

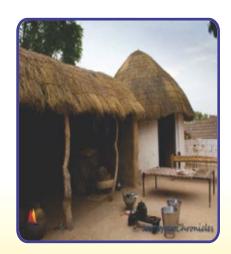
The Felling of the Banyan Tree

- Have you ever gone through some forests somewhere?
- What did you see there?
- How can we save trees?

About the poem: The poet is saddened by the slaughter of the trees in his house and describes the felling of the two hundred year old banyan trees like the murdering of a human being. It is a moving poem that expresses the poet's love for trees and criticizes the creation of concrete jungles at the cost of green forests.

My father told the tenants to leave
Who lived in the houses surrounding our house on the hill.
One by one the structures were demolished
Only our own house remained and the trees
Trees are sacred my grandmother used to say
Felling them is a crime but he massacred them all
The sheoga, the oudumber, the neem were all cut down









Looking for ground to strike.

But the huge banyan tree stood like a problem Whose roots lay deeper than all our lives My father ordered it to be removed The banyan tree was three times as tall as our house Its trunk had a circumference of fifty feet Its scraggly aerial roots fell to the ground From thirty feet or more so first they cut the branches Sawing them off for seven days and the heap was huge Insects and birds began to leave the tree And then they came to its massive trunk Fifty men with axes chopped and chopped The great tree revealed its rings of two hundred years We watched in terror and fascination this slaughter As a raw mythology revealed to us its age Soon afterwards we left Baroda for Bombay Where there are no trees except the one Which grows and seethes in one's dreams, its aerial roots



-Dilip Chitre

GLOSSARY:

tenant : a person who pays rent for the use of room, building, land,

etc to the person who owns it

demolish : to destroy something totally

sacred : holy very important and treated with great respect,

massacre : destroying in a cruel way

scraggly : growing in a way that looks uneven and in bad condition

chop : cut

mythology : set of ancient myths, ideas that people have but they may or

may not be true

seethe : to be extremely angry about something but not to reveal it

slaughter : (here) cutting of trees cruelly

circumference: measurement around the outside of a circle

Activity - I

A. Say whether the following statements are True or False-

L.	It was	taught	to poe	et by	his	grandmother	that	trees	are	very	ımpo	ortai	1t
	and hol	ly.									(· \)

- II. Poet's father cut trees mercilessly. ()
- III. The banyan tree was as big as poet's house. ()
- IV. They started cutting branches first because the tree was small. ()
- V. Fifty men chopped the tree. ()
- VI. The only tree remained was in his dreams. ()

B. Answer the following questions:

- I. Why did the poet's father want to demolish the old structures?
- II. Describe the huge banyan tree in your own words.
- III. What was a crime according to the grandmother?
- IV. Which trees were cut down first?

- V. How was the banyan tree cut at last?
- VI. Where does the banyan tree still exist?

Activity - II

A. Insert the missing letter in the blanks: -----

- I. It is the duty of every civilian to keep their houses and surr_undings neat and clean.
- II. My grandmother told me many interesting stories from Hindu mythol_gy.
- III.Destroying forest is a type of crim _.
- IV. The programme was very nice and we watched with fascin_tion.
- V. A b nyan tree is considered s cred.

B. Write opposites of the following words:

huge, raw, sacred, deep, reveal, massive, problem,

C. Find out and write the synonyms for the following words

fell, sacred, huge, demolish

Activity - III

Read the following sentences carefully:

- 1. The tenants who lived in the surrounding houses have left.
- 2. I have a banyan <u>tree whose</u> roots are much deeper.
- 3. This is a banyan <u>tree which</u> has aerial roots.
- 4. This is the <u>village where</u> everybody is literate.

Relative clause

Relative Clauses beginning with relative pronouns (who, whose, whom, which, that, etc.) and relative adverbs (when, where, why) are often used to modify nouns and some pronouns to identify people and things places and time and to give more information about them. Clauses used like this are called **Relative Clauses**.

Use the suitable relative pronouns in the blank spaces:

- I. Shambhu,elder brother is a principal, is the Sarpanch of the Village.
- II. The Ramayan,..... is the scripture of the Hindus, is loved and liked in Bharat and abroad.
- III.Do you know Rita, lives near Gulabbag?
- IV. Deshnok,the temple of Karnimata is situated, is a town in Rajasthan.
- V. Raksha Bandhan is the daysisters tie Rakhies to their brothers.

Activity - IV

"Trees are said to be green gold." Keeping this in view, discuss the importance of 'trees' in keeping the environment pollution-free and healthy.

Read and enjoy the following poem:

Tree

They didn't tell us
What it would be like
Without trees.
Nobody imagined
That the whispering of leaves
Would grow silent
Or the vibrant jade spring
Pale to grey death
And now we pile
Rubbish on rubbish
In this dusty landscape
Struggling to create
A tree.
But through the space is right



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And the nailed branches

Lean upon the wind

And plastic leaves

Lend colour to the twigs.

We wait in vain

For the slow unfurling of buds.

And no amount of loving

Can stir our weary tree

To singing

Activity - V

A. Draw different types of trees found in your locality and name them.