Secondary Activities

Que 1: List down any three characteristics of traditional industrial regions. *Marks :(4)*

Ans: high proportion of employment in manufacturing industry.

High density of housing. Poor services.

Unattractive environment, pollution.

Problem of unemployment due to worldwide fall in demand.

Que 2: 'It is the latest generation of manufacturing industry'. Marks :(4)

Identify the type of industry related to the above statement, Explain its characteristics.

Ans: high tech industry.

Application of R&D

manufacturing of products of an advanced and engineering character.

Professional workers(white collar).

computer aided design and manufacturing, electronic controls of smelting and refining process etc. are examples.

Que 3: Following are the characteristics of two different types of industries.Arrange them suitably.Marks :(3)

Uses local raw materials, Specialised workers, Simple tools, Advanced technology, local market, Large capital.

Ans: House hold /Cottage industries: Uses local raw materials, Simple tools, local market.

Large scale Industries : Specialised workers, Advanced technology, Large capital.

Que 4: Distinguish between the cottage industries and small-scale industriesbased on the following directives.Marks :(3)

1) raw materials used 2) Production techniques 3) Place of manufacturing.

Ans: <u>cottage industry</u>: use local raw materials, use simple tools, place of manufacturing inside home/cottage of the producer.

Small scale industries: use various raw materials; simple power-driven machines, work shop outside the home.

Que 5: Prepare the flow chart

Type of industries based on size Marks :(3)

Ans: Prepare flow chart

Que 6: Identify the type of industry that can be located in a wide variety of places and they are independent on any raw materials. *Marks :(1)*

Ans: foot loose industries.

Que 7: Highly developed transport system induces the concentration of industries. Substantiate the statement with examples. *Marks :(2)*

Ans: Improved transport led to integrated economic development and regional specialisation of manufacturing

Que 8: Some industries locate near to the source of raw materials. Discuss? *Marks :(3)*

Ans: cheap and easy transportation of bulky raw materials. eg. Cement.

Weight loosing. Eg sugar industry.

Perishable raw materials. Eg Dairy.

Que 9: List the factors that are to be taken in to account while establishing amodern large scale industry. Explain any three?Marks :(6)

Ans: Access to Market.

Access to Raw Material.

Access to Labor Supply.

Access to Sources of Energy.

Access to Transportation and Communication Facilities.

Government Policy

(Explain)

Que 10: Technological innovation through Research and Development is an
important aspect of modern manufacturing.'Marks :(3)

Analyse the statement and Examine the need for technological innovation in modern large-scale manufacturing.

Ans: For quality control.

Eliminating waste.

Eliminating inefficiency.

Que 11: Consider the following statements.

A) Mechanisation is the characteristics of modern large-scale manufacturing.

B) Automation is the advanced stage of mechanisation.

1. Statement A is correct but B is wrong.

- 2. Statement B is correct but A is wrong.
- 3. Both A &B are correct.
- 4. Both statements A & B are wrong. *Marks :(1)*

Ans: Both A & B are correct.

Que 12: Mass production of identical products is one of the characteristics of modern large-scale manufacturing, Discuss other characteristics. *Marks :(6)*

Ans: specialisation of skills.

Mechanisation.

Technological innovation.

Organisational structure.

Uneven geographical distribution.

Que 13: Economic activity involved in transforming raw materials in to valuable products.

- a) Primary activity
- b) secondary activity
- c) tertiary activity
- d) quaternary activity. *Marks :(1)*

Ans: Secondary Activity