)

⇒ Abstract noun

ex A air (X)

⇒ Proper noun

ex A Ram (X)

⇒ Uncountable noun

ex A Milk

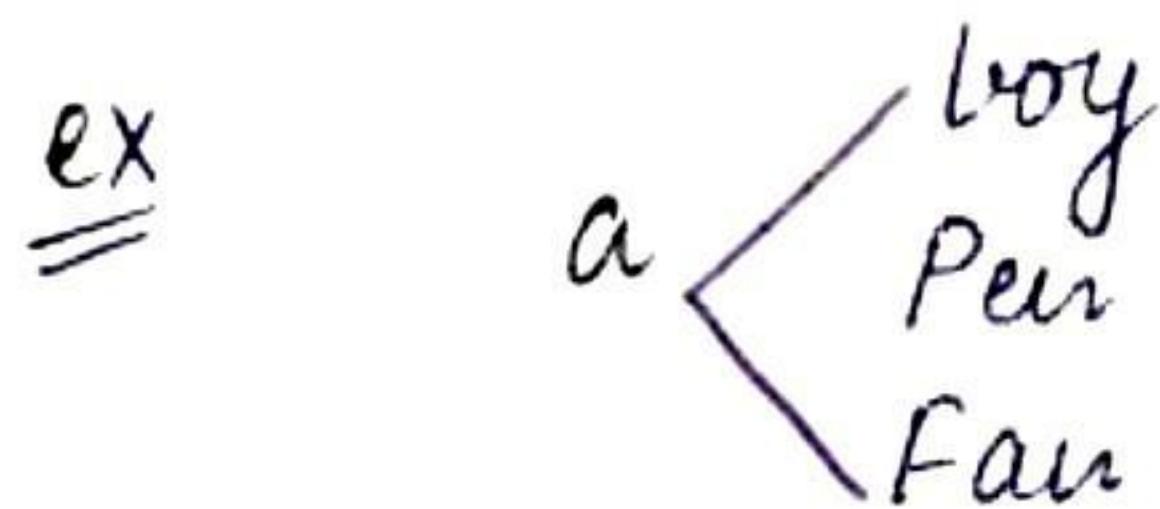
90%

they work

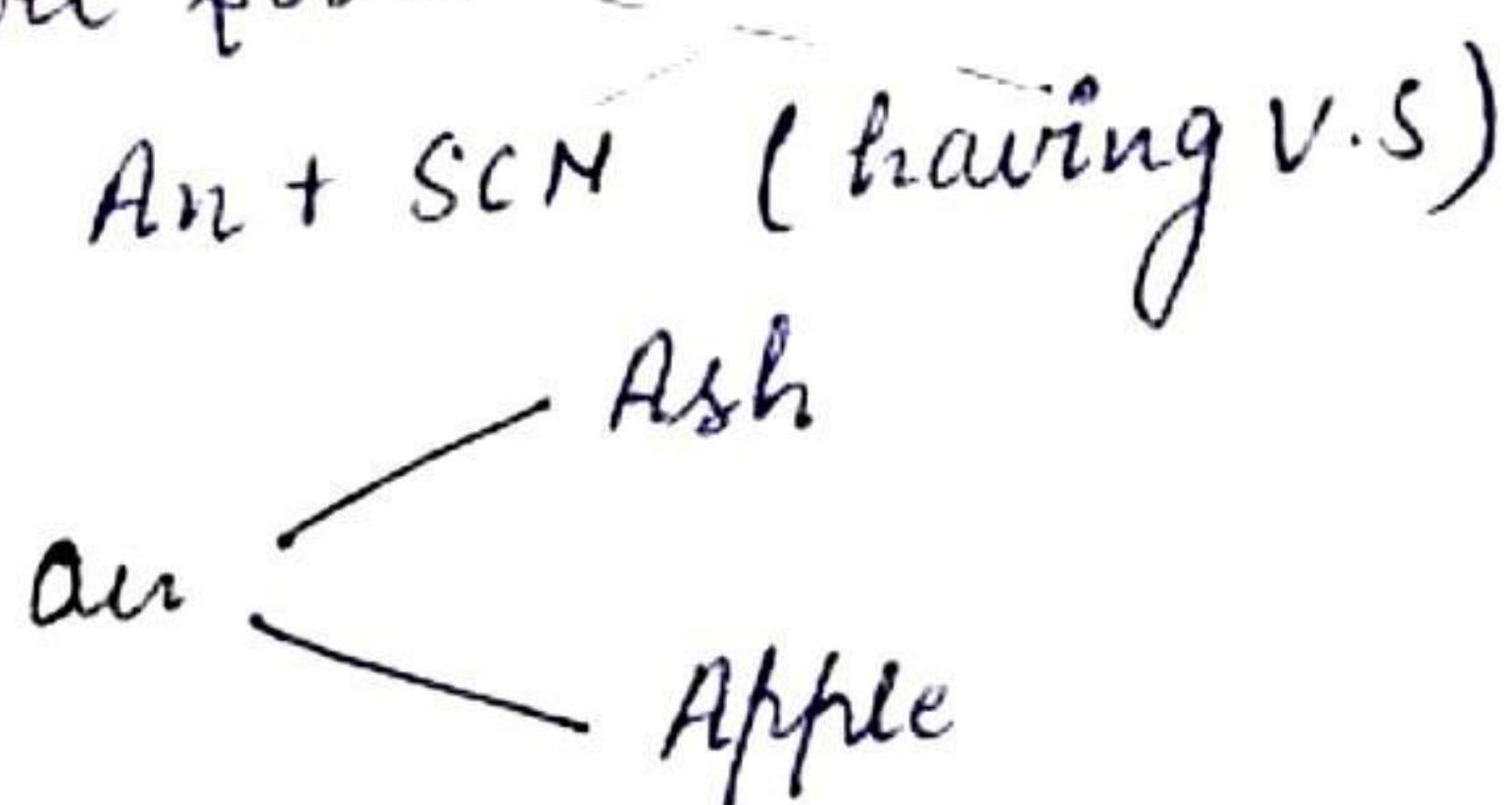
10%

## Basic uses of a/an

Rule 1: Article 'a' is used before singular countable nouns which has consonant sound.



Rule 2: Article 'an' is used before singular countable nouns has vowel sound



Rule 3: Article 'a' and 'an' is used before singular countable noun having consonant & vowel sound  
A/an + SCN (having c/s/v/s)

Rule 4 Not a/an + PCN  
a Boys (X)

Rule 5 Not a/an + Unountable  
a water (X)

### Test Your Knowledge

- (1) I am not wealthy / so I can't afford / to buy <sup>an</sup> a expensive car / no errors
- (2) He had no illusion of / being either a distinguish

I written or an editor / no errors.

(3) ~~A~~ children / are / naughty / no error

(4) ~~A~~ gold / is a / costly metal / no error

Rule 6. Article 'a/an' is used before the name of  
no nothing about the person.

Rule 7 Article 'a/an' is used before the name of  
Profession

if work as Subject  
99% 'the'

if work object  
a      an

ex The teacher is teaching  
He is a teacher

Rule 8. ex: (i) I am in dilemma (X)

(ii) I am in a dilemma (✓)

### Some Particular idioms and phrases

- (i) In a hurry
- (ii) In a dilemma
- (iii) In a rage
- (iv) In a mood
- (v) In a temper
- (vi) At a loss

## Technique.

(i) Have + a/an + Noun

ex (i) Have a swim  
have a drink  
have a bath

(ii) Take + a/an + N

→ Take an exercise  
→ Take a rest  
→ Take a risk  
→ Make a risk  
→ Make a mistake etc

Rule 9. Such / what / how + a/an + N

(i) Such a boy  
(ii) what an idea  
(iii) how an ugly peer

Rule 10. यदि किसी व्यक्ति का नाम किसी रुस्त व्यक्ति के साथ comment के रूप में जोड़ जाए तो article a/an का use करते हैं।

• यदि किसी रुस्त व्यक्ति का नाम रुस्त व्यक्ति के साथ जोड़ जाए तो article 'the' if used

ex He is a Gandhi

Kalidas is the Shakespeare of India

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## Uses of 'the'

Rule 1 → Article 'the' is used before singular countable table noun

example: The teacher is teaching

Rule 2 → Normally not 'The' + PCN - (Plural countable noun)

example: (i) The teachers are teaching (X)

(ii) teachers are teaching (✓)

Note: Article 'The' may be used before Plural countable noun when we have to refer to particularity

(i) The dog barks at night (✓)

(ii) ~~The~~ dogs bark at night (X) → it is usual case not particular so 'The' will not use

(iii) The dogs don't bark at night (✓) → it is a particular case  
10% dogs not bark at night

(iv) The dogs of Neelima are black (✓) particular case

(v) The boys are making a noise (✓) particular case

(vi) The children are naughty (X) all children are naughty 80% usual case

(vii) The children are playing on the bed (✓)  
bed primary work is sleep not playing so this case shows particularity of playing so use of 'The'

Rule 3 → Normally not 'The' + Uncountable noun

90%

Note: Article 'the' may be used before an uncountable noun only in order to refer to particularity.

- example.
- (i) The milk is white (X)  
(Milk is always white so it is usual case not particular)
  - (ii) The milk is hot don't drink it (✓)  
(Milk shows the particularity of being hot so use 'The')
  - (iii) The beauty is thing a joy forever (X)  
(Beauty is thing a joy it is usual case no use of 'The')
  - (iv) The beauty of Kashmir is praise worthy (✓)  
(Beauty shows the particularity of Kashmir so use of 'The')
  - (v) The coal is needed for kitchen (X)  
(Coal is needed for kitchen for cooking so it is a usual case)
  - (vi) The coal of 'Tharsa' has its own importance (✓)  
(Coal shows particularity of 'Tharsa')

Rule 4 When a noun appears for the first time in a sentence Article 'a/an' is used. And the noun is going to be repeated article 'the' is used.

- ex (i) There lived a king in the forest. The King was very old and wise
- (ii) A boy comes to meet you. The boy is wearing a red jacket.

Rule 5: Article 'The' is used before the name of mountain

Mountain

Singular

↓  
No article

for ex. Everest, K2, Nanda Devi  
all are singular mountain

Plural

↓  
Article 'The'

for ex. The Himalayas  
Himalayas are many.

ex ~~The~~ Everest is the highest peak of the Himalayas. (X)

Rule 6: Article 'The' is used before the name of island

Island

Singular

↓  
No article

for ex. Java, Sicily,  
cyclone etc

Plural

↓  
Article 'The'

ex The Andaman & Nicobar  
The West Indies

Rule 7: 'The' is used before the name of newspaper /  
rivers / forests / deserts / seas / oceans / name of canals /  
name of directions - before superlative degree - name of  
Religious Book - Historical buildings / political parties /  
Empire / Dynasty / ships / trains / Aeroplanes / Musical  
Instruments / Historical events / Museums / Libraries /  
hostels / restaurants / Cinema Halls / Bay / Gulf / etc. . .

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Rule 6: 'The' is used before armed forces / govt branches  
ex the police, the army, the navy, the airforce  
, the executive, the legislative, the judiciary

→ यदि 1:2 से तुलना करते हुए (comparison + selection)  
कि आविष्कार जासे की Comparative form से पहले  
'the' लगाते हैं और than के बदले 'if' लगाते हैं,

- ex 1) Ram is smarter than Mohan and Sohan (X)  
2) Ram is the smarter than Mohan and Sohan (X)  
3) Ram is the smarter of Mohan and Sohan (✓)  
4) He is better of the two boys (X)  
5) He is the better of the two boys (✓)

→ "जितना और उतना कि आविष्कार से पहले"

structure

The + Comp. + S + V + O/W

ex The higher you go, the cooler you feel.

Rule 7: 'The' is used before the name of parts of universe  
ex The earth moves round the sun

Rule 10: 'The' is used before the parts of body

ex The eyes, the nose

Rule 11: 'The' is used before the name of invention

ex The Radio, the TV, the watch

note T.V ~~is~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~an~~ <sup>a</sup> 'the' ~~is~~ <sup>not</sup> ~~an~~ ,

ex (i) The TV is costly in these day (✓)

(ii) I am watching the T.V (X)

(iii) I am watching T.V (✓)

## Omission of 'Article'

Ex: 1) Each boy was ready (✓)

2) Each a boy was ready (X)

⇒ Each / every / no / either / neither / my / our / your  
/ his / her / their / + ( ) + nouns  
No article

Ex: 1) He travelled — the bus

(a) in (b) on (c) with (d) by

2) He travelled by ~~the~~ bus

(a) the (b) a (c) an (d) No article

By + ↓ + noun (Travel)  
(No article)

Rule 12: kind of / type of / part of / variety of / Rank of  
/ past of / title of / position of / A number of  
/ A lot of / lots of / plenty of / + ↓ + Nouns  
(no article)

Ex: I don't like this kind of a man, (X)  
I don't like this kind of a man, (✓)

Note: kind of / Type of / part of के बाद 'an' का पड़ना  
ही सकता है, परं यदि sentence interrogative है,

Ex: what type of singer is he? (X)  
what type of a singer is he? (✓)

Rule 13:

Ex: Please tell up in detail (✓)  
please tell up in a detail (X)  
please tell up in details (X)

## SOME PARTICULAR IDIOMS AND PHRASES

in details	on time	in danger, etc.
in fact	in demand	
in trouble	in draped	
in confusion	in crisis	
in time	in doubt	

Rule 14

Ex: I am going to buy a soap (X)

I am going to buy soaps (X)

I am going to buy soap (✓)

Rule 15

Health, homework, work, paper, money,  
fity, news, fay, soap, weather, money,  
wealth, etc... are considered as uncountable  
so no article should be used.

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Rule 16

No article should be used before the name of  
Mohalla (<sup>or</sup> street) village, town, city, state,  
country etc.

Note: if these words are written themselves in a sentence  
article 'the' is used.

Ex: The Nehru Library is dirty (X)

The Mohalla is dirty (✓)

The India is the best (X)

The Country is the best (✓)

Rule 17

No article should be used before the name of  
language

Ex: I can speak the Hindi (X)

I can speak Hindi (✓)

Note: Article 'the' may be used before the name of language. when the word language is written itself in a sentence.

⇒ The + name of language + LANGUAGE

- The Hindi (X) ✓
- The Hindi language (✓)

Rule 18: No article should be used before the name of festivals

Ex      The Durga pooja (X)  
          The Onam (X)

but The + name of festival + FESTIVAL

Ex      The holi festival  
          The Durga pooja festival

Rule 19: No Article should be used before the name of season

Ex      The summer  
          The winter

The + name of season + SEASON

Rule 20: No article should be used before school, college, church, bed, prison (for), market, temple, hospital, court, mosque, university etc

when these places are visited for their primary purpose.

Primary  
No article

purpose

Secondary  
'the'

{ primary in the sense means for example.

{ bed is for sleeping so primary function 'no Article'  
bed for playing secondary function 'use the'

Ex: (i) we sleep in the bed (X)

(ii) we sleep in bed (✓)

(iii) the children are playing on bed (X)

(iv) the children are playing on the bed (✓)

(v) I am going to school (✓)

purpose nahi kaha  
secondary purpose  
(vi) I am going to the school (✓) kya hai.

(vii) He is going to . hospital to meet his friend (X)

(viii) He is going to the hospital to meet his friend (✓)

Rule 21 No Article should be used before father, mother, brother, uncle, sister etc., man, woman, life, death, science, nature, love, meal, dinner, breakfast, etc.

when these words are used in normal sense.

Note: when these words are used in particular sense  
article 'the' is used.

- Ex • The death forgives none (X)  
(~~सामान्य लात~~ / normal sense so no use of article)
- The death keeps no calendar (X)  
(~~सामान्य लात~~ no use of article)
- I can't tolerate the death of my love (✓)  
(~~कृति लात~~ sentence shows particularity of 'my love')
- The nature looks beautiful in the morning (X)  
(nature is beautiful, if a common sentence)
- The nature of Lannu is very attractive (✓)  
(~~कृति लात~~, particularity shows to nature of Lannu)
- The love is great (X)  
(~~सामान्य लात~~)
- The love between Radha and Krishna is immortal.  
(~~कृति लात~~ particularity to Radha & Krishna) (✓)
- The father has told me that I should respect  
my teacher (X)  
(~~सामान्य लात~~ teacher should be respected )
- The father in him is yet alive (✓)  
(~~कृति लात~~)

• I have taken the dinner (X)  
(सहित लात, dinner को ज हीता है,)

• The dinner was tasty (✓)  
(रक्षा वात dinner tasty है,)

Rule 22: Article 'the' is used before the name of post/profession.



Ex: The cm / the p.m / the D.M

Ex(i) The teacher is teaching

(ii) The pm is coming

(iii) He is a teacher, object.