

'Too' एक Adverb है। यह Positive और Negative दोनों तरह का sense express करता है। जब इसे Positive sense में Use किया जाता है, तो इसका अर्थ होता है 'Also', जैसे—

I too was invited to the function. (= I also was invited to the function.) जब इसे Negative sense में Use किया जाता है, तो इसका अर्थ होता है—'Excessive' या 'More than what is required or proper'; जैसे—Neha is too naughty. (= Neha is very naughty). You are too miser. (= You are more miser than you should be)

जब 'Too' का प्रयोग Positive sense में होता है, तो Sentence को transform नहीं किया जा सकता। 'Too' का प्रयोग Negative Sense में होने पर ही Sentence को transform किया जा सकता है।

नीचे दिए गए Sentences और उनके हिन्दी अनुवाद पर गौर करें—

1. He is too weak to walk.
वह इतना कमजोर है कि टहल नहीं सकता।
2. The weather is too cold to go out.
मौसम इतना ठंडा है कि कोई बाहर नहीं निकल सकता।
3. He is too poor for an industrialist.
वह इतना गरीब है कि वह उद्योगपति नहीं हो सकता।
4. The tea is too hot.
चाय अत्यधिक/उचित से अधिक/जितनी गर्म रहनी चाहिए उससे अधिक गर्म है।
5. Nowadays leaders are too anxious about pomp and show.
इन दिनों नेता तड़क-भड़क/दिखावा के लिए अत्यधिक बेचैन रहते हैं।
6. It is too much for a gentleman.
किसी भद्र व्यक्ति के लिए यह असहनीय है।/यह इतना बुरा (टेस पहुँचाने वाला) है कि कोई भद्र व्यक्ति इसे सह नहीं सकता है।

ऊपर दिए गए Sentences पर गौर करने से यह स्पष्ट होता है कि यहाँ 'Too' का प्रयोग किसी गुण या दोष (Merit / Demerit) की अतिशयता (Excess / More than what is required or proper) का भाव व्यक्त करने के लिए किया गया है। ऐसे Sentences के Meaning / Sense में बिना change किए ही Sentences में प्रयुक्त 'Too' को हटाया (Remove) जा सकता है।

How to Remove 'Too'

1. यदि 'Too' के बाद कोई Negative Adjective (Adjective Expressing a Negative Meaning) आए और Negative Adjective के बाद कोई Infinitive या Infinitive phrase नहीं रहे, तो 'Too' को very में change कर दिया जाता है; जैसे—

He is too wicked.

neg. adj.

He is very wicked.

You are too selfish.

neg. adj.

You are very selfish.

2. यदि 'Too' के बाद कोई Positive Adjective (Adjective Expressing a Positive Meaning) आए और उस Positive Adjective के बाद कोई Infinitive या Infinitive Phrase नहीं रहे, तो 'Too' sense के अनुसार 'More than what is proper / should be / required' में Change कर दिया जाता है; जैसे—

He is too laborious

pos. adj.

He is more laborious than he should be.

She is too confident.

pos. adj.

She is more confident than what is proper.

or, She is more confident than she should be.

3. यदि 'Too' के बाद कोई Adjective (Positive / Negative) आए और उस Adjective के बाद कोई Infinitive या Infinitive Phrase रहे, तो 'Too' को निम्नलिखित तरह से change किया जाता है—

(a) 'Too' को 'So' में Change कर दिया जाता है

- (b) Infinitive / Infinitive Phrase को Negative that clause में यानी A clause beginning with that में change कर दिया जाता है; जैसे—

He is too weak to walk.

neg. adj. infinitive

He is so weak that he cannot walk.

neg. that clause

He is too honest to accept a bribe.

pos. adj. infinitive phrase

He is so honest that he cannot accept a bribe.

They are too slow to catch the train.

neg. adj. infinitive phrase

They are so slow that they cannot catch the train.

4. यदि Sentence में 'Too' के साथ कोई दूसरा Negative word रहे तो, 'Too' को निम्नलिखित तरह से Remove किया जाता है—

(a) 'Too' को 'So' में change कर दिया जाता है।

(b) Negative word (Not) को हटा दिया जाता है।

(c) Infinitive / Infinitive phrase को Positive that clause में change कर दिया जाता है; जैसे—

He is too intelligent not to understand it.

neg. infinitive phrase

He is so intelligent that he will understand it.

Positive that clause

He is too selfish not to let you down

neg. infinitive phrase

He is so selfish that he will let you down.

Positive that clause

ऊपर दिए गए Rules को भली-भाँति समझ लेने के बाद Removal of 'Too' में कोई दिक्कत नहीं होती है। फिर भी छात्रों को और आसानी से Removal of 'Too' की प्रक्रिया समझ में आ जाए, इसलिए नीचे Different Types में कुछ Worked out Examples दिए जा रहे हैं। इन्हें गंभीरता से अध्ययन कर अपना concept और clear कर लें—

Type - A

1. Mohan is too selfish to help others.
Mohan is so selfish that he cannot / will not help others.
2. He is too honest to steal anything.
He is so honest that he cannot / will not steal anything.
3. He is too simple to cheat anyone.
He is so simple that he cannot / will not / does not cheat anyone.
4. He was too late to catch the morning train.
He was so late that he could not catch the morning train.
5. He was too slow to win the race.
He was so slow that he could not win the race.
6. She is too shy (संकोची) to talk to others.
She is so shy that she can / will not talk to others.
7. The news is too good to be true.
The news is so good that it cannot be true.
or, The news is so good that it does not seem to be true .
8. The wall is too high for me to climb.
The wall is so high that I cannot climb it.
9. The roof is too high for one to touch.
The roof is so high that one cannot touch it.
10. The sight (दृश्य) was too dreadful to be seen .
The sight was so dreadful (भयानक) that it could not be seen.
11. The sun is too hot for me.
The sun is so hot that I cannot bear it.

Type - B

12. The mountain is too high to climb.
The mountain is so high that one cannot climb it.
or, The mountain is so high that no one can climb it.
13. The weather is too hot to go out.
The weather is so hot that one cannot go out
or, The weather is so hot that no one can go out.
14. It is never too late to mend.
It is never so late that one cannot mend oneself.
(It is better to mend even at a late hour than never to mend at all.)

ध्यान दें : *Sense* के अनुसार 'One' का प्रयोग *that* के बाद *subject* के बदले में किया जा सकता है।

Type - C

14. He is too dull for a sportsman.
He is so dull that he cannot be a sportsman.
15. He is too lazy for an early riser.
He is so lazy that he cannot be an early riser.
16. She is too ugly for an actress.
She is so ugly that she cannot be an actress.
17. He is too coward for a soldier.
He is so coward that he cannot be a soldier.

Type - D

18. She was too much distressed (दुःखी) to be able to speak.
She was so much distressed that she was not able to speak.
19. The case is too clear to require arguments (बहस).
The case is so clear that it does not require arguments.
20. The results were too bad to be published.
The results were so bad that they were not fit to be published.
21. The news was too shocking (पीड़ादायक) for her.
The news was so shocking that she could not bear.
22. My heart was too full for words.
My heart is so full that I could not speak out words.
23. The amount is too small for me.
The amount is so small that it cannot serve my purpose.
24. The curd is too sour to be eaten.
The curd is so sour that it is not worth eating.
25. His conduct (आचरण) is too bad to mend (सुधारना).
His conduct is so bad that it cannot be mended.
26. It is too early to disclose (प्रकट करना) the fact.
It is so early that we need not disclose the fact (तथ्य).
27. It is too much for me.
It is so bad / shocking for me that I cannot bear it.
28. The fire is too hot for the baby.
The fire is so hot that the baby cannot bear it.
29. The water is too cold for me.
The water is so cold that I cannot drink it.
30. He is too old for the job.
He is so old that he is not fit for the job.
31. She is too old for me.
She is so old that I am no match for her.
32. The rubber is too small to rub with.
The rubber is so small that one cannot rub with it.
33. The loan (ऋण) is not too heavy for me to repay.
The loan is not so heavy that I cannot repay (चुकाना) it.

Type - E

34. He is too clever not to understand the tricks.
He is so clever that he will understand the tricks.
35. She is too generous not to forgive me.
She is so generous that she will forgive me.
36. He is too kind-hearted not to take pity on the poor.
He is so kind-hearted that he takes pity on the poor.
37. Gandhiji was too good not to love even his enemies.
Gandhiji was so good that he loved even his enemies.
38. The room is too large not to accommodate all of them.
The room is so large that it can / will accommodate all of them.
39. Her behaviour was too polite not to impress the guests.
Her behaviour was so polite that it impressed the guests.

Type - F

40. She is too mean-minded (अतिस्वार्थी).
She is very mean-minded.
41. Mohan is too honest.
Mohan is more honest than he should be.
or, Mohan is more honest than what is proper.
42. He runs too fast.
He runs faster than what is proper.
or, He runs faster than he should.

Type - G

43. He is too eager (उत्सुक) for name and fame.
He is over eager for name and fame (नाम और यश).
44. He ate too much.
He ate more than enough.
45. Too many cooks spoil the broth. (ज्यादा जोगी मूठ उजाड़।)
Cooks over / beyond / above a proper limit will spoil the broth.

Exercise : 1

(A) Transform the following sentences without altering the sense, by removing 'too'—

1. He is too wicked.
2. She is too intelligent.
3. He is too selfish.
4. They are too humble.
5. He is too honest to cheat others.
6. We are too slow to catch him.
7. He is too gentle to harm others.
8. He is too cunning to think of helping others.
9. He is too proud (अहंकारी) to command the respect of the people.
10. She is too weak in Hindi.
11. The questions are too easy.
12. The questions are too tough (कठिन).

13. Mount Everest is too high to climb.
14. They have gone too ahead (आगे) of me to catch.
15. The leader was too important to be ignored.
16. These people are too dishonest to be trusted.
17. Our leaders are too dishonest to do any good to the nation.
18. She was too frightened (भयभीत) to speak a word.
19. I was too late to hear the speech.
20. He is too selfish to be a good friend.

(B) Transform the following sentences without altering the sense, by removing 'too'—

1. He is too strong to be beaten.
2. Human life is too short to be properly (समुचित) enjoyed.
3. The problem is too difficult for us to solve.
4. He is too innocent for a leader.
5. This issue (मुद्दा) is too difficult to be solved.
6. The shirt was too small for me to wear.
7. The weather is too hot.
8. My father is too busy.
9. He speaks too fast to be followed.
10. He is too kind-hearted not to help all.
11. He is too clever not to understand my points.
12. The house is too small for me.
13. My grief (शोक) is too deep for words.
14. The garden is too beautiful not to attract the attention of all.
15. Lady Macbeth was too mean (स्वार्थी) not to be an object of hatred (घृणा).
16. The room is too dark to see the door.
17. They were too slow to complete the project in time.
18. They are being too kind.
19. He is too attentive.
20. It is too much for me.

Exercise : 2

(A) Transform the following sentences without altering the sense, by using 'too'—

1. She is very bad.
2. He is more gentle than he should be.
3. She is more laborious than what is proper.
4. He is so honest that he cannot cheat others.
5. We are so slow that we cannot catch him.
6. He is so selfish that he will let you down (किसी को निराश करना).
7. He is so wicked that he will harm others.
8. It is so bad that I cannot bear it.
9. The accident was so terrible that it could not be seen.
10. He is so upright (सच्चा) that he will not accept a bribe.
11. She was so dull that she could not dance.
12. The stick is so strong that it cannot be broken.

13. The news is so good that it cannot be true.
14. The tea is hotter than what is proper.
15. The coffee is too sweet that I cannot take it.
16. He is so young that he is not fit for the post.
17. One should not be over eager (उत्सुक) for praise (प्रशंसा).
18. Cooks more than the required number spoil the broth.
19. They ate more than enough.
20. He is so intelligent that she will understand it.

(B) Transform the following sentences without altering the sense, by using 'too'—

1. The boy was weeping so bitterly that he was not able to utter (कहना) a single word.
2. Her dress is so tight that it does not fit her.
3. The two friends are so close that they cannot be separated.
4. The luggage was so heavy that he could not lift it.
5. Human life is very short.
6. They are very notorious (कुख्यात).
7. His behaviour is so rude (अशिष्ट) that it will displease all.
8. Do not be more self-centred than you should be.
9. The government is so unstable that it cannot do any work.
10. The sun is so hot that one cannot go out.
11. My father is so good hearted that he cannot harm others.
12. The workers are so divided that they cannot continue the strike for long.
13. He is so generous (उदार) that he will forgive me.
14. She was so deeply affected that she was not able to speak.
15. He is so strong that I am no match for him.
16. My agony (व्यथा) is so deep that I cannot express it in words.
17. It is so shocking (पीड़ादायक) that I cannot bear it.
18. The fruit is so unripe that it is not worth eating (खाने योग्य).
19. The results were so bad that they were not fit to be published.
20. It is so early that we need not start the work now.

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