# Chapter 4 Feedback in Amplifiers

# One mark questions (knowledge)

- 1. What is feedback?
- 2. Mention the types of feedback.
- 3. Define positive feedback.
- 4. Define negative feedback.
- 5. Define feedback factor.
- 6. Define open loop gain.
- 7. Define closed loop gain.
- 8. What is meant by loop gain?
- 9. Write the expression for the gain of an amplifier with positive feedback.
- 10. Write the expression for the gain of an amplifier with negative feedback.
- 11. Write the expression for the input impedance of an amplifier with negative feedback.
- 12. Write the expression for the output impedance of an amplifier with negative feedback.
- 13. Write the expression for the upper cut-off frequency of an amplifier with negative feedback.
- 14. Write the expression for the lower cut-off frequency of an amplifier with negative feedback.
- 15. Name the type of feedback that is preferred for an amplifier.
- 16. Which type of feedback is required in an oscillator?
- 17. What is the effect of negative feedback on bandwidth of an amplifier?
- 18. What happens to the input impedance of the amplifier when voltage series negative feedback is applied?
- 19. What happens to the output impedance of the amplifier when voltage series negative feedback is applied?
- 20. What is the effect of negative feedback on gain stability of an amplifier?
- 21. Which type of negative feedback decreases both input and output impedance of an amplifier?
- 22. What kind of negative feedback decreases input impedance and increases output impedance?
- 23. What is the effect of negative feedback on the gain bandwidth product of the amplifier?
- 24. Mention the only disadvantage of negative feedback.

#### One mark questions (understanding)

- 1. What happens to the voltage gain of an amplifier when negative feedback is applied?
- 2. What happens to the input impedance of an amplifier when negative feedback is applied?
- 3. Which type of feedback is required to reduce distortion in an amplifier?

#### One mark questions (skill)

- 1. Draw the block diagram of voltage series negative feedback.
- 2. Draw the block diagram of voltage shunt negative feedback.
- 3. Draw the block diagram of current series negative feedback.
- 4. Draw the block diagram of current shunt negative feedback.

## Two mark questions (knowledge)

- 1. Name the type of feedback used in an amplifier and an oscillator.
- 2. Mention the advantages of negative feedback.
- 3. Mention the different types of negative feedback.
- 4. Mention the disadvantages of positive feedback.
- 5. Write the expressions for the gain and bandwidth of an amplifier using negative feedback.
- 6. Write the expressions for the input impedance and output impedance using negative feedback.
- 7. Write the expressions for the lower cutoff frequency and upper cutoff frequency of an amplifier using negative feedback.
- 8. Write the expressions for the noise and distortion of an amplifier using negative feedback.

#### Two mark questions (understanding)

- 1. Distinguish between open loop and closed loop gain.
- 2. Distinguish between positive feedback and negative feedback.
- 3. Explain the effect of positive and negative feedback on the gain of an amplifier.
- 4. Positive feedback is seldom used in amplifier, why?
- 5. Explain gain bandwidth product of an amplifier.

#### Two mark questions (skill)

- 1. Draw the block diagrams of voltage series negative feedback and current shunt negative feedback.
- 2. Draw the block diagrams of current series negative feedback and voltage shunt negative feedback.
- 3. Draw the frequency response curve of an amplifier with and without negative feedback.

#### Three mark questions (knowledge)

- 1. Explain the terms feedback ratio, loop gain and closed loop gain.
- 2. What is meant by gain stability of a negative feedback amplifier? Explain the effect of negative feedback on gain stability of an amplifier.

## Three mark questions (understanding)

- 1. With a block diagram, derive an expression for output impedance of an amplifier with negative feedback.
- 2. With a block diagram, derive an expression for voltage gain of an amplifier with negative feedback.
- 3. With a block diagram, derive an expression for input impedance of an amplifier with negative feedback.
- 4. Derive an expression for gain stability of an amplifier with negative feedback.

#### Three mark questions (skill)

1. Draw the frequency response curve of an amplifier with and without feedback. Write the expression for the bandwidth of an amplifier with negative feedback.

#### **PROBLEMS:**

- 1. Calculate the gain of a negative feedback amplifier with an open loop gain A=250 and feedback factor  $\beta$ =0.1. (Ans= 9.65)
- 2. In a negative feedback amplifier if A=1000 and  $\beta$ =0.04, find the gain with feedback.

(Ans = 24.39)

3. An amplifier of gain 600 reduces to 50 after negative feedback. Calculate the feedback fraction.

(Ans= 0.0183 or 1.83%)

4. If an amplifier has a bandwidth of 500 Hz and voltage gain of 100. What will be the new bandwidth if 6% negative feedback is introduced?

(Ans= 3500kHz)

5. In an amplifier upper cut-off frequency is 1000 kHz and open loop gain is 100. Determine upper cut-off frequency when 2% negative feedback is introduced.

(Ans= 3000kHz)

6. In an amplifier lower cut-off frequency is 500 Hz and open loop gain is 100. Determine lower cut-off frequency when 5% negative feedback is introduced.

(Ans= 83.3Hz)

7. An amplifier with  $Z_i$ =  $1k\Omega$  has a voltage gain A= 1000. If a negative feedback of  $\beta$ =0.01 is applied. Calculate the input impedance of the negative feedback amplifier.

 $(Ans=11K\Omega)$ 

8. An amplifier with  $Z_0$ = 10k $\Omega$  has a voltage gain A=500. If a negative feedback of  $\beta$ =0.01 is applied. Calculate the input impedance of the negative feedback amplifier.

 $(Ans=1.6 K\Omega)$ 

9. An amplifier has a bandwidth of 220 kHz and voltage gain of 100. Calculate the gain and bandwidth if 10% negative feedback is introduced.

(Ans= 2420kHz)

10. An amplifier has an output impedance of  $3k\Omega$  without feedback and  $300\Omega$  with feedback. If the open loop gain is 180 find the feedback factor.

(Ans = 0.05 or 5%)

11. The input impedance of an amplifier is  $2k\Omega$  while its output impedance with and without feedback is  $150\Omega$  and  $5k\Omega$ . If the open loop gain of the amplifier is 500, calculate the input impedance with feedback.

(Ans= 66.6kohm)

12. The output impedance of an amplifier is  $5k\Omega$  while its input impedance with and without feedback is  $15k\Omega$  and  $5k\Omega$ . If the open loop gain of the amplifier is 100 calculate the gain with feedback.

(Ans = 33.3)