Congruency of Triangles

• SAS congruence rule

If two sides of a triangle and the angle included between them are equal to the corresponding two sides and included angle of another triangle, then the triangles are congruent by SAS congruence rule.

Example:



Are $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle RPQ$ congruent?

Solution:

In \triangle ABC and \triangle RPQ,

AB = RP

 $\angle ABC = \angle RPQ$

BC = PQ

 $\therefore \Delta ABC \cong \Delta RPQ$

(By SAS congruence rule)

• CPCT

CPCT stands for 'corresponding parts of congruent triangles'. 'Corresponding parts' means corresponding sides and angles of triangles. According to CPCT, if two or more triangles are congruent to one another, then all of their corresponding parts are equal.

• ASA congruence rule

If two angles and included side of a triangle are equal to the two corresponding angles and the included side of another triangle, then the triangles are congruent by ASA congruence rule.

Example:

In the following figure, AD is the median of $\triangle ABC$.



Are $\triangle ABD$ and $\triangle ACD$ congruent?

Solution:

In ΔABC,

AB = AC (Given)

 $\therefore \angle ACB = \angle ABC$ (Base angles of an isosceles triangle have equal measures)

Now, in \triangle ABD and \triangle ACD,

 $\angle ABD = \angle ACD$ BD = CD $\angle ADB = \angle ADC = 90^{\circ}$ $\therefore \Delta ABD \cong \Delta ACD$ (AD is the median)
(By ASA congruence rule)

• AAS congruence rule

If two angles and one side of a triangle are equal to the corresponding angles and side of the other triangle then the two triangles are congruent to each other. This criterion is known as the **AAS congruence rule.**

For example, in the given triangles, $\angle B = \angle D = 130^\circ$, $\angle C = \angle E = 20^\circ$ and AC = EF = 6 cm.



 \therefore By AAS congruence rule, \triangle ABC $\cong \triangle$ FDE

• SSS congruence rule

If three sides of a triangle are equal to the three sides of the other triangle, then the two triangles are congruent by SSS congruence rule.

Example:



Are $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle QRP$ congruent?

Solution:

In $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle QRP$

AB = QR = 5 cm

BC = PR = 7.5 cm

AC = PQ = 3.5 cm

 $\therefore \Delta ABC \cong \Delta QRP \qquad (By SSS congruence rule)$

• RHS congruence rule

If the hypotenuse and one side of a right triangle are equal to the hypotenuse and one side of the other right triangle, then the two triangles are congruent to each other by RHS congruence rule.

Example:

