Chapter 4 - Materials: Metals and Non-Metals

- 1. Name two soft metals which can be cut with a knife.
- 2. Which non-metal is essential for our life and all living beings inhale it during breathing?
- Name two major non-metals which are present in fertilisers and enhance the growth of plants.
- 4. Which non-metal is used to disinfect water?
- A purple coloured non-metal forms a brown solution in alcohol which is applied on wounds as an antiseptic. Name the non- metal.
- 6. Zinc sulphate forms a colourless solution in water. Will you observe any colour on adding copper turning in it?
- 7. Why are bells made of metals?
- 8. Which liquid metal is used for making thermometers?
- Which of the following metals can displace the other two metals from their salt solutions?zinc, iron, copper

Short Answer Type Questions

- 1. Paheli bought a statue made of copper. To her surprise it acquired a dull green coating after a couple of months. Explain the reason.
- 2. In Fig 4.1 you find that the bulb glows when an iron nail is placed between two ends of wire. Complete the following sentences on the bases of this fact.



Fig 4.1

- o (a) ______ is a metal.
- o (b) Metals are good _____ of electricity.
- If in Fig. 4.1 iron nail is replaced by a wooden stick, will the bulb glow or not? Justify your answer.
- 4. Paheli prepared a blue coloured solution of copper sulphate in beaker A and placed an iron nail in it. Boojho prepared a yellowish green solution of ferrous sulphate in beaker B and placed a copper wire in it. What changes will they observe in the two beakers after an hour?
- 5. A doctor prescribed a tablet to a patient suffering from iron deficiency. The tablet does not look like iron. Explain.
- 6. Match the substances in Column A with their applications given in Column B.

Column A (Substance)	Column B (Application)
(a) oxygen (b) copper (c) sulphur	(i) for making crackers (ii) for disinfecting water (iii) all living beings inhale during breathing
(d) iron (e) chlorine	(iv) for making electric wires(v) for making rails

Long Answer Type Questions

- 1. Some of the following statements are incorrect. Find the incorrect statements and correct them.
 - (a) The property of metals by virtue of which they can be drawn into wires is called ductility.
 - o (b) Metals are good conductor of electricity but poor conductor of heat.
 - o (c) Articles made of metals produce ringing sound when struck hard.
 - o (d) Oxides of non-metals and metals are acidic in nature.
 - o (e) A less reactive metal replaces a more reactive metal from its salt solution in water.

2. Iron is more reactive than copper. Can you write an activity to show t	his?
3. Fill in the blanks to complete the following paragraph.	
The name of the product formed in the reaction of sulphur and	is sulphur
dioxide gas. When sulphur dioxide is dissolved in	_, sulphurous acid is
formed. The sulphurous acid turns litmus paper to _	
Generally oxides of are acidic in nature. After completing	the paragraph write
two questions which you can raise on the basis of this information.	

4. Find out the names of three metals and three non-metals from the box given as Fig 4.2.

A	x	Т	М	s	P	K	L	G
х	Т	s	U	L	P	Н	U	R
I	L	R	Н	M	N	D	I	L
С	I	R	0	N	s	E	J	K
A	L	U	М	I	N	I	U	М
R	М	U	g	Т	R	s	Т	U
В	N	P	С	0	P	P	E	R
0	х	Y	G	E	N	v	w	х
N	Y	z	Т	A	В	G	Н	К

Fig 4.2

5. Complete the crossword given in Fig. 4.3 with the help of the clues.

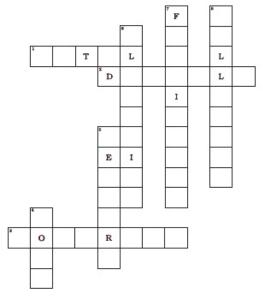


Fig 4.3

Across

- o 1. Which is generally hard, ductile, malleable and sonorous.
- o 2. A metal is called so it can be drawn into wires.
- o 3. Metal bells are used because of this property.

Down

- o 4. A metal generally used for making jewellery.
- o 5. A metal which is liquid at room temperature.
- o 6. A metal which reacts with acid as well as base to form hydrogen gas.
- 7. Substances used to enhance the growth of plants.
- o 8. Property by virtue of which metals can be beaten into thin sheets.