IBPS CWE-RRB OFFICER SCALE-I EXAM 2015 Based on Memory

REASONING ABILITY

1.	The positions of the first and the fourth letters of the word
	PLANET are interchanged, similarly, the positions of the
	second and fifth letters and third and sixth letters are
	interchanged. In the new arrangement thus formed, how
	many letters are there between the letter which is second
	from the right and the letter which is fourth from the left
	according to the English alphabetical order?
	() 37

acce	numg to the English	n aipnao	ctical of
(a)	None	(b)	One
(c)	Two	(d)	Three
(e)	Four		

The positions of how many alphabets will remain unchanged if each of the alphabets in the word WORTHY is arranged in alphabetical order from left to right?

(a) None (b) One (c) Two (d) Three (e) More than three

How many such pairs of letters are there in the word REASON, each of which has as many letters between them in the word (in both forward and backward directions) as they have between them in the English alphabetical series?

(a) None (b) One (c) Two (d) Three (e) More than three

'Writing is related to Pen' in the same way as?

(a) 'Singing' is related to 'Music' (b) 'Stitching' is related to 'Needle' (c) 'Dancing' is related to 'Exercise'

(d) 'Carpenter' is related to 'tools'

(e) 'Paper' is related to 'book'

If it is possible to make only one meaningful word with the second, third, eighth and ninth letters of the word 'CONFLICTED', which would be the second letter of the word from the left? If more than one such word can be formed, give 'A' as the answer. If no such word can be formed, give 'Z' as your answer.

(a) A (b) T (c) O (d) N (e) Z

In which of the following expressions will the expression P < M be definitely true?

(a) $M < R > P \ge S$ (b) $M \ge S = P < F$ (c) Q < M < F = P(d) P = A < R < M

(e) None of these

In a case of 42 children, Joseph's rank is sixteenth from the top. Kevin is seven ranks below Joseph. What is Kevin's rank from the bottom? (a) 22nd

(c) 19th (e) 25th

(b) 20th (d) 23rd

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 8-10): The following questions are based on the alphabetical series given below:

C L R T B Q S M A P D I N F J K G Y X

8. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to the group?

(a) LBT (b) SPA (c) IJF (d) PID (e) BMS

If 'CT' is related to 'RQ' and 'AI' is related to 'DF' in a certain way, to which of the following is 'SP' related to, following the same pattern?

(a) MD (b) DN (c) AD (d) AI (e) DF

What will come in place of the question mark in the following series?

CR LB TM SI (a) PK (b) DK (c) DG (d) NX (e) PG

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 11-15) : *Study the following information* and answer the questions given below:

Eight people—S, R, N, L, M, T, O and P are sitting in a circle facing the centre. All eight belong to different professions reporter, doctor, cricketer, teacher, accountant, shopkeeper, painter and supervisor. They are not necessarily seated in the mentioned order.

M is sitting third to the left of O. The doctor is to the immediate right of M and M is not a reporter. R is sitting fourth to the right of P. Neither R nor P is an immediate neighbour of M. T is a teacher and is sitting third to the right of the doctor. The shopkeeper is sitting second to the left of the teacher. The painter is sitting second to the left of M. S the cricketer is sitting exactly between T and P. The accountant is sitting second to the right of the cricketer. N is sitting third to the left of T.

11. Who amongst the following is a reporter?

(a) O (b) L (c) N (d) R

(e) None of these

12. What is S's position with respect to R?

(a) Third to the right (b) Second to the right (c) Third to the left (d) Second to the left

(e) Fourth to the right

(e) None

How many people are sitting between P and N when counted in an anti clockwise direction from N?

(a) One (b) Two (d) Four (c) Three

- 14. Four of the following five pairs are like in a certain way based on their positions in the above arrangmeent and so form a group. What of the following does not belong to the group?
 - (a) Teacher-Painter
- (b) Supervisor-Shopkeeper
- (c) Cricketer-Reporter
- (d) Doctor-Accountant
- (e) Shopkeeper-Doctor
- Which one of the following statements is **false** according to the above mentioned arrangement?
 - (a) N is to the immediate right of the supervisor
 - (b) The cricketer is third to the right of shopkeeper
 - (c) The doctor is sitting exactly between the supervisor and the shopkeeper
 - (d) L is neither a teacher nor a supervisor
 - (e) There are only three people between S and N

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 16-20): Study the following information and answer the questions that follow:

In a certain code language, 'hope to see you' is coded as 're so na di', 'please come to see the party' is coded as 'fi ge na di ke zo', 'hope to come' is coded as 'di so ge' and 'see you the party' is coded as 're fi zo na'.

- 16. How is 'please' coded in the given code language?
 - (a) di
- (b) ke
- (c) fi
- (d) na
- (e) None of these
- What does the code 'so' stand for in the given code language?
 - (a) hope
- (b) come
- (c) see
- (d) to
- (e) None of these
- 18. How is 'party' coded in the given code language?
 - (a) Either 're' or 'fi'
- (b) Either 'zo' of 'na'
- (c) Either 'zo' of 'fi'
- (d) Either 'zo' or 'ge'
- (e) 'Either 'ke' or 'fi'
- 19. How will 'please see you' be coded in the given code language?
 - (a) re na ke
- (b) so re na
- (c) zo re na
- (d) na di ke
- (e) ke re ge
- Which one of the following will be coded as 'so di re' in the given code language?
 - (a) you see hope
- (b) hope you please
- (c) hope you come
- (d) the hope to
- (e) you hope to

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 21-23): Read the following information carefully and answer the questions which follow:

P is son of Q. Q is mother of R. R is wife of T. T is father of V. V is brother of W. Y is mother of T.

- 21. Which of the following is **true** based upon the relationships given above?
 - (a) W is grand-daughter of Y
 - (b) R is sister of P
 - (c) V is son of Q
 - (d) V is brother-in-law of Y
 - (e) None is true.
- 22. How is T related to P?
 - (a) Son-in-law
- (b) Brother
- (c) Father-in-law
- (d) Brother-in-law
- (e) Cannot be determined

- 23. Which of the following is/are required to establish that W is the daughter of R?
 - (a) No extra information is required as the relation can be established from the given information
 - (b) R has only three children, one son and two daughters
 - (c) Q has only the grandson
 - (d) Y has only two children, a son and a daughter
 - (e) Either (b) or (c)

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 24-29): In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusion.

Mark answer (a) if only conclusion I follows

Mark answer (b) if only conclusion II follows.

Mark answer (c) if either conclusion I or II follows

Mark answer (d) if neither conclusion I nor II follwos

Mark answer (e) if both conclusions I and II follows

24. Statement:

 $A \ge B \le C, C < D, D > F$

Conclusions:

F > B

II. A > D

Statement:

 $X > Y \ge Z$, Q = Y, P > X

Conclusions:

Z < P

II. P > O

II. L > K

II. O > S

Statement: 26.

 $L \ge I, H > I \ge J, K < J$

Conslusions:

I $H > \Gamma$

27. Statement: $O \ge P = Q, R < P, S < Q$

Conclusions:

R < SI

Statement: $D \ge E > F = G, E = H < J$

Conclusions:

J > D

II. G < J

Statement:

 $J \ge R > Z$, R > F < W, B > J

Conclusions:

J > F

II. B > W

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 30-35) : K, L, M, P, Q, R, S and T are sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square while four sit in the middle of each of the four sides. The ones who sit at the four corners face outside while those who sit in the middle of the sides face the centre of the table.

P sits third to the right of S. S faces the centre. Q sits third to the left of M. M does not sit in the middle of the sides. Only one person sits between Q and R. R is not an immediate neighbour of M. T faces the centre. K is not an immediate neighbour of R.

- 30. What is position of M with respect to L?
 - (a) Third to the right
 - (b) M and L sit diagonally opposite to each other
 - (c) Second to the right.
 - (d) Second to the left
 - (e) Fifth to the right

- 31. Who sits exactly between Q and R?
 - (a) T

- (b) P
- (c) K
- (d) M
- (e) S and K
- 32. Which of the following pairs represents the persons seated in the middle of the sides who face each other?
 - (a) S, Q
- (b) K, L
- (c) M, P
- (d) R, T
- (e) T, Q
- 33. Who amongst the following sits between R and K when counted in anti-clockwise direction from K?
 - (a) No one sits between R and K as R and K are immediate neighbours of each other
 - (b) S, P and L
- (c) P and Q
- (d) L and R
- (e) M, S and T
- 34. If K is made to face the opposite direction, who would sit to his immediate right?
 - (a) R
- (b) Q
- (c) P

(d) T

- (e) S
- 35. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that **does not** belong to that group?
 - (a) L
- (b) M
- (c) K
- (d) P

(e) R

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 36-40): In each question below are four statements followed by four conclusions numbered I, II, III and IV. You have to take the four given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the four given statements disregarding commonly known facts. Then decide which of the answers (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) is correct and indicate it on the answersheet.

36. Statements:

All belts are rollers.

Some rollers are wheels.

All wheels are mats.

Some mats are cars.

Conclusions:

- I. Some mats are rollers.
- II. Some mats are belts.
- III. Some cars are rollers.
- IV. Some rollers are belts.
- (a) Only I and II follow
- (b) Only I, III and IV follow
- (c) Only I and IV follow
- (d) Only II, III and IV follow
- (e) None of these

37. Statements:

Some tyres are rains.

Some rains are flowers.

All flowers are jungles.

All jungles are tubes.

Conclusions:

- I. Some jungles are tyres.
- II. Some tubes are rains.
- III. Some jungles are rains.
- IV. Some tubes are flowers.
- (a) Only I, II and III follow
- (b) Only II, III and IV follow
- (c) Only I, III and IV follow
- (d) All follow
- (e) None of these

38. Statements:

All desks are chairs.

All chairs are tables.

All tables are boxes.

All boxes are trunks.

Conclusions:

- Some trunks are boxes.
- II. All chairs are boxes.
- III. Some boxes are desks.
- IV. All desks are trunks.
- (a) Only I, II and III follow
- (b) Only I, II and IV follow
- (b) Olliy i, ii dild i v iollow
- (c) Only II, III and IV follow
- (d) All follow
- (e) None of these

39. Statements:

Some birds are goats.

Some goats are horses.

Some horses are lions.

Some lions are tigers.

Conclusions:

- I. Some tigers are goats.
- II. No tiger is goat.
- III. Some lions are birds.
- IV. No lion is bird.
- (a) Only either I or II follows
- (b) Only either III or IV follows
- (c) Only either I or II and either III or IV follow
- (d) Only I and II follow
- (e) None of these

40. Statements:

All papers are bottles.

All bottles are cups.

Some cups are jugs.

Some jugs are plates.

Conclusions:

- I. Some plates are cups.
- II. Some plates are bottles.
- III. Some cups are papers.
- IV. Some bottles are papers.
- (a) Only III and IV follow
- (b) Only I and II follow
- (c) Only I and III follow
- (d) Only II and IV follow
- (e) None of these

QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 41-45): In each of these questions a number series is given. Below the series one number is given followed by (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e). You have to complete this series following the same logic as in the original series and answer the question that follows.

- 41. 5 9 25 91 414 2282.5 3 (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)
 - What will come in place of (c)?
 - (a) 63.25
- (b) 63.75
- (c) 64.25
- 64.75 (d)
- (e) None of these
- 42. 15 9 8 12 36 19 (a) (b) (c) (d)
 - What will come in place of (b)?
 - (a) 18
- (b) 16

(c) 22

- (d) 24
- (e) None of these
- 43. 7 6 10 27 104 515
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
 - What will come in place of (d)?
 - (a) 152
- 156 (b)
- (c) 108
- (d) 112
- (e) None of these
- 44. 16 57 244 1245 7506
 - (a) (b) (c) (d)
 - What will come in place of (d)?
 - (a) 985
- (b) 980
- (c) 1004
- (d) 1015
- (e) None of these
- 45. 8 9 20 63 256 1285
 - (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)
 - What will come in place of (e)?
 - (a) 945
- (b) 895
- (c) 925
- (d) 845
- (e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 46-50): What approximate value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions? (You are not expected to calculate exact value.)

- $(32.51)^2 (17.45)^2 = ?$
 - (a) 780
- (b) 850
- (c) 680
- (d) 820
- (e) 750
- 47. 88.25% of 450 = ? % of 530
 - (a) 70

68

(c) 75

(d) 80

- (e) 65
- $\sqrt{898} \times (12.005)^2 + ? = 5000$ 48
 - (a) 680
- (b) 720
- (c) 750
- (d) 620
- (e) 630
- $3745 \div 24.05 \times 17.98 = ?$
 - (a) 2860
- (b) 2800
- (c) 2760
- (d) 2720
- (e) 2840

- 50. $117.95 \times 8.017 \times 4.98 = ?$
 - (a) 4670
- (b) 4780
- (c) 4840
- (d) 4720
- (e) 4800
- A milkman bought 15 kg of milk and mixed 3 kg of water in it. If the price per kg of the mixture becomes ₹ 22, what is cost price of the milk per kg?
 - (a) ₹28.00
- (b) ₹ 26.40
- (c) ₹ 24.00
- (d) ₹ 22.00
- (e) None of these
- A person invested some amount at the rate of 12% simple interest and the remaining at 10%. He received yearly an interest of ₹ 130. Had he interchanged the amounts invested, he would have received an interest of ₹ 134. How much money did he invest at different rates?
 - (a) ₹ 500 at the rate of 10%, ₹ 800 at the rate of 12%
 - (b) $\stackrel{?}{\sim} 700$ at the rate of 10%, $\stackrel{?}{\sim} 600$ at the rate of 12%
 - (c) ₹ 800 at the rate of 10%, ₹ 400 at the rate of 12%
 - (d) $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}$ 700 at the rate of 10%, $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}$ 500 at the rate of 12%
 - (e) None of these
- The marked price of a machine is ₹ 18000. By selling it at a discount of 20%, the loss is 4%. What is the cost price of the machine?
 - (a) ₹ 10000
- (b) ₹ 12000
- (c) ₹ 14000
- (d) ₹15000
- (e) None of these
- 54. A train travels at a speed of 40 km/h and another train at a speed of 20 m/s. What is the ratio of speed of the first train to that of the second train?
 - (a) 2:1
- (b) 5:9
- (c) 5:3
- (d) 9:5
- (e) None of these
- A is thrice as efficient as B and hence completes a work in 40 days less than the number of days taken by B. What will be the number of days taken by both of them when working together?
 - (a) 22.5 days
- (b) 15 days
- (c) 20 days
- (d) 18 days
- (e) None of these
- A person goes to a market between 4 p.m. and 5 p.m. When he comes back, he finds that the hour hand and minute hand have interchanged their positions. For how much time (approximately) was he out of his house?
 - (a) 55.25 minutes
- (b) 55.30 minutes
- (c) 55.34 minutes
- (d) 55.38 minutes
- (e) None of these
- There are 48 cricket balls, 72 hockey balls and 84 tennis balls and they have to be arranged in several rows in such a way that every row contains the same number balls of balls of one type. What is the minimum number of rows required for this to happen?
 - (a) 12

(b) 16

(c) 17

- (d) 19
- (e) None of these
- 58. If 1 is subtracted from the numerator of a fraction it becomes (1/3) and if 5 is added to the denominator the fraction becomes (1/4). Which fraction shall result, if 1 is subtracted from the numerator and 5 is added to the denominator?

(a) $\frac{5}{12}$

(b) $\frac{7}{23}$

(c) $\frac{1}{8}$

- (d) $\frac{2}{3}$
- (e) None of these
- 59. The price of an article is ₹ 25. After two successive cuts by the same percentage, the price becomes ₹ 20.25. If each time the cut was x%, then
 - (a) x = 9
- (b) x = 10
- (c) x = 11
- (d) x = 11.5
- (e) None of these
- 60. A person could save 10% of his income. But 2 years later, when his income increased by 20%, he could save the same amount only as before. By how much percentage has his expenditure increased?
 - (a) $22\frac{2}{9}\%$
- (b) $23\frac{1}{3}\%$
- (c) $24\frac{2}{9}\%$
- (d) $25\frac{2}{9}\%$
- (e) None of these

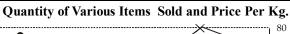
DIRECTIONS (Qs. 61-65): Study the following table carefully to answer the questions.

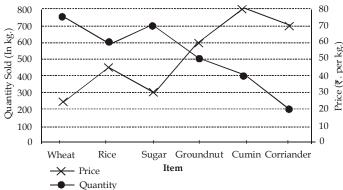
Rate of Interest (P.C.P.A) of Fered by Five companies on Deposits Under Different Schemes								
Company Scheme	A	В	C	D	E			
I	8.5	9.0	8.0	8.5	9.0			
II	9.5	8.5	9.0	9.0	8.5			
III	8.0	8.0	7.5	8.5	8.5			
IV	10.0	9.5	10.5	9.5	10.0			

- 61. Mr. X deposited an amount in Scheme II with Company C for two years. After that he withdrew the amount and reinvested only the principal amount in Scheme IV of Company B for two years. Total amount of simple interest accrued from the two schemes is ₹ 14, 800. What was the principal amount?
 - (a) ₹48,000
- (b) ₹42,000
- (c) ₹40,000
- (d) Cannot be determined
- (e) None of these
- 62. Company E offers compound interest under Scheme I and Company A offers simple interest under Scheme IV. What will be the difference between the interest earned under the Scheme I of Company E and Scheme IV of Company A respectively in two years on an amount of ₹ 1.2 lakhs?
 - (a) ₹1,428
- (b) ₹ 1,328
- (c) ₹1,528
- (d) ₹ 1,548
- (e) None of these
- 63. Company D offers compound interest under Scheme II and simple interest under Scheme IV. Abhijit invested ₹ 25,000 with this company under Scheme IV and after one year switched over to Scheme II along with the interest for one more year. What is the total amount he will get at the end of two years?

- (a) ₹28,939.25
- (b) ₹29,838.75
- (c) ₹31,748.25
- (d) ₹31,738.75
- (e) None of these
- 64. Abhishek invested an amount of ₹ 45,000 for two years with Company B under Scheme III which offers compound interest and Jeevan invested equal amount for two years with Company C under Scheme IV which offers simple interest. Who earned more interest and how much?
 - (a) Abhishek, ₹ 1,875
- (b) Jeevan, ₹ 1,875
- (c) Abhishek, ₹ 1,962
- (d) Jeevan, ₹ 1,962
- (e) None of these
- 65. Mr. Lal investesd ₹ 30,000 in Company A under Scheme II which offers simple interest and ₹ 48,000 in Company D under Scheme II which offers compound interest. What will be the total amount of interest earned by Mr. Lal in two years?
 - (a) ₹ 14728.80
- (b) ₹ 17428.50
- (c) ₹ 14,827.70
- (d) ₹ 16,728.20
- (e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 66-70): *Study the following graph carefully to answer the questions.*





- 66. What is the average price per kg of wheat and rice sold? (rounded off to nearest integer)
 - (a) 32

(b) 34

(c) 36

(d) 35

- (e) 31
- 67. If cumin is sold at a 10% discount, the quantity sold doubles. What will be the cost of total quantity of cumin sold on discount?
 - (a) ₹ 52,600
- (b) ₹ 28,800
- (c) ₹32,000
- (d) ₹ 57,600
- (e) None of these
- 68. Out of the total quantity of sugar sold, half the quantity is sold at the given rate while half the quantity is sold on a price increased by 20%. What is the total cost of entire quantity of sugar sold?
 - (a) ₹23,100
- (b) ₹ 23,800
- (c) ₹ 22,400
- (d) ₹23,400
- (e) None of these
- 69. If the quantities sold of Groundnut and Cumin are interchanged, what will be the total cost of quantities sold for these two items together?
 - (a) ₹ 62,000
- (b) ₹ 60000
- (c) ₹ 65,000
- (d) ₹ 63,000
- (e) None of these

- 70. If the quantity of corriander sold is increased by 200% and the price per kg. is reduced by 8%, what will be the total cost of corriander sold?
 - (a) ₹38,460
- (b) ₹ 36,480
- (c) ₹38,640
- (d) ₹ 36,840
- (e) None of these

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 71-75): In the following questions two equations numbered I and II are given. You have to solve both the questions and

Give answer (a) if x > y

Give answer (b) if $x \ge y$

Give answer (c) if x < y

Give answer (d) if $x \le y$

Give answer (e) if x = y or the relationship cannot be established

71. I.
$$x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$$

II.
$$y^2 + 3y + 2 = 0$$

72. I.
$$x^2 - 10x + 24 = 0$$

II.
$$y^2 - 9y + 20 = 0$$

73. I.
$$(x)^2 = 961$$

II.
$$y = \sqrt{961}$$

74. I.
$$x^2 - 72 = x$$

II.
$$v^2 = 64$$

75. I.
$$x^2 - 463 = 321$$

II. $y^2 - 421 = 308$

$$x - 403 - 321$$

DIRECTIONS (Os. 76-80): What should come in place of the questions mark (?) in the following questions?

- $8.5 \times (80 \times 1.5 \times 2.5) \div 4 = ?$
 - (a) 637.5
- (b) 620.5
- (c) 544.22
- (d) 647.5
- (e) None of these
- 77. 23% of 2500 22% of $500 = 930 \div ?$
 - (a) 2.5
- (c) 3
- (d) 1.5
- (e) None of these
- 5312.15 1318.82 2321.43 = ?
 - (a) 1681.9
- (b) 1571.9
- (c) 2671.7
- (d) 1671.9
- (e) None of these
- 79. $(333.33 + 33.33 + 3333.34) \div 50 = ?$
 - (a) 74
- (b) 78
- (c) 82
- (d) 84
- (e) None of these
- 3% of 3500 + 5% of 700 = ?% of 1400
 - (a) 12%
- (b) 15%
- 10% (c)
- (d) 8%
- (e) None of these

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 81-85): *In each of the following questions,* rearrange the given sentences (A), (B), (C) and (D) and indicate the correct sequence in which these sentences must appear so as to make a meaningful paragraph.

- (A) By increasing these connections the intelligence is also increased.
 - (B) Classical music has been proved to be very helpful in child development.

- (C) Many doctors now-a-days use it for therapeutic purposes which are based upon the findings of this research.
- (D) The research has demonstrated that listening to classical music increases the rate of nervous connections in brain.
- BDCA (a)
- (b) DBAC
- (c) ACBD
- (d) BDAC
- (e) BCAD
- (A) This right however comes along with the responsibility 82. which the press is forced to work with
 - (B) It means that the pressmen have every right to expose matters related to public and national interest.
 - (C) Such responsibilities include not broadcasting matters related to national security and other sensitive issues.
 - (D) Freedom of press is symbolic of democracy.
 - (a) DBCA
- (b) DBAC
- (c) ABCD
- (d) BDAC
- (e) BCDA
- 83. (A) A popular example of this damage is the Taj Mahal whose marble has been corroded due to acid rain.
 - (B) It changes the acidic content of water bodies thus affecting the lives of the living organisms of this habitat.
 - (C) Acid rain has been a major factor responsible for the degradation of the environment.
 - (D) Along with affecting the living beings, it is also responsible for the corrosion of several heritage buildings thus causing irreparable damages to them.
 - (a) CBAD
- (b) CDBA
- (c) BADC
- (d) BDAC
- (e) CBDA
- 84. (A) Along with missing their education these children also face life threatening dangers by working in hazardous chemical factories.
 - (B) Child labour has been interfering with the education of millions of children across India.
 - (C) However, there is a dire need to reinforce these laws strictly throughout the country.
 - (D) Many laws have been framed in order to curb this evil.
 - (a) BADC
- (b) CBAD
- (c) DBAC
- (d) BDAC
- (e) BACD
- (A) Their invention has been proved to be a boon to the society since many diseases caused by the microbes could be cured by these antibiotics.
 - (B) The scientists therefore face a continuous challenge to keep inventing newer drugs to counter this problem.
 - (C) A major hurdle in the use of antibiotics, however, is that the microbes develop resistance to the antibiotics thus rendering these ineffective.
 - (D) Antibiotics are chemical substances produced by microbes which are capable of inhibiting the growth of other microbes.
 - (a) BACD
- (b) CBAD
- DABC (c)
- (d) DACB
- **ABDC**

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 86-95): In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words/phrases are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word/phrase in each case.

The barter system for getting goods and services (86) back many centuries. In most cultures the barter system was used before money was (87). People who had specific items or services would (88) these with others for the things they needed. Good negotiation was the (89) to making good trades. While the barter system (90) based on basic needs, today the barter system continues to thrive. The barter system transcends the monetary system. The barter system is making a (91) today. What makes the barter system even better today than ever before is that it can now be done globally. In the past bartering was simply done with those that were located nearby. Today the barter system can be used in a much more (92) way than ever before yet it carries with it the same basic motivation -the need for something that you don't have and the excess of something that someone else wants.

The barter system is enjoying (93) interest today. Bartering allows you to get the things you need without having to (94) additional money. Instead you can use the things you no longer need or want to get the things you do need. There are swap markets and online auctions that (95) you to sell or trade your items or to purchase items that you want. Negotiation takes place just like it did hundreds of years ago.

(a) discovered (b) dates (c) began (d) started initiated (e) 87. (a) bought (b) imagined began (d) emerged (c) invented (e) (a) buy sell (c) exchange (d) give return (e) 89. (a) important (b) essential (c) result (d) key intention (e) 90. (a) originated (b) stood generated (d) created (c) produced (e) 91. (a) issue comeback (d) recall (c) withdrawal fading (e) 92. primitive (b) appreciated (a) promoted (d) sophisticated (c) (e) better diminishing (a) (b) revival

(d) declining

(d) consume

(b) force

(d) lure

exchanging

(c)

(e)

(a)

(e)

(a)

(c)

95.

perishing

renewed

expend

(c) expand

cost

insist

allow

(e) constraint

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 96-100): In each of the following sentences, an idiomatic expression or a **proverb is highlighted**. Select the alternative which best describes its use in the sentence.

- 96. Although Ravi felt lonely in his fight against the wrong, he decided to **take the bull by the horns.**
 - (a) Ravi decided to convince others of his stance
 - (b) Ravi decided to give up his fight
 - (c) Ravi decided to put forward all his courage and strength
 - (d) Ravi decided to apologize for his actions
 - (e) None of these
- 97. As the situation got out of control, the speaker of the parliament tried to **put oil over troubled waters.**
 - (a) The speaker tried to calm the situation
 - (b) The speaker tried to take advantage of the situation
 - (c) The speaker jumped into the fight
 - (d) The speaker remained indifferent to the situation
 - (e) None of these
- 98. The researcher tried his best to explain the importance of his new discovery to the panel members but soon realized that he was **casting pearls before a swine.**
 - (a) He realised that the panel members would take his suggestions seriously
 - (b) He realised that he disclosed the information to a greedy panel
 - (c) He realised that he had come to the right group of people
 - (d) He realised that the panel members can not appreciate his findings
 - (e) None of these
- 99. The chairman had to **eat a humble pie** after the workers decided to go on strike to protest against the biased promotions.
 - (a) The chairman politely refused to take the promotion orders back
 - (b) The chairman gave up his pride and apologized for the mistake
 - (c) The chairman had to face defeat by a group of ordinary workers
 - (d) The chairman's career was tinted due to the allegations of biased promotions
 - (e) None of these
- 100. The bankrupt organisation has been handed over to its new owners, **lock, stock and barrels.**
 - (a) Only a few departments of the bankrupt organisations have been taken over by the new owners
 - (b) The new owners have bought the bankrupt organisation for a very nominal amount
 - (c) The owners have bo ught the bankrupt organiszation in a hurry
 - (d) The new owners have completely taken over the bankrupt organisation
 - (e) None of these

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DIRECTIONS (Qs. 101-105): Pick out the most effective pair of words from the given pair of words to make the sentence / sentences meaningfully complete.

enie	ences	теаніндзину сотрівів.
101.	Man	y people take spirituality very seriously and
	abou	t those who don't, worrying about them and
	them	to believe.
	(a)	think, criticising
	(c)	pride, appraising rationalise, enabling
		wonder, prodding
	(e)	ponder, venturing
102.		ss new reserves are found soon, the world's supply of
	coal	is being in such a way that with demand
	conti	inuing to grow at present rates, reserves will be
		ne year 2050
	(a)	consumed, completed
	(b)	depleted, exhausted
	(c)	reduced, argument burnt, destroyed
	(d)	burnt, destroyed
	(e)	utilized, perished
103.		ou are a you tend to respond to stressful
		tions, in a calm, secure, steady and way.
		resilient, rational
		obdurate, manageable
		propitious, stable
		delectable, flexible
		supportive, positive
104.		agement can be defined as the process of
		nizational goals by working with and through human
		non-human resources to improve value added
		e world.
	(a)	
	(b)	managing, purposefully
		targeting, critically
		realizing, dialectically
105.		reaching, continuously
103.	and	u are an introvert, you to prefer working alone if possible, you will towards projects where
		can work by yourself or with as few people as possible.
	(a)	like, depart
		-
	(c)	advocate, move tend, gravitate
		express, attract
		feel, follow

DIRECTIONS (Qs. 106-110): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below. Certain words in the passage have been printed in **bold** to help you locate them when answering some of the questions.

Can the last fifteen years be called the most successful decade and a half in Indian history and will the next fifteen be equally successful? Consider a culture where independent thinking is not encouraged. Or take the example of traditional family run business with **vast** resistance to change or a whole nation who believes that breakthrough ideas can be generated abroad but never at home. Partly responsible is socialization from early years we are taught not to question our elders but at workplaces this creates a hurdle for new thinking. Being unable to change

radically gives rise to a culture where even the smallest change is **heralded** as a break through.

Indian corporate leaders have done well standing up to global giants as their companies have grown in size and market share. To be successful in international markets they need to be **distinct**-distinct products, processes, technologies, business models and ogranisations. The bottom line will be Innovation. Creativity workshops are organized to channel people to think differently. There are fantastic ideas being generated all the time but no industry breakthrough. Simply because of gravity-a **regressive** force exerted by a mindset.

Thinking has therefore to happen at three levels : idea, frame and paradigm. From a narrow focus on either product or process innovation organizations need to look at innovating the whole ecosystem of the organization. Many a time waiting for a hundred percent solution before going to the market the oranization forgets that it could end up waiting forever. Moreover sometimes organizations are too focused on today to see tomorrow. Since management mandates are short-term, sowing the seed for a revenue stream today and leaving its benefits to be reaped by a successor doesn't appeal to today's business leader. This is a serious hurdle to innovation. Establishing a function called innovation management or training employees through creativity workshops will have few benefits unless each frontline employee is empowered to share his innovative ideas with management. What happens to this system when the person driving the change leaves the organization? The approach to innovation hence needs to be system driven rather than people driven. In thirty years India can be the largest world economy save China and the US. However as companies grow there exists a resemblance in their products, services, promotions, processes and pricing and so on. There remains only one escape from this trap.

106. The main idea of the passage is:

- (a) India has tremendous potential
- (b) Indian companies need to expand to international markets
- (c) the more things change the more they temain the same.
- (d) creative thinking is the key to india's success
- (e) None of these

107. Which of the following is true in the context of the passage?

- (a) Following tried and tested methods will enable a company to continue being successful globally
- (b) A crisis is the optimal time for a company to make changes
- (c) Generating new opportunities for the future should be the focus of innovation
- (d) Empowering employees to voice their opinions causes disharmony in the company
- (e) Innovation management is the key to growth for Indian companies

108. Which of the following is a cause for 'gravity'?

- (A) Mindset
- (B) Socialization
- (C) Limited focus
- (a) Only (A)(c) Only (C)
- (b) Only (B)
- (e) Both (A) and (B)
- (d) All of these

- 109. Which of the following is **NOT TRUE** in the context of the (a) (F) (b) (D) (c) (E) (d) (A) A change in mindset can help promot innovation (e) (C) (a) 117. Which is THIRD sentence of the passage? The author believes India has tremendous potential India suffers because of the belief the breakthrough (a) (A) (b) (D) (d) (C) ideas can only be generated abroad (c) (B) Innovation automatically happens if a company (e) (E) subscribes to the latest management strategies 118. Which is the SECOND sentence of the passage? (a) (B) (b) (D) All are true (c) (F) (d) (C) 110. An appropriate title for the passage would be (e) (E) (a) Industry Problems 119. Which is the LAST (SIXTH) sentence of the pasage? Creativity: Boon or Curse (b) (b) (B) (a) (C) (c) What Ails Innovation (c) (F) (d) (D) India: Next Superpower? (d) (e) (E) (e) None of these 120. Which is the FIRST sentence of the passage? **DIRECTIONS (Os. 111-113):** *Pick out the word which is closest* (a) (A) (b) (D) in meaning to the word printed in **bold** as used in the passage. (c) (C) (d) (B) 111. Paradigm (e) (E) category (b) difficulty (a) hypothesis (d) foundation COMPUTER APTITUDE (c) None of these (e) 112. Distinct 121. Which of the following operating system does not (a) infrequent abundant implement the multitasking truly? complex (d) cautious (c) (a) Windows 98 (b) Windows NT None of these (e) (c) Windows XP (d) MS DOS 113. Heralded (e) None of these (b) appealed (a) chastised 122. Which of the following windows version support 64 bit challenged (d) proclaimed (c) processor? (e) None of these (a) Windows 98 (b) Windows 2000 **DIRECTIONS (Os. 114-115):** *Pick out the word which is most* (c) Windows XP (d) Windows 95 opposite in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the (e) None of these passage. 123. Which of the following Operating System does not 114. Regressive implement multitasking truly? (a) customary (b) aggravating (a) Windows 98 (b) Windows NT (d) natural uniform (c) (c) Windows XP (d) MS DOS advanced (e) (e) None of these 115. Vast 124. What program runs first after computer is booted and (b) deliberate (a) diverse loading GUI? minute (d) valid (c) (a) Desktop Manager (b) File Manager extensive (e) (c) Windows Explorer (d) Authentication **DIRECTIONS (Qs. 116-120)**: Rearrange the following six (e) None of these sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence 125. Which of the following operating system do you choose to to form a meaningful paragraph: then answer the questions given implement a client server network? below them. (a) MS DOS (b) Windows (A) Development of drought resistance could benefit large (c) Windows 98 (d) Windows 2000 numbers of farmers. (e) None of these
- (B) Hence the human race has no choice but to adapt to these
- (C) India has to be concerned about climatic changes.
- (D) This impact can run into decades and centuries.
- (E) Environment day is thus an important occasion to assess the past and our future.
- Since there is a possibility of adverse impact on agriculture which could deter growth.
- 116. Which is the FIFTH sentence of the passage after the rearrangement?
- 126. My Computer was introduced from
 - (a) Windows 3.1
- (b) Windows 3.11
- (c) Windows 95
- (d) Windows 98
- (e) None of these
- 127. Which of the following does not support more than one program at a time?
 - (a) DOS
- (b) Linux
- (c) Windows
- (d) Unix
- (e) None of these

410	00			=		- 101001111111	<i>.</i>	001 00ui0 1 EAuii1 E0 10
128	28. Which of the following is not an operating system?					ich of the following is	not a	font style?
120.	(a) DOS		Linux			Bold		Italics
	(c) Windows	()	Oracle		(c)	Regular	()	Superscript
	(e) None of these	(4)	Official		. ,	None of these	()	1 1
129		is not	a multitasking operating	139.	Wh	ich of the following ter	ms is	used for the from in which
12).	system?	15 1100	a mannasking operating			word will appear on the		
	(a) Windows	(b)	Linux		(a)	Text formatting	(b)	Character formatting
	(c) Win NT	` ′	DOS		(c)	Point size	(d)	Type face
	(e) None of these	()			(e)	None of these		
130.	You should choose Sleep	option	n when	140.			to a	ccess your e-mail from
	_	_	working for the whole day			where.		
	- · ·		y short time and want to		` /	forum	()	webmail interface
	resume you work sh		,		(c)	message board	(d)	weblog
	•		ged frequently. Let it sleep	1.41	(e)	None of these		1.1
	for some time			141.		following are included		
	(d) You finish working	and go	oing to bed			Window		ews, Document workspace. Browser
	(e) None of these				()	Explorer	. ,	Website
131.	Background color or effe	cts app	olied on a document is not			None of these	(u)	Website
	visible in			142	()		ed wit	h another company to have
	(a) Web layout view	(b)	Print Layout view	1 12.				on for your company over
	(c) Reading View	(d)	Print Preview					viding this service to your
	(e) None of these				busi	ness is called an		
132.	_		nt in which you set certain			Internet service prov		
	page formatting options?				(b)	Internet access provi		
	(a) Page	` ′	Document		(c)	Application service p	provid	er
	(c) Section	(d)	Page Setup		(d)	Outsource agency		
	(e) None of these				` /	None of these		
133.	Borders can be applied to			143.		ich of the following w	-	
	(a) Cells	(b)	o i		(a)	Games	. ,	Connections
	(c) Text	(d)	All of above		(c)	Chat	(d)	Applications
124	(e) None of these			144.	()	None of these	that i	s used to send more than
134.	Which of the following is			144.		call over a single line		s used to send more than
	(a) Left	` ′	Right			Digital transmission		Infrared transmission
	(c) Center	(d)	Тор		(c)	Digitizing		Multiplexing
125	(e) None of these				(e)	None of these	()	
133.	What is gutter margin?	ممالمما	1.0	145.	. /	search companion ca	n	
			left margin when printing		(a)	locate all files contai	ning a	specified phrase
			ght margin when printing		(b)	restrict its search to a	a spec	ified set of folders
	(c) Margin that is added printing	to the	binding side of page when		(c)		-	g a specified phrase and
		to the	e outside of the page when			restrict its search to a	_	
	printing	ı to tiiv	outside of the page when		(d)			taining a specified phrase
	(e) None of these				(2)	or restrict its search	to a sp	pecified set of folders
136.	Portrait and Landscape a	re		1/16	` /	None of these	not b	e part of an e-mail address?
	(a) Page Orientation	(b)	Paper Size	140.		Period (.)		At sign (@)
	(c) Page Layout	(d)	•		(a) (c)	Space()		Underscore ()
	(e) None of these	. /			(e)	None of these	(u)	Chaciboole (_)
137.	If you need to change the	e typef	ace of a document, which	147.	` /	ich of the following m	ust be	contained in a URL?
	menu will you choose?			•	(a)	A protocol identifier		
	(a) Edit	` ′	View		(c)	The unique registere		
	(c) Format	(d)	Tools		(d)	www.and the unique		

(e) None of these

(e) None of these

(a) cache

(c) source code

(e) None of these

(b) instruction set

(d) word size

148. Which of the following information systems focuses on 157 What is the difference between a CD-ROM and a CD-RW? making manufacturing processes more efficient and of (a) They are the same just two different terms used by higher quality? different manufacturers (a) Computer aided manufacturing (b) A CD-ROM can be written to and a CD-RW cannot (b) Computer integrated manufacturing (c) A CD-RW can be written to, but a CD-ROM can only (c) Computer aided software engineering be read from (d) Computer aided system engineering (d) A CD-ROM holds more information than a CD-RW (e) None of these (e) None of these 149. A mistake in an algorithm that causes incorrect results is 158. What is the term for how words will appear on a page? called a (b) Character formatting (a) Text formatting (a) logical error (b) syntax error (c) Point size (d) Typeface (d) compiler error (c) procedural error (e) None of these (e) None of these 159. The process of a computer receiving information from a 150. A device for changing the connection on a connector to a server on the Internet is known as different configuration is (a) Pulling (b) Pushing (a) a converter (b) a competent (d) Transfering (c) Downloading (c) an attachment (d) an adapter (e) None of these (e) None of these 151. To navigate to a new web page for which you know the 160. can be done through Digital Banking? URL, type that URL in the browser's and press Enter (a) Mobile Phone (b) Internet (a) Address bar (b) Domain bar (c) Telephone (d) All of the above (c) Address button (d) Name button (e) None of these (e) None of these GENERAL AWARENESS 152. The CPU also called the when talking about PCs, does the vast majority of the processing for a computer. 161. Which day is observed as World Vegetarian Day? (a) Macroprocessor (b) RAM (a) 1st November (b) 1st October (c) Memory system (d) microprocessors (c) 1st December (d) 10th October (e) None of these (e) None of these 153. A computer's type, processor and operating system define 162. Punjab National Bank is an Indian Financial Services company based in which city? (a) Brand (b) Size (a) New Delhi (b) Mumbai (c) Platform (d) Speed (c) Chandigarh (d) Jaipur (e) None of these (e) None of these 154. A kiosk 163. Which bank launched "Dhanchayat" an Educational film, (a) is data organised and presented in a manner that has to raise awareness on the dangers of borrowing money from additional value beyond t he value of the data itself unorganized sources? (b) combines microscopic electronic components on a (a) ICICI (b) SBI single integrated circuit that processes bits according (c) HDFC (d) PNB to software instructions (e) None of these (c) is a computer station that provides the public with 164. What does stand for "S" in RTGS? specific and useful information and service (b) Services (a) Security (d) describes a computer's type, processor, and operating (c) Settlement (d) System system (e) None of these (e) None of these 165. Who is the brand ambassador of Renault? 155. The part of the CPU that accesses and decodes programme (a) Ranbir Singh (b) Aamir Khan instructions, and coordinates the flow of data among (c) Salman Khan (d) Ranbir Kapoor various system components is the (e) None of these (b) Control unit (a) ALU 166. Which sport does PV Sindhu relates to? (c) Megabertz (d) Motherboard (a) Tennis (b) Badminton (e) None of these (c) Polo (d) Squash 156. Computer programs are written in a high level programming language, however, the human readable (e) None of these 167. DICGC, Act is related to which sector? version of a program is called

(a) Banking

(c) Industrial

(e) None of these

(b) Agricultural

(d) Sport

41	00			=		- 1010 0111 131	_ _ \	001 00ui0 1 EAuiii 2010	
168.	World Information Te	echnology S	Summit 2018 is going to be		(a)	Kolkata	(b)	Siliguri	
	held in				(c)	Goa	(d)	Benguluru	
	(a) New Delhi	(b)	Mumbai		(e)	None of these			
	(c) Bangaluru	(d)	Hyderbad	180.	Hea	d Quarters of UNES	SCO is lo	ocated in?	
	(e) None of these				(a)	Geneva	(b)	New York	
169.	Which state is India's	s largest st	ate by area?		(c)	Paris	(d)	London	
	(a) Madhya Pradesł		Uttar Pradesh		(e)	None of these			
	(c) Rajasthan	(d)	Maharashtra	181.	Uja	ni Dam is located or	n which	river?	
	(e) None of these				(a)	Pravara River	(b)	Bhima River	
170.	Which is the first As	sian countr	y to become an Associate		(c)	Mutha River	(d)	Walayar River	
			's request for membership		(e)	None of these			
	is still pending?			182.	Wh	at is the currency of	Argent	ina?	
	(a) Sri Lanka	(b)	Bangladesh		(a)	Real	(b)	Peso	
	(c) Pakistan	(d)	Nepal		(c)	Taka	(d)	Euro	
	(e) None of these		-		(e)	None of these			
171.	What is the percentag	ge of RRB s	ponsor bank contribution?	183.	One	e Night at the call ce	enter was	s written by?	
	(a) 75%		35%		(a)	Arundhati Roy		•	
	(c) 45%	` /	50%		(b)	R.K. Narayanan			
	(e) None of these	(-)			(c)	Rabindranath Tago	ore		
172	` '	e long term	and risk free government-		(d)	Chetan Bhagat			
- / - .			vestment amount required		(e)	None of these			
	to start with is ₹1,000		_	184.	` /	ich day is celebrated	l as Anti	terrorism day?	
	(a) ₹20,000		₹50,000		(a)	May 27		May 21	
	(c) ₹1,00,000		No maximum limit		(c)	May 24		May 26	
	(e) None of these	()			(e)	None of these	()	.	
173.	What is the currency	of Thailan	ıd?	185.	()	ARC headoffice is lo	ocated in	?	
	(a) Peso	(b)		100.		Newyork		Kathamandu	
	(c) Euro	(d)	Thai Baht		(c)	Geneva	` '	New Delhi	
	(e) None of these	(-)			(e)	None of these	(4)		
174.	4. Jerusalem is the capital of			186	186. National Maritime day is celebrated on?				
	(a) Israel	· ·	Italy	100.	(a)			April 5th	
	(c) Iran		Iraq		(c)	April 6th		April 8th	
	(e) None of these	(-)	1			None of these	(u)	April our	
175.	Vijender Singh belon	gs to?		197	()	nter Olympics 2018	is going	to be held in ?	
1,0.	(a) Boxing	(b)	Shooting	10/.					
	(c) Cricket	(d)	Badminton			Russia	` '	Brazil	
	(e) None of these	(4)	Swammon		(c)	South Korea	(a)	Japan	
176	Who is the chairman	of SEBI?		100	(e)	None of these	C	-1.1.1140	
170.	(a) Rajeev Sinha	(b)	Anand Sinha	188.	_	Apple is the nick na			
	(c) U.K. Sinha	(d)	Rajendra Sinha			Los Angeles	` ′	New York	
	(e) None of these	(4)	Tajonara Siina		(a)	Portland	(a)	Dallas	
177	Guravayur Temple is	located in	?		` ′	None of these			
1//.	(a) Guwahati		Delhi	189.		k to every Indian is	_		
	(c) Bhubaneswar	` /	Kerala		(a)	ICICI Bank	` '	SBI	
	(e) None of these	(u)	Teruru		(c)	IOB	(d)	HDFC Bank	
178	Kumari Selja belongs	s to ?			` /	None of these			
170.			I Industry	190.			ex will	be renovated by Indian	
	(a) Minister of Commerce and Industry(b) Minister of Social Justice and Empowerment				assi	stance in Nepal?			
	(c) Minister of Exte		-		(a)	Shiva Temple			
	(d) Minister of Rura				(b)	Pashupatinath Ten	nple		
	(e) None of these	ii Develop	mont		(c)	Honuman Temple			
170		ndra Rose	International Airport is		(d)	Dakshinaawatar To	emple		
1/7.	Ticiaji Subilasii Cila	mara Dust	michanonai Anport IS		(a)	None of these			

(e) None of these

located in?

- 191. The form 'ITR-1' is a form for using
 - (a) Income Tax Challan
 - (b) Excise Duty
 - (c) Customs Duty
 - (d) Income Tax Return
 - (e) None of these
- 192. In economic terms, the total market value of all final goods and services produced in a country in a given year is known as ———
 - (a) GNI
- (b) GDP
- (c) Inflation
- (d) PPP
- (e) Wealth of a nation
- 193. Which of the following is one of the indicators of Human Development Index (HDI) ?
 - (a) Life expectancy at birth
 - (b) Total cost of the agricultural land with a family
 - (c) Total area of the agricultural land with a family
 - (d) Availability of perennial source of water for irrigation
 - (e) Nature of employment, casual/permanent or semipermanent
- 194. In India, the National Income is measured on the basis of
 - (a) Flow of goods only
 - (b) Number of employed youth only
 - (c) Volume of tax collected per annum
 - (d) Earning of people working in PSUs and Government jobs
 - (e) All of these
- 195. Which one of the following a measure of Fiscal Reforms, has Government of India adopted ?
 - (a) Bringing down fiscal deficit to a particular level by an Act of Law
 - (b) Fixing higher rate of growth
 - (c) Allocation of more funds to job oriented schemes

- (d) Allocation of more funds to provide education to children who are 6-14 years of age
- (e) None of these
- 196. 'Green House Gases' are responsible mainly for
 - (a) Growth of Livestock population
 - (b) Volume of foreign trade
 - (c) Quality of agro products in a country
 - (d) Industrial Development of a nation
 - (e) Global warming
- 197. 'IAEA' is an organization which functions in the area of
 - (a) Prevention of Money Laundering
 - (b) Control of Foreign Direct Investment
 - (c) Nuclear Energy
 - (d) World Trade
 - (e) Promoting International understanding among the nations.
- 198. Which of the following organisations is established mainly to promote Micro, Small and Medium industrial sector in India?
 - (a) NABARD
- (b) SIDBI
- (c) IDBI Bank
- (d) EXIM Bank
- (e) All of these
- 199. Which of the following Acts helps a bank in its day to day activities ?
 - (a) Competition Act
 - (b) Negotiable Instruments Ac
 - (c) Hindu Marriage Act
 - (d) Hindu Succession Act
 - (e) NRI Act
- 200. What does the letter 'M' denote in the abbreviated term 'MRTP', an act which was applicable in India till recently?
 - (a) Money
- (b) Moral
- (c) Minimum
- (d) Monopolies
- (e) Market

HINTS & SOLUTIONS

L Е Τ 1. (d) A

> N Е Τ P \mathbb{L}

- M N
- O R Т H Y 2. (e) H O R T
- 18 5 1 19 15 14 (b) 3.

REASON

- Pen is used to write something. Similarly, stitching 4. is done by needle.
- 5. (a) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 CONFLICTED Meaningful words ⇒ Note, Tone
- (d) $P = A < R < M \Rightarrow P < M$ 6.
- **(b)** Kevin's rank from the top \Rightarrow 16 + 7 = 23rd 7. Kevin's rank from the bottom \Rightarrow 42 – 23 + 1 = 20th
- (d) $L \xrightarrow{+3} B \xrightarrow{-1} T$ 8.

 $S \xrightarrow{+3} P \xrightarrow{-1} A$

 $I \xrightarrow{+3} J \xrightarrow{-1} F$

 $P \xrightarrow{+2} I \xrightarrow{-1} D$

 $B \xrightarrow{+3} M \xrightarrow{-1} S$

So the term PID does not follow the pattern.

(d) $C \xrightarrow{+2} R \quad A \xrightarrow{+2} D$ $T \xrightarrow{+2} Q \quad I \xrightarrow{+2} F$

$$S \xrightarrow{+2} A$$

$$P \xrightarrow{+2} I$$

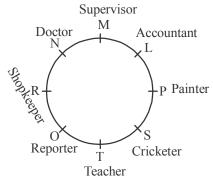
$$P \xrightarrow{+2} I$$

10. (c) So AI follows same pattern.

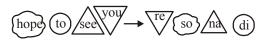
 $C \xrightarrow{+1} L \xrightarrow{+2} T \xrightarrow{+3} S \xrightarrow{+4} D$

 $R \xrightarrow{+2} B \xrightarrow{+3} M \xrightarrow{+4} I \xrightarrow{+5} G$

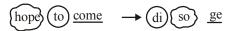
(11 - 15): Sitting arrangement

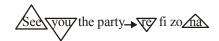


- 11. (a) O is a reporter.
- S is third to the right of R. 12. (a)
- Four persons R, O, T and S. 13. (d)
- 14. Shopkeeper and Doctor are immediate neighbours. (e)
- The doctor is sitting exactly between the Supervisor 15. (c) and Shopkeeper.
- (16 20)



please come to see the party + fi ge ha di ke zo





Codes are:

so please \Rightarrow ke hope \Rightarrow $to \Rightarrow$ di come ⇒ ge na the \Rightarrow fi or zo $see \Rightarrow$ re party \Rightarrow fi or zo you ⇒

- **16.** (b) please \Rightarrow ke
- 17. so \Rightarrow hope (a)
- 18. party ⇒ fi/zo (c)
- 19. (a) please \Rightarrow ke; see \Rightarrow na: you \Rightarrow re
- so \Rightarrow hope; di \Rightarrow to: re \Rightarrow you 20. (e)
- (21-23)
- The sex of W is not given. 21. (b) R is sister of P.

V is grandson of Q.

V is grandson of Y.

- 22. T is brother-in-law of P.
- 23. If R has one son and two daughters, then W is the **(b)** daughter of R.
- 24. (d) $A \ge B \le C < D > F$

Conclusions

I. F > B: Not True

II. A > D: Not True

(e) P > X > Y = Q > Z

Conclusions

I. Z < P: True

II. P > Q: True

26. (e) $L \ge I$; $H > I \ge J > K$

Conclusions

I. H > L: True

II. L > K: True

27. (b) $O \ge P = Q > R : O \ge P = Q > S$

Conclusions

I. R < S: Not True

II.
$$O > S$$
: True

28. (b)
$$D \ge E = H > F = G$$

$$D \ge E = H < J$$

Conclusions I. J > D: Not True

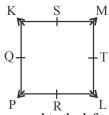
II.
$$G < J$$
: True

29. (a)
$$B > J > R > Z$$

$$B > J \ge R > F < W$$

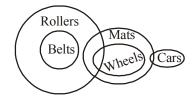
ConclusionsI. J > F : True

(30 - 35):

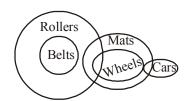


- **30.** (d) M is second to the left of $L\times 2$.
- **31. (b)** P sits exactly between Q and R.
- **32.** (e) Q faces T and both are sitting in the middle of the sides.
- **33.** (c) P and O.
- **34. (b)** Q would sit to the immediate right of K.
- **35.** (e) Except R, all others are seated at the corners.

36. (c)



Or



Conclusions: I. (True)

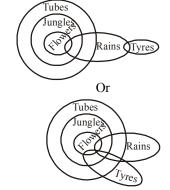
II. (False)

III. (False)

IV. (True)

So only conclusion I and IV follow.

37. (b)



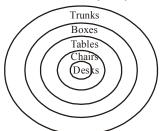
Conclusions : I. (False)

II. (True)

III. (True)

IV. (True)

38. (d)



Conclusions: I. (True)

II. (True)

III. (True)

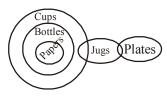
IV. (True)

So all conclusions I, II, III and IV follow.

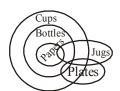
Conclusions:

I. (False)
II. (False)
III. (False)
IV. (False)
Either
Complementary Pair
Either

40. (a)



Or



Conclusions : I. (False)

II. (False)

III. (True) Conversion of the first conclusion

IV. (True) Conversion of the first premise

41. (d) The pattern of the given series is :

$$5 \times 1.5 + 1.5 = 7.5 + 1.5 = 9$$

 $9 \times 2.5 + 2.5 = 22.5 + 2.5 = 25$
 $25 \times 3.5 + 3.5 = 87.5 + 3.5 = 91$
 $91 \times 4.5 + 4.5 = 409.5 + 4.5$
 $= 414$

Similarly,

(a)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 3 × 1.5 + 1.5
= 4.5 + 1.5 = 6

(b)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 6 × 2.5 + 2.5

$$= 15 + 2.5 = 17.5$$

(c)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 17.5 × 3.5 + 3.5

$$= 61.25 + 3.5 = 64.75$$

$$15 \times 1 - 1 \times 6 = 15 - 6 = 9$$

$$9 \times 2 - 2 \times 5 = 18 - 10 = 8$$

$$8 \times 3 - 3 \times 4 = 24 - 12 = 12$$

$$12 \times 4 - 4 \times 3 = 48 - 12 = 36$$

$$36 \times 5 - 5 \times 2 = 180 - 10 = 170$$

Similarly.

(a)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 19 × 1 – 1 × 6 = 19 – 6 = 13

(b)
$$\Rightarrow 13 \times 2 - 2 \times 5 = 26 - 10 = 16$$

43. (a) The pattern of the given series is:

$$7\times 1-1=6$$

$$6 \times 2 - 2 = 10$$

$$10 \times 3 - 3 = 27$$

$$27 \times 4 - 4 = 104$$

$$104 \times 5 - 5 = 515$$

Similarly,

(a)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 9 × 1 – 1 = 8

(b)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 8 × 2 - 2 = 14

(c)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 14 × 3 – 3 = 39

(c)
$$\Rightarrow 39 \times 4 - 4 = \boxed{152}$$

The pattern of the given series is: 44. (e)

$$6 \times 2 + 2^2 = 12 + 4 = 16$$

$$16 \times 3 + 3^2 = 48 + 9 = 57$$

$$16 \times 3 + 3^2 = 48 + 9 = 57$$

 $57 \times 4 + 4^2 = 228 + 16 = 244$

Similarly.

(a)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 4 × 2 + 2² = 8 + 4 = 12

(b)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 12 × 3 + 3² = 36 + 9 = 45

(c)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 45 × 4 + 4² = 180 + 16 = 196

(d)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 196 × 5 + 5² = 980 + 25 = $\boxed{1005}$

 $63 \times 4 + 4 = 256$

The pattern of the given series is: 45. (c)

$$8 \times 1 + 1 = 9$$

$$9 \times 2 + 2 = 20$$

$$20 \times 2 \pm 2 - 62$$

$$20 \times 3 + 3 = 63$$

Similarly, (a) \Rightarrow 5 × 1 + 1 = 6

(b)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 6 × 2 + 2 = 14

(c)
$$\Rightarrow 14 \times 3 + 3 = 45$$

(d)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 45 × 4 + 4 = 184

(e)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 184 × 5 + 5 = 925

46. (e) ? = (32.51 + 17.45)(32.51 - 17.45)

$$= 49.96 \times 15.06$$

$$\approx 50 \times 15 \approx 750$$

450×88 ~ 530×? 47. (c) 100 ~ 100

$$\Rightarrow$$
 ? $\approx \frac{450 \times 88}{530} \approx 75$

 $\sqrt{900} \times (12)^2 + ? \approx 5000$ 48. (a)

$$[898 \approx 900; 12.005 \approx 12]$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 30 × 144 + ? \approx 5000

$$\Rightarrow ? \approx 5000 - 4320 \approx 680$$

49. (b)
$$? \approx \frac{3745}{24} \times 18 \approx 2808.75$$

:. Required answer = 2800

50. (d)
$$? \approx 118 \times 8 \times 5 \approx 4720$$

(b) Let cost price of milk ₹ x per kg. 51.

Price of 15kg of milk = $\mathbf{\xi}$ 15x.

Now, mix 3kg of water, therefore quantity of mixture

$$= (15 + 3) \text{ kg} = 18 \text{ kg}$$

So, price of mixture is ₹22 per kg

According to question.

$$15x = 22 \times 18$$

$$x = \frac{22 \times 18}{15}$$

$$=\frac{132}{5}=26.40$$

Alternate Method:

Let CP of milk be $\mathbf{\xi}$ x per kg.

By Alligation method

price of milk price of water

$$\therefore$$
 22 : $(x - 22) = 15 : 3$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{22}{x-22} = \frac{15}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{22}{x-22} = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow 22 = 5x - 110$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 22 = 132

$$\therefore$$
 $x =$ ₹ 26.40

52. (d) Let the person invest ξ x and y at two different rates 12% and 14% respectively.

$$\therefore \frac{x \times 12 \times 1}{100} + \frac{y \times 10 \times 1}{100} = 130 \quad \left(\because \text{SI} = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 12x + 10y = 13000 \qquad \dots(i)$$

After inter changing invested amount.

$$\frac{y \times 12 \times 1}{100} + \frac{x \times 10 \times 1}{100} = 134$$

$$\Rightarrow 12y + 10x = 13400 \qquad ...(ii)$$
On solving equations (i) and (ii), we get

 $x = \mathbf{\xi} 500$ and $y = \mathbf{\xi} 700$ **53.** (d) Given marked price of machine = ₹ 18000

∴ Discount =
$$\frac{20}{100}$$
 × 18000 = ₹ 3600

If loss of 4%, then

$$CP = \frac{100 \times SP}{100 - r} = \frac{100 \times 14400}{100 - 4}$$

$$=\frac{100 \times 14400}{96} = ₹ 15000$$

54. (b) Speed of a train = 40 km/h

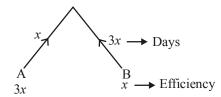
$$=40 \times \frac{5}{18}$$
 m/s

Speed of another train = 20 m/s

 $\therefore \quad \text{Required ratio} = \frac{\text{Speed of first train}}{\text{Speed of second train}}$

$$=\frac{40\times\frac{5}{18}}{20} = \frac{2\times5}{18} = \frac{10}{18} = \frac{5}{9} \text{ or } 5:9$$

55. (b) Let efficiency of B is x



Days are inversaly proportional to efficiency. According to question

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $3x - x = 40$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 40$$

$$\therefore x = 20$$

Time taken by A = x days = 20 days

Time taken by B = 3x days = $3 \times 20 = 60$ days

Time taken by A and B together = $\frac{20 \times 60}{80}$ = 15 days

- **56. (d)** Let us assume that he was out of house for 't' min. So angle formed by min. hand = $6 \times t$ Angle formed by hour hand = $0.5 \times t$
 - Now, $0.5 \times t + 6 \times t = 360$ $\Rightarrow 6.5 t = 360$

$$t = \frac{360}{6.5} = 55.38 \,\text{min}$$

57. (c) HCF of 48, 72 and $84 = 2^2 \times 3 = 12$

minimum number of rows = $\frac{48}{12} + \frac{72}{12} + \frac{84}{12}$

$$= 4 + 6 + 7 = 17$$

58. (c) Let the numerator and denominator of a fraction are *x* and *y*, respectively,

According to question,

$$\frac{x-1}{v} = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow 3x - 3 = y \Rightarrow 3x - y = 3...(i)$$

and
$$\frac{x}{y+5} = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow 4x - y = 5$$
 ...(ii)

On solving eqs. (i) and (ii), we get

x = 2 and y = 3

 $\therefore \text{ Required fraction} = \frac{x-1}{y+5} = \frac{2-1}{3+5} = \frac{1}{8}$

59. (b) According to the question.

$$\Rightarrow 25 \times \left(\frac{100 - x}{100}\right) \left(\frac{100 - x}{100}\right) = 20.25$$

$$\Rightarrow (100 - x)^2 = \frac{202500}{25} \Rightarrow (100 - x)^2 = 8100$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 100 – $x = 90$

$$\therefore$$
 $x = 10$

60. (a) Let income be ₹ 100

Expenditure amount = $100 \times \frac{90}{100} = 700$

Now, income increased by 20% = $100 \times \frac{120}{100}$ = ₹ 120

Expenditure amount = (120 - 10) = 7110Increase in expenditure = 110 - 90 = 720

Increase in % of expenditure = $\frac{20}{90} \times 100$

$$=\frac{200}{9} = 22\frac{2}{9}\%$$

61. (c) Let the principal be \mathcal{T} x, Interest accrued from

company
$$C = \frac{x \times 2 \times 9}{100} =$$
₹ $\frac{9x}{50}$

Interest accrued from company

$$B = \overline{\xi} \frac{9.5x}{50}$$

$$\therefore \frac{9.5x}{50} + \frac{9x}{50} = 14800$$

$$\Rightarrow 18.5x = 14800 \times 50$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{14800 \times 50}{18.5} = ₹ 40000$$

62. (a) CI earned under the scheme I of company E

$$= P \left[\left(1 + \frac{R}{100} \right)^T - 1 \right] = 120000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{9}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$$

CI earned under the scheme IV of the company A

$$=\frac{120000\times2\times10}{100}=\text{ } \text{? } 24000$$

Difference

$$=$$
 ₹ (24000 $-$ 22572) $=$ ₹ 1428

63. (b) SI earned under the scheme IV of company D

$$=\frac{25000\times9.5}{100} = \text{ ? 2375}$$

Amount = ₹ (25000 + 2375) = ₹ 27375

Total amount under scheme II

$$= ₹ 27375 \left(1 + \frac{9}{100}\right) = ₹ \left(\frac{27375 \times 109}{100}\right)$$
$$= ₹ 29838.75$$

64. (d) CI got by Abhishek = $45000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{8}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$

= ₹
$$(45000 \times 0.1664)$$
 = ₹ 7488 Interest got by Jeevan

$$= ₹ \left(\frac{45000 \times 10.5 \times 2}{100} \right) = ₹ 9450$$

:. Difference

Jeevan earned more interest.

65. (a) Interest earned under scheme II of company A

$$= ₹ \left(\frac{30000 \times 9.5 \times 2}{100} \right) = ₹ 5700$$

CI earned under scheme II of company D

$$=48000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{9}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$$

= ₹ (48000 × 0.1881) = ₹ 9028.8

:. Total interest earned by Mr. Lal

= ₹ (5700 + 9028.8) = ₹ 14728.8

66. (b) Required average price

$$= \frac{750 \times 25 + 600 \times 45}{1350} = \text{ } \left\{ \left(\frac{18750 + 27000}{1350} \right) \text{ per kg} \right.$$

≈ ₹ 34 per kg

67. (d) Required cost price

$$= ₹ \left(800 \times \frac{90}{100} \times 80\right)$$
$$= ₹ 57600$$

68. (a) Total cost of entire quantity of sugar = (350×10^{-4})

$$30 + 350 \times 30 \ \frac{120}{100})$$

69. (e) Required cost

$$= ₹ (500 × 80 + 400 × 60)$$

$$= ₹ 64000$$

= **₹** 64000

70. (c) Total cost of corriander sold

$$=$$
 ₹ $\left(600 \times \frac{92}{100} \times 70\right)$ $=$ ₹ 38640

71. (d) I. $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 3x + 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x+2) + 3(x+2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $(x+3)(x+2)=0$

$$\therefore$$
 $x = -3 \text{ or } -2$

II.
$$v^2 + 3v + 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 2y + y + 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y+2) + 1(y+2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $(y+1)$ $(y+2)=0$

$$\therefore$$
 $y = -1$ or -2

$$\therefore x \leq y$$

72. (b) I. $x^2 - 10x + 24 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 6x - 4x + 24 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x-6)-4(x-6)=0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-4) (x-6) = 0$$

$$\therefore$$
 $x = 4 \text{ or } 6$

II.
$$v^2 - 9v + 20 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 - 5y - 4y + 20 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y-5)-4(y-5)=0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y-4) (y-5) = 0$$

$$\therefore y = 4 \text{ or } 5$$

$$\therefore x \ge y$$

73. (e) I.
$$x^2 = 961$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{961} = \pm 31$$

II.
$$y = \sqrt{961} = \pm 31$$

$$\therefore x = y$$

74. (b) I.
$$x^2 - x - 72 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 9x + 8x - 72 = 0$$

\Rightarrow x(x - 9) + 8 (x - 9) = 0

$$\Rightarrow (x+8)(x-9)=0$$

$$\therefore x = -8 \text{ or } 9$$

II.
$$y^2 = 64$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{64} = \pm 8$$

$$\therefore x \ge y$$

75. (e) I.
$$x^2 = 463 + 321 = 784$$

$$\therefore \quad x = \sqrt{784} = \pm 28$$

II.
$$y^2 = 308 + 421 = 729$$

$$\therefore \quad y = \sqrt{729} = \pm 27$$

Relationship between x and y cannot be established.

76. (a) $8.5 \times (80 \times 1.5 \times 2.5) \div 4 \rightarrow 8.5 \times (300) \div 4 = 637.5$

77. **(b)** 23% of 2500
$$-$$
 22% of 500 $=$ 930 \div ? 575 $-$ 110 $=$ 930 \div ? ? $=$ 2

78. (d) 5312.15 - 1318.82 - 2321.43 = 1671.9

79. (a) $(333.33 + 33.33 + 3333.34) \div 50 ? 3700 \div 50 = 74$

80. (c) 3% of 3500 + 5% of 700 = ?% of 1400 105 + 35 = ? % of 1400 ? = 10%

81. (d) 82. (b) 83. (e) 84. (a)

85. (d) 86. (b) 87. (e) 88. (c)

89. (d) 90. (a) 91. (b) 92. (d)

93. (e) 94. (a) 95. (c) 96. (c)

97. (a) 98. (d) 99. (b) 100. (d)

101. (d) 102. (b) 103. (a) 104. (e)

105. (c) 106. (d) 107. (c) 108. (a)

109. (d) 110. (b) 111. (e) 112. (d)

113. (d) 114. (e) 115. (c) 116. (d)

117. (b) 118. (c) 119. (e) 120. (c)

121. 123. (d) (d) 122. (a) (d) 124. 125. (d) 126. 127. (a) 128. (c) (d)

129. (d) 130. (b) 131. (d) 132. (c)

133. (d) 134. (c) 135. (c) 136. (a)

137. (c) 138. (d) 139. (a) 140. (b)

141. (a) 142. (d) 143. (b) 144. (d)

145. (a) 146. (c) 147. (d) 148. (a)

149. (b) 150. (d) 151. (a) 152. (d)

153. (d) 154. (c) 155. (b) 156. (c)

157. (c) 158. (a) 159. (c) 160. (a)

161. (b) 162. (a) 163. (c) 164. (c)

165. (d) 166. (b) 167. (a) 168. (d)

169. (c) 170. (c) 171. (b) 172. (d)

173. (d) 174. (a) 175. (a) 176. (c)

177. (d) 178. (b) 179. (a) 180. (c)

181. (b) 182. (b) 183. (d) 184. (b)

185. (b) 186. (b) 187. (c) 188. (b)

189. (b) 190. (b) 191. (d) 192. (b)

193. (a) 194. (e) 195. 196. (a) (e) 197. 198. 199. 200. (c) (b) (a) (d)